# LAKE OSWEGO $\cdot$ TIGARD WATER PARTNERSHIP



4101 Kruse Way PO Box 369 Lake Oswego, OR 97034

# MEMORANDUM

503-534-4238 www.lotigardwater.org

TO:	Chris Kerr, West Linn Interim Assistant City Manager, and Zach Pelz, Associate Planner
FROM:	Eric Day, Lake Oswego Water Expansion Project, Senior Planner
SUBJECT:	Lake Oswego Water Treatment Plant application # CUP 12-02
DATE:	March 22, 2012

The purpose of this memorandum is to supplement the record of File # CUP 12-02, the Lake Oswego Water Treatment Plant (WTP) conditional use and design review application.

The City of West Linn found the application to be technically complete on February 21, 2012. At that time the City of West Linn also requested that the applicant supplement the application, not as part of the completeness review, but to help facilitate West Linn review of the WTP proposal. West Linn requested additional information on the following topics:

1. "Verification from DEQ attesting to the appropriateness of hazardous materials at this site should be provided if hazardous materials, as defined by DEQ, are proposed."

<u>Response:</u> The City of Lake Oswego has made repeated efforts to obtain a letter from the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) regarding the transportation of water treatment processing chemicals along OR 43. To date, ODOT personnel have not provided the requested letter. The applicant will continue to work with ODOT staff to secure the requested letter prior to the Planning Commission hearing on April 18, 2012.

The City of Lake Oswego has been transporting water processing chemicals to the WTP site for decades without incident. Section 4, page 81 of the WTP land use application discusses the chemicals proposed to be used during the expanded water treatment process. In addition, Section 18 provides a list of anticipated water treatment chemicals and, per the request of T.V.F. & R.; the applicant will prepare a HHMP as a condition of approval. To date, T.V.F. & R. has not raised any concerns regarding the transportation of water processing chemicals on Oregon 43 or on local streets.

2. "West Linn strongly encourages all other governmental bodies with buildings in West Linn to adopt the same minimum level of LEED Silver for all new buildings and LEED Silver –EB for all existing buildings at the time they are remodeled."

<u>Response</u>: The proposal pertains to a major public utility facility. Unlike a school, fire station or other government building, a water treatment plant does not easily fit neatly into the LEEDs certification process. Although the stated West Linn policy only encourages rather than mandates LEEDs Silver certification, the design team has incorporated several LEED compatible improvements into the building design, including:

- A compact WTP layout providing more open space,
- a site development plan that will restore and protect open habitat,
- improved stormwater quality and water efficient landscaping,
- durable locally sourced building materials,
- low VOC emitting materials and finishes,
- high efficiency lighting as well as ample views and day-lighting to reduce the need for artificial lighting, and
- green roofs on several buildings several to help reduce the heat island effect and to provide additional wildlife habitat opportunities.

In addition, the systems within the buildings will use an innovative water-to-water heat pump mechanical system that is perfect for this application, given that the WTP is a <u>water</u> treatment plant. Finally, to the extent feasible, the contractors will remodel the existing administration building and reuse existing building materials for landscape elements.

3. "Use a separate table for regulated and non-regulated buildings."

Response: The separate tables are included in the revised Arborist Report.

- 4. "Please address the following from the Tree Technical Manual:
  - Written recommendations for the health and long-term welfare of trees, that will be followed during preconstruction, demolition, construction and post construction phases of the project. Recommendations include methods of avoiding injury, damage treatment and inspection schedule. Overall project schedule shall be referenced with these recommendations.
  - Written recommendations for the maintenance of the trees for a minimum of two years after project completion."

Response: Both sets of recommendations are included in the revised Arborist Report.

5. "The application should include a map and language addressing the percentage of the area of significant tree canopy relative to the total area of non-Type I and II Lands on the site. The applicant's submittal currently calculates the entire saved canopy rather than the significant tree canopy."

<u>Response</u>: See new Figure Tree Areas.

6. "Please show trees and drip line plus 10-feet."

<u>Response</u>: See new Figure Tree Areas.

Consistent with the conversation between West Linn and Lake Oswego staff on February 13, 2012 and February 29, 2012, the applicant requests that West Linn (a) waive applicable City Engineering standards to allow the applicant to create 'green street' frontages along Kenthorpe Way and Mapleton Drive and protect regulated trees on site, and (b) waive the requirement for street lighting along Mapleton Drive to protect the character of the neighborhood, consistent with the desires of the local residents.

Thank you for your consideration. As requested, the supplemental materials are provided under separate cover.

Eric Day, Senior Planner Lake Oswego Water Expansion Project



## LAKE OSWEGO · TIGARD WATER PARTNERSHIP



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# Table of Contents

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TO:	Chris Kerr, West Linn Interim Assistant City Manager, and Zach Pelz, Associate Planner
FROM:	Eric Day, Lake Oswego Water Expansion Project, Senior Planner
SUBJECT:	Lake Oswego Water Treatment Plant application # CUP 12-02 – Supplemental Materials
DATE:	March 22, 2012

The purpose of this memorandum is to supplement the record of File # CUP 12-02, the Lake Oswego Water Treatment Plant (WTP) conditional use and design review application.

Enclosed please find the following materials:

- A. Cover Memorandum
- B. Table of Contents
- C. Revised Technical Memorandum, Significant tree Mitigations, DEA
- D. Revised Arborist Report, Tree Care
- E. Table of Significant Trees to be Removed
- F. Additional Figures
  - a. Figure 3.0A, Proposed Sidewalk and Stormwater Collection Alternatives
  - b. Figure 3.0B, Proposed Sidewalk and Stormwater Sections
  - c. Figure 3.0C, Proposed Sidewalk and Stormwater Sections II
  - d. Figure, Tree Areas
  - e. Figure 05.11A, Lighting Isometric Plan

Thank you for your consideration. As requested, the supplemental materials are provided under separate cover.

Sincerely, Eric Day, Senior Planner Lake Oswego Water Expansion Project







# **Technical Memorandum**

# Final

Date: March 21, 2012

Prepared for: Lake Oswego-Tigard Water Partnership

- Subject: Water Treatment Plant –City of West Linn Significant Tree Mitigation
- To: Eric Day, Lake Oswego
- From: Ethan Rosenthal, Project Manager-Ecologist David Evans and Associates, Inc.
- Prepared by: Ethan Rosenthal, Ecologist, David Evans and Associates, Inc.
- Reviewed by: Eric Eisemann J.D., E2 Land Use Planning Services, LLC.
- Copies to: Terry Buchholz, Integrated Water Solutions, LLC





# Introduction

This report has been prepared in support of a City of West Linn (City) land use application for the Lake Oswego-Tigard Water Partnership Project (Project) water treatment plant (WTP). The cities of Lake Oswego and Tigard propose to expand and improve the existing water collection, transmission, and treatment system of Lake Oswego to meet increasing future water demand of both cities. The overall Project lies primarily within Clackamas County, Oregon with a small portion lying within Washington County, Oregon. The project extends approximately 10 miles from the river intake pump station on the Clackamas River in Gladstone, Oregon through West Linn and Lake Oswego to the Bonita Pump Station located in Tigard, Oregon.

This technical memorandum specifically concerns proposed work at the WTP in West Linn, Oregon. The purpose of this memorandum is to document impacts to "significant trees" and proposed mitigation for the loss of these trees.

The following West Linn Code (WLC) items were reviewed:

- West Linn Tree Removal
- West Linn Community Tree Ordinance
- West Linn Tree Technical Manual

# **Methods**

The following steps were conducted to determine significant tree mitigation:

- All trees on-site were professionally land surveyed by West Lake Consultants, Inc.
- The project arborist and West Linn arborist collaborated to determine which trees are "significant." [Note: West Linn code does not specifically define "significant tree."]
- Project designers reviewed opportunities to minimize impacts to significant trees to the greatest extent practicable.
- Site development plan was overlaid with significant tree mapping to determine significant trees impacted (also total trees impacted).
- Mitigation requirements are not clearly specified in WLC. The mitigation ratio used to determine significant tree replacement needs is based on pre-application meeting notes between the project planner and West Linn planning department. Specifically, mitigation was determined based on a one to one ratio of DBH impacted to mitigated.
- Greenworks developed site landscaping plan, which incorporates significant tree mitigation needs.

# **Significant Tree Impacts**

Based on the methods described above, a total of 41 significant trees were identified on-site. Of these, six significant trees will be removed and therefore require mitigation. Mapping of tree removal has been provided as part of the land use application package. Table 1 provides a summary of the significant trees that will be removed. The combined DBH for these trees is182 inches.

	Table 1. Significant Trees Impacted by Project											
Tree #	Common Name	Botanical Name	Diameter at Breast Height (DBH, inches)									
13960	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	21									
14245	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	20									
14349	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30									
14366	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42									
14252	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30									
14254	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	39									
	TOTAL DBH		182									

# **Significant Tree Mitigation**

Based on the 182 inches of significant tree DBH removal, mitigation will require 182 inches of DBH replacement. The project proposes conducting this replacement by planting 91 sapling trees at 2 inch caliper per tree for a total of 182 inches. In addition to the 91 trees needed for significant tree mitigation, an additional 217 trees will also be planted. This will result in a total of 308 trees being planted on-site. Although the final tree count is subject to minor changes, the 91 trees to be planted for significant tree mitigation will not change.

Detailed planting plans, including a plant schedule noting number of each species to be planted, are provided as part of the land use application package.



Tree Care Unlimited,.LLC 5600 Rosewood St. Lake Oswego, OR 97035

March 23, 2012

Joel Komarek, P.E. Director, Lake Oswego—Tigard Water Supply Partnership P.O. Box 369 Lake Oswego, OR 97034

Dear Mr. Komarek,

Attached please find the Tree Assessment for the Water Treatment Properties at 4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 SW Mapleton Dr., West Linn, Oregon. I performed the field work between August 24 and August 30. The work included assessing 410 trees of which 189 are regulated and subject to City of West Linn Tree Ordinance and Community Development Code. The report includes the assessment of all trees on site and recommendations that should be followed during preconstruction, demolition & construction, and post construction phases of the project.

Sincerely,

impor

Kay Kinyon International Society of Aboriculture Certified Arborist PN 0409A



Lake Oswego & Tigard Water Treatment Plant 4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4605 & 4315 Mapleton Drive West Linn, Oregon

# TREE PROTECTION PLAN

**Prepared For** 

Lake Oswego-Tigard Water Supply Partnership P.O. Box 369 Lake Oswego, Oregon 97034

Residential and Commercial Removal•Pruning•Arboricultural Services•Consultation MEMBER: Tree Care Industry Association•International Society of Arboriculture•Oregon Construction Contractors Assoc.State Licensed Tree Service #195179•Insured P.O. Box 1566•Lake Oswego, OR 97035•503-635-3165•Fax 503-635-1549 Visit our website at www.tclu.com•E-mail: info@tclu.com



# **CONTENTS**

Summary1
Assignment1
2bservations2
Discussion
Recommendations for Health & Long Term Welfare of Trees
I.Before Construction
Conclusion24
Appendix 1—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Tree Assessment
Appendix 2—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Tree Map32
Appendix 3—4260 Kenthorpe Wy, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Regulated Frees
Appendix 4—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr
Appendix 5—4260 Kenthorpe Wy 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Significant Frees42
Appendix 5—4260 Kenthorpe Wy 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Significant Trees Fo Be Removed43



#### Subject:

Address of the Report:

Date of the Report:

Report Submitted To:

#### **ARBORIST REPORT**

Tree Assessment

4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. West Linn, Oregon

March 23, 2012

Joel Komarek Director, Lake Oswego-Tigard Water Supply Partnership City of Lake Oswego P.O. Box 369 Lake Oswego, OR 97034 Phone: 503-697-6588 FAX: 503-534-5225 E-mail: jkomarek@ci.oswego.or.us

#### SUMMARY

I have completed an on site assessment of all trees 6 inches in diameter or greater on the properties at 4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Drive. This assessment includes 410 trees of which 189 are regulated by The City of West Linn Ordinance 1542 and Development Code Chapter 55. The City of West Linn considers 41 of the 189 regulated trees to be Significant Trees. The majority of the regulated trees, approximately 79% are native or naturalized species. The remaining 21% are more exotic species that appear to have been introduced. There appear to be no Heritage trees on site.

A grove of mostly Oregon Ash trees exists along the northern end of 4245 & 4305 Mapleton Dr. Most trees in the grove contain serious defects. At 4260 Kenthorpe Way, development has displaced most native trees in a grove situation on the rest of the site.

#### ASSIGNMENT

Tree Care & Landscapes Unlimited, Inc. was asked to perform an assessment of all trees 5 inches or greater in diameter on site including estimated height and canopy spread. The assessment also includes form, crown class, age class, and tree health. The work is to include determining if any of the assessed trees qualify for designation as a City of West Linn Heritage Tree or significant tree clusters.

#### OBSERVATIONS

The assessment reviewed 410 trees. Of those, 189 are regulated.

Trees covered by City of West Linn regulation include 20 different species. Regulated trees are Oregon White Oak, Pacific Madrone and Pacific Dogwood with a 6 inch diameter DBH and all other trees with a DBH of 12 inches or greater. A break out of the species is shown below in "Table 1–4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Tree Species".

COMMON NAME	COUNT	PERCENT
American Elm	1	0.53%
American Sweetgum	2	1.06%
Bigleaf Maple	19	10.05%
Black Cottonwood	9	4.76%
Blue Atlas Cedar	1	0.53%
Crabapple	1	0.53%
Deodar Cedar	5	2.65%
Douglas Fir	3	1.59%
European White Birch	5	2.65%
Giant Sequoia	5	2.65%
Grand Fir	4	2.12%
Hawthorn	3	1.59%
Hinoki Falsecypress	1	0.53%
London Planetree	1	0.53%
Norway Maple	1	0.53%
Oregon Ash	55	29.10%
Oregon White Oak	12	6.35%
Pacific Yew	1	0.53%
Pine	11	5.82%
Red Alder	8	4.23%
Red Oak	1	0.53%
Spruce	9	4.76%
Western Red Cedar	29	15.34%
Willow	2	1.06%
	189	100.00%

# Table 1—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Maple Dr. Regulated Trees by Species

The complete Tree Assessment is found in the attached "Appendix 1—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Tree Assessment". "Appendix 2—4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Maple Dr. Tree Map" shows the location of all inventoried trees.

All diameters as listed in **Appendix--1** under the column, "DBH", are in inches. All diameters are measured at 54 inches above mean ground level at the base of the plant or at the narrowest trunk area below stem break in the case of multiple stem trees. Exceptions are noted in the "Comments" column. Height and spread of trees is estimated. Trunk area method was used to determine multiple stem tree diameters.

The column headed "Crown Class" refers to the stature of trees described as being Dominant, Co-dominant, or Below Canopy. The terms are relative to the subject tree grove. Dominant trees are the larger trees that have established relatively free from competition. Co-dominant trees form the majority of the grove and have grown up together as a group. Below Canopy trees have growth that has been restricted by nearby trees. The restriction may be moderate to severe.

"Age Class" refers to the maturity of a tree. The terms Over-mature, Mature, Semi-mature and Young are used to describe this attribute. Over-mature trees are older and display significant decline such as large cavities. Mature trees are older trees that are usually near their full size and may have defects that are not significant. Semi-mature trees are maturing trees usually in good health and in the transition from young to mature. Young trees are usually much smaller than semi-mature trees and are still exhibiting juvenile vigor. The column headed "Tree Health" describes the condition of trees surveyed which are indicated as being Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor, Very Poor or Dead. Trees rated as Very Good are prime specimens with no visible defects. Trees rated as good may have minor defects but are stable trees in good health. Trees rated as Fair usually contain at least one visible defect that may become more significant some time in the future. Poor trees contain at least one significant visible defect. The defect may be structural or cosmetic. They are usually displaying reduced vigor and may be candidates for removal. Trees rated as Very Poor contain significant defect are hazardous or near hazardous. Dead trees are dead and should be removed before decay advances to the point that they become hazardous.

#### DISCUSSION

The majority of trees on site are native or naturalized trees. The most significant concentration of mature native trees is located along the northeast side of 4305 Mapleton Dr. and runs along its north end and continues across the north end of 4245 Mapleton Dr. Most of the trees in the grove are over-mature Oregon Ash. A large number of these trees are in very poor condition. All trees in very poor condition are found in this grove. Most of them contain large cavities in their lower bole and root crown areas. The size and number of cavities indicates the need to further evaluate these trees for hazard risk. Details regarding these trees are shown in Table 2 below. This table is restricted to regulated trees as defined by City of West Linn Tree Ordinance (Oregon White Oak 6" DBH or greater, Pacific Madrone 6" DBH or greater and all others 12" DBH or greater).

13429	Western Red Cedar	24	Very Poor	24" x 20' cavity from ground on S. side.
13886	Willow	19	Very Poor	4 stems 12,6,11,8. Severe cavities & decay all stems.
14199	Oregon Ash	17	Very Poor	Stem failure at 30' above ground.
14327	Oregon Ash	15	Very Poor	Broken top. 4" limb cavity at 6.5' above ground on E side.
14367	Oregon Ash	30	Very Poor	2 stems 24,18. 4" diameter cavity at 3' above ground on S side. 2" x 12" cavity at 30' above ground on S side. Bark inclusions with excessive end weight. History of large limb failure.
14392	Oregon Ash	28	Very Poor	Cavities in trunk from ground up.
14395	Oregon Ash	21	Very Poor	10" x 3.5' cavity from 4' to 7.5' above ground on N side.
14399	Oregon Ash	27	Very Poor	16" x60" cavity from ground on S side goes all the way through trunk.
14401	Oregon Ash	15	Very Poor	3 stems 12,7,6. Thin crown. Stressed.
14403	Oregon Ash	25	Very Poor	2 stems 22,17. Broken tops on both stems. History of large limb failure.
14404	Oregon Ash	15	Very Poor	18" x 12' cavity from ground on S side.
14404.1	Oregon Ash	18	Very Poor	24" x 5' cavity from ground on N side.

# Table 2—VERY POOR REGULATED TREES TO BE FURTHER EVALUATEDNO.COMMON NAMEDBHTREECOMMENTS

HEALTH

NO.	COMMON NAME	DBH	TREE HEALTH	COMMENTS						
14404.2	Oregon Ash	14	Very Poor	10" x 24" cavity from ground on E side.						
14405	Oregon Ash	16	Poor	4 stems 8,7,11,4. 18 x 24" cavity from ground on E side.						
14484	Oregon Ash	33	Very Poor	12" limb cavity at 4' above ground on N side.						
14486	Oregon Ash	25	Very Poor	2 stems 22,12. 8"x24" cavity from ground on E side. Broken top. History of limb failure. Thin crown.						
14488	Oregon Ash	14	12" x 8' cavity from ground on N side.							
14489	Oregon Ash	18	Very Poor	Stem failure at 15' above ground.						
14490	Oregon Ash	25	Very Poor	Stem failures at 25' above ground.						
14491	Oregon Ash	29	Very Poor	4" x 24" cavity from ground on N side. 6" x 4' cavity at 40' above ground on S side.						
14492	Oregon Ash	19	Very Poor	24" x 8' cavity from ground on E. side.						
14493	Oregon Ash	28	Very Poor	3" x 16" cavity from ground on N side.						
14493.1	Oregon Ash	16	Very Poor	3" x 4.5' cavity from ground on S side. High crown.						
14494	Oregon Ash	19	Very Poor	2"x4" cavity at 2' above ground on N side.						
14495	Oregon Ash	20	Very Poor	2" x 12" cavity from 1.5' above ground on E. side.						
14496	Oregon Ash	29	Very Poor	2 stems 23,17. 17" stem is hollow from ground'.						
14498	Oregon Ash	18	Very Poor	Cavities.						
15481	Black Cottonwood	12	Very Poor	Broken top at 30' above ground.						
15490	Western Red Cedar	24	Very Poor	Broken top at 30' above ground.						
15491	Western Red Cedar	22	Very Poor	Broken top at 20' above ground.						
15492	Western Red Cedar	12	Very Poor	Brokne top at 20" above ground.						
15581	Western Red Cedar	20	Very Poor	Broken trunk is hollow.						
15594	Bigleaf Maple	16	Very Poor	Broken top at 30' above ground.						
15607	Bigleaf Maple	33	Very Poor	Failed stem with cavity at 15' above ground.						
15610	Bigleaf Maple	29	Very Poor	Dead leader on S. side.						
15625	Red Alder	14	Very Poor	Broken top.						
15626	Red Alder	18	Very Poor	Broken top.						
15629.1	Bigleaf Maple	21	Very Poor	Broken top.						
105019	Oregon Ash	32	Very Poor	Decay in lower bole.						
105024	Oregon Ash	12	Very Poor	18" x 12' cavity from ground on W side.						
105027	Oregon Ash	20	Very Poor	2 stems 12,16. 15"x24" cavity from ground W.						

Eleven regulated Oregon White Oaks exist on the site but are not organized into a native oak grove. Instead, they are scattered across the entire site. Five of the Oaks(#14180, #14191, #14252, #14349 & #14480) are growing inside the property lines of the three tax lots that front on Mapleton Dr. A sixth Oregon White Oak(#14438) is growing in the Mapleton Dr. right of way. Six Oregon White Oaks exist on the 4260 Kenthorpe property. They include Trees #13728.3, #13886.1, #13992.4, #14245, #14403.1 & #15476.

The remaining trees appear to have been planted by past residents. They include fruit trees and introduced ornamental landscape varieties. There are also a number of native west coast species not necessarily native to the Willamette Valley that have been planted as landscape trees. Many trees at 4315 Mapleton Dr. are examples of these plantings. Most trees at 4260 Kenthorpe Way are less than 12" DBH and appear to have been planted as a result of past development. These trees are predominantly Western Red Cedar, Douglas Fir and other ornamental landscape varieties.

The inventory of all trees on site was reviewed to determine if there are any candidates that could be considered as possible Heritage Trees. Three possibilities meeting minimum diameter requirements emerged. However, none of them met the score requirement of 180 points. The trees and their scores are shown below in "Table 3 Heritage Tree Candidates".

No.	Species	Diameter	DBH Rating	Condition	Location	Historical Factor	Heritage Score
	Giant						
14478	Sequoia	59	5	5	6	1	150
	Giant						
14479	Sequoia	49	5	5	6	1	150
14482	Oregon Ash	39	5	2	6	1	60

# Table 3—Heritage Tree Candidates

# **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HEALTH & LONG TERM WELFARE OF TREES**

# I. <u>Before Construction:</u>

- a. Identify and number the trees to be protected, verify by mapping and/or tagging and note their size in D.B.H. (Diameter at Breast Height), variety, health and structural conditions, review plans.
- b. Check with local government agencies for tree protection ordinances.
- c. Remove any low limbs that may be in the way of construction equipment, and prune as needed to adhere NAA standards.
- d. Leave a protective covering on the soil, i.e., existing groundcover or mulch.
- e. Notify all other contractors that these trees are to be saved and protected.
- f. Install a temporary 6' high no-climb fence to protect the trees and their root systems. Install tree protection sign on fence. Posts located 10' on center as a general rule. For every inch in diameter of the trunk (D.B.H.) allow one half foot of radius from the trunk as the protected area. (Example: 24" D.B.H. = 12' radius of protected root system.) Ideally, we need to protect more than the drip zone. The drip zone into the trunk is the support roots that hold the tree up. The roots from that drip zone out provide nutrition, water and oxygen. Try to avoid loss of more than 30% of root on any one side. This allows some encroachment within the drip line. This should be determined on a case by case site conditions reviewed.
- g. Identify any insect or disease problems that may require treatment.
- h. Engineer and design proposed structures and construction to avoid root loss. Bridge type foundations can save major roots.
- i. Consider tree removals adjacent to trees to be saved for wind related stability concerns.
- j. Check for past and proposed grade and drainage changes, consider the effects.
- k. Check trees for stability.
- I. Remove all trees that would not survive the effects of change. Remove all hazardous trees.
- m. Minimize environmental changes.

The following are written recommendations for the health and long-term welfare of trees, that will be followed during preconstruction, demolition, construction phases of the project phases of the project. The following specifications also include recommendations for methods of avoiding injury, damage treatment and inspection schedule. These recommendations shall apply to the overall project schedule.

# TREE PROTECTION ZONE (TPZ)

Each tree to be retained shall have a designated tree protection zone (TPZ) identifying the area sufficiently large enough to protect the tree and roots from disturbance. The standard for computing the size of the TPZ shall be drip line radius plus 10 feet. The drip line of any tree is considered to be the outer edge of the tree's canopy. Tree Inventory spreadsheets list a tree's canopy diameter under the column "Spread" in feet. For example, a tree listed to have a "Spread" of 30 has drip line radius of 15 feet plus 10 feet to combined for a TPZ radius of 25 feet.. The tree protection zone shall be shown on all site plans for the project. Improvements or activities such as paving, utility and irrigation trenching and other ancillary activities shall occur outside the tree protection zone, unless authorized by the City Arborist, or by project approval. Unless otherwise specified, the protective fencing shall serve as the tree protection zone. Activities prohibited within the tree protection zone include:

- Storage or parking vehicles, building materials, refuse, excavated spoils or dumping of poisonous materials on or around trees and roots. Poisonous materials include, but are not limited to, paint, petroleum products, concrete or stucco mix, dirty water or any other material which may be deleterious to tree health.
- The use of tree trunks as a winch support, anchorage, as a temporary power pole, sign posts or other similar function.
- Cutting of tree roots by utility *trenching,* foundation digging, placement of curbs and trenches and other miscellaneous excavation without prior approval of the City Arborist.
- Soil disturbance or grade change.
- Drainage changes.

Activities permitted or required within the tree protection zone include:

- Mulching. During construction, wood chips may be spread within the TPZ to a 4-to 6-inch depth, leaving the trunk clear of mulch to help inadvertent *compaction* and moisture loss from occurring. The mulch may be removed if improvements or other landscaping is required. Mulch material shall be 2-inch unpainted, untreated wood chip mulch or approved equal.
- Root Buffer. When areas under the tree canopy cannot be fenced, a temporary buffer is required and shall cover the root zone and remain in place at the specified thickness until final grading stage.
- Irrigation, aeration, fertilizing or other beneficial practices that have been specifically approved for use within the tree protection zone.
- Erosion Control. If a tree is adjacent to or in the immediate proximity to a grade slope of 8% or more, then approved erosion control or silt barriers shall be installed outside the TPZ to prevent siltation and/or erosion within the tree protection zone.

## TREE PROTECTION FENCING

Fenced enclosures shall be erected around trees to be protected to achieve three primary goals, (1) to keep the foliage crowns and branching structure clear from contact by equipment, materials and activities; (2) to preserve roots and soil conditions in an intact and non-compacted state and;

(3) to identify the tree protection zone in which no soil disturbance is permitted and activities are restricted, unless otherwise approved.

- **Size and type of fence:** All trees to be preserved shall be protected with six foot high chain link fences six foot high "no climb" wire fencing. Fences are to be mounted on two inch diameter galvanized iron posts or 8' studded tee steel fence posts, driven into the ground to a depth of at least 2-feet at no more than 10-foot spacing. This detail shall appear in the construction plan set, and can be referenced in the City's Construction Standards.
- Area to be fenced: The fences shall enclose the entire area within the tree protection zone of the tree(s) to be saved throughout the life of the project as mapped by the building permit approval, or as mapped within the tree protection and preservation plan contained in the Arborist Report for the project. The fencing shall remain until final improvement work within the area is required, typically near the end of the project. If the fencing must be located on paving or sidewalk that will not be demolished, the posts may be supported by an appropriate grade level concrete base. For trees situated within a narrow planting strip, only the planting strip shall be enclosed with the required chain link protective fencing in order to keep the sidewalk and street open for public use. Trees situated in a small tree well or sidewalk planter pit, shall be wrapped with 2-inches of orange plastic fencing as padding from the outside. During installation of the wood slats, caution shall be used to avoid damaging any bark or branches. Major scaffold limbs may also require plastic fencing as directed by the project arborist or City Arborist.
- **Duration:** Tree fencing shall be erected before demolition, grubbing, grading or construction begins and remain in place until final inspection of the project permit, except for work specifically required in the approved plans in which case the project arborist or City Arborist (in the case of street trees) must be consulted.
- **Warning Sign:** A warning sign shall be prominently displayed on each fence. The sign shall be a minimum of 8.5 x 11-inches and clearly state:

#### WARNING:

## Tree Protection Zone.

• **Violations:** The penalty for the unauthorized removal or relocation of a tree protection fence, and/or unauthorized activity within a TPZ, is \$500, plus \$500 per day until the fence is repaired or replaced and any damage to the tree properly mitigated.

## TREE PROTECTION ALERNATIVE

In situations where construction impact intrudes into a TPZ but is compatible with the long term viability of the tree(s) as determined by the project arborist the project arborist may prescribe alternative tree protection to fencing. Such protection measures may include minimum 12 inch thick wood chip layer over a soil cloth base. Steel plates placed over the ground to protect TPZ from soil compaction may also be an example of a project arborist prescribed alternative protection measure.

## CONSTRUCTION MEETING AND INSPECTION SCHEDULE

A certified arborist may be required to be retained by the applicant during the construction of large development projects. This project arborist retained shall conduct the following required inspections for the duration of construction activity. Correspondence may be as simple as e-mail in some cases or may require larger documents with tables, photographs, etc. for others.

- **Inspection of Protective Tree Fencing:** The City Arborist shall be in receipt of a written statement from the applicant or project arborist verifying that the protective tree fencing has been installed and may be inspected by the City Arborist prior to issuance of a demolition, grading, or building permit, unless otherwise approved.
- **Pre-Construction Meeting:** Prior to commencement of construction, the applicant or contractor shall conduct a pre-construction meeting to discuss tree protection with the job site superintendent, grading equipment operators, various inspectors, certified arborist, and City Arborist.
- **Monthly Inspections:** If a project arborist is required for the development project, he/she shall perform monthly inspections to monitor changing conditions and tree health. The City Arborist shall be in receipt of an inspection summary during the first week of each calendar month or, immediately if there are any changes to the approved plans or protection measures.
- **Special Activity Within the Tree Protection Zone:** Work in this area (TPZ) requires the direct onsite supervision of the project arborist or City Arborist.
- **Project Summary and Conclusion:** A brief summary discussing the project's trees shall be submitted to the City Arborist at the conclusion of all construction activity. It shall include concerns about trees that may have been negatively impacted as well as recommendations for care of the trees in the future.

# TREE PRUNING, SURGERY AND REMOVAL

Prior to construction, various trees may require that branches be pruned clear from structures, activities, building encroachment or may need to be strengthened by means of mechanical support or surgery. The most compelling reason to prune is to develop a strong, safe framework and tree structure. Such pruning, surgery or the *removal* of trees shall adhere to the following standards:

- **Minimum Pruning:** If the project arborist recommends that trees be pruned, and the type of pruning is left unspecified, the standard pruning shall consist of *'crown cleaning'* as defined by ISA pruning guidelines. Trees shall be pruned to reduce hazards and develop a strong, safe framework.
- **Maximum Pruning:** Maximum pruning should only occur in special situations approved by the City Arborist. No more than one-third (33 percent) of the functioning leaf and stem area may be removed within one calendar year of any tree, or removal of foliage so as to cause the unbalancing of the tree. It must be recognized that trees are individual in form and structure, and that pruning needs may not always fit strict rules. The project arborist shall assume all responsibility for special pruning practices that vary from the standards outlined in this manual.
- **Tree Workers:** Pruning shall not be attempted by construction or contractor personnel, but shall be performed by a qualified tree care specialist or certified tree worker, according to specifications contained within the City of West Linn Tree Technical Manual.
- **Surgery:** Prior to construction, if it is necessary to promote health and prolong useful life or the structural characteristics, then trees shall be provided the appropriate treatments as specified by the project arborist or City Arborist.
- **Tree Removal:** Removal of trees that extend into the branches or roots of protected trees shall not be attempted by demolition or construction personnel, grading or other heavy equipment. A certified arborist or tree worker shall remove the tree carefully in a manner that causes no damage above or below ground to trees that remain.
- **Stump Removal:** Before performing stump extraction, the developer shall first consider whether or not roots may be entangled with trees that are to remain. If so, these stumps shall have their roots severed before extracting the stump. *Removal* shall include the grinding of stump and roots to a minimum depth of 24-inches but expose soil beneath

stump to provide drainage. In sidewalk or small planter areas to be replanted with a new tree, the entire stump shall be removed and the planting pit dug to a depth of 30-inches. If dug below 30-inches, compact the backfill to prevent settling. Large surface roots three feet from the outside circumference shall be removed, including the spoils and backfilled with City approved topsoil to grade, and the area tamped to settle the soil.

# II. During Construction:

- a. Keep equipment off of the root system to avoid compaction.
- b. Keep equipment away from structure to prevent damage to trunk and limbs.
- c. Don't allow chemicals to be dumped on the ground near the tree, i.e., gasoline, diesel, paint, herbicide, cleaner, thinners, etc.
- d. Provide means of temporary irrigation if the project runs through the summer.
- e. If roots or limbs are cut or damaged, have them inspected by an ISA Certified Arborist and repaired or treated according to his/her recommendations.
- f. Protect the trees from excessive heat, i.e., equipment, paving and/or burning.
- g. Avoid trenching through the root systems, boring under them or hand digging can save roots.
- h. Contact the ISA Certified Arborist familiar with the site prior to and during any activity within the drip zone or tree protection fencing for consultation.

## **CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY**

Construction is normally prohibited in the TPZ. Under certain circumstances it may be necessary to work in the TPZ, however only with approval from the City Arborist. If any construction activity is to occur in the TPZ the following guidelines apply:

#### **Excavation and Grading**

The following guidelines shall be followed in regard to excavation and grading activities:

- 1. Contractor shall notify the Project Arborist and City Arborist a minimum of 24 hours in advance of the activity in the tree protection zone.
- 2. The Contractor shall manually probe for roots under the supervision of an International Society of Arboriculture Certified Arborist when working within the TPZ.
- 3. Roots that are encountered shall be cut to sound wood and repaired. Roots 2-inches and greater must remain injury free and uncut.
- 4. Any approved excavation, demolition or extraction of material shall be performed with equipment sitting outside the tree protection zone. Methods permitted are by hand digging, hydraulic or pneumatic air excavation technology. Avoid excavation within the TPZ during hot, dry weather. If excavation or trenching for drainage, utilities, irrigation lines, etc.,
- 5. Grade changes within the tree protection zone are not permitted unless approved by the Project Arborist.
- 6. Grade changes outside of the tree protection zone shall not significantly alter drainage within the TPZ.
- 7. Grade changes under specifically approved circumstances shall not allow more than 6inches of fill soil added or allow more than 4-inches of existing soil to be removed from natural grade.
- 8. Grade fills over 6-inches or impervious overlay shall incorporate an approved permanent aeration system, permeable material or other approved mitigation.

- 8. Grade cuts exceeding 4-inches shall incorporate retaining walls or an appropriate transition equivalent.
- 9. If excavation or trenching for drainage, utilities, irrigation lines, etc., it is the duty of the contractor to tunnel under any roots 2-inches in diameter and greater. Prior to excavation for foundation/footings/walls, grading or trenching within the TPZ, roots shall first be severed cleanly 1-foot outside the tree protection zone and to the depth of the future excavation. The trench must then be hand dug and roots pruned with approved root pruning equipment.
- If injurious activity or interference with roots greater than 2-inches will occur within the tree protection zone, plans shall specify a design of special foundation, footing, walls, concrete slab or pavement designs subject to *City Arborist* approval. Discontinuous foundations such as concrete pier and structural grade beam must maintain natural grade (not to exceed a 4-inch cut), to minimize root loss and allow the tree to use the existing soil.
- 11. Basement excavations shall be designed outside the tree protection zone of all protected trees unless approved by the City Arborist, and shall not be harmful to other neighboring property trees.
- 12. Use of backhoes, steel tread tractors or any heavy vehicles within the TPZ is prohibited unless approved by the Project Arborist. If allowed, a protective root buffer is required. The protective buffer shall consist of a base course of tree chips spread over the root area to a minimum of 6-inch depth, layered by 3/4-inch quarry gravel to stabilize 3/4-inch plywood on top. This buffer within the tree protection zone shall be maintained throughout the entire construction process.

# Trenching, Tunneling and Directional Drilling for Utilities

- 1. If trenching or pipe installation has been approved within the tree protection zone, then the trench shall be either cut by hand, air-spade, hydraulic vacuum excavation or, by mechanically boring the tunnel under the roots with a horizontal directional drill and hydraulic or pneumatic air excavation technology.
- 2. Utility pipe must be installed immediately, backfilled with soil and soaked within the same day.
- 3. Street Trees that are in conflict with utility infrastructure where the conflict cannot be resolved may be removed if approved by the City Arborist. All Street Tree removals are subject to replacement.
- 4. Emergency utility repairs shall be exempt from the above restriction zones within the Tree Protection Zone. The City Arborist shall be contacted after any such repairs that may result in significant tree damage or removal.

# **Pavement and Hardscape**

Conflicts may occur when tree roots grow adjacent to paving, foundations, sidewalks or curbs (hardscape). Improper or careless extraction of these elements can cause severe injury to the roots and instability or even death of the trees. The following alternatives must first be considered before root pruning within the tree protection zone of a tree:

- 1. Grinding a raised sidewalk edge.
- 2. Ramping the walking surface over the roots.
- 3. Routing the sidewalk around the tree roots.
- 4. Install flexible paving or rubberized sections.
- 5. On private property, new sidewalk or driveway design should consider alternatives to

conventional pavement and sidewalk materials. Substitute permeable materials for typical asphalt or concrete overlay, sub-base or footings to consider are: permeable paving materials (such as ECO-Stone or RIMA pavers), interlocking pavers, flexible paving, wooden walkways, porches elevated on posts and brick or flagstone walkways on sand foundations.

Removal of existing pavement over tree roots shall include the following precautions:

- 1. Break hardscape into manageable pieces with a jackhammer or pick and hand load the pieces onto a loader. The loader must remain on undisturbed pavement or off exposed roots.
- 2. Do not remove base rock that has been exploited by established absorbing roots.

Replacement of pavement or sidewalk:

- 1. An alternative to the severance of roots greater than 2- inches in diameter should be considered before cutting roots.
- 2. If an alternative is not feasible, remove the sidewalk, remove roots only as approved by the City Arborist and replace sidewalk using #3 dowels at the expansion joint if within 10-feet of a street tree. Use a wire mesh reinforcement within if within 10-feet of the trunk of a protected or street tree. Any work in the right-of-way requires a street work permit from Public Works Department.

Conflicts and associated costs can be avoided or reduced by the following planting practices:

- 1. Plant deep rooted trees that are proven to be non-invasive.
- 2. Over soil that shrinks and swells, install a sidewalk with higher strength that has wire mesh and/or expansion slip joint dowel reinforcement.
- 3. Follow soil loosening planting techniques to promote deep rooting.
- 4. Install root barrier only along the hardscape area of the tree and allow roots to use open lawn or planter strip areas.
- 5. Dedicate at least 10-linear feet of planting space for the growth of each tree.
- 6. When designing hardscape areas near trees, the project architect or engineer should consider the use of recommended base course material such as an engineered structural soil mix.

## Invasive species removal

Often, contractors will be required to remove invasive plant species from the understory in TPZ's. In most cases, native understory plants shall be saved and the area will be fully cleared of invasive species. The following practices must be followed when removing invasives:

- 1. The preferred method for invasive plant removal, is by hand, extracting the entire plant, including the roots. Other manual methods include cutting the plants to ground level, either mechanically, or with hand tools, and spraying the new growth with an approved herbicide. In either case, native understory plants may not be harmed or removed.
- If heavy machinery is used, for example, a brush rake attached to an excavator, the machine must stay outside of the TPZ and "reach" into the area, carefully extracting the invasives without damaging the protected trees or native understory whatsoever.

3. In some cases, a restoration of native understory may be required. An approved list of native plants is included as <u>appendix B</u>

# **RECOMMENDATION FOR CONSTRUCTION DAMAGE TO PROTECTED TREES**

Any damage or injury to trees shall be reported within 6-hours to the Project Arborist and Site Superintendent or City Arborist so that mitigation can take place. All mechanical or chemical injury to branches, trunk or to roots over 2-inches in diameter shall be reported in the monthly inspection report. In the event of injury, the following mitigation and damage control measures shall apply:

- **Root injury:** If trenches are cut and tree roots 2-inches or larger are encountered they must be cleanly cut back to a sound wood lateral root. All exposed root areas within the TPZ shall be backfilled or covered within one hour. Exposed roots may be kept from drying out by temporarily covering the roots and draping layered burlap or carpeting over the upper 3-feet of trench walls. The materials must be kept wet until backfilled to reduce evaporation from the trench walls.
- **Bark or trunk wounding:** Current bark treatment methods shall be performed by a qualified tree care specialist within two days.
- **Scaffold branch or leaf canopy injury:** Remove broken or torn branches back to an appropriate branch capable of resuming terminal growth within five days. If leaves are heat scorched from equipment exhaust pipes, consult the Project Arborist within 6 hours.

## **Construction Injury Mitigation**

A mitigation program may be required if it is found the approved development will cause drought stress, dust accumulation or soil compaction to trees that are to be saved. To help reduce impact injury, one or more of the following mitigation measures shall be implemented and supervised by the Project Arborist as follows:

- **Irrigation Program:** Irrigate to wet the soil within the tree protection zone to a depth of 24-inches to 30-inches. Or, apply sub-surface irrigation at regular specified intervals by injecting on approximate 3-foot centers, 10-gallons of water per inch trunk diameter within the tree protection zone. Duration shall be until project completion or monthly until seasonal rainfall totals at least 8-inches of rain, unless specified otherwise by the certified arborist.
- **Dust Control Program:** During periods of extended drought, wind or grading, spray wash trunk, limbs and foliage to remove accumulated construction dust.
- **Compaction Mitigation:** If inadvertent compaction of the soil has occurred within the tree protection zone, the soil shall be loosened by one or more of the following methods to promote favorable root conditions: vertical mulching, soil fracturing, core-venting, radial trenching or other method approved by the City Arborist.
- Aeration System: If an approved paving, hardscape or other compromising material encroaches within the tree protection zone, an aeration system may be required and shall be designed by the Project Arborist and used within this area.

# **MITIGATION TREE MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS**

# TREE PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS

Planting specifications apply for trees that are planted as a replacement for a tree approved for removal. Using the following specifications will result in consistent city-wide plantings, and superior tree growth and vitality. To achieve this, landscape architects shall incorporate these items into their specifications.

# **PLANTING STOCK**

It is the contractor's responsibility to supply stock that meets ANSI 760.1-1996 and City of West Linn *Tree Technical Manual Standards*. All plants and trees installed within the City of West Linn shall conform with American Association of Standards, ANSI Z60.1, *Specifications for Acceptance of Nursery Trees at the Time of Delivery*, in all ways.

- Plants shall be sound, healthy, vigorous, and free of plant disease and insect pests and their eggs.
- Container stock shall be grown for at least 8-months in containers in which delivered and shall not be root bound or have girdling roots.
- Trees shall not have been topped or headed.
- Plants and trees with broken tops, branches or injured trunks shall be rejected.

# **RECOMMENDED MITIGATION TREES**

There are many trees available that are appropriate for use as mitigation trees, and new varieties are being developed every year. The City shall maintain a list of appropriate trees for planting in the City, either as street trees, or for use in yards, parks, etc. and is <u>appendix A</u> to the City of West Linn Tree Technical Manual. The list will be updated periodically as new varieties are available, or as information is received about diseases, insects and other nuisances. Please consider the location, size of planting area, and other site specific variables when choosing a tree.

# **MISCELANEOUS MATERIALS**

The following materials shall be used unless otherwise specified:

- **Tree stakes:** Support stakes shall be treated 2-inch diameter pine or equal, two stakes per tree. No cross brace shall be used. After installation, stakes shall be trimmed so that the branches clear the top of the stake.
- **Tree Ties:** Twist brace, fabric-reinforced rubber (3/8-inch minimum), or equivalent approved by the City of West Linn shall be used and installed in a figure eight fashion to support the tree to the stakes.
- **Mulch:** Screened untreated wood chips, bark dust or approved equal, spread to a 2-inch depth out to the edge of the root ball. The mulch should be kept at least two inches away from the trunk and shall be applied to each tree.
- **Mower guards:** For trees in turf areas requiring regular mowing, the tree stem shall be protected with Tree Guard or equivalent.
- **Tree Grates:** Where sidewalk width is less than 8-feet and new trees will be installed in a tree well, metal tree grates shall be used and approved by Public Works. Minimum size grates shall be 4' x 4' unless specified otherwise. All tree grates shall be mounted in frames inset into a concrete foundation within the sidewalk or surface material and shall be flush with the surrounding surface.

#### SOIL PREPARATION AND CONDITIONING

- All debris, wood chips, pavement, concrete and rocks over 2-inches in diameter shall be removed from the planting pit to a minimum of 24-inchdepth, unless specified.
- Trees in a confined planter pit or sidewalk area: The planting hole shall be excavated to a minimum of 30-inches deep x the width of the exposed area. Scarify the sides of the pit. Soil beneath the root ball shall be compacted to prevent settling. Trees in all other areas: Excavate the hole's width a minimum of three times the diameter of the container, and deep enough to allow the root ball of the container to rest on firm soil. Scarify the sides and the bottom of the pit. The height of the container root ball should be 1-2-inches higher than grade level, except when structural urban tree soil mix is used, in which case the tree may be planted at level grade. If the soil is dry, add a few inches of water in the hole. Let it drain before planting the tree.

#### **PLACING THE TREE**

Roots: Remove tree from the container and trim the root ball in the following Way. Straighten and/or cut cleanly any thick circling roots. For thin roots, make three to four vertical cuts 1/2-inch deep around root ball and spread the bottom out if necessary

**Orientation:** Locate the tree in the hole, and rotate the tree to direct the main branches away from the street side, if possible.

**Filling the Hole:** Place the aeration tubes, fill the hole halfway up with original soil (amended soil only when approved), and gently tamp out air pockets with a pole or shovel handle. Add about 1 -inch of water, and let drain. Fill the rest of the hole to grade, water the fill soil, and let drain.

**Staking:** Place the stakes at the edge of the root ball (drive them 2-feet into undisturbed ground), and avoid contact with the branches. If in a windy area, set the stakes in a plane at right angles to the wind. Remove the nursery stake. Loosely place two ties in a figure eight around the trunk, as low as needed to hold the tree upright and nail to the stake. Stakes shall be trimmed so that the branches clear the top of the stake. Do not install a cross-brace.

**Berm, Mulch and Water:** In non-turf areas, form a soil berm 3 to 4-inches high at the outermost edge of the root ball. Place 1 to 2-inches of mulch or bark over root ball and berm, keeping the mulch away from the trunk a minimum of 2-inches. Fill the berm with water to capacity.

**Turf Areas:** In turf areas that receive regular watering, the watering berm may be eliminated. The turf shall be maintained a minimum of one foot from the new tree stem, and mulch placed on top of the root ball. The mulch shall not be touching the tree stem.

**Aeration Tubes for Trees:** If required, 4-inch diameter perforated aeration tubes with grated plastic caps placed at the edge of the root ball to the bottom of the pit. Irrigation heads shall not be installed inside the aeration pipes. Any of the above holes, pipes, grates or fixtures shall include the installation of Filter Fabric wrap over the side openings and secured as recommended by manufacturer when connected to an approved aeration system.

**Alternate Specifications:** Occasionally, tree planting must occur in poor or difficult soil where standard planting techniques will result in poor-to-average performance or mortality (such as unique or unusual regional geology, slope,oil volume, restrictive physical or chemical properties, poor drainage, etc.). In this case, the responsible party must investigate alternative solutions to enable long term tree

growth. Alternative planting specifications or plans that vary from the native or typical soil conditions shall be submitted to the *City Arborist* for approval prior to installation. Alternative or specified soils, such as engineered, amended or structural urban tree soil mix, including written specifications and physical samples, shall be submitted for approval from the City Arborist and/or Landscape Architect.

# III. <u>Recommendations for Maintenance and Post Construction Activity</u>

The following maintenance standards apply to maintenance obligations for trees along the pipeline route for a period of two years following completion of the improvement installation.

- a. Carefully landscape the area under the tree, being careful of the roots and structure. Use plantings that will live under the same conditions as that of the tree.
- b. Provide insect and disease control, fertilization and pruning as needed or adhere to long term protection plan if provided.
- c. Avoid direct irrigation spraying onto the trunk. The amount of irrigation needed to keep new plantings alive can often be enough to kill mature trees.
- d. Do not cover existing root systems with more than 2" of soil. The more soil you add, the greater the chances of damaging the root system.
- e. Provide irrigation and/or drainage to emulate pre-construction conditions.
- f. These practices shall be followed during and post construction in accordance with the construction schedule provided for in the Construction Management Plan, as approved by the City of West Linn.

#### **PRUNING STANDARDS**

The most compelling reason to prune trees is to develop a strong, safe framework. All work to be performed on trees shall be in accordance with the standards set forth in this manual. All specifications for working on trees shall be written and shall be administered by a qualified arborist, and shall be designed to promote the preservation of tree structure and health. All work on trees shall be in accordance with the most current industry standards. Climbing and pruning practices shall not injure the tree except for the pruning cuts. To reduce the probability of insect infestation, disease or infection, seasonal recommendations apply, except when public safety is a concern. All species should not be pruned during the flush of spring shoot growth. Trees with thin bark should not be pruned in summer when sunscald injury may be a factor. Deciduous trees are best pruned November-February. Hazardous trees of any species may be pruned any time of the year for abatement reasons.

#### **Mature Trees**

There are six types of pruning that may be required on mature trees. Prior to entering the tree, the tree worker is required to be familiar with these types of pruning as stated in the Performance Standards, ANSI, A300-1995. 'Species-specific' pruning promotes the natural shape of the tree (i.e. excurrent, decurrent, vase-shaped, fast growing, etc.) The six pruning types are:

- Crown Cleaning
- Crown Thinning
- Crown Raising
- Crown Restoration
- Crown Reduction
- Utility Pruning

## **Distressed Trees**

Distressed trees require as much leaf area as possible to overcome stressed conditions. To avoid additional injury, the following measures shall be followed for these trees:

- If a tree has been damaged by injury or disturbance, delay pruning until deadwood becomes evident (typically 1-3 years after injury). Crown cleaning is then recommended.
- Trees that have received little or no care or maintenance may need moderate crown thinning, reduction of end weights or entire crown restoration.

## **Young Trees**

By pruning trees early, it will improve life expectancy and is a proven, cost-effective measure. Added benefits are also reflected in safer trees with fewer branch failures. For trees that serve as a replacement tree, they shall be pruned in the following way:

- Prune during the second year after planting to improve their structure, and only minor crown cleaning every 3-7 years thereafter. Refer to *ISA Tree Pruning Guidelines.*
- Do not top the main leader except to position the lowest main branch. Other main branches should be spaced at least 18-inches apart to alleviate a tight grouping branches.
- Select permanent branching and allow temporary low branching on the lowest part of the trunk to remain.

# FERTILIZING

This section outlines performance standards for fertilizing and apply only if fertilizing is specified. Fertilizing mature trees is generally not necessary. Fertilizing may be specified for trees that will be impacted by upcoming disturbance, grade changes or a modified environment. Benefits gained from the increase stored resources may aid the tree to overcome the stress caused by disturbance. The Project Arborist shall determine specific amounts of fertilizer to be applied to specifics trees as may be necessary.

## Foliar disease

Leaf spot or galls may be chronic or reoccur with specific seasons. Though many of these diseases destroy leaf tissue and become unsightly, they may not significantly reduce the trees health and therefore normally need not be treated unless otherwise specified.

## **TREE PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS**

Planting specifications apply for trees that are planted as a replacement for a tree approved for removal. Using the following specifications will result in consistent city-wide plantings, and superior tree growth and vitality. To achieve this, landscape architects shall incorporate these items into their specifications.

## **PLANTING STOCK**

It is the contractor's responsibility to supply stock that meets ANSI 760.1-1996 and City of West Linn *Tree Technical Manual Standards.* All plants and trees installed within the City of West Linn

shall conform with American Association of Standards, ANSI Z60.1, *Specifications for Acceptance of Nursery Trees at the Time of Delivery*, in all ways.

- Plants shall be sound, healthy, vigorous, and free of plant disease and insect pests and their eggs.
- Method of application: The method shall be subsurface injection, on approximate 3-foot centers (within the root ball on young trees; 2-feet out on older trees) and out to the approximate dripline perimeter. Specific situations may justify other variations such as vertical mulch, soil-fracture or surface-broadcast methods.
- Material and Rates: Unless specified otherwise, fertilizer formula shall be a slow-release, complete fertilizer with chelate trace elements (e.g. 22-14-14 or 20-20-20) and mixed at label rates not to exceed 4-pounds nitrogen per 100-gallons of water. Extraordinary cases may require soil and tissue sampling to correct target deficiencies.
- Amount: Unless specified otherwise, volume shall be determined by mixing 10-gallons of water per inch of trunk diameter when measured at 54-inches above natural grade.
- Timing: Timing should not be detrimental to tree health. Best results are derived from applications made during the prior growing season. Apply fertilizer between May and September for best results.

# WATERING

Newly installed trees and root zone impacted trees, including drought tolerant species, are dependent upon supplemental irrigation until established, typically for two years. Periods of extreme heat, wind or drought may require more or less water than recommended in these specifications. The method and amount that is applied may vary depending upon soil composition, heat, wind, companion plantings, rainfall amounts. The watering of trees or their replacements shall follow the standards set forth in this manual.

## **New Trees**

During the establishment period (1-2 years) trees should be watered thoroughly to their root depth as frequently as needed. The minimum standards shall be as follows:

- 3 months in the ground: 4 times per month or as necessary
- 6 months in the ground: 2 times per month or as necessary
- 12 months in the ground: 1 time per month or as necessary

## Mature trees and root zone impacted trees

• 1 time per month during irrigation season (usually June through September)

# Watering Methods

The following options shall fulfill the watering requirements. One or more of the following may be utilized dependent upon unique circumstances subject to the City Arborist determination. The options are as follows: Automated Watering Systems. All new trees shall be provided with one of the following automatic watering systems. Other city maintained systems shall be per Parks Department specifications.

<u>Bubbler Heads</u> (Preferred). One or two bubbler heads mounted on flexible tubing are to be placed adjacent to or on top of the root ball. The placement of bubbler within an aeration tube is not allowed.

<u>Drip Loop System</u>. A continuous loop of drip tubing circling around the trunk at a point two-thirds out from the trunk to the edge of the root ball (for new trees 36-inch box size and greater, a second loop of drip tubing is required at a point just beyond the root ball on native soil). Hand watering systems. Recommended for trees that are part of a development project that must be watered to insure tree survival during the course of construction until automatic irrigation is installed. Flood watering. Newly installed trees must be 'flood or basin-watered' on top of the root ball to allow the water to infiltrate through the root zone. Subsurface injections using a hydraulic spray pump (practical for use in hard, compacted soils or steep hillsides).

<u>Soaker Hose</u>. Slow, deep watering using a garden type soaker hose. Wetting agent. A root ball that has been allowed to dry out beyond the wilting point shall require the addition of a wetting agent to the water (such as Aqua-grow or equivalent).

## Amount

Unless otherwise specified, the volume of water applied at each irrigation should be in the range of 10-gallons per inch of trunk diameter when measured at 54-inches above natural grade. The final decision of whether to water or not should be based on accurate soil probe samples that are taken from the root ball.

#### SOIL IMPROVEMENT

During development, compaction of the soil is the largest single factor responsible for the decline of older trees. Ninety percent of the damage to the upper eighteen inches of soil occurs during the first pass of heavy equipment - and cannot be reversed. Every effort to avoid compaction of soil porosity within the tree protection zone shall be taken at all times. When required as mitigation for injury or a prohibited action, the following performance standards for improvement of compacted or damaged soil shall be implemented:

#### Aeration

Soil that is damaged or compacted within the dripline of trees shall be loosened or aerated to promote root growth and enhance tree vitality. One of the following aeration methods shall be specified an in effort to correct compacted soil conditions:

- Vertical Mulching: Auger holes 2 to 4-inch diameter, 2 to 3-feet deep, on 4-foot centers and backfilled with porous material such as perlite, vermiculite or volcanic rock.
- Radial Trenching: With an air excavator, excavate a soil trench 3 to 6-inches wide and a minimum of 12-inches deep from (approximately) 3-feet from the trunk out to the dripline area. The trenches shall radiate out from one foot apart at the closest point.
- Soil-fracturing with a pneumatic air-driven device.
- Subsurface injections under moderate hydraulic pressure using a three foot probe and applied on 3-foot centers under the dripline.

#### Drainage

Adequate drainage must be provided to the surrounding soil for the planting of new trees. If the trees are to be planted in impermeable or infertile soil, and water infiltration rates are less than 2-

inches an hour, then one of the following drainage systems or other approved measures must be implemented:

- French drain, a minimum of three feet in depth
- Drain tiles or lines beneath the trees
- Auger six drain holes at the bottom perimeter of the planting pit, a minimum of 4-inches in diameter, 24-inches deep and filled with medium sand or fine gravel

# **INSECT AND DISEASE CONTROL**

Generally, insect populations do not threaten tree health to the point of mortality. More often, when their populations become too great they create a nuisance. If action is warranted, Integrated Pest Management (I.P.M.) suggests that the pest source be identified and targeted with a specific and timely treatment. If insects or disease can lead to the death of *a protected tree*, then it is the responsibility of the property owner to evaluate the condition according to the guidelines set forth in this manual, and treat the problem in a timely fashion to prevent further deterioration of the tree.

## Insects

Accurate timing is critical for success. Nontoxic materials should be used whenever possible to control leaf-chewing insects.

#### **Disease and Decay - above ground**

Disease such as heart-rot decay that erodes the health or weakens the structure of a tree may compromise the safety of people or property. It is the property owner's responsibility to correct a known hazardous condition in a timely fashion.

Consult with a certified arborist for remedy possibilities, for example, pruning out infected branches, thinning, or the spray application of a chemical treatment.

## **Disease - below ground**

Soil-borne diseases, such as Armillaria or Phytophthora, are present in West Linn soils. Often, a poor landscape design surrounding old trees encourages harmful, and often lethal diseases. Combined with poorly drained soil, these factors often activate normally dormant fungi to become opportunistic and infect the tree to cause the decline and eventual death of the tree. This decline can be slow and may not be evident for many years. To identify cultural conditions that may lead to diseases such as Verticillium, Phytophthora or other soilborne fungi, review the *Sunset Western Garden Book* or consult with a Certified Arborist. The following conditions that favor a disease environment must be avoided:

- Compacting of the soil within the tree's dripline, adding fill dirt, roto-tilling, trenching, removing soil from the tree root area.
- Excessive or regular watering on or near the tree trunk area and planting incompatible water-loving plants within the tree's dripline.
- Landscape Design: When planning landscaping around a tree, an evaluation of the tree and soil must be performed to determine if there is a disease present. If the tree is diseased and landscaping will contribute to decline, permanent damage or render it hazardous, it is the obligation of the property owner to take reasonable measures to reduce or eliminate the conditions that may cause the decline of the protected or designated tree.

## Foliar disease

Leaf spot or galls may be chronic or reoccur with specific seasons. Though many of these diseases destroy leaf tissue and become unsightly, they may not significantly reduce the trees health and therefore normally need not be treated unless otherwise specified.

# IV. Construction Meeting and Inspection Schedules

A certified arborist shall be retained by the applicant during the construction of the projects. This project arborist retained shall conduct the following required inspections for the duration of construction activity. Correspondence may be as simple as e-mail in some cases or may require larger documents with tables, photographs, etc. for others. See construction schedule and Construction Management Plan in the Land Use application

- **Inspection of Protective Tree Fencing:** The City Arborist shall be in receipt of a written statement from the applicant or project arborist verifying that the protective tree fencing has been installed and may be inspected by the City Arborist prior to issuance of a demolition, grading, or building permit, unless otherwise approved.
- **Pre-Construction Meeting:** Prior to commencement of construction, the applicant or contractor may be required to conduct a pre-construction meeting to discuss tree protection with the job site superintendent, grading equipment operators, certified arborist, and City Arborist.
- **Monthly Inspections:** The Project Arborist shall perform monthly inspections to monitor changing conditions and tree health. The City Arborist shall be in receipt of an inspection summary during the first week of each calendar month or, immediately if there are any changes to the approved plans or protection measures.
- **Special Activity Within the Tree Protection Zone:** Work in this area (TPZ) requires the direct onsite supervision of the City Arborist.
- **Project Summary and Conclusion:** A brief summary discussing the project's trees shall be submitted to the City Arborist at the conclusion of all construction activity. It shall include concerns about trees that may have been negatively impacted as well as recommendations for care of the trees in the future.

**NOTE**: This tree protection plan identifies construction protection measures to prevent unwarranted tree loss. The identified measures limit the amount of earth disturbance surrounding the trees, and limit the removal of the tree's root systems. Due to the variation of every project, it is unlikely that all of the above identified measures can be practicably applied to each individual tree; nor is it likely each measure is necessary to retain each tree. Prior to the beginning of construction a meeting between a certified arborist and the necessary contractors will be held to determine the appropriate level of protection for each tree, in relation to what work needs to be completed in the tree's vicinity. On site supervision by a certified arborist will be determined and supplied as necessary.

## CONCLUSIONS

Of the 410 trees on site, 46% are trees regulated by City of West Linn ordinance. About 30 percent of the regulated trees are native Oregon Ash most of which are in Poor to Very Poor condition and should be further evaluated for hazard risk. No trees qualifying for status as Heritage Trees were found.

Sincerely,

agfinger

Kay Kinyon Tree Care & Landscapes Unlimited, Inc. Certified Arborist by the International Society of Arboriculture, #PN-0409

# Appendix 1--4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Tree Assessment

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE HEALTH	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
13082	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	21	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	6" x 24" cavity from ground on N. side.
13083	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	23	90	45	Fair	Fair	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13084	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	16	80	40	Fair	Dominant Delaw Caracity	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13387	Shore Pine Western Ded Coder	Pinus contorta	0 15	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	6 stoms 10 6 6 7 2 2
13380	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Vos		Ves	o stems 10,0,0,7,3,3.
13390 1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13402	Canadian Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	8	25	15	Good	Single tree	Semi-mature	Good	No		No	
13429	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	24	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 20' cavity from ground on S. side.
13431	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	10	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13431.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13431.3	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	20	10	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13431.6	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13431.7	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	30	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	_	Yes	
13431.8	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	/	30	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young Somi moturo	Good	No	Vec	Yes	
13432	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	39	40	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature Mature	Boor	Yes	Yes	Yes	7" x 6' cavity from ground on W side
13433	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	29	40	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Vos	Vos	Vos	6" x 20' cavity from ground on W side
13435	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macronhyllum	39	70	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 stems 26.29.
13437	Pacific Waxmyrtle	Mvrica californica	11	20	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No	105	Yes	4 stems 7,7,3,4. Topped. Stem cavities.
13438	Pacific Waxmyrtle	Myrica californica	10	20	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Topped. Trunk cavity. Measured at 3' above ground.
13441	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	26	70	40	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	3' x 3' cavity with bark inclusion from ground on W. side.
13442	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	31	80	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13443	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	28	80	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	4" x 24" cavity from ground on W. side.
13463	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	30	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Thin crown.
13464	Grand Fir	Ables grandis	29	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13542	Wagholia Western Red Codar	Magnolla sp.	10	25	20	Good	Co dominant	Young	Good	NO	-	NO	
13615	Magnolia	Magnolia sn	8	25	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Ves	2 stems 6 5
13616	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	15	30	25	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 8.7.10.
13617	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	13	45	20	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	2 stems 10,8.
13618	Blue Atlas Cedar	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'	14	50	25	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13619	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	18	60	30	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13620	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	19	50	25	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13621	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	10	30	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	
13622	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	10	30	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No	_	Yes	2
13623	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	11	30	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Borers.
13620	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	9	35	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO		Yes	Thin crown. High crown. Borers.
13628	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	15	45	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13629	Blue Atlas Cedar	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'	9	35	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Girdling root.
13630	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	14	40	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13631	Blue Atlas Cedar	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'	11	35	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13658	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	30	30	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	8 stems 8,5,8,5,6,7,4,4
13689	Pacific Waxmyrtle	Myrica californica	11	20	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	6 stems 6,5,3,3,5,5. Cavities in all stems. Topped. Stem
13690	Pacific Waxmyrtle	Myrica californica	9	12	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	2 stems 6,3.
13728	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13728.1	Vine Maple Oregon White Oak	Acer circinatum	10	25	20	G000 Eair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13720.3	Western Red Cedar	Thuia nlicata	13	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 5.10.7.
13730	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	13	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Youna	Good	Yes	1	Yes	2 stems 7,12.
13730.1	Vine Maple	Acer circinatum	10							No		Yes	
13736	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13737	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13738	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13739	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13739.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13836	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	30	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
13884	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	8	50	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No		Yes	
13885	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	22	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13885.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	27	90	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13885.5	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	8	35	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	No	Yes	Yes	Suppressed.
13885 7	Western Red Cedar	Thuia nlicata	21	60	25	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13885.9	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	13	70	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Higher crown
13886	Willow	Salix sn	10	30	20	Poor	Below Canony	Mature	Very Poor	Ves		Vos	A stams 12.6.11.8 Severe cavities & decay all stems
12006 1	Orogon White Oak	Quarque garruana	10	70	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Somi-maturo	Fair	Vos	Voc	Voc	2 stome 10 15
12006.1	Orogon Ash	Eravinus Jatifalia	21	70	30	Fair	Co dominant	Maturo	Fair	Vos	Vos	Voc	2 Sterris 10,15.
12006.2	Vino Manlo	Acor circinatum	21	15	30	Cood	Rolow Capopy	Mature	Cood	No	165	Voc	
12000.3	Willow	Acer circinatum	7	15	20	Deer	Below Canopy	Mature	Voru Door	No		Vee	Braken tan Desay
13007	WIIIOW	Salix sp.	10	25	20	PUUI	Ge deminent	Mature	Very Poor	NO		res	broken top. Decay.
13960	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	21	45	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" X 3' cavity from ground on S. side.
13960.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	50	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	3 stems 13,11,7.
13960.4	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	15	14	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13960.8	Redosier Dogwood	Cornus sericea	6	20	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	2 stems 4,4
13960.9	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13985	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13985.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13986	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13986.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	9' NW #13985, 8' NE #13986. Tag missing.
13986.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13987	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13990.1	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	6	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
13990.2	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
13990.3	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13992	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	3 stems 4.4.5.
13992.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	25	40'	40'	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Topped.
13992.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	9	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
13992.3	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	10	30	20	Good	Single tree	Young	Good	No		Ves	
13992.4	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	34	90	60	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Ves	Ves	Ves	3 stems 27 15 15
13002.5	Douglas Fir	Psoudotsuga monziosii	8	25	15	Good	Below Capopy	Vouna	Good	No	103	Vos	5 Stellis 27,15,15.
12002.6	Dodylas I li Dod Manla	Ages subsum	0	20	10	Cood	Below Canopy	Young	Cood	No		Vee	Appears to be off property
13992.0	Reu Maple Western Ded Coder	ALEI TUDI UTT	9	30	20	Guu	Co. dominant	Moturo	Boor	NO		Yee	Appeals to be on property.
14160 1	Deer Common		14	30	23	Fall	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	NO		Yee	2 stome 0.10 Fruit Tree
14160.1	Pear, Common	Pyrus communis	14	30	25	POOL	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	INO		Yes	2 stems 9,10. Fruit Tree
14163	European white Birch	Betula pendula	/	10	05			o	Dead			v	
14164	Spruce	Picea sp.	14	40	35	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14165	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14166	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	30	50	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14167	Scotch Pine	Pinus sylvestris	17	40	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14168	Red Oak	Quercus rubra	25	55	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14168.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	Not 12".
14170	Common Apple	Malus pumila	23	35	35	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Poor	No		Yes	Stag headed. Fruit tree.
14171	London Planetree	Platanus × acerifolia	30	50	50	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	2" x 6" cavity at ground on E side.
14171.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14173	Spruce	Picea sp.	7	30	20	Poor	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Suppressed. Not 12".
14174	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	22	55	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14175	Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	8	20	8	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14176	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	13	40	25	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Old broken top.
14177	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	20	15	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
14178	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	Not 12".
14179	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	25	20	Good	Co dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	Not 12".
14180	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garrvana	21	50	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14181	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	12	35	20	Fair	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14183	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	30	25	Poor	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	No		No	Leans W. Not 12"
14184	Arborvitae	Thuia occidentalis	9	20	8	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		No	3 stems 3 stems 6.6.3. Not 12"
14191	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	28	45	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14196	Plum	Prunus sn	11	25	35	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Fair	No	.03	Ves	Not 12"
14107	Spruce	Pices cn	22	45	30	Good		Maturo	Good	Vac		Yee	
14100	Scotch Ding	Pinus sulvestric	1/	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Maturo	Poor	Vac		Yee	Thin crown
14170	Oregon Ach	Finus Sylvesuis	14	30 4E	20	Very Deer	Co dominant		Very Door	Voc		Voc	Stem failure at 30' above ground
14199	Diregoli Asti	Dipus popdorosa	16	45	30	very POOr Fair	Co dominant	Maturo	Poor	Voc		Voc	This crows
14200	Fine, Ponuerosa		10	40	30	Perr	Bolow	Variation	PUUI	TUS		105 V	A stome E 4.4.2 Not 12"
14201	English Holly	nex aquitollum	ð	20	15	PUOL	Below canopy	roung	rair	INO	1	res	4 Sterns 5,4,4,3. NOL 12

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
14202	Pine, White	Pinus monticola	19	40	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14204	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	9	25	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Not 12".
14206	Hinoki Falsecypress	Chamaecvparis obtusa	8	20	10	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		No	Not 12".
14217	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14218	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	9	25	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	Not 12".
14222	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	20	12	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14224	European White Birch	Betula pendula	11	40	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No		Ves	7" x 10' cavity from 6' to 16' above ground on W side Not
14224	European white biren	Detala periodia		40	25	i dii	oo dominant	Mature	1 001	NO		105	12"
1/227	Scotch Pine	Dinus sulvastris	20	40	30	Fair	Co dominant	Maturo	Fair	Voc		Voc	High crown
14227	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	20	40	30	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Ves		Ves	riigh ciown.
14220	Douglas I II	Pine sn	20	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No		Vos	Suppressed Not 12"
14220.1	Fille European White Birch	Plite sp.	7	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Somi Moturo	Poor	No		Vec	Jappiesseu. Not 12 .
14220.2	Western Ded Coder	Thuis plicate	9	30	20	POOI	Co dominant	Moture	Puul	NU		Vec	Learns S. Not 12 Dead ten Deat zene ever filled
14229	Western Red Cedar	Thuja pilcala	19	30	20	PUUI	Co dominant	Mature	PUUI	res		res	Dead top. Root zone over niled.
14232	Spruce	Picea sp.	13	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	res		INO	
14245	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	20	45	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14246	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	8	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
14247	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
14252	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	55	40	Very Good	Dominant	Mature	Very Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14254	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	39	60	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14256	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	16	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12"
14257	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not field tagged. Not 12"
14257.1	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not field tagged. Not 12"
14259	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	8	30	12	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		No	Not 12".
14287	Willow	Salix sp.	11	40	35	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	6 stems 5,5,5,4,4,4. Not 12"
14288	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	6	35	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14289	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	11	45	25	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14290	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	35	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14291	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarna	10	40	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Ves	Not 12"
14292	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarna	9	35	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Ves	Not 12"
14305	Spruce	Picea sn	18	40	25	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Ves		Ves	NOT 12 .
14303	Pacific Yew	Taxus brevifolia	14	20	30	Good	Below canony	Mature	Good	Ves		Ves	
14312	Plack Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	22	45	40	Epir	Co dominant	Vouna	Epir	Voc		Voc	
14313	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	10	55	40	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Voc		Voc	2 stoms 16 9
14314	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	10	50	30	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fall	Vec		Vec	2 stems 15 11
14313	DIACK COLLOTIWOOD	Populus Inchocarpa	19	30	30	Cood	Co dominant	Tourig	Fall	Yes		Vec	z stems 15,11
14319	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	45	30	Good	Co dominant	Mature	GOOG	Tes N-		Yes	2 stores ( 0, 11 stores Not 10)
14320	WIIIOW	Salix sp.	10	45	30	P00	Below carlopy	Mature	Fall	NU		res	2 Sterns 6,6. High crown. Not 12.
14321	Black Cottonwood	Populus tricnocarpa	22	/0	45	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	F 11.
14321.1	Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium	6	30	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	NO		Yes	Fruit tree.
14321.3	Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium	6	30	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	NO		Yes	Fruit tree.
14322	Bigleat Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	40	35	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	** · · • •
14323	Oregon Asn	Fraxinus latifolia	9	35	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	NO		Yes	Not 12".
14323.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	10	35	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12".
14324	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	50	30	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14324.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	6	35	20	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Irunk cavity. Not 12"
14325	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	60	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 14,4. 4" stem is dead. Leans N.
14326	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	13	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14327	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	55	30	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. 4" limb cavity at 6.5' above ground on E side.
14328	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	24	70	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14336	Spruce	Fraxinus latifolia	9	25	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
14337	Spruce	Picea	24	30	40	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14338	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	17	40	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		No	
14339	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	18	40	35	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14340	Hawthorn, English	Crataegus laevigata	14	25	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 10,9.
14341	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	20	30	40	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Topped.
14342	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	40	35	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	Yes		No	4 stems 10,9,8,4.
14344	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	10	20	15	Very Poor	Below canopy	Young	Very Poor	No		No	Broken top with cavity. Not 12"
14345	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	50	40	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	5" x 7" cavity from 15' above ground to 22' above ground.
14347	Hawthorn, Common	Craetagus monogyna	6	25	20	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Measured at 3' above ground. Not 12"
14348	Common Apple	Malus pumila	6	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12". Fruit Tree.
14348.2	Black Locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	9	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Youna	Fair	No		Yes	2 stems 6,6. Not 12"
14348.3	Black Locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	10	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Youna	Fair	No		Yes	
14349	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	30	60	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		gungund							2304	. 55	. 55		

1413         Proc. Protection         Proc.	NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
1430         1430 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>HEALTH</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>										HEALTH				
1455         Pips, Dedocas         Pips, Dedocas <td>14351</td> <td>Pine, Ponderosa</td> <td>Pinus ponderosa</td> <td>16</td> <td>35</td> <td>25</td> <td>Fair</td> <td>Co dominant</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Fair</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td>	14351	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	16	35	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
1053         Deck Conce         Columbo Acadors         20         40         40         Conce         Columbo Acadors         Vis.         Vis.           11356         Surves         Perra Martin         Perra Dec finaling	14352	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	12	45	20	Poor	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Yes		Yes	Crooked trunk. High crown.
1454         Pair         Pair         Pair         Pair         Pair           1452         Ave: Controlling         Ave: Controlli	14353	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	28	40	40	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
1430         Core Core         No         No         No         No         No         No           1430         Interferences         Topic process of core         2         3         100<	14354	Pine	Pine sp.	14	30	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
1436         Units         Pair         Delay         Tay         Delay         Delay <thdelay< th=""> <thdelay< th=""> <thdelay<< td=""><td>14355</td><td>Spruce</td><td>Picea sp.</td><td>15</td><td>50</td><td>25</td><td>Fair</td><td>Co dominant</td><td>Mature</td><td>Fair</td><td>Yes</td><td></td><td>Yes</td><td></td></thdelay<<></thdelay<></thdelay<>	14355	Spruce	Picea sp.	15	50	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
1100:         1100:         1100:         1100:         100:	14362	Pear, Dwarf Fruiting	Pyrus communis	11	25	20	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		No	Thin crown. Leaf spot. Fruit tree.
14800         Weskel No. Octo         Proc.         Pro.         Pro.         Proc.	14365	Hinoki Falsecypress	Chamaecyparis obtusa	22	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14000         14000         1400         <	14366	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
11136         Originals         Down black         24         30         100         Down black         Down         Down <thdown< th=""> <thdown< th="">         Down</thdown<></thdown<>	14367	Oregon Asn	Fraxinus latifolia	30	65	45	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 24,18. 4" diameter cavity at 3' above ground on s
11100         Correspondence         Filter         None         None <td>14373</td> <td>Red Alder</td> <td>Alnus rubra</td> <td>20</td> <td>50</td> <td>40</td> <td>Good</td> <td>Dominant</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Good</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>NO</td> <td>2 stoms 10 10</td>	14373	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	20	50	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		NO	2 stoms 10 10
1417         Attem Number         Process and the second se	14375	Charge Enviting		20	50	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Guu	res		NU NI-	2 Stellis 19,10.
11319         Control         10         10         10         10         10         Number	14370	Cherry, Fruiting	Prunus avium	17	30	35	Fall	Below carlopy	Mature	Foir	No		No	Fruit tree
11379         Control Apple         Loss participants         1         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         1	14377	Amorican Swootgum	Prunus avium	21	40	40	Fall	Dominant	Mature	Fall	NU Voc	Voc	No	Fruit tree.
11390         Common Adapt         Make provide         9         2         2         7 fair         Difference         No	14370	Common Apple	Malus numila	2	7J 35	30	Fair	Below capopy	Mature	Fair	No	Tes	No	Measured at 3' above ground Fruit tree
11991         Oregan Abn <i>Training Melling</i> 14         25         90         Fair         Contention         West         Yest	14377	Common Apple	Malus pumila	9	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		No	Measured at 2.5' about ground
1432         Origin An <i>Franking Million</i> 2a         BS         55         Good         Dominant         Over muture         Very Proc         Yes         Cardies in true from ground up.           14333         Horgen Ah <i>France Million</i> 33         Segren Ah <i>France Million</i> 33         Segren Ah <i>France Million</i> 143         Yes         Ves	14300	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	14	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Ves		Ves	2 stems 10.9
1492         Humber, Common         Cataloga managana         6         25         15         Wey Yoor         No         Yes         No         Yes         No         Yes           1493         Oregon Ahn         Fraintos attilola         11         55         30         Fair         Co dominant         Over-mature         Yes	14392	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	28	85	55	Good	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Cavities in trunk from ground up
1439         Oregon Abn         Transmostatibility         13         55         30         Fair         Codeminant         Vest         Yes         Vest           14395         Oregon Abn         Franknostatibility         22         80         55         Fair         Dever-mature         Vest         Vest         Vest         Vest           14391         Oregon Abn         Franknostatibility         22         80         55         Fair         Dever-mature         Poor         Vest         Vest </td <td>14392.1</td> <td>Hawthorn, Common</td> <td>Crataegus monogyna</td> <td>6</td> <td>25</td> <td>15</td> <td>Very Poor</td> <td>Below canopy</td> <td>Over-mature</td> <td>Very Poor</td> <td>No</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Dead top. Not 12".</td>	14392.1	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	6	25	15	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	No		Yes	Dead top. Not 12".
14393         Origon Ann         Frazins lability         21         70         40         Poor         Codemiant         Over nature         Poor         Yes	14393	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	13	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
1437         Origon Abn         Fractus latificity         22         80         55         Fair         Dominant         Devr. nature         Prov         Yes         Ves         Ves         Detacts         Attracts           14391         Origon Abn         Frazinus latificity         12         55         50         Poor         Poor         Ves	14395	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	21	70	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	10" x 3.5' cavity from 4' to 7.5' above ground on N side.
11498         Origin Abn         Frankin subtidie         29         80         55         Fair         Dominant         Operative         Pear         Yes         Yes         Yes           11497.1         Origin Abn         Fradina subtidie         12         55         52         57         Bible campy         Semi-Muture         Yes         Yes<	14397	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	22	80	55	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14371         Oregon Ash         Frashna kultolia         12         55         25         Fair         Below canopy         Semi-Mature         Yes	14398	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	29	80	55	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Die back in crown. History of large limb failure.
11430         Oregon Ash         Frazins billiola         27         75         50         Poor         Balox cancey         Matter         Very Poor         Yes         16* x6C* cavity from ground on 5 xde gees all the way through trank.           114400         Hawthorn, Cummon         Cataeges monogenal         10         25         25         Poor         Belox cancey         Matter         Very Poor         No.         Yes         2 stems. No.12**           114400         Oregon Ash         Frazins billiola         15         55         30         Poor         Belox cancey         Mature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         2 stems. X0.12**           114400         Oregon Ash         Frazins billiola         16         45         Good         Co dominant         Mature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         2 stems 2.17. Broken tops on tobit stems. History of billion tobins tems. History temp and on 5 xde         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes	14397.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	55	25	Fair	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
Late         Late <th< td=""><td>14399</td><td>Oregon Ash</td><td>Fraxinus latifolia</td><td>27</td><td>75</td><td>50</td><td>Poor</td><td>Dominant</td><td>Over-mature</td><td>Very Poor</td><td>Yes</td><td></td><td>Yes</td><td>16" x60" cavity from ground on S side goes all the way</td></th<>	14399	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	27	75	50	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	16" x60" cavity from ground on S side goes all the way
Hawthom, Common Maximum         Catalenges monogram         10         25         25         Poor         Below         Mature         Very Poor         No.         Yes         Jamma Status           144001         Corregon Ash <i>Fraxinus Bittifiell</i> 15         55         30         Poor         Co dominant         Over, mature         Poor         Vers         Vers         3 terms 12.7.6. Thin crown. Stressed.           14402         Oregon Ash <i>Fraxinus Bittifiell</i> 15         55         35         Codd         Codominant         Over, mature         Poor         Vers         Vers         3 terms 12.7.4. # A* 37 stems have large earlies.           14403         Oregon Ash <i>Fraxinus Bittifiell</i> 16         65         35         Frair         Codominant         Over mature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         28 stems 21.7. Birks togs on both stems. History of large limb failure.           14404         Oregon Ash <i>Fraxinus Bittifiell</i> 16         35         Frair         Codominant         Over mature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         16 stems 21.7.2 arokit from ground on S side.           14404         Oregon Ash <i>Fraxinus Bittifiell</i> 16         45         35         Fair         Co														through trunk.
14401         Oregon Ash         Frazous Birlingia         15         25         20         Poor         Below         Mature         Very Poor         Yes         Vers         Starts         Starts <td>14400</td> <td>Hawthorn, Common</td> <td>Crataegus monogyna</td> <td>10</td> <td>25</td> <td>25</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>Below canopy</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Very Poor</td> <td>No</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>2 stems . Not 12"</td>	14400	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	10	25	25	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Very Poor	No		Yes	2 stems . Not 12"
14401         Oregon Ash         Fraknus littloliu         15         55         30         Poor         Codominant         Meure         Poor         Yes         Xes         Yes         3 stems 12,7.6         Thin crown. Stressed.           14402         Oregon Ash         Fraknus littloliu         25         70         40         Poor         Dominant         Over-nature         Very Poor         Yes         3 stems 12,7.6         Thin crown. Stressed.           14403         Oregon Ash         Fraknus littloliu         18         65         45         Good         Dominant         Over-nature         Very Poor         Yes	14400.1	Common Hawthorn		6	25	25	Poor	Below	Mature	Very Poor	Yes			
14402         Oregon Ash         Frazius latifisia         19         66         35         Good         Cadomiant         Mature         Good         Yes         3 stems 17.4.4 "& 7" stems have large cavities.           14403.1         Oregon Ash         Frazius latifisia         25         70         40         Poor         Dominant         Over-nature         Very Poor         Yes         2 tems 22.17. Brocknut page imb failure.           14403.1         Oregon Ash         Frazius latifisia         16         65         35         Fair         Co dominant         Over-nature         Very Poor         Yes         Y	14401	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	55	30	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	3 stems 12,7,6. Thin crown. Stressed.
14403         Oregon Ash Oregon Ash         Frazikus latifolia         25         70         40         Poor         Dominant         Over-nature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         2 stems 22.17. Broken tops on both stems. History of large limb failure.           14403.1         Oregon Ash <i>Directas garryana</i> 18         65         45         Good         Matter         Good         Yes         Yes <td>14402</td> <td>Oregon Ash</td> <td>Fraxinus latifolia</td> <td>19</td> <td>65</td> <td>35</td> <td>Good</td> <td>Co dominant</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Good</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>3 stems 17,7,4. 4" &amp;7" stems have large cavities.</td>	14402	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	19	65	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 17,7,4. 4" &7" stems have large cavities.
Image         Coregon White Oak         Coregon Ash         Construction         Mature         Cool         Yes	14403	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	70	40	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 22,17. Broken tops on both stems. History of
14403.       Oregon Aht       Frakinus sittlöka       18       65       45       Good       Over-nature       Vers       Yes       Yes       Yes       Ist       22       Vers       18" x 12" cavity from ground on S side.         14404.1       Oregon Ash       Frakinus sittlöka       18       70       35       Fair       Co dominant       Over-nature       Very Poor       Yes       Yes       Yes       18" x 12" cavity from ground on S side.         14404.2       Oregon Ash       Frakinus sittlöka       16       60       40       Fair       Co dominant       Over-nature       Very Poor       Yes       Yes       Ves       14" St       Stavity from ground on E side.         14405.1       Hawthorn. Common       Crategage monogyna       12       40       20       Poor       Below canopy       Mature       Fair       Yes       Ves       Messured at 1" above ground.         14407.1       Hawthorn. Common       Crategage monogyna       16       45       35       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       Ves       Messured at 1" above ground.         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Frakinus sittlöka       9       45       25       Poor       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No														large limb failure.
14404         Oregon Ash         Fraxinus latifolia         15         65         35         Fair         Co dominant         Over-mature         Very Poor         Yes         Yes         Yes         12" x 12" cavity from ground on N side.           14404.1         Oregon Ash         Fraxinus latifolia         14         55         30         Fair         Co dominant         Over-mature         Very Poor         Yes         Ves         12" x 2" cavity from ground on N side.           14404.1         Oregon Ash         Fraxinus latifolia         16         60         40         Fair         Co dominant         Mature         Poor         Yes         Ves         44         State         Yes         44         State         Yes         Masured at 1" above ground.         State         Yes         Masured at 1" above ground.         14407.1           14407.1         Oregon Ash         Fraxinus latifolia         9         40         25         Fair         Below canopy         Young         Fair         Yes         Measured at 1" above ground.         14407.1           14407.1         Oregon Ash         Fraxinus latifolia         9         45         25         Poor         Below canopy         Young         Fair         No         Yes         2 stems 7.1.0. statet	14403.1	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	65	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
1440.1       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       16       70       35       Fair       Co dominant       Over-mature       Very Poor       Yes       Yes       24* x 5 cavity from ground on R side.         14404.2       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       16       60       40       Fair       Co dominant       Mature       Poor       Yes       Ves       10* x 24* x 5" cavity from ground on R side.         14405.1       Hawthorn, Common       Crategus monogyna       12       40       20       Poor       Below canopy       Mature       Fair       No       Yes       Ves       Not       Yes       Not       Yes       Mesured at 1* above ground.         14407.1       Hawthorn, Common       Crategus monogyna       16       45       35       Fair       Below canopy       Mature       Fair       Yes       Mesured at 1* above ground.       No       Yes       35 x 7.6       Located at 4245 Megleton Dr. Not 12*         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       45       25       Poor       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       No <t< td=""><td>14404</td><td>Oregon Ash</td><td>Fraxinus latifolia</td><td>15</td><td>65</td><td>35</td><td>Fair</td><td>Co dominant</td><td>Over-mature</td><td>Very Poor</td><td>Yes</td><td></td><td>Yes</td><td>18" x 12' cavity from ground on S side.</td></t<>	14404	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	65	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	18" x 12' cavity from ground on S side.
1444.2       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus sittlola       14       45       30       Fair       Co dominant       Over-mature       Vers       Yes       Yes       Yes       Yes       Yes       Yes       No       Yes       Yes       No       No       Yes       Yes       No       No       Yes       No       No       Yes       No       No       Yes       No	14404.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	24" x 5' cavity from ground on N side.
14405       Oregon Ash Hawthorn, Common       Fraktinus latifulia       16       60       40       Fair       Codominant       Mature Mature       Poor       Yes       Yes       4 stems 8,7,11.4.       18.242 cavity from ground on E side.         14405.1       Hawthorn, Common       Cratagus monogyna       12       40       20       Poor       Below canopy       Mature       Fair       Yes       Yes       Wessured at '' above ground.         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       40       25       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       Yes       Yes       Messured at ''above ground.         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       45       25       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       Yes       Yes       Austration on No ita':         14407.2       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       45       25       Poor       Below canopy       Young       Foir       No       Yes       Yes <td>14404.2</td> <td>Oregon Ash</td> <td>Fraxinus latifolia</td> <td>14</td> <td>55</td> <td>30</td> <td>Fair</td> <td>Co dominant</td> <td>Over-mature</td> <td>Very Poor</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>10" x 24" cavity from ground on E side.</td>	14404.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	14	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	10" x 24" cavity from ground on E side.
14405.1       Hawthorn, Common       Crategys mongyna       5       20       15       Poor       Below canopy       Mattre       Fair       No       Yes       Mostrad at 1' above ground.         14400       Hawthorn, Common       Crategys mongyna       16       45       35       Fair       Below canopy       Mattre       Fair       Yes       Messured at 1' above ground.         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Frazinus latifola       9       40       25       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       Yes       Messured at 1' above ground.         14407.2       Oregon Ash       Frazinus latifola       9       45       25       Poor       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       Yes       3''''''''''       Active dat 4''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	14405	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	60	40	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	4 stems 8,7,11,4. 18 x 24" cavity from ground on E side.
Hawthom, Common       Cratalegus monogyna       12       40       20       Poor       Poor       Pear       Yes       Measured at 1 above ground.         14407       Awwthorn, Common       Crataegus monogyna       16       45       35       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       Yes       Measured at 1 above ground.         14407.1       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       40       25       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Poor       No       Yes       Xessard at 1 above ground.         14407.2       Oregon Ash       Fraxinus latifolia       9       45       25       Poor       Below canopy       Young       Poor       No       Yes       Xessard at 1 above ground.         14411       Sweet Cherry       Pruns avium       10       25       20       Fair       Below canopy       Young       Fair       No       No       2 stems 7,7.       Mapleton Dr. Not 12"         14418       European White Birch       Betula pendula       15       65       40       Poor       Dominant       Mature       Poor       Yes       Yes       Yes       Thin crown.         14421.1       European White Birch       Betula pendula       20       65 </td <td>14405.1</td> <td>Hawthorn, Common</td> <td>Crataegus monogyna</td> <td>5</td> <td>20</td> <td>15</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>Below canopy</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Fair</td> <td>No</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Not 12"</td>	14405.1	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	5	20	15	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12"
Hawthom, Currindin Currindin, Currinde Labove ground on the server of	14406	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	12	40	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Measured at 1 above ground.
International of the internatint of the international of the international of the i	14407	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	10	45	35	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	res		Yes	Measured at 1 above ground.
InternationalY4323PoolBelow carlopyYoungFairNotNotNotMapleton Dr. Not 12°14411Sweet CherryPrunus avium102520FairBelow carlopyYoungFairNoNo2 stems 7.7.14418European White BirchBetula pendula156540PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesThin crown.14421American SweetgumLiquidambar styraciflua237040GoodDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.European White BirchBetula pendula166540PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.European White BirchBetula pendula166040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3Giant SequoiaSequoiadendron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesNo2 stems 27.3014438American ElmUlmus americana296550PoorDominantMatureGoodNoNoMedia ground. Not 12"14438.Creapen White OakQuercus garryana182530FairCo dominantMatureGoodNoNoMedia ground. Not 12"14438.Creapen White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMature<	14407.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	9	40	20	Fall	Below carlopy	Young	Fall	No		Vec	2 stellis 7,6. Located at 4245 Mapleton DL. Not 12
14411         Sweet Cherry         Prunus avium         10         25         20         Fair         Below canopy         Young         Fair         No         Antiperiod         Antiperiod           14418         European White Birch         Betula pendula         19         65         40         Poor         Dominant         Mature         Poor         Yes         Yes         Yes         Thin crown.           14419         European White Birch         Betula pendula         15         65         40         Poor         Dominant         Mature         Poor         Yes         Yes         Thin crown.           14421.1         European White Birch         Betula pendula         16         60         40         Fair         Dominant         Mature         Poor         Yes         Yes         Yes           14421.3         Giant Sequoia         Sequoiadendron giganteum         43         80         40         Fair         Dominant         Mature         Poor         Yes         Yes         Yes         14421.3         Cadencise guoiadendron giganteum         43         80         40         Fair         Dominant         Mature         Good         Yes         Yes         Die back inerrow. Suspeet Dutch Elm disease.	14407.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latitolia	9	40	25	PUUI	below carlopy	roung	PUUI	NO		res	S X TO Cavity from ground on N side. Located at 4245 Mapleton Dr. Not 12"
Hartin         Dieke drafty         Hall         Delaw drafty         Hall         No         France         Hall         No         Extra period         Hall         Hall         No         Hall         Hall <th< td=""><td>14411</td><td>Sweet Cherry</td><td>Prunus avium</td><td>10</td><td>25</td><td>20</td><td>Fair</td><td>Below capopy</td><td>Vound</td><td>Fair</td><td>No</td><td></td><td>No</td><td>2 stoms 7 7</td></th<>	14411	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	10	25	20	Fair	Below capopy	Vound	Fair	No		No	2 stoms 7 7
14419European White BirchBetula pendula156540PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesThis cown.14421American SweetgumLiguidambar styraciffua237040GoodDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesYes14421.1European White BirchBetula pendula206540FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3European White BirchBetula pendula166040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3Giant SequoiaSequoiadendron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesNo2 stems 27.3014435American ElmUllmus americana296550PoorDominantMatureGoodNoNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesNoMeasured at 1" above ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesNo14438.1	14411	Furonean White Birch	Retula pendula	10	65	40	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Ves	Ves	Ves	Thin crown
14421American SweetgumLiquidambar styracifiua127040GoodDominantMatureFoorYesYes14421.1European White BirchBetula pendula206540FairDominantMaturePoorYesYes14421.2European White BirchBetula pendula166040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYes14421.3Giant Sequoia deadron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3Giant Sequoia deadron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesDie back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.14435American ElmUlmus americana296550PoorDominantMatureGoodNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMoMesured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesYes14438.3CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.1020GoodBelow canopyMaturePoorYesYesYesMeasured at 1'above ground. Not 12"14436SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominant	14419	European White Birch	Betula pendula	15	65	40	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	105	Yes	Thin crown
14421.1European White BirchBetula pendula206540FairDominantMaturePoorYesYes14421.2European White BirchBetula pendula166040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYes14421.3Giant SequoiaSequoiadendron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3Giant SequoiaSequoiadendron giganteum438040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesNo2 stems 27,3014435Americana ElmUlmus americana296550PoorDominantMatureGoodNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14436.5SprucePalca sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureGoodYesYesNoYesNot 12"14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoYesNot 12"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatur	14421	American Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	23	70	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14421.2European White BirchBetula pendula166040FairDominantMaturePoorYesYesYes14421.3Giant SequolaSequoladendron giganteum438040FairDominantMatureGoodYesYesNo2 stems 27,3014435American ElmUlmus americana296550PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesNo2 stems 27,3014435Oregon White OakOuercus garryana182530FairCo dominantMatureGoodNoNoOff property in Mapieton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at 1" above ground. Not 12"14436.3SprucePleca sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureGoodYesYesNoYesNo 12"14456SprucePleca sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesNo 12"YesNo 12"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumi	14421.1	Furopean White Birch	Betula pendula	20	65	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14421.3Giant SequolaSequoladentron giganteum438040FairDominantMatureGoodYesYesNo2 stems 27,3014435American ElmUlmus americana296550PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesDie back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.14438Oregon White Oak <i>Quercus garryana</i> 182530FairCo dominantMatureGoodNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesMeasured at 1' above ground. Not 12"14435SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantYoungFairNoYesYesNot 12"14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorCo dominantMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common Apple <t< td=""><td>14421.2</td><td>European White Birch</td><td>Betula pendula</td><td>16</td><td>60</td><td>40</td><td>Fair</td><td>Dominant</td><td>Mature</td><td>Poor</td><td>Yes</td><td></td><td>Yes</td><td></td></t<>	14421.2	European White Birch	Betula pendula	16	60	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14435American ElmUllnus americana296550PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesDie back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.14438Oregon White Oak <i>Quercus garryana</i> 182530FairCo dominantMatureGoodNoNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1Crapemyrtle <i>Lagerstroemia</i> sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMatureGoodYesYesYesMeasured at 1' above ground. Not 12"14445SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureGoodYesYesNoYesNo 12"14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesNo 172"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorCo dominantMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleM	14421.3	Giant Seguoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	43	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	2 stems 27.30
14438Oregon White OakOuercus garryana182530FairCo dominantMatureGoodNoNoOff property in Mapleton R/W.14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesYesThin crown.14441Japanese MapleAcer palmatum72020GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodYesYesMeasured at 1' above ground. Not 12".14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesNoTopped. Fruit Tree14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14450Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14451Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila12 </td <td>14435</td> <td>American Elm</td> <td>Ulmus americana</td> <td>29</td> <td>65</td> <td>50</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>Dominant</td> <td>Mature</td> <td>Poor</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Die back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.</td>	14435	American Elm	Ulmus americana	29	65	50	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Die back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.
14438.1CrapemyrtleLagerstroemia sp.102040GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodNoNoMeasured at ground. Not 12"14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesThin crown.14441Japanese MapleAcer palmatum72020GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodYesYesMeasured at ground. Not 12".14456SprucePices sp.93025FairCo dominantYoungFairNoYesNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14450Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila122020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020Good<	14438	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	25	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Good	No		No	Off property in Mapleton R/W.
14438.2European White BirchBetula pendula164030PoorDominantMaturePoorYesYesThin crown.14441Japanese MapleAcer palmatum72020GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodYesYesMessured at 1' above ground. Not 12".14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantYoungFairNoYesNot 12"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14459Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila1220PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14464AlderAlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14464Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGood	14438.1	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia sp.	10	20	40	Good	Below canopy	Mature	Good	No		No	Measured at ground. Not 12"
14441Japanese MapleAcer palmatum72020GoodBelow canopyMatureGoodYesYesMeasured at 1' above ground. Not 12".14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantYoungFairNoYesNo12"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14459Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila122020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14464Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14438.2	European White Birch	Betula pendula	16	40	30	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Thin crown.
14456SprucePicea sp.93025FairCo dominantYoungFairNoYesNot 12"14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14459Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorRelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila122020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14441	Japanese Maple	Acer palmatum	7	20	20	Good	Below canopy	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	Measured at 1' above ground. Not 12".
14457English WalnutJuglans regia173035FairCo dominantMatureFairNoNoTopped. Fruit Tree14459Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorCo dominantMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila1220PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14456	Spruce	Picea sp.	9	30	25	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	Not 12"
14459Common AppleMalus pumila233530PoorCo dominantMatureFairNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila1220PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14457	English Walnut	Juglans regia	17	30	35	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	No		No	Topped. Fruit Tree
14460Common AppleMalus pumila212530PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14461Common AppleMalus pumila122020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14459	Common Apple	Malus pumila	23	35	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14461Common AppleMalus pumila122020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14460	Common Apple	Malus pumila	21	25	30	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14463Common AppleMalus pumila142020PoorBelow canopyMaturePoorNoYesTopped. Fruit Tree14476Red AlderAlnus rubra73020GoodCo dominantSemi-matureGoodNoYesNot 12".	14461	Common Apple	Malus pumila	12	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14476 Red Alder Alnus rubra 7 30 20 Good Co dominant Semi-mature Good No Yes Not 12".	14463	Common Apple	Malus pumila	14	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No		Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
	14476	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	7	30	20	Good	Co dominant	Semi-mature	Good	No		Yes	Not 12".

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS		REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
14476 1	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	8	35	20	Good	Below canony	Vound	Good	No		Vos	2 stoms 6.6 Not 12"
14470.1	Giant Sequoia	Sequeiadendron diganteum	50	95	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Vos	Vos	Vos	
14470	Giant Sequoia	Sequeladendron giganteum	10	110	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Ves	Ves	Vos	
14480	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	22	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" x 14" cavity from 1' above ground on W side
14481	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	105	Yes	
14482	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	39	75	35	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	History of large limb failure.
14484	Oregon Ash		33	75	35	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes			12" limb cavity at 4' above ground on N side.
14486	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	70	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 22.12. 8"x24" cavity from ground on F side.
													Broken top, History of limb failure. Thin crown,
14488	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	14	60	30	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	12" x 8' cavity from ground on N side.
14489	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	65	35	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Stem failure at 15' above ground.
14490	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	25	20	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Stem failures at 25' above ground.
14491	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	29	80	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	4" x 24" cavity from ground on N side. 6" x 4' cavity at 40
	-								-				above ground on S side.
14492	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	19	70	35	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	24" x 8' cavity from ground on E. side.
14493	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	28	70	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	3" x 16" cavity from ground on N side.
14493.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	60	30	Very Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	3" x 4.5' cavity from ground on S side. Highcrown.
14494	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	19	70	35	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2"x4" cavity at 2' above ground on N side.
14495	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	20	75	4040	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2" x 12" cavity from 1.5' above ground on E. side.
14496	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	29	75	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 23,17. 17" stem is hollow from ground'. One
													stem tagged 14497.
14498	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	65	30	Very Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 17,18. Cavities. One stem tagged 14499.
14507	Crabapple	Malus sp.	25	25	35	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No		No	4 stems 7,7,5,6.
15470	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15470.1	Willow	Salix sp.	7	20	20	Fair	Single tree	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	2 stems 4,5.
15476	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	26	90	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15476.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15476.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Partial uproot.
15478	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	28	85	50	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	12" cavity at 50' above ground.
15478.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	4	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15481	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	12	35	20	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 30' above ground.
15482	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	16	60	30	Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15483	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	12	40	20	Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	N.		Broken to	
15490	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	24	30	15	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 30' above ground.
15491	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	22	40	15	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 20 above ground.
15492	Crond Fir	Abias grandia	12	30	15	Foir	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes	Vec	Vec	Broken top at 20 above ground.
15502	Bigloof Monlo	Ables granus	21	40	20	Poor	Co-dominant	Somi-maturo	Poor	Yes	Tes	Voc	Broken top.
15572	Western Ped Cedar	Thuia plicata	21	60	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Four	Ves		Vos	Broken top.
15573 1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Eair	Below Capopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No		Vos	Corrected lean S
15573.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	20	20	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Suppressed
15574	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	50	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	oup robou.
15576	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	18	60	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Bark inclusion in lower bole.
15577	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	8	35	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	No		Yes	Suppressed.
15581	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	20	35	30	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken trunk is hollow.
15582	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	80	45	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15583	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	31	80	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15584	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	23	90	60	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15585	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	24	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15587	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	11	45	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
15589	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	7	45	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15589.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	7	45	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15589.3	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	9	50	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Good	No		Yes	
15591.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	7	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
15592	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	11	40	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
15593	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	9	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No		Yes	
15594	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	16	30	15	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 30' above ground.
15594.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	6	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Broken top.
15595	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	30	80	25	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15597	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15598	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15599	western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
15600	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
15602	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	70	35	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15605	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	27	60	40	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. Severe cavities in lower bole.
15606	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	28	90	50	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 36" cavity from ground on N. side.
15607	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	33	50	35	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Failed stem with cavity at 15' above ground.
15608	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	17			Dead				Yes		Yes	
15610	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	29	75	45	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes		
15612	Spruce	Picea sp.	16	40	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. Straddles property line.
15613	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	20	50	35	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	1" X 8" cavity at 3" to 3"-8" above ground on W. side.
15614	Bigleat Maple	Acer macrophyllum	/	25	10	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	NO		Yes	Broken top.
15615	Biglear Maple	Acer macrophyllum	24	50	35	Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	N/	Yes	вгокеп юр.
15616	Bigleat Maple	Acer macrophyllum	30	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15618	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	60	40	Good	Dominant	iviature Comi motore	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15619	Riglash Maple	Acos mooronbullum	18	55	30	Good	Dominant Below Conony	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	res	Yes	Cumprocood
15620	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	4	45	20	POOI	Below Carlopy	Mature	Poor	No		Voc	Suppressed.
15620.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	40	20	Fuur	Co-dominant	Mature	Four	Voc		Voc	Suppressed.
15621	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	12	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Ves		Vos	
15621 1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	0	50	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No		Vos	
15622	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	22	80	45	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Ves		Yes	
15623	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	70	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15624	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15625	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	14	30	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top
15626	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	18	30	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15627	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	14	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15628	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	8	20	10	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Very Poor	No		Yes	Broken top.
15629	Willow	Salix sp.	14	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15629.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	21	45	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
105000	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	11	30	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105001	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105002	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105003	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105004	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105005	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105006	Red Osier Dogwood	Cornus sericea	5	20	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105007	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105009	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105011	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105013	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	Lost top.
105015	Willow	Salix sp.	7	20	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No		Yes	3 stems 3,4,4.
105017	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105018	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105019	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	32	70'	35	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Decay in lower bole.
105020	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	No		Yes	
105021	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	9	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	NO		Yes	
105023	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	/	25	15	Fair	Co-dominant	roung	Poor	NO		Yes	Girdled with staking wires.
105024	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	35	20	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	18" X 12' cavity from ground on W side.
105027	Uregon Ash Western Ded Ceder	Thuis plicate	20	75	30	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 12,16. 15 x 24 cavity from ground on w. side.
105028	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	30	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105030.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	0	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Voc	
105031	Douglas Fir	Proudotsuga monziosii	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Voc	
105032	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Vos	
105033	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Vos	
105034.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105035	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105037	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	1	Ves	
105037	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	1	Yes	
105039	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	1	Yes	
105040	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	1	Yes	
105041	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	1	Yes	1
105042	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Youna	Poor	No	İ	Yes	Dead top.
100012		maja piloata		. ~~									Terrar refer

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
105043	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 7,5.
105044	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105045	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Dead top.
105046	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Dead top.
105047	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Dead top.
105048	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Dead top.
105049	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 7,5.
105050	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105051	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Thin crown.
105052	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105053	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 5,6.
105054	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 4,7.
105055	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105056	Common Hawthorn	Crataegus monogyna	8	25	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No		Yes	
105058	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105059	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105060	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
10561	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	17	70	35	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
105062	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105063	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105064	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105065	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	30	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
105066	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105067	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105068	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105069	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105070	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 6,3.
105071	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105073	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105074	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105075	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105076	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	2 stems 7,3.
105077	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	3 stems 5,3,3.
105078	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105079	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No		Yes	Thin crown.
105080	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105081	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105084.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105085	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105086	Willow	Salix sp.	9	30	30	Fair	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No		Yes	
105087	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105088	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105091	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105093	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105094	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105095	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105096	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	40	25	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
105097	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	
105098	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	40	25	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	



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# Appendix 3--4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Regulated Trees

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE HEALTH	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
13082	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	21	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	6" x 24" cavity from ground on N. side.
13083	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	23	90	45	Fair	Fair	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13084	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	16	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13388	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	30	30	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	6 stems 10,6,6,7,3,3.
13389	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	12	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13429	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	24	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 20' cavity from ground on S. side.
13432	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	39	40	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13433	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	29	40	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	7" x 6' cavity from ground on W. side.
13434	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	29	40	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	6" x 20' cavity from ground on W. side.
13435	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	39	70	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 stems 26,29.
13441	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	26	70	40	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	3' x 3' cavity with bark inclusion from ground on W. side.
13442	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	31	80	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13443	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	28	80	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	4" x 24" cavity from ground on W. side.
13463	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	30	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Thin crown.
13464	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	29	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13616	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	30	25	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 8,7,10.
13617	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	13	45	20	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	2 stems 10,8.
13618	Blue Atlas Cedar	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'	14	50	25	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13619	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	18	60	30	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13620	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	19	50	25	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
13628	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	15	45	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13630	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	14	40	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13658	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	30	30	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No		Yes	8 stems 8,5,8,5,6,7,4,4
13728.3	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	14	25	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
13729	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	13	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 5,10,7.
13/30	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	13	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	2 stems 7,12.
13885	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	22	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
13885.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	27	90	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13885.4	Uregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	21	80	40	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	6" X 10 cavity from ground on N. side.
13885.7	Oregon Ach	Thuja piicata	21	50	25	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	Park inclusion in lower hale
13005.0	Oregon Ash		19	70	40	Fall	Co-dominant	Mature	Fall	Yes		Yee	
13003.9	Ulegon Ash	Flaxinus latitulia	10	70	30	Fall	Rolow Capopy	Mature	Fdll Voru Door	Yes		Yee	A stome 12.6.11.9. Severe equities 8 decay all stome
12006 1	Oregon White Oak	Ouorcus garruana	19	30	20	Foir	Co dominant	Somi maturo	Very Poor	Yes	Voc	Yes	4 stems 12,0,11,0. Severe cavities & decay all stems.
13060.1	Norway Maple	Acer platapoides	21	/0	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Vos	165	Vos	2 stellis 10,15.
13960 1	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	18	70	50	Eair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Vos	Vos	Vos	3 x 5 cavity norm ground on 5, side.
13902.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	25	10'	40'	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Poor	Vos	Ves	Ves	Topped
13992.4	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	34	90	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Ves	Ves	Ves	3 stems 27 15 15
14164	Spruce	Picea sn	14	40	35	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Good	Ves	103	Yes	5 Stems 27,15,15.
14166	Giant Seguoia	Sequeiadendron giganteum	30	50	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14167	Scotch Pine	Pinus sylvestris	17	40	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	105	Yes	
14168	Red Oak	Overcus rubra	25	55	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14171	London Planetree	Platanus × acerifolia	30	50	50	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	2" x 6" cavity at ground on E side.
14174	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	22	55	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14176	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	13	40	25	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Old broken top.
14180	Oregon White Oak	Quercus aarrvana	21	50	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	· ·
14181	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	12	35	20	Fair	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14191	Oregon White Oak	Ouercus garryana	28	45	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14197	Spruce	Picea sn.	23	45	30	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	100	Yes	
14198	Scotch Pine	Pinus sylvestris	14	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Thin crown.
14199	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	17	65	30	Very Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Stem failure at 30' above ground.
14199	Spruce	Picea sp.	15	45	25	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	3
14200	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	16	45	35	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Thin crown.
14202	Pine, White	Pinus monticola	19	40	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14219	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	18	65	35	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	No		Yes	Off property.
14227	Scotch Pine	Pinus sylvestris	20	40	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	High crown.
14228	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	20	60	30	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14229	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	19	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Dead top. Root zone over filled.
14232	Spruce	Picea sp.	13	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		No	
14245	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	20	45	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
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NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
4.4050		2			10				HEALTH				
14252	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	55	40	Very Good	Dominant	Mature	Very Good	Yes		NO	
14254	Giant Sequoia	Sequoladendron giganteum	39	60	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14305	Spruce	Picea sp.	18	40	25	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14312	Pacific Yew	Taxus brevitolia	14	20	30	Good	Below canopy	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14313	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	23	65	40	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14314	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	18	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 16,8.
14315	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	19	50	30	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 15,11
14319	Spruce	Picea sp.	18	45	30	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14321	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	22	70	45	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14322	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	40	35	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14324	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	50	30	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14325	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	60	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 14,4. 4" stem is dead. Leans N.
14326	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	13	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14327	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	55	30	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. 4" limb cavity at 6.5' above ground on E side.
14328	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	24	70	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14337	Spruce	Picea	24	30	40	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14338	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	17	40	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		No	
14339	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	18	40	35	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14340	Hawthorn, English	Crataegus laevigata	14	25	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 10.9.
14341	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	20	30	40	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Topped.
14342	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	40	35	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	Yes		No	4 stems 10 9 8 4
14345	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	50	40	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	5" x 7" cavity from 15' above ground to 22' above ground
	orogon non				10	. dii	oo dommant	mataro	. cii	105		105	
14349	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	60	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14351	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	16	35	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14352	Pine, Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa	12	45	20	Poor	Co dominant	Young	Fair	Yes		Yes	Crooked trunk. High crown.
14353	Deodar Cedar	Cedrus deodara	28	40	40	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14354	Pine	Pine sp.	14	30	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14355	Spruce	Picea sp.	15	50	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14365	Hinoki Falsecypress	Chamaecyparis obtusa	22	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14366	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14367	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	30	65	45	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 24,18. 4" diameter cavity at 3' above ground on S side. 2" x 12" cavity at 30' above ground on S side. Bark inclisions with excessive end weight. History of large limb failure.
14373	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	20	50	40	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		No	
14375	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	26	50	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		No	2 stems 19,18.
14378	American Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	31	95	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	No	
14391	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	14	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	2 stems 10,9.
14392	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	28	85	55	Good	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Cavities in trunk from ground up.
14393	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	13	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14395	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	21	70	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	10" x 3.5' cavity from 4' to 7.5' above ground on N side.
14397	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	22	80	55	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14397.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	55	25	Fair	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14398	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	29	80	55	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Die back in crown. History of large limb failure.
14399	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	27	75	50	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	16" x60" cavity from ground on S side goes all the way
14401	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	55	30	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	3 stems 12.7.6. Thin crown. Stressed.
14402	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	19	65	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	3 stems 17.7.4. 4" &7" stems have large cavities.
14403	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	70	40	Poor	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes	İ	Yes	2 stems 22.17. Broken tops on both stems. History of
													large limb failure.
14403.1	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	65	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14404	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	65	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	18" x 12' cavity from ground on S side.
14404.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	24" x 5' cavity from ground on N side.
14404.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	14	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	10" x 24" cavity from ground on E side.
14405	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	60	40	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	4 stems 8,7,11,4. 18 x 24" cavity from ground on E side.
14406	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	12	40	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Measured at 1' above ground.
14407	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	16	45	35	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Measured at 1' above ground.
14418	European White Birch	Betula pendula	19	65	40	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Thin crown.
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NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
14419	European White Birch	Betula pendula	15	65	40	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Thin crown.
14421	American Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	23	70	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14421.1	European White Birch	Betula pendula	20	65	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14421.2	European White Birch	Betula pendula	16	60	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	
14421.3	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	43	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	2 stems 27,30
14435	American Elm	Ulmus americana	29	65	50	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Die back in crown. Suspect Dutch Elm disease.
14438	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	25	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Good	No		No	Off property in Mapleton R/W.
14438.2	European White Birch	Betula pendula	16	40	30	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Thin crown.
14478	Giant Seguoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	59	95	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14479	Giant Seguoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	49	110	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
14480	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	22	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" x 14" cavity from 1' above ground on W side.
14481	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	16	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
14482	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	39	75	35	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	History of large limb failure.
14484	Oregon Ash		33	75	35	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes			12" limb cavity at 4' above ground on N side.
14486	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	70	35	Fair	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 22.12. 8"x24" cavity from ground on E side.
				-					.,				Broken top, History of limb failure. Thin crown,
14488	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	14	60	30	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	12" x 8' cavity from ground on N side
14489	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	65	35	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Stem failure at 15' above ground
14490	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	25	25	20	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Stem failures at 25' above ground
14491	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	29	80	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Ves		Yes	4" x 24" cavity from ground on N side 6" x 4' cavity at 40"
14471	oregonitian		27	00	40	1001	oo dominant	over mature	Very 1001	105		105	above ground on S side
1//02	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	10	70	35	Very Poor	Below capopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Vos		Vos	24" x 8' cavity from ground on E_side
14472	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	28	70	40	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Ves		Ves	3" x 16" cavity from ground on N side
14475	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	16	60	30	Very Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Vos		Ves	3" x 4.5' cavity from ground on S side Highcrown
14475.1	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	10	70	35	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Vos		Ves	2"v4" cavity at 2' above ground on N side.
14474	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	20	75	4040	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Vos		Ves	2" x 12" cavity from 1.5' above ground on F side
14475	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	20	75	4040	Poor	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Voc		Voc	2 stoms 22 17 17" stom is hollow from ground'
14490	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	10	75	40	Vory Door	Co dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Voc		Voc	2 sterns 23,17. 17 stern is nonow norm ground .
14490	Crabappio	Maluc cp	25	25	25	Fair	Relow capopy	Maturo	Foir	No		No	A stoms 7.7.5.6
15476	Orogon White Oak	Quorcus garryana	20	23	50	Cood	Dominant	Mature	Cood	Voc		Voc	4 stems 7,7,5,0.
15470	Oregon Ash	Eravipus latifolia	20	90	50	Boor	Dominant	Over mature	Vory Boor	Voc		Voc	12" cavity at EO' above ground
15470	Diegon Asin	Praxinus latitulia	10	25	30	Poor	Cingle Tree	Matura	Very Poor	Vec		Vec	Proken ten at 20' above ground
15401	Didck Cottonwood		12	33	20	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Deer	Yes		Yee	Broken ten
15462	Red Alder	Allius Tubia	10	60	30	POOI	Co-dominant	Mature	POOI	162		Tes	biokeit top.
15483	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	12	40	20	Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	POOr	Vaa		Broken top.	Declars the at 201 shows record
15490	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	24	30	15	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 30 above ground.
15491	Western Red Cedar		22	40	15	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 20 above ground.
15492	western Red Cedar	Inuja plicata	12	35	15	Poor	Single Tree	Mature	very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 20' above ground.
15502	Grand Fir	Ables grandis	37	40	20	Fair	Single Tree	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Broken top.
15572	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	21	50	25	Poor	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15573	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	21	60	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15573.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	20	20	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Suppressed.
15574	Bigleat Maple	Acer macrophyllum	1/	50	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15576	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	18	60	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	Bark inclusion in lower bole.
15581	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	20	35	30	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken trunk is hollow.
15582	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	15	80	45	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15583	Western Red Cedar	Ihuja plicata	31	80	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15584	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	23	90	60	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15585	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	24	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15594	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	16	30	15	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top at 30' above ground.
15595	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	30	80	25	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15602	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	70	35	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15605	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	27	60	40	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. Severe cavities in lower bole.
15606	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	28	90	50	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 36" cavity from ground on N. side.
15607	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	33	50	35	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Failed stem with cavity at 15' above ground.
15608	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	17			Dead				Yes		Yes	
15612	Spruce	Picea sp.	16	40	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top. Straddles property line.
15613	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	20	50	35	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	1" x 8" cavity at 3' to3'-8" above ground on W. side.
15615	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	24	50	35	Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15616	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	30	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15618	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	60	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
15619	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	18	55	30	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15620.2	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	65	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15621	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	12	50	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15622	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	22	80	45	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15623	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	70	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15624	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	22	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes		Yes	
15625	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	14	30	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15626	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	18	30	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
15627	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	14	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15629	Willow	Salix sp.	14	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
15629.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	21	45	20	Very Poor	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	Broken top.
105019	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	32	70'	35	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes		Yes	Decay in lower bole.
105024	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	12	35	20	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	18" x 12' cavity from ground on W side.
105027	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	20	75	30	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	2 stems 12,16. 15" x 24" cavity from ground on W. side.
105065	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	30	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes		Yes	
105082	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	30	Poor	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes		Yes	6" x 10' cavity on W. side.
105096	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	40	25	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	
105098	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	15	40	25	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	Yes		Yes	

# Appendix 4--4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Non-Regulated Trees

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH			
13084.1	Douglas Fir	Fraxinus latifolia	5	20	10	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Girdled with staking wires.
13387	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13390	Callery Pear	Pyrus calleryana	5	20	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13390.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13390.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13402	Canadian Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	8	25	15	Good	Single tree	Semi-mature	Good	No	No	
13431.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	20	10	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.3	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	20	10	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.4	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	20	10	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.5	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	5	20	10	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.6	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.7	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	30	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13431.8	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	/	30	12	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13437	Pacific Waxmyrtle	Myrica californica	11	20	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	4 stems 7,7,3,4. Topped. Stem cavities.
13438	Pacific Waxmyrtie	Myrica californica	10	20	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	NO	Yes	Topped. Trunk cavity. Measured at 3 above ground.
13542	Magnolia	Magnolia sp.	10	25	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	NO	NO	
13614	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	30	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	No	
13615	Magnolia	Magnolia sp.	8	25	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 6,5.
1361/.1	Does Not Exist	Diaux acatanti	10	20	20	E a la	Co. domina i	Variation	Daar	Ne	V	Does Not Exist
13621	Shore Pine	PINUS CONTORTA	10	30	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	
13622	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	10	30	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
13623	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	11	30	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	Borers.
13625	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	9	30	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	This second Ulab second Desses
13626	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	9	35	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	Thin crown. High crown. Borers.
13627	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta		35	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
13629	Blue Atlas Cedar	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'	9	35	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	Girdling root.
13631	Blue Atlas Cedar		17	35	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	0 stores 0 5 0 5 ( 7 4 4
13658	Bigleal Maymyrtla	Acer macrophyllum	1/	30	30	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	NO	Yes	8 Stems 8,5,8,5,6,7,4,4
12720	Wostorn Pod Codar	Thuia plicata	9	25	15	Fall	Co dominant	Voung	Cood	No	Yes	2 Sterns 6,3.
12720 1	Vino Manlo	Acor circinotum	0	30	20	Fall	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
13720.1	Vine Maple	Acer circinatum	10	20	20	Guu	CO-dominant	roung	GUUU	No	Yes	
12726	Wostorn Pod Codar	Thuia plicata	10	25	20	Enir	Co dominant	Vouna	Cood	No	Vos	
12727	Shore Dine	Dinus contorta	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Vos	
13738	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
13730	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
13739 1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	5	15	10	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
13739.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
13836	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	30	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13884	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	8	50	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No	Yes	
13884 1	Redosier Dogwood	Cornus sericea	5	20	10	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	2 stems 4 2
13885.1	Willow	Salix sp.	5	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No	Yes	
13885.3	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	5	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 4.3.
13885.5	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	8	35	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed.
13885.6	Plum	Prunus sp.	4	20	10	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed.
13886.3	Vine Maple	Acer circinatum	9	15	20	Good	Below Canopy	Mature	Good	No	Yes	
13887	Willow	Salix sp.	10	25	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Mature	Very Poor	No	Yes	Broken top, Decay,
13960.4	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	15	14	Good	Below Canopy	Youna	Good	No	Yes	
13960.5	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	4	12	8	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
13960.6	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	15	8	Fair	Below Canopy	Youna	Fair	No	Yes	
13960.7	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	4						Dead	No	Yes	
13960.8	Redosier Doawood	Thuja plicata	6	20	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	2 stems 4,4
13960.9	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Youna	Good	No	Yes	
13985	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13985.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13986	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13986.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	9' NW #13985, 8' NE #13986. Tag missing.
13986.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13987	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13990.2	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
13990.3	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH			
13992	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	3 stems 4,4,5.
13992.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	9	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13992.3	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	10	30	20	Good	Single tree	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13992.5	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
13992.6	Red Maple	Acer rubrum	9	30	20	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	Appears to be off property.
14160	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicate	11	30	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Wound seam from ground to 18' above ground . Not 12".
14160.1	Pear, Common	Pyrus communis	14	30	25	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	2 stems 9,10. Fruit Tree
14163	European White Birch	Betula pendula	7	30	25				Dead	No		Dead.
14163.1	White Fir	Abies concolor	8	35	25	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	High crown Thin crown. Not 12".
14163.2	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	5	20	20	Fair	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
14165	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14168.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	5	30	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	Not 12".
14168.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	Not 12".
14170	Common Apple	Malus pumila	23	35	35	Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Poor	No	Yes	Stag headed. Fruit tree.
14171.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14171.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	5	20	12	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Trunk cavity. Not 12"
14172	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	5	20	12	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	
141/3	Spruce	Picea sp.	/	30	20	Poor	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed. Not 12".
14175	Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	8	20	8	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14177	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	20	15	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
14178	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	NO	Yes	Not 12".
14179	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	11	25	20	Good	Co dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	Not 12".
14183	Spruce	Picea sp.	10	30	25	Poor	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Fair	No	No	Leans W. Not 12"
14184	Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	9	20	8	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	NO	NO	3 Stems 3 Stems 6,6,3. Not 12"
14187	Arborvitae	I nuja occidentalis	3	15	4	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	NO	NO	Not 12".
14196	Plum	Prunus sp.	11	25	35	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Fair	NO	Yes	Not 12".
14201	English Holly	Tiex aquitolium	8	20	15	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Fair	NO	Yes	4 stems 5,4,4,3. Not 12"
14203	Ponderosa Pine	Pinus ponderosa	4	12	10	Poor	Below canopy	Semi-Mature	Poor	NO	Yes	Severe lean S. Suppressed. Not 12.
14204	Shore Pille	Chamacaumaria abtues	9	25	20	Poor	Below carlopy	Mature	Puor	NO	Tes	Not 12"
14200	Spruco	Dicca cp	10	20	20	Four	Co dominant	Somi Maturo	Four	No	Voc	Not 12"
14217	Pod Aldor	Alpus rubra	0	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Vouna	Fall	No	Voc	Not 12"
14210	Red Aldel Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarna	7	25	20	Fair	Dominant	Maturo	Good	No	Voc	Off property
14217	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	20	12	Fair	Below capopy	Vouna	Fair	No	Ves	Not 12"
14222	European White Birch	Betula pendula	11	40	25	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No	Ves	7" x 10' cavity from 6' to 16' above ground on W side Not
14224	European write biren	Detala periodia		40	25	1 dii	oo dominant	Watare	1 001	140	105	12"
14228 1	Pine	Pine sn	Q	30	20	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	No	Ves	Suppressed Not 12"
14228.2	European White Birch	Betula pendula	9	35	20	Poor	Co dominant	Semi-Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Leans S Not 12"
14246	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	8	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
14246.1	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	5	20	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
14247	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	30	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
14255	Arborvitae	Thuia occidentalis	5	15	5	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	Not 12".
14256	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	16	Fair	Below canopy	Youna	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12"
14257	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not field tagged. Not 12"
14257.1	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	6	20	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not field tagged. Not 12"
14258	Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	4	15	5	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	Not 12".
14259	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	8	30	12	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	No	Not 12".
14287	Willow	Salix sp.	11	40	35	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	6 stems 5,5,5,4,4,4. Not 12"
14288	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	6	35	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14289	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	11	45	25	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14290	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	35	15	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14291	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	10	40	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14292	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	9	35	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14320	Willow	Salix sp.	10	45	30	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	2 stems 6,8. High crown. Not 12".
14321.1	Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium	6	30	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Fruit tree.
14321.2	Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium	5	30	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Fruit tree.
14321.3	Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium	6	30	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Fruit tree.
14323	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	9	35	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14323.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	10	35	20	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12".
14324.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	6	35	20	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Trunk cavity. Not 12"
14326.1	Hawthorn, Common	Craetagus monogyna	6	20	15	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Very Poor	No	Yes	Trunk cavity. Leans S. Not 12"
14336	Spruce	Fraxinus latifolia	9	25	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH			
14344	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	10	20	15	Very Poor	Below canopy	Young	Very Poor	No	No	Broken top with cavity. Not 12"
14347	Hawthorn, Common	Craetagus monogyna	6	25	20	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Measured at 3' above ground. Not 12"
14348	Common Apple	Malus pumila	6	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12". Fruit Tree.
14348.2	Black Locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	9	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	2 stems 6,6. Not 12"
14348.3	Black Locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	10	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
14362	Pear, Dwarf Fruiting	Pyrus communis	11	25	20	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	Thin crown. Leaf spot. Fruit tree.
14363	Pear, Dwarf Fruiting	Pyrus communis	5	15	12	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	2 stems 4,2. Thin crown. Leaf spot. Fruit tree
14364	Pear, Dwarf Fruiting	Pyrus communis	4	20	12	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	Thin crown. Leaf spot. Fruit tree.
14365.1	English Holly	Ilex aquifolium	5	20	15	Poor	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Measured at 6" above ground. Not 12"
14371	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	5	30	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	No	Not 12"
14372	Shore Pine	Pinus contorta	5	12	12	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	No	Not 12"
14376	Cherry Fruiting	Prunus avium	20	30	35	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	No	Measured at 3' above ground. Fruit tree
14377	Cherry Fruiting	Prunus avium	17	40	40	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	No	Fruit tree
14379	Common Apple	Malus pumila	8	35	30	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	No	Measured at 3' above ground Eruit tree
14380	Common Apple	Malus pumila	9	25	25	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	No	Measured at 2.5' about ground
14392 1	Hawthorn Common	Crataegus monogyna	6	25	15	Very Poor	Below canopy	Over-mature	Very Poor	No	Ves	Dead ton Not 12"
14400	Hawthorn, Common	Cratacgus monogyna	10	25	25	Boor	Bolow canopy	Maturo	Very Poor	No	Voc	2 stoms Not 12"
14400	Hawthorn, Common	Crataegus monogyna	5	20	25	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Foir	No	Voc	2 Stellis . Not 12 Not 12"
14403.1	Orogon Ash	Fravinus latifalia	0	20	15	Four	Below carlopy	Voung	Fair	No	Vec	Not 12
14407.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	9	40	20	Fall	Below carlopy	Young	Fall	NO No	Yes	2 sterns 7,8. Located at 4245 Mapleton DL. Not 12
14407.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latitolia	9	45	25	Poor	Below canopy	roung	Poor	INO	res	3 X 10 cavity from ground on N side. Located at 4245
												Mapleton Dr. Not 12"
14411	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	10	25	20	Fair	Below canopy	Young	Fair	No	No	2 stems 7,7.
14438	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	25	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Good	No	No	Off property in Mapleton R/W.
14438.1	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia sp.	10	20	40	Good	Below canopy	Mature	Good	No	No	Measured at ground. Not 12"
14456	Spruce	Picea sp.	9	30	25	Fair	Co dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	Not 12"
14457	English Walnut	Juglans regia	17	30	35	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	No	No	Topped. Fruit Tree
14459	Common Apple	Malus pumila	23	35	30	Poor	Co dominant	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14460	Common Apple	Malus pumila	21	25	30	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14461	Common Apple	Malus pumila	12	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14463	Common Apple	Malus pumila	14	20	20	Poor	Below canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Topped. Fruit Tree
14476	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	7	30	20	Good	Co dominant	Semi-mature	Good	No	Yes	Not 12".
14476.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	8	35	20	Good	Below canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 6.6. Not 12"
14507	Crabapple	Malus sp.	25	25	35	Fair	Below canopy	Mature	Fair	No	No	4 stems 7.7.5.6.
15470	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Youna	Good	No	Yes	
15470.1	Willow	Salix sp.	7	20	20	Fair	Single tree	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	2 stems 4.5.
15476 1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
15476.2	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Ves	Partial uproot
15478.1	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	4	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Ves	
15573.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	7	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Somi-maturo	Eair	No	Ves	Corrected lean S
15577	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macronhyllum	8	35	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Poor	No	Ves	Suppressed
15586	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarna	5	30	10	Poor	Below Canopy	Vound	Poor	No	Ves	Suppressed
15500	Black Cottonwood	Dopulus trichosorpa	11	45	10	Foir	Co dominant	Young	Foir	No	Vec Vec	Suppresseu.
15587	Orogon Ash	Fopulus Inchocal pa	7	45	20	Fall	Co dominant	Young	Cood	No	Yee	
10007	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	/	40	20	Good	Co dominant	Voung	Guuu	No	Vec	1
10007.1	Oregon Ash	Fravinus latifolia	4	40	10	Cood	Co dominant	Voung	Guuu	No	Vec	1
10089.2	Oregon Ash	FLAXILIUS IAULOIIA		45	20	GOOd	Co-dominant	Toung	Guud	NO	res	
15589.3	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus iauroila	7	50	25	Good	Co-dominant	semi-mature	Good	INO	res	
15591.1	Uregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	/	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	NO	Yes	
15591.2	Bigleat Maple	Acer macrophyllum	5	20	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	NO	Yes	
15592	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	11	40	25	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
15593	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	9	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Fair	No	Yes	
15594.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	6	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Broken top.
15596.4	English Laurelcherry	Prunus laurocerasus	4	30	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
15597	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
15598	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
15599	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
15600	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
15614	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	7	25	10	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Broken top.
15620	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	9	45	20	Poor	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed.
15620.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	6	45	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Mature	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed.
15621.1	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	9	50	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
15621.2	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	4	25	10	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
15628	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	8	20	10	Very Poor	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Very Poor	No	Yes	Broken top.

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	GROVE	COMMENTS
405000								X	HEALTH		Ň	
105000	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	11	30	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105001	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105002	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii		25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105003	Douglas Fil	Pseudotsuga monziosii	0	20	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105004	Pod Osior Dogwood	Corpus soricoa	5	20	20	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Voc	
105000	Douglas Fir	Boudatsuga monziacii	5	20	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Voc	
105007	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarna	5	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
105000	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
105010	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	5	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105011	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105012	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	4	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105013	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	Lost top.
105014	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	3	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105015	Willow	Salix sp.	7	20	20	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Fair	No	Yes	3 stems 3,4,4.
105016	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	5	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105017	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105018	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105020	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	8	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	No	Yes	
105021	Sweet Cherry	Prunus avium	9	50	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	No	Yes	
105022	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	4	20	10	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Girdled with staking wires.
105023	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Girdled with staking wires.
105025	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	3	20	10	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Suppressed.
105026	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	5	25	10	Fair	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Girdled with staking wires.
105028	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	30	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105029	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105030	Black Cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	4	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105030.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105031	Western Red Cedar	Inuja piičala	1	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO	Yes	
105032	Wostern Red Codar	Thuia plicata	0	20	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105033	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	/	20	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Voc	
105034 1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
105034.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ves	
105036	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105037	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105038	Western Red Cedar	Thuia plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105039	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105040	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105041	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105042	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105043	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 7,5.
105044	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105045	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105046	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105047	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105048	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	20	15	Poor	Co-dominant	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105049	Western Red Cedar	Inuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	NO No	Yes	2 stems 7,5.
105050	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Boor	Co-dominant	Young	Boor	No	Voc	Thin crown
105052	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Vos	
105052	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Vos	2 stams 5.6
105053	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Ype	2 stems 4 7
105055	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105056	Common Hawthorn	Crataegus monogvna	8	25	15	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
105057	Common Hawthorn	Crataegus monogvna	5	20	10	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	No	Yes	
105058	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105059	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Co-dominant	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105060	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105062	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105063	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105064	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH			
105066	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105067	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105068	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	10	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105069	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105070	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 6,3.
105071	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105072	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	12	8	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Dead top.
105074	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105075	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105076	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	2 stems 7,3.
105077	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	3 stems 5,3,3.
105078	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105079	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	Thin crown.
105080	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105081	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105085	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	9	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105086	Willow	Salix sp.	9	30	30	Fair	Below Canopy	Semi-mature	Fair	No	Yes	
105087	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105088	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	6	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105089	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	5	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105090	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	4	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105091	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105092	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	5	20	10	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	
105093	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105094	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105095	Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	7	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105097	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	8	25	15	Good	Below Canopy	Young	Good	No	Yes	
105098.1	Red Alder	Alnus rubra	4	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	
105098.2	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	4	25	15	Poor	Below Canopy	Young	Poor	No	Yes	

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NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE HEALTH	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
13429	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	24	35	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 20' cavity from ground on S. side.
13432	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	39	40	25	Good	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13433	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	29	40	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	7" x 6' cavity from ground on W. side.
13434	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	29	40	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	6" x 20' cavity from ground on W. side.
13435	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	39	70	40	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 stems 26,29.
13442	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	31	80	30	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13443	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	28	80	20	Fair	Co-dominant	Over-mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	4" x 24" cavity from ground on W. side.
13463	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	30	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Thin crown.
13464	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	29	60	25	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13885.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	27	90	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13886.1	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	18	70	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 stems 10,15.
13886.2	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	21	70	30	Fair	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
13960	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	21	45	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" x 3' cavity from ground on S. side.
13960.1	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	18	70	50	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	3 stems 13,11,7.
13992.1	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	25	40'	40'	Fair	Co-dominant	Semi-mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Topped.
13992.4	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	34	90	60	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	3 stems 27,15,15.
14166	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	30	50	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14168	Red Oak	Quercus rubra	25	55	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14171	London Planetree	Platanus × acerifolia	30	50	50	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	2" x 6" cavity at ground on E side.
14180	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	21	50	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14191	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	28	45	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14245	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	20	45	35	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14252	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	55	40	Very Good	Dominant	Mature	Very Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14254	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	39	60	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14349	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	60	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14366	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14378	American Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	31	95	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	No	
14418	European White Birch	Betula pendula	19	65	40	Poor	Dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Thin crown.
14421.3	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	43	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	No	2 stems 27,30
14478	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	59	95	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14479	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	49	110	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14480	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	22	55	30	Fair	Co dominant	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" x 14" cavity from 1' above ground on W side.
15502	Grand Fir	Abies grandis	37	40	20	Fair	Single Tree	Mature	Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Broken top.
15584	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	23	90	60	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15585	Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia	24	80	45	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15602	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	17	70	35	Good	Dominant	Semi-mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15606	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	28	90	50	Fair	Dominant	Over-mature	Very Poor	Yes	Yes	Yes	24" x 36" cavity from ground on N. side.
15610	Bigleaf Maple	Acer macrophyllum	29	75	45	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	N	
15616	Biglear Maple	Acer macrophyllum	30	80	45	GOOD	Dominant	iviature	Good	res	res	res	
15018	Western Red Cedar	Thuja piicata	42	60	40	Good	Dominant	Nature Somi moture	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
15619	western ked Cedar	i nuja plicata	18	55	30	Good	Dominant	semi-mature	G000	Yes	Yes	Yes	

#### Appendix 5--4260 Kenthorpe Wy, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapelton Dr. Significant Trees

# Appendix 6--4260 Kenthorpe Way, 4245, 4305 & 4315 Mapleton Dr. Significant Trees To Be Removed

NO.	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	DBH	HEIGHT	SPREAD	FORM	CROWN CLASS	AGE CLASS	TREE	REGULATED	SIGNIFICANT	GROVE	COMMENTS
									HEALTH				
13960	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	21	45	30	Good	Co-dominant	Mature	Fair	Yes	Yes	Yes	3" x 3' cavity from ground on S. side.
14245	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	20	45	35		Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14252	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	55	40	Very Good	Dominant	Mature	Very Good	Yes	Yes	No	
14254	Giant Sequoia	Sequoiadendron giganteum	39	60	35	Good	Co dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14349	Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana	30	60	50	Good	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	
14366	Western Red Cedar	Thuja plicata	42	80	40	Fair	Dominant	Mature	Good	Yes	Yes	Yes	

# Significant Trees to be removed

The West Linn Arborist determined that there are 41 significant trees on site. The proposal will remove six significant leaving 35 (85.4%) of the significant trees on site and protected.

	Inventory	Common	Dbh	Reason for removal
	Number	Name	inches	
1	13960	Norway Maple	21	The site design collapses the processing facilities into the center of the site and the required bi-directional truck route encircles the processing facilities. Consequently, there is insufficient turning radius for truck to enter or exit the processing plant unless one tree is removed at the bend of the driveway.
2	14245	Oregon White Oak	20	The site design incorporates a pedestrian walkway and screening fence at this site. In addition, plant front end loaders must move from the settling ponds to the west. To accommodate the pedestrian and on-site vehicle movement this tree must be removed.
3	14252	Oregon White Oak	30	The clearwell will be located immediately to the west of these trees. The excavation will be 30 feet deep. Consequently, because of the need to move equipment around the excavation and the need to shore up the walls of the clearwell, the Lake Oswego Arborist determined that it is unlikely that this tree will survive the construction activity.
4	14254	Giant Sequoia	39	Same as #3.
5	14349	Oregon White Oak	30	The project designers had two choices for constructing the 3 million gallon clearwell. They could build an above ground water reservoir, potentially exceeding the zone height restrictions and permanently occupying what is now open space, or bury the reservoir. To minimize visual impacts on the neighborhood and to provide open space on site for local enjoyment, the Sponsors selected the clearwell option. The designers considered multiple options for the clearwell but all locations would impact a significant tree. Consequently, this tree will be removed because it would not survive the impacts from the selected layout.
6	14366	Western Red Cedar	42	Same as #5





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CITY OF LAKE OSWEGO
380 A AVENUE
 LAKE OSWEGO, OR 9703
 PHONE: 503-635-0270

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	GENERAL SHE	ET NOTES	
	1. 20% DRIPLINE + <sup>2</sup> 55.100 B2B) = 0.4	I0 FT AREA (MANDATC 8 ACRES.	RY PROTECTION ZONE
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