

PLANNING MANAGER DECISION

DATE:	June 25, 2020					
FILE NO.:	WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01					
REQUEST:	Request for a Water Resource Area permit, a Willamette River Greenway permit and a Flood Management Area permit to construct a new single-family home on Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas County Assessor Map 31E 02AC. The request also includes a Property Line Adjustment between Tax Lots 802 and 800 of Clackama County Assessor Map 31E 02AC.					
PLANNER:	Darren Wyss, Associate Planner					
	Planning Manager					
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GENERAL INFORMATION

APPLICANT/

OWNER: Roy Marvin

615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

CONSULTANT: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

Zach Pelz

3700 River Road N, Ste. 1

Keizer, OR 97303

SITE LOCATION: Lots A and B, Tract 20, Willamette & Tualatin Tracts in the City of West

Linn

SITE SIZE: 1.7 acres

LEGAL

DESCRIPTION: Assessor Map and Tax Lot – 3S 1E 02AC 00800 and 00802

COMP PLAN

DESIGNATION: Low Density Residential

ZONING: R-10: Single-Family Residential Detached

APPROVAL

CRITERIA: Community Development Code (CDC) Chapter 11, 27, 28, 32, 48, 85, 92,

96, and 99

120-DAY RULE: The application was declared complete on April 28, 2020. The 120-day

period ends on August 19, 2020.

PUBLIC NOTICE: Notice was mailed to property owners within 500 feet of the subject

property, to all Neighborhood Associations, and posted on the City's website on May 1, 2020. A sign was placed on the property on April 30, 2020. Therefore, public notice requirements of CDC Chapter 99 have

been met.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The subject property is identified as Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas County Assessor Map 31E 02AC. The property is located on the west side of 9th Street, between 5th Avenue and Volpp Street. The property is zoned R-10, as are all adjacent properties, and the applicant proposes the construction of a single-family home. The property is located within the FEMA 100-year floodplain, within a Water Resource Area, and within the Willamette River Greenway Protection Area. The property has slopes less than five percent and the southwest corner contains a portion of the wetland covering a majority of the properties to the south and west. The applicant is seeking hardship approval per Community Development Code Chapter 32.110 due to the Water Resource Area Protection (WRA) buffer encumbering the entire property due to the wetland. The applicant has submitted a geotechnical report, a stormwater detention and treatment plan, and a wetland delineation report with Department of State Lands concurrence. The allowable maximum disturbed area (MDA) of the WRA is 5,000 square feet. The applicant proposes an MDA of 5,000 square feet, with restoration of temporary disturbed areas resulting in permanent disturbance to 3,588 square feet. All temporary disturbed areas will be restored on-site.

Public comments:

Public comments (see Exhibit PD-2) were submitted by the Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE), and Brian Wheeler. The DSL and COE comments were related to securing required permits through the agencies. Mr. Wheeler expressed opposition, but did not identify any applicable criteria the application did not meet. Mr. Wheeler's comments were focused on his experience trying to make improvements to his property.

1. <u>"To me this is absurd that the City would even consider a new home in this "protected area" while making it so difficult for us homeowners to do anything to improve our property".</u>

Mr. Wheeler's property is completely encumbered with a water resource area and was granted approval for development under the same rules being applied to the application he has opposed. West Linn land use file MISC-00-10/LLA-00-10 created a conservation easement on the north and south sides of Mr. Wheeler's property to protect the wetland plus a 30 foot buffer. Nothing can be constructed in the conservation easement. Mr. Wheeler's property also received a permit to construct the home in 2001 under the Willamette River Greenway rules (land use file MISC-00-17). This allowed the placement of the home between the conservation easement boundaries with a 15 foot setback from the north conservation easement. Mr. Wheeler can apply for a hardship waiver to the WRA rules, just as the application he has opposed is doing or as any other property encumbered by a WRA that meets the criteria to be eligible for a hardship waiver.

DECISION

The Planning Manager (designee) approves this application (WAP-18-03), based on: 1) the findings submitted by the applicant, which are incorporated by this reference, 2) supplementary staff findings included in the Addendum below, and 3) the addition of conditions of approval below. With these findings, the applicable approval criteria are met. The conditions are as follows:

- Site Plan, Elevations, and Narrative. With the exception of modifications required by these conditions, the project shall conform to the submitted plans, elevations, and narrative submitted in Exhibit PD-1.
- 2. Engineering Standards. All public improvements and facilities associated with the approved site design, including but not limited to street improvements, driveway approaches, curb cuts, utilities, grading, onsite and offsite stormwater, street lighting, easements, easement locations, and connections for future extension of utilities are subject to conformance with the City Municipal Code and Community Development Code. These must be designed, constructed, and completed prior to final plat approval.
- Department of State Lands (DSL) Permit. The applicant shall provide the City a copy of any required DSL permit or verification from DSL that no permit is required prior to issuance of building permits.
- 4. <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) Permit</u>. The applicant shall provide the City a copy of any required COE permit or verification from COE that no permit is required prior to issuance of building permits.
- 5. <u>Building Anchoring</u>. The applicant shall provide final construction plans showing the new home is anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure. The Building Official will confirm compliance with the Oregon Specialty Residential Code prior to issuance of building permits.
- 6. <u>Elevation Certificates</u>. The applicant shall submit a Mid-Construction Elevation Certificate to verify utilities are elevated one foot above base flood elevation. The applicant shall submit a Post-Construction Elevation Certificate, prior to issuance of Final Certificate of Occupancy, to the Building Official to confirm the residential structure has the lowest floor elevated at least on foot above the base flood elevation of 75.1 feet.
- 7. <u>Hydrostatic Analysis.</u> Prior to issuance of building permits, the applicant shall submit final construction plans, certified by a professional civil engineer or an architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon, showing appropriate design to equalize

hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls for enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding.

- 8. <u>Crawlspace Elevations.</u> Prior to issuance of building permits, the applicant shall submit final construction plans showing elevations of interior grade of a crawlspace, the adjacent exterior grade, the height of the crawlspace, and an adequate drainage system.
- 9. <u>Building Materials.</u> The applicant shall submit proposed building materials and colors prior to issuance of building permits to verify all construction is either screened or colored/surfaced so as to blend with the riparian environment. Surfaces shall be non-polished/reflective or at least expected to lose their luster within a year.
- 10. <u>Water Permeable Materials.</u> Per Staff Finding 27, the applicant shall construct the driveway and hardscapes from water permeable materials unless an engineering report is submitted prior to building permit issuance that demonstrates it cannot support the axle weight of vehicles.
- 11. Front Loading Garage Setback. The applicant has proposed a front loading garage and it shall be setback a minimum of 18-feet per Staff Finding 39.
- 12. <u>Geotechnical Design</u>. The applicant shall submit a copy of the Geotechnical Engineering Report by GeoPacific Engineering, Inc. dated November 26, 2019 (see Exhibit PD-1) as part of the building permit application and shall provide any supplemental reports required by the Building Official. The report must be submitted prior to application for building permits.

The provisions of the Community Development Code Chapter 99 have been met.

Darren Wyss, Associate Planner

June 25, 2020

DATE

Appeals to this decision must be filed with the West Linn Planning Department within 14 days of the mailing date listed below. The cost of an appeal is \$400. The appeal must be filed by an individual who has established standing by submitting comments prior to the date identified in the public notice. Appeals will be heard by City Council.

Mailed this 25^{th} day of June, 2020.

Therefore, the 14-day appeal period ends at 5 p.m., on July 9, 2020.

ADDENDUM APPROVAL CRITERIA AND FINDINGS WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01

CHAPTER 11: R-10 SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DETACHED 11.030 Permitted Uses

The following are uses permitted outright in this zoning district:

1. Single-family detached residential unit.

(...)

Staff Finding 1: The applicant proposes to construct a single-family home on the subject property (Tax Lot 802, Clackamas County Assessor Map 3S 1E 02AC). The criteria are met.

11.070 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS, USES PERMITTED OUTRIGHT AND USES PERMITTED UNDER PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

Except as may be otherwise provided by the provisions of this code, the following are the requirements for uses within this zone:

- 1. The minimum lot size shall be 10,000 square feet for a single-family detached unit.
- 2. The minimum front lot line length or the minimum lot width at the front lot line shall be 35 feet.
- 3. The average minimum lot width shall be 50 feet.
- 4. Repealed by Ord. 1622.

Staff Finding 2: Tax Lot 802 will be adjusted to 14,600 sq. ft. with a front lot line width/average width of 100 feet. Taxlot 800 will be adjusted to 57,487 sq. ft. with a front lot line width/average width of 228 feet. The criteria are met.

- 5. Except as specified in CDC $\underline{25.070}(C)(1)$ through (4) for the Willamette Historic District, the minimum yard dimensions or minimum building setback area from the lot line shall be:
- a. For the front yard, 20 feet; except for steeply sloped lots where the provisions of CDC $\underline{41.010}$ shall apply.

Staff Finding 3: The applicant has requested a reduced setback of 12 feet as allowed by the hardship provisions found in CDC 32.110.F.1. Please see Staff Finding 39. Subject to Water Resource Area hardship approval, the criteria are met.

- b. For an interior side yard, seven and one-half feet.
- c. For a side yard abutting a street, 15 feet.

Staff Finding 4: The proposed home on Tax Lot 802 has an interior side yard setback of 7.5 feet on the north property line and greater than 50 feet on the south property line. There are no side yards abutting a street on the subject property. The criteria are met.

- d. For a rear yard, 20 feet.
- 6. The maximum building height shall be 35 feet, except for steeply sloped lots in which case the provisions of Chapter <u>41</u> CDC shall apply.

Staff Finding 5: The applicant proposes a rear yard setback of 70 feet. The maximum building height will be confirmed during the building permit process. The criteria are met.

- 7. The maximum lot coverage shall be 35 percent.
- 8. The minimum width of an accessway to a lot which does not abut a street or a flag lot shall be 15 feet.

Staff Finding 6: The proposed home on Tax Lot 802 has a footprint of approximately 2,080 sq. ft. for a lot coverage of 15 percent (2,080/14,600). The subject property abuts 9th Street, a public street. The criteria are met.

- 9. The maximum floor area ratio shall be 0.45. Type I and II lands shall not be counted toward lot area when determining allowable floor area ratio, except that a minimum floor area ratio of 0.30 shall be allowed regardless of the classification of lands within the property. That 30 percent shall be based upon the entire property including Type I and II lands. Existing residences in excess of this standard may be replaced to their prior dimensions when damaged without the requirement that the homeowner obtain a non-conforming structures permit under Chapter 66 CDC.
- 10. The sidewall provisions of Chapter 43 CDC shall apply.

Staff Finding 7: The proposed home has been sited on the property, but final design has not been completed. Sidewall provisions and maximum floor area ration will be confirmed during the building permit process. The criteria are met.

CHAPTER 27, FLOOD MANAGEMENT AREAS

27.060 Approval Criteria

- A. Development, excavation, and fill shall be performed in a manner to maintain or increase flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.
- B. No net fill increase in any floodplain is allowed. All fill placed in a floodplain shall be balanced with an equal amount of soil material removal. Excavation areas shall not exceed fill areas by more than 50 percent of the square footage. Any excavation below the ordinary high water line shall not count toward compensating for fill.
- C. Excavation to balance a fill shall be located on the same lot or parcel as the fill unless it is not reasonable or practicable to do so. In such cases, the excavation shall be located in the same drainage basin and as close as possible to the fill site, so long as the proposed excavation and fill will not increase flood impacts for surrounding properties as determined through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis.

Staff Finding 8: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 2. The criteria are met.

- D. Minimum finished floor elevations must be at least one foot above the design flood height or highest flood of record, whichever is higher, for new habitable structures in the flood area.
- E. Temporary fills permitted during construction shall be removed.

Staff Finding 9: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 20 to 21. The applicant submitted a pre-development elevation certificate found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 44 to 50. The criteria are met.

F. Prohibit encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development in floodways unless certification by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon is provided demonstrating that encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

G. All proposed improvements to the floodplain or floodway which might impact the floodcarrying capacity of the river shall be designed by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon.

Staff Finding 10: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 3. The applicant submitted a Certified Engineer Letter found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 40 to 41. The criteria are met.

- H. New culverts, stream crossings, and transportation projects shall be designed as balanced cut and fill projects or designed not to significantly raise the design flood elevation. Such projects shall be designed to minimize the area of fill in flood management areas and to minimize erosive velocities. Stream crossings shall be as close to perpendicular to the stream as practicable. Bridges shall be used instead of culverts wherever practicable.
- I. Excavation and fill required for the construction of detention facilities or structures, and other facilities, such as levees, specifically shall be designed to reduce or mitigate flood impacts and improve water quality. Levees shall not be used to create vacant buildable land.

Staff Finding 11: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 3. The criteria are met.

J. The applicant shall provide evidence that all necessary permits have been obtained from those federal, State, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required.

Staff Finding 12: The applicant proposes a cut and fill of approximately 750 cubic yards, all outside of the delineated wetland boundary. The Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL) requires a permit for removal/fill of more than 50 cubic yards within the wetland. DSL submitted written comment (see Exhibit PD-2) advising the applicant to utilize a 15 foot buffer from edge of wetland for any cut/fill. The applicant shall provide the City a copy of any required DSL permit or verification from DSL that no permit is required per Condition of Approval 3. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) submitted written comment outlining requirements for a permit under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 and Section

404 of the Clean Water Act. The applicant shall provide the City a copy of any required COE permit or verification from COE that no permit is required per Condition of Approval 3. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

27.070 Construction Materials and Methods

- A. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.
- B. Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities shall be designed and/or otherwise elevated or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
- C. New and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system.
- D. New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharge from the systems into flood waters.
- E. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.

Staff Finding 13: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 4. The criteria are met.

F. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure.

Staff Finding 14: The proposed home has been sited on Tax Lot 802, but final design has not been completed. Appropriate anchoring will be confirmed during the building permit process per Condition of Approval 5. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

27.080 RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION

A. New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to at least one foot above the base flood elevation.

Staff Finding 15: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 5. The applicant shall submit a Mid-Construction Elevation Certificate to verify utilities are elevated one foot above base flood elevation. The applicant shall submit a Post-Construction Elevation Certificate to the Building Official to confirm the residential structure has the lowest floor elevated at least on foot above the base flood elevation of 75.1 feet per Condition of Approval 6. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

B. Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are prohibited, or shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must be certified by either a professional civil engineer or an architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon, and must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:

- 1. A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
- 2. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade.
- 3. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices; provided, that they permit the automatic entry or exit of floodwaters.

Staff Finding 16: The applicant has submitted a conceptual elevation plan and Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 5. The applicant shall submit final construction plans certified by a professional civil engineer or an architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon per Condition of Approval 7. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- 4. Fully enclosed areas below the base flood elevation shall only be used for parking, access, and limited storage.
- 5. Service equipment (e.g., furnaces, water heaters, washer/dryers, etc.) is not permitted below the base flood elevation.
- 6. All walls, floors, and ceiling materials located below the base flood elevation must be unfinished and constructed of materials resistant to flood damage.

Staff Finding 17: The applicant does not propose any living space below base flood elevation. The applicant will verify service equipment is not below the base flood elevation per Condition of Approval 6. The applicant will verify the hydrostatic resistance of walls below base flood elevation per Condition of Approval 7. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- C. Crawlspaces. Crawlspaces are a commonly used method of elevating buildings in special flood hazard areas (SFHAs) to or above the base flood elevation (BFE), and are allowed subject to the following requirements:
- 1. The building is subject to the Flood-Resistant Construction provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.
- 2. They shall be designed by a professional engineer or architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon to meet the standards contained in the most current Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Technical Bulletin.
- 3. The building must be designed and adequately anchored to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.
- 4. Flood vent openings shall be provided on at least two sides that equalize hydrostatic pressures by allowing for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. The total area of the flood vent openings must be no less than one square inch for each square foot of enclosed area. The bottom of each flood vent opening can be no more than one foot above the lowest adjacent exterior grade. For guidance on flood openings, see FEMA Technical Bulletin 1-93, Openings in Foundation Walls.
- 5. Portions of the building below the BFE must be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage. This includes not only the foundation walls (studs and sheathing), but also any joists,

insulation, or other materials that extend below the BFE. For more detailed guidance on flood-resistant materials see FEMA Technical Bulletin 2-93, Flood-Resistant Materials Requirements.

6. Utility systems within the crawlspace must be elevated above BFE or designed so that floodwaters cannot enter or accumulate within the system components during flood conditions. Ductwork, in particular, must either be placed above the BFE or sealed from floodwaters. For further guidance on the placement of building utility systems in crawlspaces, see FEMA 348, Protecting Building Utilities From Flood Damage. Flood-resistant materials and utilities, access, and ventilation openings in crawlspaces are further addressed in this bulletin.

Staff Finding 18: The applicant will verify service equipment is not below the base flood elevation per Condition of Approval 6. The applicant will verify the hydrostatic resistance of walls below base flood elevation per Condition of Approval 7. The applicant will verify appropriate anchoring per Condition of Approval 5. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- 7. The interior grade of a crawlspace below the BFE must not be more than two feet below the lowest adjacent exterior grade (LAG).
- 8. The height of the below-grade crawlspace, measured from the interior grade of the crawlspace to the top of the crawlspace foundation wall, must not exceed four feet at any point. This limitation will also prevent these crawlspaces from being converted into habitable spaces.
- 9. There must be an adequate drainage system that removes floodwaters from the interior area of the crawlspace. Possible options include natural drainage through porous, well-drained soils and drainage systems such as low-point drains, perforated pipes, drainage tiles, or gravel or crushed stone drainage by gravity.

Staff Finding 19: The applicant has submitted a conceptual foundation plan, but final design has not been completed. The applicant shall submit final construction plans showing elevation of interior grade of a crawlspace, the adjacent exterior grade, the height of the crawlspace, and an adequate drainage system per Condition of Approval 8. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- 10. The velocity of floodwaters at the site should not exceed five feet per second for any crawlspace. For velocities in excess of five feet per second, other foundation types should be used.
- 11. For more detailed information refer to FEMA Technical Bulletin 11-01 or the most current edition.
- 12. The use of below-grade crawlspaces to elevate the building to one foot above the BFE may cause an increase in flood insurance premiums, which are beyond the control of the City.
- D. A poured slab placed over fill can be used to elevate the lowest floor of a structure above the base flood elevation. However, when a building site is filled, it is still in the floodplain and no basements are permitted.
- E. Placing a structure on piers, piles, and posts is allowed provided supporting members are designed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces.

Staff Finding 20: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 8 to 9. The criteria are met.

CHAPTER 28: WILLAMETTE AND TUALATIN RIVER PROTECTION AREA 28.110 APPROVAL CRITERIA

- A. Development: All sites.
- 1. Sites shall first be reviewed using the HCA Map to determine if the site is buildable or what portion of the site is buildable. HCAs shall be verified by the Planning Director per CDC <u>28.070</u> and site visit. Also, "tree canopy only" HCAs shall not constitute a development limitation and may be exempted per CDC <u>28.070(A)</u>. The municipal code protection for trees and Chapters 55 and 85 CDC tree protection shall still apply.
- 2. HCAs shall be avoided to the greatest degree possible and development activity shall instead be directed to the areas designated "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs," consistent with subsection (A) (3) of this section.
- 3. If the subject property contains no lands designated "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" and development within HCA land is the only option it shall be directed towards the low HCA areas first, then medium HCA areas and then to high HCA as the last choice. The goal is to, at best, avoid or, at least, minimize disturbance of the HCAs. (Water-dependent uses are exempt from this provision.)
- 4. All development, including exempted activities of CDC <u>28.040</u>, shall have approved erosion control measures per Clackamas County Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual, rev. 2008, in place prior to site disturbance and be subject to the requirements of CDC <u>32.070</u> and <u>32.080</u> as deemed applicable by the Planning Director.

Staff Finding 21: The subject property, Tax Lot 802, is fully encumbered by Habitat Conservation Area overlay and no portion of the subject property is designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs". The proposal has directed the siting of the proposed home towards the lowest classification of HCA. Compliance with approved erosion control measures will be verified during building permit application. The criteria are met.

В.	Single-family	or	attached	residential	
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(...)

C. Setbacks from top of bank.

(...)

Staff Finding 22: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 166 to 169. The criteria are met.

- D. Development of lands designated for industrial, commercial, office, public and other non-residential uses.
- E. Hardship provisions and non-conforming structures.
- F. Access and property rights.
- G. Incentives to encourage access in industrial, multi-family, mixed use, commercial, office, public and non-single-family residential zoned areas.

Staff Finding 23: The subject property is zoned single-family residential, has no non-conforming structures, has legal access, and the applicant is not requesting a hardship. The criteria are not applicable.

- H. Partitions, subdivisions and incentives.
- I. Docks and other water-dependent structures.
- J. Joint docks.
- K. Non-conforming docks and other water-related structures.

Staff Finding 24: This application is neither requesting a partition or subdivision, nor does not include a dock or other water-dependent structures. The criteria are not applicable.

L. Roads, driveways, utilities, or passive use recreation facilities. Roads, driveways, utilities, public paths, or passive use recreation facilities may be built in those portions of HCAs that include wetlands, riparian areas, and water resource areas when no other practical alternative exists but shall use water-permeable materials unless City engineering standards do not allow that. Construction to the minimum dimensional standards for roads is required. Full mitigation and revegetation is required, with the applicant to submit a mitigation plan pursuant to CDC 32.070 and a revegetation plan pursuant to CDC 32.080. The maximum disturbance width for utility corridors is as follows:

(...)

Staff Finding 25: The applicant has proposed half-street improvements for 9th Street adjacent to the subject property. Construction will be to minimum dimensional requirements to mitigate impact to the HCA. The criteria are met.

M. Structures. All buildings and structures in HCAs and riparian areas, including all exterior mechanical equipment, should be screened, colored, or surfaced so as to blend with the riparian environment. Surfaces shall be non-polished/reflective or at least expected to lose their luster within a year. In addition to the specific standards and criteria applicable to water-dependent uses (docks), all other provisions of this chapter shall apply to water dependent uses, and any structure shall be no larger than necessary to accommodate the use.

Staff Finding 26: The applicant has not completed final design of the new single-family home. The applicant shall submit building materials and colors as part of the building permit application to verify compliance per Condition of Approval 9. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

N. Water-permeable materials for hardscapes. The use of water-permeable materials for parking lots, driveways, patios, and paths as well as flow-through planters, box filters, bioswales and drought tolerant plants are strongly encouraged in all "a" and "b" land classifications and shall be required in all "c" and "d" land classifications. The only exception in the "c" and "d" classifications would be where it is demonstrated that water-permeable driveways/hardscapes

could not structurally support the axle weight of vehicles or equipment/storage load using those areas. Flow through planters, box filters, bioswales, drought tolerant plants and other measures of treating and/or detaining runoff would still be required in these areas.

Staff Finding 27: The subject property is encumbered by "c" land classifications and requires water permeable driveway/hardscapes, unless demonstrated it cannot support the axle weight of vehicles per Condition of Approval 10. The applicant has proposed a flow-through stormwater treatment facility to meet City standards per Condition of Approval 2. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- O. Signs and graphics.
- P. Lighting.
- Q. Parking.
- R. Views.
- S. Aggregate deposits.

Staff Finding 28: This application does not include any signs or graphics, parking, or aggregate deposits in the HCA boundary. The site is not adjacent to the Tualatin or Willamette Rivers so no lighting is directed towards the river surfaces and no views are obstructed. The criteria are met.

- T. Changing the landscape/grading.
- U. Protect riparian and adjacent vegetation.

Staff Finding 29: Although located within the Willamette River Greenway Protection Area, the subject property is not adjacent to the river. The criteria do not apply.

CHAPTER 32: WATER RESOURCE AREA PROTECTION 32.110 HARDSHIP PROVISIONS

The purpose of this section is to ensure that compliance with this chapter does not deprive an owner of reasonable use of land. To avoid such instances, the requirements of this chapter may be reduced. The decision-making authority may impose such conditions as are deemed necessary to limit any adverse impacts that may result from granting relief. The burden shall be on the applicant to demonstrate that the standards of this chapter, including Table 32-2, Required Width of WRA, will deny the applicant "reasonable use" of his/her property.

A. The right to obtain a hardship allowance is based on the existence of a lot of record recorded with the County Assessor's Office on, or before, January 1, 2006. The lot of record may have been, subsequent to that date, modified from its original platted configuration but must meet the minimum lot size and dimensional standards of the base zone.

Staff Finding 30: The subject property is completely encumbered by the water resource area (WRA) per the analysis found in Exhibit PD-1, page 39. The WRA will deny the "reasonable use" of the property without hardship allowance. The proposal is for a new house in the water resource area as allowed by hardship in CDC Table 32-1. The subject property is

eligible for hardship allowance as it was created as Lots A and B, Block 20 of the Willamette and Tualatin Tracts platted in 1908. The subject property meets minimum lot size and dimensional standards of the R-10 zone (see Staff Finding 2). The criteria are met.

- B. For lots described in subsection A of this section that are located completely or partially inside the WRA, development is permitted, consistent with this section. The maximum disturbed area (MDA) of the WRA shall be determined on a per lot basis. The MDA shall be the greater of:
- 1. Five thousand square feet of the WRA; or
- 2. Thirty percent of the total area of the WRA.

Staff Finding 31: The subject property is completely encumbered by the water resource area. The subject property is 14,600 square feet in area. Thirty percent of total WRA area is 4,380 square feet. The allowed MDA is 5,000 square feet as it is greater than the 30 percent. The applicant is proposing an MDA of 3,588 square feet. The criteria are met.

- C. The MDA shall be located as follows:
- 1. In areas where the development will result in the least square footage encroachment into the WRA.
- 2. The applicant shall demonstrate, through site and building design, that the proposed development is the maximum practical distance from the water resource based on the functional needs of the proposed use.

Staff Finding 32: The applicant has shifted the proposed building footprint as far north and away from the delineated wetland as feasible. The applicant has also proposed a reduced setback of 12 feet for the proposed home. The criteria are met.

3. The minimum distance from a water resource shall be 15 feet.

Staff Finding 33: The applicant has proposed greater than 15 feet for the setback from the delineated wetland as shown on Plan Sheet P03. The criteria are met.

4. Access driveways shall be the minimum permitted width; select an alignment that is least impactful upon the WRA; and shall share use of the driveway, where possible.

Staff Finding 34: The proposed driveway is 18 feet wide to accommodate access to the proposed two-car garage and as far from the delineated wetland as possible. There is no option to share a driveway and the front loading garage is located as close to 9th Avenuew as allowed (see Staff Finding 39). The criteria are met.

- D. The MDA shall include:
- 1. The footprints of all structures, including accessory structures, decks and paved water impermeable surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, parking pads, paths, patios and parking lots, etc. Only 75 percent of water permeable surfaces at grade shall be included in the MDA.

Staff Finding 35: The proposed 3,588 square foot MDA includes the house/garage footprint, deck, fireplace, and driveway. The criteria are met.

2. All graded, disturbed or modified areas that are not subsequently restored to their original grade and replanted with native ground cover per an approved plan.

Staff Finding 36: The applicant proposes to restore all Temporarily Disturbed Areas to preconstruction conditions and planted with native plants per Plan Sheet P11. All non-restored areas have been included in the proposed 3,588 square foot MDA. The criteria are met.

- E. The MDA shall not include:
- 1. Temporarily disturbed areas (TDAs) adjacent to an approved structure or development area for the purpose of grading, material storage, construction activity, trenched or buried utilities and other temporary activities so long as these areas are subsequently restored to the original grades and soil permeability, and re-vegetated with native plants per CDC 32.100, such that they are at least equal in functional value to the area prior to the initiation of the permitted activity;
- 2. Bay windows and similar cantilevered elements (including decks, etc.) of the principal or secondary structure so long as they do not extend more than five feet towards the WRA from the vertical plane of the house, and have no vertical supports from grade;
- 3. PDAs that are not built upon as part of the development proposal will not count in the MDA (e.g., use of an existing access driveway). (Conversely, PDAs that are built upon as part of the development proposal will count in the MDA.);

Staff Finding 37: The applicant proposes to restore all Temporarily Disturbed Areas to preconstruction conditions and planted with native plants per Plan Sheet P11. All non-restored areas have been included in the proposed 3,588 square foot MDA. The criteria are met.

4. The installation of public streets and public utilities that are specifically required to meet either the transportation system plan or a utility master plan so long as all trenched public utilities are subsequently restored to the original grades and soil permeability, and revegetated with native plants per CDC 32.100, such that they are at least equal in functional value to the area prior to the initiation of the permitted activity. All areas displaced by streets shall be mitigated for.

Staff Finding 38: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 188 to 189. The criteria are met.

- F. Development allowed under subsection A of this section may use the following provisions:
- 1. Setbacks required by the underlying zoning district may be reduced up to 50 percent where necessary to avoid construction within the WRA, as long as the development would otherwise meet the standards of this chapter. However, front loading garages shall be set back a minimum of 18 feet, while side loading garages shall be set back a minimum of three feet.

Staff Finding 39: The applicant proposes a reduced front yard setback of 12-feet, which is a 40 percent reduction. The applicant has proposed a front loading garage and it shall be setback a minimum of 18-feet per Condition of Approval 11. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

- 2. Landscaping and parking requirements may be reduced for hardship properties but only if all or part of the WRA is dedicated pursuant to CDC <u>32.060(C)</u> or if a restrictive deed covenant is established. These reductions shall be permitted outright and, to the extent that the practices are inconsistent with other provisions or standards of the West Linn CDC, this section is given precedence so that no variance is required. The allowable reductions include:
- a. Elimination of landscaping for the parking lot interior.
- b. Elimination of the overall landscape requirement (e.g., 20 percent for commercial uses).
- c. Elimination of landscaping between parking lots and perimeter non-residential properties.
- d. Landscaping between parking lots and the adjacent right-of-way may be reduced to eight feet. This eight-foot-wide landscaped strip may be used for vegetated storm water detention or treatment.
- e. A 25 percent reduction in total required parking is permitted to minimize or avoid intrusion into the WRA.
- f. Adjacent improved street frontage with curb and sidewalk may be counted towards the parking requirement at a rate of one parking space per 20 lineal feet of street frontage adjacent to the property, subject to City Engineer approval based on the street width and classification.
- g. The current compact and full sized parking mix may be modified to allow up to 100 percent compact spaces and no full sized spaces. However, any required ADA compliant spaces shall be provided.

Staff Finding 40: The applicant is not requesting a reduction in landscaping or parking requirements. The criteria are not applicable.

G. Where a property owner owns multiple platted lots of record where each lot could be built upon under the hardship provisions, the property owner may either use the MDA for each lot on an individual lot by lot basis or may transfer 100 percent of the cumulative MDA of all the lots to those lots that are further away from, or less impactful upon, the WRA. Lot line adjustments may also be used to facilitate the density transfer.

Staff Finding 41: The applicant proposes an MDA for each lot. The criteria are met.

H. Mitigation and re-vegetation of disturbed WRAs shall be completed per CDC <u>32.090</u> and <u>32.100</u> respectively.

Staff Finding 42: Please see Staff Findings 44 to 47. The criteria are met.

I. Any further modification of the standards of this chapter or the underlying zone shall require approval of a variance pursuant to Chapter 75 CDC.

Staff Finding 43: The applicant is not requesting a variance. The criteria are not applicable.

32.090 MITIGATION PLAN

A. A mitigation plan shall only be required if development is proposed within a WRA (including development of a PDA). (Exempted activities of CDC 32.040 do not require mitigation unless specifically stated. Temporarily disturbed areas, including TDAs associated with exempted activities, do not require mitigation, just grade and soil restoration and re-vegetation.) The mitigation plan shall satisfy all applicable provisions of CDC 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements.

Staff Finding 44: The applicant proposes to restore TDAs with native vegetation. The subject property is completely encumbered by the WRA that has been assessed in the submitted Site Assessment Report performed by AKS and found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 275 to 348. The proposed re-vegetation plan can be found as Plan Sheet P11 in Exhibit PD-1. The criteria are met.

- B. Mitigation shall take place in the following locations, according to the following priorities (subsections (B)(1) through (4) of this section):
- 1. On-site mitigation by restoring, creating or enhancing WRAs.
- 2. Off-site mitigation in the same sub-watershed will be allowed, but only if the applicant has demonstrated that:
- a. It is not practicable to complete mitigation on-site, for example, there is not enough area on-site; and
- b. The mitigation will provide equal or superior ecological function and value.
- 3. Off-site mitigation outside the sub-watershed will be allowed, but only if the applicant has demonstrated that:
- a. It is not practicable to complete mitigation on-site, for example, there is not enough area on-site; and
- b. The mitigation will provide equal or superior ecological function and value.
- Purchasing mitigation credits though DSL or other acceptable mitigation bank.

Staff Finding 45: The subject property is completely encumbered by the WRA that has been assessed in the submitted Site Assessment Report performed by AKS and found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 275 to 348. The applicant proposes on-site mitigation per Plan Sheet P11 in Exhibit PD-1. The criteria are met.

- C. Amount of mitigation.
- 1. The amount of mitigation shall be based on the square footage of the permanent disturbance area by the application. For every one square foot of non-PDA disturbed area, onsite mitigation shall require one square foot of WRA to be created, enhanced or restored.
- 2. For every one square foot of PDA that is disturbed, on-site mitigation shall require one half a square foot of WRA vegetation to be created, enhanced or restored.
- 3. For any off-site mitigation, including the use of DSL mitigation credits, the requirement shall be for every one square foot of WRA that is disturbed, two square feet of WRA shall be created,

enhanced or restored. The DSL mitigation credits program or mitigation bank shall require a legitimate bid on the cost of on-site mitigation multiplied by two to arrive at the appropriate dollar amount.

Staff Finding 46: The applicant proposes to restore on-site TDAs with native vegetation. The subject property is completely encumbered by the WRA that has been assessed in the submitted Site Assessment Report performed by AKS and found in Exhibit PD-1, pages 275 to 348. The applicant proposes to mitigate the 3,588 square foot PDA with 5,000 square feet of on-site mitigation per Plan Sheet P11 in Exhibit PD-1, meeting the requirements. The criteria are met.

- D. The Planning Director may limit or define the scope of the mitigation plan and submittal requirements commensurate with the scale of the disturbance relative to the resource and pursuant to the authority of Chapter 99 CDC. The Planning Director may determine that a consultant is required to complete all or a part of the mitigation plan requirements.
- E. A mitigation plan shall contain the following information:
- 1. A list of all responsible parties including, but not limited to, the owner, applicant, contractor, or other persons responsible for work on the development site.
- 2. A map showing where the specific adverse impacts will occur and where the mitigation activities will occur.
- 3. A re-vegetation plan for the area(s) to be mitigated that meets the standards of CDC <u>32.100</u>.
- 4. An implementation schedule, including timeline for construction, mitigation, mitigation maintenance, monitoring, and reporting. All in-stream work in fish bearing streams shall be done in accordance with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- 5. Assurances shall be established to rectify any mitigation actions that are not successful within the first three years. This may include bonding or other surety.

Staff Finding 47: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 10 to 12. The criteria are met.

32.100 RE-VEGETATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

- A. In order to achieve the goal of re-establishing forested canopy, native shrub and ground cover and to meet the mitigation requirements of CDC <u>32.090</u> and vegetative enhancement of CDC <u>32.080</u>, tree and vegetation plantings are required according to the following standards:
- 1. All trees, shrubs and ground cover to be planted must be native plants selected from the Portland Plant List.
- 2. Plant size. Replacement trees must be at least one-half inch in caliper, measured at six inches above the ground level for field grown trees or above the soil line for container grown trees (the one-half inch minimum size may be an average caliper measure, recognizing that trees are not uniformly round), unless they are oak or madrone which may be one gallon size. Shrubs must be in at least a one-gallon container or the equivalent in ball and burlap and must be at least 12 inches in height.
- 3. Plant coverage.

- a. Native trees and shrubs are required to be planted at a rate of five trees and 25 shrubs per every 500 square feet of disturbance area (calculated by dividing the number of square feet of disturbance area by 500, and then multiplying that result times five trees and 25 shrubs, and rounding all fractions to the nearest whole number of trees and shrubs; for example, if there will be 330 square feet of disturbance area, then 330 divided by 500 equals 0.66, and 0.66 times five equals 3.3, so three trees must be planted, and 0.66 times 25 equals 16.5, so 17 shrubs must be planted). Bare ground must be planted or seeded with native grasses or herbs. Non-native sterile wheat grass may also be planted or seeded, in equal or lesser proportion to the native grasses or herbs.
- b. Trees shall be planted between eight and 12 feet on center and shrubs shall be planted between four and five feet on center, or clustered in single species groups of no more than four plants, with each cluster planted between eight and 10 feet on center. When planting near existing trees, the dripline of the existing tree shall be the starting point for plant spacing measurements.
- 4. Plant diversity. Shrubs must consist of at least two different species. If 10 trees or more are planted, then no more than 50 percent of the trees may be of the same genus.
- 5. Invasive vegetation. Invasive non-native or noxious vegetation must be removed within the mitigation area prior to planting.
- 6. Tree and shrub survival. A minimum survival rate of 80 percent of the trees and shrubs planted is expected by the third anniversary of the date that the mitigation planting is completed.
- 7. Monitoring and reporting. Monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner. Plants that die must be replaced in kind.
- 8. To enhance survival of tree replacement and plantings, the following practices are required:
- a. Mulching. Mulch new plantings a minimum of three inches in depth and 18 inches in diameter to retain moisture and discourage weed growth.
- b. Irrigation. Water new plantings one inch per week between June 15th to October 15th, for the three years following planting.
- c. Weed control. Remove, or control, non-native or noxious vegetation throughout maintenance period.
- d. Planting season. Plant bare root trees between December 1st and February 28th, and potted plants between October 15th and April 30th.
- e. Wildlife protection. Use plant sleeves or fencing to protect trees and shrubs against wildlife browsing and resulting damage to plants.
- B. When weather or other conditions prohibit planting according to schedule, the applicant shall ensure that disturbed areas are correctly protected with erosion control measures and shall provide the City with funds in the amount of 125 percent of a bid from a recognized landscaper or nursery which will cover the cost of the plant materials, installation and any follow up maintenance. Once the planting conditions are favorable the applicant shall proceed with the plantings and receive the funds back from the City upon completion, or the City will complete the plantings using those funds.

Staff Finding 48: Staff adopts applicant findings found in Exhibit PD-1, page 10 to 12. The criteria are met.

CHAPTER 48: ACCESS, EGRESS AND CIRCULATION 48.020 APPLICABILITY AND GENERAL PROVISIONS (...)

B. All lots shall have access from a public street or from a platted private street approved under the land division chapter.

(...)

E. Owners of two or more uses, structures, lots, parcels, or units of land may agree to utilize jointly the same access and egress when the combined access and egress of both uses, structures, or parcels of land satisfies the requirements as designated in this code; provided, that satisfactory legal evidence is presented to the City Attorney in the form of deeds, easements, leases, or contracts to establish joint use. Copies of said instrument shall be placed on permanent file with the City Recorder.

Staff Finding 49: The subject property will take direct access from 9th Street, a public street. The criteria are met.

48.025 ACCESS CONTROL

- B. Access Control Standards
- 1. Traffic impact analysis requirements. The City or other agency with access jurisdiction may require a traffic study prepared by a qualified professional to determine access, circulation and other transportation requirements. (See also CDC 55.125, Traffic Impact Analysis.)

Staff Finding 50: No Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) is required since none of the criteria of 85.170(B)(2) are met. For example, an Average Daily Trip count (ADT) of 250 is required before a TIA is needed. The addition of one new home should only generate an ADT of 9.4 ADT based on the Institute of Traffic Engineers (ITE) trip generation tables which project 9.4 ADT for each single family home. The criteria are met.

- 2. The City or other agency with access permit jurisdiction may require the closing or consolidation of existing curb cuts or other vehicle access points, recording of reciprocal access easements (i.e., for shared driveways), development of a frontage street, installation of traffic control devices, and/or other mitigation as a condition of granting an access permit, to ensure the safe and efficient operation of the street and highway system. Access to and from off-street parking areas shall not permit backing onto a public street.
- 3. Access control standards.
- 4. Subdivisions fronting onto an arterial street.
- 5. Double-frontage lots.
- 6. Access spacing.
- 7. Number of access points.
- 8. Shared driveways. The number of driveway and private street intersections with public streets shall be minimized by the use of shared driveways with adjoining lots where feasible. The City shall require shared driveways as a condition of land division or site design review, as applicable, for traffic safety and access management purposes in accordance with the following standards:

- a. Shared driveways and frontage streets may be required to consolidate access onto a collector or arterial street. When shared driveways or frontage streets are required, they shall be stubbed to adjacent developable parcels to indicate future extension. "Stub" means that a driveway or street temporarily ends at the property line, but may be extended in the future as the adjacent lot or parcel develops. "Developable" means that a lot or parcel is either vacant or it is likely to receive additional development (i.e., due to infill or redevelopment potential).
- b. Access easements (i.e., for the benefit of affected properties) shall be recorded for all shared driveways, including pathways, at the time of final plat approval or as a condition of site development approval.

(...)

Staff Finding 51: The applicant proposes one access point to the subject property and no shared driveways. There are no subdivisions or double-frontage lots proposed. The criteria are met.

C. Street connectivity and formation of blocks required.

Staff Finding 52: No new streets or blocks are proposed. The criteria are not applicable.

48.030 MINIMUM VEHICULAR REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL USES

- B. When any portion of any house is less than 150 feet from the adjacent right-of-way, access to the home is as follows:
- 1. One single-family residence, including residences with an accessory dwelling unit as defined in CDC <u>02.030</u>, shall provide 10 feet of unobstructed horizontal clearance. Dual-track or other driveway designs that minimize the total area of impervious driveway surface are encouraged.
- 2. Two to four single-family residential homes equals a 14- to 20-foot-wide paved or all-weather surface. Width shall depend upon adequacy of line of sight and number of homes.
- 3. Maximum driveway grade shall be 15 percent.

(...)

Staff Finding 52: Access to the subject property will be via an 18 foot wide driveway. All portions of the proposed home will be less than 150 feet from the 9th Street right-of-way. The slope of the driveway will not exceed 5.0 percent. The criteria are met.

- C. When any portion of one or more homes is more than 150 feet from the adjacent right-of-way, the provisions of subsection B of this section shall apply in addition to the following provisions.
- 1. A turnaround may be required as prescribed by the Fire Chief.
- 2. Minimum vertical clearance for the driveway shall be 13 feet, six inches.
- 3. A minimum centerline turning radius of 45 feet is required unless waived by the Fire Chief.
- 4. There shall be sufficient horizontal clearance on either side of the driveway so that the total horizontal clearance is 20 feet.

(...)

Staff Finding 53: No portion of the proposed home will be more than 150 feet from the 9th Street right-of-way. The criteria do not apply.

48.060 WIDTH AND LOCATION OF CURB CUTS AND ACCESS SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum curb cut width shall be 16 feet.
- B. Maximum curb cut width shall be 36 feet, except along Highway 43 in which case the maximum curb cut shall be 40 feet. For emergency service providers, including fire stations, the maximum shall be 50 feet.

Staff Finding 54: The curb cut width will be greater than 16 feet, but less than 36 feet. Final design of the half-street improvements will meet City standards per Condition of Approval 2. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

C. No curb cuts shall be allowed any closer to an intersecting street right-of-way line than the following:

(...)

6. On a local street when intersecting any other street, 35 feet.

Staff Finding 55: 9th Street has a functional classification of a Local Street. The closest intersecting street to the subject property is Volpp Street at approximately 550 feet. The criteria are met.

- D. There shall be a minimum distance between any two adjacent curb cuts on the same side of a public street, except for one-way entrances and exits, as follows:

 (...)
- 3. Between any two curb cuts on the same lot or parcel on a local street, 30 feet.

Staff Finding 56: 9th Street has a functional classification of a Local Street. The applicant does not propose two curb cuts on the same lot. The criteria are met.

Chapter 85 General Provisions

85.210 Property Line Adjustments – Approval Standards

- A. The Director shall approve or deny a request for a property line adjustment based on the criteria stated below:
- 1. An additional lot or parcel shall not be created by the line adjustment.

Staff Finding 57: The proposal adjusts the common property line between two existing lots of record (Lots A and B, Block 20 Willamette and Tualatin River Tracts). No additional lots are proposed to be created. The criteria are met.

2. The existing property shall not be reduced in size by the adjustments below the minimum lot or parcel size established by the approved zoning for that district. The property line adjustment shall not enlarge, increase or extend the non-conformity of a non-conforming lot or non-conforming structure.

Staff Finding 58: Proposed Parcel 1 will be adjusted to 29,330 sq. ft. and Proposed Parcel 2 will be adjusted to 11,000 sq. ft. Tax Lot 802 will be adjusted to 14,600 sq. ft. Taxlot 800 will be adjusted to 57,487 sq. ft. Both proposed parcels are located in the R-10 zone, which requires 10,000 sq. ft. minimum lot size. There are no non-conforming lots or structures. The criteria are met.

- 3. Property line adjustments shall be either:
- a. A straight line (see Figure 1 example);
- b. A line with maximum of two 45- to 90-degree turns (see Figure 2 example); or
- c. A maximum of three turns less than 45 degrees (see Figure 3 example). (The following figures are only intended as examples.)

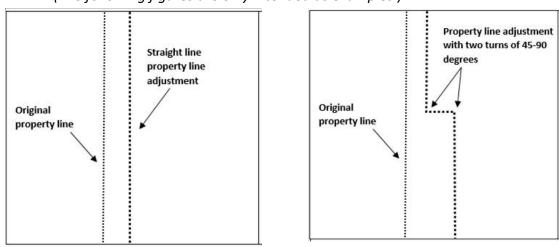


Figure 1. Figure 2.

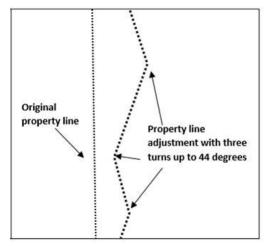


Figure 3.

Staff Finding 59: The proposal adjusts the common property line between two existing lots of record in a straight line. The criteria are met.

4. The property line adjustment shall not create a lot or parcel that violates applicable site development regulations.

Staff Finding 60: Taxlot 802 is vacant and the applicant has proposed construction of a single-family home that will take access from 9th Street. The subject property is encumbered by the FEMA 100-year floodplain, Willamette River Greenway, and Water Resource Area. The applicant has secured the appropriate site development permits to develop the property. The criteria are met.

5. The property line adjustment will not adversely affect existing easements or existing utilities unless an easement vacation is obtained, replacement easements are established, or any required utility relocations are paid for by the applicant.

Staff Finding 61: The proposal does not adversely affect any existing easements or utilities. The criteria are met.

6. Proposed property line adjustments that cannot meet these standards are subject to review under CDC $\underline{99.060}(B)(2)(e)$.

Staff Finding 62: The proposal meets all standards for a property line adjustment and does not require a variance. Please see Staff Findings 57 to 61. The criteria are met.

- 7. Any appeal must be filed in accordance with CDC <u>99.240</u>.
- B. The provisions of CDC <u>85.070</u> shall also apply to property line adjustments.

Staff Finding 63: The applicant understands the process and right to appeal the decision. The provisions of CDC section 85.070 "ADMINISTRATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS" are satisfied by this application and by the applicant's provided proof of ownership (see Exhibit PD-1) for the two lots of record subject to the proposal. The application is being processed in agreement with the provisions of CDC Chapter 99. The criteria are met.

Chapter 92, Required Improvements 92.010 Public Improvements for All Development

Staff Finding 64: The applicant submitted a preliminary stormwater report prepared by a registered civil engineer. Final design of the stormwater, sanitary sewer, water system, and street improvements will meet City standards per Condition of Approval 2. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

Chapter 96, Street Improvement Construction 96.010 Construction Required

A. New construction.

1. Building permits shall not be issued for the construction of any new building or structure, or for the remodeling of any existing building or structure, which results in an increase in size or

includes a change in use, including building permits for single-family dwellings but excepting building permits for alteration or addition to an existing single-family dwelling, unless the applicant for said building permit agrees to construct street improvements as required by the land use decision authorizing the construction activity. The placement of new curbs and the drainage facilities required shall be determined by the City Manager or the Manager's designee.

Staff Finding 65: The applicant proposes the construction of a new single-family home and the installation of half-street improvements. The existing 9th Street right-of-way is 40 feet in width and sufficient to accommodate a constrained local street cross-section with curb-tight sidewalks. Final design of the half-street improvements will meet City standards per Condition of Approval 2. Subject to the Conditions of Approval, the criteria are met.

PD-1 APPLICANT SUBMITTAL



Darren Wyss, Associate Planner City of West Linn 22500 Salamo Road West Linn, OR 97068

RE: WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01

Mr. Wyss:

Please accept this letter and the accompanying materials as our complete response to the City's February 5, 2020 determination that our application was incomplete (see Attachment J). We believe the materials provided herein fully respond to the incompleteness items outlined in the City's letter and provide the necessary basis to deem the application complete. We look forward to continuing to work with City staff on any design and associated issues, as necessary, during the review and approval process.

Responses to your comments are as follows:

1. Approved application for vacation of public utility easement along north property line of Tax Lot 802. Please submit the approved easement vacation document. The current proposal shows the future structure located in the easement.

Response:

Per an April 8, 2020 email correspondence with Amy Pepper, City of West Linn Development Review Engineer (see Attachment A), approval of the subject easement vacation is imminent. We expect the easement vacation to be approved prior to or shortly after the City receives this response. This criterion will be met.

2. Egress/Ingress and Utility Easement – Clackamas County Document No. 2019-6706. Please submit a copy of the easement for proof of legal access.

Response:

A copy of the requested easement is provided in Attachment B. This criterion is met. Please note that the site plan has been revised so that access from this easement is no longer required. Access to the subject site is now planned to occur directly via 9th Street.

3. CDC Chapter 27.050(C) – Written Responses. Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 27.060, 27.070, and 27.080 that directly respond to the criteria. For example, 27.060(B): Please provide calculations that prove this criteria is being met and not just see Exhibit A.

Response:

As requested by City Staff, please see below for more elaborate responses to the Applicant's January 7, 2020 submittal. Please note that these are derived from information contained in the accompanying exhibits, and most of this information is unchanged from the previous submittal.

27.060 Approval Criteria

The Planning Director shall make written findings with respect to the following criteria when approving, approving with conditions, or denying an application for development in flood management areas:

A. Development, excavation, and fill shall be performed in a manner to maintain or increase flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.

Response:

A detailed evaluation of cuts and fills is included in Attachment C. Additionally, the application includes a letter (Attachment D), certifying that the site results in no net change to the flood capacity of the floodplain. This criterion is met.

B. No net fill increase in any floodplain is allowed. All fill placed in a floodplain shall be balanced with an equal amount of soil material removal. Excavation areas shall not exceed fill areas by more than 50 percent of the square footage. Any excavation below the ordinary high water line shall not count toward compensating for fill.

Response:

A detailed evaluation of cuts and fills is included in Attachment C. This evaluation concludes that preliminary grading will result in ±520-square-feet of net fill on Lot 802 which is balanced by an equivalent amount of cut on Lot 803. Additionally, the application includes a letter (Attachment D), certifying that the site results in no net change to the flood capacity of the floodplain. This criterion is met.

C. Excavation to balance a fill shall be located on the same lot or parcel as the fill unless it is not reasonable or practicable to do so. In such cases, the excavation shall be located in the same drainage basin and as close as possible to the fill site, so long as the proposed excavation and fill will not increase flood impacts for surrounding properties as determined through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis.

Response:

As illustrated in the preliminary plans, there is not sufficient area on Lot 802, where land is both above the ordinary high-water mark and outside of a protected water resource, to balance cut and fill on Lot 802. In lieu of balancing cut/fills on Lot 802, the application elects to utilize the flexibility in this section to balance fills on Lot 802 with an equivalent amount of cut on Lot 803, which is also owned by the Applicant. As provided in Attachment C, Sheet P05, the balanced cut/fill will not impact the flood capacity of the floodplain.

D. Minimum finished floor elevations must be at least one foot above the design flood height or highest flood of record, whichever is higher, for new habitable structures in the flood area.

Response:

The base flood elevation on the subject property is 75.1 feet. As shown on the revised site plan in Attachment C, the building footprint was shifted north approximately 10 feet. The revised Preliminary Plan indicates a finished floor elevation of 76.2 feet which meets the requirement to be at least one foot above the BFE. This criterion is met.

E. Temporary fills permitted during construction shall be removed.

Response:

This response has not been revised from the Applicant's January 7, 2020 submittal. Temporary fills are not anticipated. This criterion does not apply.



F. Prohibit encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development in floodways unless certification by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon is provided demonstrating that encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

Response:

This response has not been revised from the Applicant's January 7, 2020 submittal. The planned development is not located in or near, nor will encroach into, the floodway. This criterion does not apply.

G. All proposed improvements to the floodplain or floodway which might impact the flood-carrying capacity of the river shall be designed by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon.

Response:

A letter in response to this criterion is in Attachment D. The criterion is met.

H. New culverts, stream crossings, and transportation projects shall be designed as balanced cut and fill projects or designed not to significantly raise the design flood elevation. Such projects shall be designed to minimize the area of fill in flood management areas and to minimize erosive velocities. Stream crossings shall be as close to perpendicular to the stream as practicable. Bridges shall be used instead of culverts wherever practicable.

Response:

This response has not been revised from the Applicant's January 7, 2020 submittal. This application includes half-street improvements along the 9th Street frontage. These improvements have been designed to minimize impacts to the floodplain and nearby wetlands. This criterion is met.

I. Excavation and fill required for the construction of detention facilities or structures, and other facilities, such as levees, specifically shall be designed to reduce or mitigate flood impacts and improve water quality. Levees shall not be used to create vacant buildable land.

Response:

A conceptual stormwater facility is included in the preliminary plans as is necessary to treat and/or detain stormwater runoff from new impervious areas on Lot 802. This facility is accounted for in the overall analysis, cited above, to determine that no impacts to the floodplain are expected. The criterion is met.

J. The applicant shall provide evidence that all necessary permits have been obtained from those federal, State, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required.

Response:

Attachment F is a revised pre-construction FEMA Flood Elevation Certificate. A completed elevation certificate will be furnished to the City following the completion of new home construction on Tax Lot 802. This criterion is met.

27.070 Construction Materials and Methods



A. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.

Response:

The majority of new public and private utilities will be placed underground and will be resistant to flood impacts. Final construction plans will include notes to the contractors to ensure that they utilize methods and practices during construction that will minimize flood damage. This criterion can be met.

B. Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities shall be designed and/or otherwise elevated or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

Response:

New HVAC and other above-grade equipment will be located at least 1-foot above the base floor elevation. This criterion can be met.

C. New and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system.

Response:

The proposed water service to the property will be located below ground in enclosed pipes that are designed to resist infiltration. This criterion is met.

D. New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharge from the systems into flood waters.

Response:

The planned sanitary sewer service to the property will be located below ground in enclosed pipes that are designed to resist infiltration. This criterion is met.

E. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.

Response:

The application does not include on-site waste disposal systems. The criterion does not apply.

F. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure.

Response:

The construction and substantial improvements will be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure. The final construction plans will have notes to direct the contractor to put these measures in place during construction. This criterion can be met.

27.080 Residential Construction

A. New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to at least one foot above the base flood elevation.



Response:

Attachment F is the revised Preconstruction Elevation Certificate which demonstrates that the base flood elevation (BFE) is 75.1 feet and the first floor of the building will be set at or above an elevation of \pm 76.2 feet. This elevation exceeds the minimum of at least one foot above the BFE of 75.1 feet. This criterion has been met.

- B. Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are prohibited, or shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must be certified by either a professional civil engineer or an architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon, and must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.

Response:

Attachment F confirms that there are 11 permanent flood openings in the foundation with a total net area of $\pm 1,300$ square inches. The square footage of the enclosed area is $\pm 1,207$ square feet. The area of flood openings exceeds the 1 square inch per 1 square foot of enclosed area as required above. The criterion is met.

2. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above arade.

Response:

Attachment F demonstrates that all 11 permanent flood openings are within 1-foot above adjacent grade, and the preliminary foundation plan illustrates the locations of each of these openings in Attachment E. This criterion is met.

 Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices; provided, that they permit the automatic entry or exit of floodwaters.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that the flood openings may be equipped with various coverings as mentioned above and that they must permit automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. This criterion can be met.

4. Fully enclosed areas below the base flood elevation shall only be used for parking, access, and limited storage.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that the fully enclosed areas below the BFE shall only be used for parking, access, and limited storage. This criterion can be met.

5. Service equipment (e.g., furnaces, water heaters, washer/dryers, etc.) is not permitted below the base flood elevation.

Response:

Attachment F describes the lowest elevation of machinery or equipment servicing the building will be at or above the BFE of 75.1 feet. This criterion can be met.



 All walls, floors, and ceiling materials located below the base flood elevation must be unfinished and constructed of materials resistant to flood damage.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that all walls, floors, and ceiling material located below BFE must be unfinished and resistant to flood damage. This criterion can be met.

- C. Crawlspaces. Crawlspaces are a commonly used method of elevating buildings in special flood hazard areas (SFHAs) to or above the base flood elevation (BFE), and are allowed subject to the following requirements:
 - 1. The building is subject to the Flood-Resistant Construction provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.

Response:

The application does not seek approval for new home construction. At time of building permit submittal, the City's Building Department staff will ensure that the building meets all applicable provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code. This criterion can be met.

 They shall be designed by a professional engineer or architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon to meet the standards contained in the most current Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA)
 Technical Bulletin.

Response:

The application does not seek approval for new home construction. At time of building permit submittal, the City's Building Department staff will ensure that the building meets all applicable provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code. This criterion can be met.

3. The building must be designed and adequately anchored to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.

Response:

The application does not seek approval for new home construction. At time of building permit submittal, the City's Building Department staff will ensure that the building meets all applicable provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code. This criterion can be met.

4. Flood vent openings shall be provided on at least two sides that equalize hydrostatic pressures by allowing for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. The total area of the flood vent openings must be no less than one square inch for each square foot of enclosed area. The bottom of each flood vent opening can be no more than one foot above the lowest adjacent exterior grade. For guidance on flood openings, see FEMA Technical Bulletin 1-93, Openings in Foundation Walls.

Response:

Attachment F provides that there are 11 permanent flood openings in the foundation, on at least two sides of the foundation perimeter, with a total net area of $\pm 1,300$ square inches. The square footage of the enclosed area is $\pm 1,207$ square feet. As provided



above, flood vents will be located within one foot of the adjacent exterior grade. This criterion is met.

5. Portions of the building below the BFE must be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage. This includes not only the foundation walls (studs and sheathing), but also any joists, insulation, or other materials that extend below the BFE. For more detailed guidance on flood-resistant materials see FEMA Technical Bulletin 2-93, Flood-Resistant Materials Requirements.

Response:

The application does not seek approval for new home construction. At time of building permit submittal, the City's Building Department staff will ensure that the building meets all applicable provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code. This criterion can be met.

6. Utility systems within the crawlspace must be elevated above BFE or designed so that floodwaters cannot enter or accumulate within the system components during flood conditions. Ductwork, in particular, must either be placed above the BFE or sealed from floodwaters. For further guidance on the placement of building utility systems in crawlspaces, see FEMA 348, Protecting Building Utilities From Flood Damage. Flood-resistant materials and utilities, access, and ventilation openings in crawlspaces are further addressed in this bulletin.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that utility systems within the crawlspace must be elevated above BFE or designed in a way that floodwaters cannot enter or accumulate within the system components. The City will review the final construction plans and locations of utility systems upon building permit submittal. This criterion can be met.

7. The interior grade of a crawlspace below the BFE must not be more than two feet below the lowest adjacent exterior grade (LAG).

Response:

As illustrated in the Existing Conditions Plan, the BFE is at 75.1 feet. The Preliminary Grading Plan shows that the finished grade adjacent the conceptual building foundation will be at 76.0 feet. Per this criterion, the interior grade of the crawlspace may not be below 74.0 feet. The foundation plan in Attachment E, confirms that new home construction can occur consistent with this requirement. At time of building permit submittal, the City's Building Department staff will ensure that the building meets this provision. The criterion can be met.

8. The height of the below-grade crawlspace, measured from the interior grade of the crawlspace to the top of the crawlspace foundation wall, must not exceed four feet at any point. This limitation will also prevent these crawlspaces from being converted into habitable spaces.

Response:

As described above, the minimum crawlspace elevation is 74.0 feet. Based on this criterion, the top of the foundation wall may not be above 78.0 feet. As shown in the preliminary plans, the minimum finished floor elevation is 76.2 feet. The Applicant



anticipates that the future home plans will include a maximum foundation wall elevation that is between 74.0 feet and 78.0 feet. The City's Building Department will confirm compliance with this criterion at time of building permit review/issuance. The criterion can be met.

9. There must be an adequate drainage system that removes floodwaters from the interior area of the crawlspace. Possible options include natural drainage through porous, well-drained soils and drainage systems such as low-point drains, perforated pipes, drainage tiles, or gravel or crushed stone drainage by gravity.

Response:

The Applicant anticipates that floodwaters will exit the interior area of the crawlspace via flood vents and gravity drainage through porous materials, such as gravel or crushed stone. The Building Department will confirm compliance with this criterion at time of building permit review/issuance. The criterion can be met.

10. The velocity of floodwaters at the site should not exceed five feet per second for any crawlspace. For velocities in excess of five feet per second, other foundation types should be used.

Response:

The Applicant is not aware of potential floodwater velocities at the site, nor is floodwater modeling required for the requested work. The Applicant expects to coordinate with the Building Department on a foundation and home design that meets applicable flood and Oregon Structural Specialty Code requirements at time of building permit review/issuance. The criterion can be met.

- 11. For more detailed information refer to FEMA Technical Bulletin 11-01 or the most current edition.
- 12. The use of below-grade crawlspaces to elevate the building to one foot above the BFE may cause an increase in flood insurance premiums, which are beyond the control of the City.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of the FEMA information and that using below-grade crawlspaces to elevate a building to one-foot above BFE may cause an increase in flood insurance premiums.

D. A poured slab placed over fill can be used to elevate the lowest floor of a structure above the base flood elevation. However, when a building site is filled, it is still in the floodplain and no basements are permitted.

Response:

This application does not include a request to pour a slab over fill to elevate the lowest floor of the proposed structure above the BFE. The Applicant expects to coordinate with the Building Department on a foundation and home design that meets applicable flood and Oregon Structural Specialty Code requirements at time of building permit review/issuance. The criterion can be met.

E. Placing a structure on piers, piles, and posts is allowed provided supporting members are designed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces.



Response:

The proposed foundation plan in Attachment E shows that the conceptual home will be primarily supported by a perimeter foundation wall with limited footings/piers for patios. As described above, the foundation includes sufficient design elements to comply with applicable requirements for flood resistance. Piers/footings will be similarly designed, and such will be confirmed by the Building Department during new home permit review/issuance. The criterion can be met.

4. CDC Chapter 27.050(D) – Map of proposed alteration. Please provide a map that illustrates the location of all cuts and fills, including the total quantity of each.

Response: Attachment C, Sheet P05 includes a map of the location of all cuts and fills, including the total quantity of each. This criterion is met.

5. CDC Chapter 27.050(G) – Elevation of lowest floor. Please provide an updated Sheet P04 or an explanation of the elevation of the southwest corner of the proposed structure and it being located below the 100-year flood elevation.

Response: An updated Sheet P04 with a finished floor elevation of 76.2 feet is included in Attachment C. This criterion is met.

6. CDC Chapter 27.060(G) – Flood carrying capacity. Please submit certification by a professional civil engineer that the improvements located within the floodplain will maintain flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.

Response:

All proposed improvements within the area floodplain have been designed by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon. Based on the advice of City staff, proposed cuts and fills across the site are completely balanced and therefore have no net effect on the flood storage and conveyance capacity of the floodplain. A letter attesting to such is included as Attachment D.

7. CDC Chapter 28.090.C(1) – Written Responses. Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 28.110 that directly respond to the criteria. For example 28.110.B(4): provide calculations of impervious surfaces and explain how this proposal is disturbing the minimum amount of HCA necessary when there are reduced setbacks that can be applied.

Response:

Attachment C includes revised Preliminary Plans which show the conceptual building outline at the 7.5-foot side setback. The subject property only has HCA land available for future development, so the building envelope was moved north, further from the wetland boundary. The Applicant has requested approval for a reduced front setback of 12 feet to reduce the impacts of disturbance to the HCA.

The new impervious surface area of the proposed development, including the structure and garage, is ±2,453 square feet which is less than half of the allowable 5,000 square feet. Attachment H is a Preliminary Stormwater Report and provides the calculations for impervious area in Section 2.6. The calculations are as follows:

New Roof Area (Home and Garage): ±2,228 square feet
New Driveway, Patio, Deck: ±225 square feet
TOTAL: ±2,453 square feet

This criterion is met.



8. CDC Chapter 28.090.C(2) – Site Plan with HCA Boundaries. Please provide a site plan that includes the existing HCA boundary shown by low, moderate, and high.

Response:

The Natural Resources Site Assessment Report provided to the City in the January 7, 2020 submittal, included an HCA Map as Figure 6 which shows the boundaries of the HCA. Attached as Attachment G, Figures 7 and 7A include a revised HCA map which includes the HCA Boundary by low, moderate, and/or high.

Also included in Exhibit G is a map from Metromap that identifies the subject property with the HCA boundaries. This criterion is met.

9. CDC Chapter 32.050.F(9) – Significant Trees. Please contact the City Arborist for a significant tree determination. If significant trees are on the subject property, please submit an updated existing conditions map and identify which are to be retained or removed. If no significant trees are on the subject property, an email from the City Arborist will be sufficient.

Response:

On March 31, 2020 Ron Jones, City Arborist, called AKS Engineering and Forestry and stated that there are no significant trees on the subject property, and he would send Mr. Wyss an email verifying the results of his Significant Tree Determination. We anticipate a formal response from Mr. Jones by the time this response is received by the City.

10. CDC Chapter 32.050.G(3) – Anchored Chain Link Fence. Please update Site Plans to show appropriate protection fencing for the WRA.

Response:

The revised Construction Management Plan included as Attachment C, Sheet P06, illustrates the anchored chain link fence around the WRA. This criterion is met.

11. CDC Chapter 32.050(H) – Mitigation Plan.

32.090(B) – Please specify whether all mitigation will be on subject property or some will be off-site as the submittal provides conflicting information.

Response:

All proposed mitigation will be located on the subject property (Tax Lot 802). The proposed Mitigation Plan includes on-site mitigation by restoring, creating, and enhancing the WRA located on the project site. Included in Attachment G, Figure 7, is a color map which illustrates the impact, mitigation, and WRA areas within the project boundaries. Those areas are further described as follows:

WRA Permanent Impacts: ±3,588 square feet
Native Planting Mitigation Area: ±5,000 square feet
WRA to Remain within Project Area: ±24,801 square feet

Total WRA in Project Area Excluding

Proposed Right-Of-Way: ±33,441 square feet

Moderate HCA to remain within

Project Area: ±24,464 square feet
Moderate HCA Impacts Beyond WRA: ±1,412 square feet



32.090(C) – Please submit calculations for required mitigation and an updated map showing locations.

Response:

The amount of mitigation required is based on the square footage of the permanent disturbance area, where 1-square-foot of created, enhanced, or restored area onsite is required for every square foot disturbed. The proposed on-site enhancement mitigation is ±5,000 square feet, which meets the City's 1:1 mitigation ratio requirement for a maximum disturbed area of 5,000 square feet.

A revised Natural Resources Site Plan included as Attachment G, Sheet 7A illustrates the locations of the mitigated area in color. This criterion is met.

32.090(E) – Please identify responsible parties for the mitigation plan and an implementation schedule including maintenance, monitoring, and reporting.

Response:

The revised WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications included as Attachment G, Page 2 states that monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner, and that plants that die must be replaced in kind. This statement is also included in the notes for the Maintenance and Monitoring Plan located in Attachment C, Preliminary WRA-HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Plan, Sheet P11. This criterion is met.

12. CDC Chapter 32.50(I) – Re-vegetation Plan. Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 32.100 that directly respond to the criteria.

32.100.A.3(a) – Please provide calculations.

Response:

Attachment C, Sheet P11 illustrates the plant calculations and coverage as follows:

REQUIRED:

Total disturbed area = 5,000 square feet divided by 500 = 10 10×5 trees = 50 trees 10×25 shrubs = 250 shrubs

PROPOSED:

50 trees 250 shrubs

The above calculations exceed the City's requirements in CDC Chapter 32.100 for revegetation. This criterion is met.

32.100.A.3(b) – Please provide a site plan showing the locations/distances of required plantings.

Response:

The revised WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications attached as Attachment G, Page 1, provides detailed planting specifications, including scientific name, common name, size, spacing and, quantities of all revegetation.

As requested, a revised map is included as Attachment C, Preliminary WRA-HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Plan, Sheet P11.



32.100.A(5 to 8) – Please identify responsible parties for monitoring/reporting of re-vegetated sites and who is responsible for weeding and replacement of dead plants.

Response:

The revised WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications included as Attachment G, Page 2 states that monitoring and reporting of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner, and that plants that die must be replaced in kind. This statement is also included in the notes for the Maintenance and Monitoring Plan located in Attachment C, Preliminary WRA-HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Plan, Sheet P11. This criterion is met.

13. Provide foundation plans certified by a professional engineer of no increase in base flood elevation (including impact from the deck).

Response:

Attachment E is a Preliminary/Conceptual Foundation Plan, prepared by Alan Mascord Design Associates and is intended to respond to planning related building information that is necessary for the requested land use permits. A new foundation plan will be provided to the City with the forthcoming Building Permit application and will include more specific detail with regard to foundation and home design. Such revised building plans will conform to all applicable criteria here.

Additionally, Attachment D includes a letter, prepared by a licensed professional engineer, attesting that cuts and fills across the site have been balanced and as such no net change to the flood elevation is expected.

Sincerely,

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

Zach Pelz, AICP 3700 River Road North, Suite 1 Keizer, OR 97303

503-400-6028 | PelzZ@aks-eng.com

Attachments:

- A: City of West Linn Email Approving PUE Vacation
- B: Copy of Recorded Easement 2019-6706
- C: Revised Preliminary Plans
- D: Certified Engineer Letter
- E: Preliminary Foundation Plan
- F: Revised Pre-Construction Elevation Certificate
- G: WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications
- H: City of West Linn Arborist Email
- I: Preliminary Stormwater Report
- J: City of West Linn Incomplete Letter Dated February 5, 2020



Attachment A: City of West Linn Email Approving PUE Vacation

From: Pepper, Amy
To: Rhonda Mackey

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Date: Wednesday, April 8, 2020 12:34:10 PM

Rhonda ~

I'll give you a call later this afternoon. I've already notified Darren that your application appears complete and I'm working on processing the paperwork on our end to have the easement vacated.

Amy

From: Rhonda Mackey [mailto:rhondam@aks-eng.com]

Sent: Tuesday, April 7, 2020 8:29 AM

To: Pepper, Amy <APepper@westlinnoregon.gov>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Good morning, Amy -

This follows up my voicemail I left this morning on your office phone.

We are finalizing responses to Darren's incompleteness items on the consolidated application for 9th Street and would like to include your findings with our submittal. I have a couple questions for you as well. Please call me at your earliest opportunity to discuss this project. I am currently working from home, so please call my cell at (503) 580-4723.

Thanks, Amy.

Rhonda M. Mackey Land Use Planning AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303

P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | <u>www.aks-eng.com</u> | <u>RhondaM@aks-eng.com</u>

Offices in: Bend, OR | Keizer, OR | Tualatin, OR | Vancouver, WA

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From: Rhonda Mackey

Sent: Tuesday, March 31, 2020 5:21 PM

To: 'Pepper, Amy' < <u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Good afternoon, Amy -

I wanted to check in with you on the progress for this decision. Do you have an estimated time that we could expect a decision on the PUE Vacation?

Rhonda M. Mackey

Land Use Planning

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303

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From: Rhonda Mackey

Sent: Thursday, March 26, 2020 1:09 PM

To: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Subject: FW: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Hi Amy -

I'm not sure what happened to Page 12, but it is attached for your reference.

As for Centurylink, according to Utiliquest and OregonOneCall, Centurylink is not in the service members listed for that area. They notified all utility companies that service the project area, which were Comcast, PGE, and NWN.

Rhonda M. Mackey

Land Use Planning

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From: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Sent: Thursday, March 26, 2020 9:43 AM

To: Rhonda Mackey <<u>rhondam@aks-eng.com</u>>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Rhonda ~

Page 12 of your submittal did not come through. It doesn't appear that a CenturyLink provided a release. Please confirm.

Thanks!

Amy

From: Rhonda Mackey [mailto:rhondam@aks-eng.com]

Sent: Thursday, March 26, 2020 9:11 AM

To: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Good morning, Amy -

I know that everywhere is short-staffed and crazy right now, but could you tell me when we could expect a decision on this PUE Vacation?

Rhonda M. Mackey Land Use Planning AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303
P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com | RhondaM@aks-eng.com
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From: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Sent: Tuesday, March 17, 2020 1:45 PM

To: Rhonda Mackey < rhondam@aks-eng.com>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

EXTERNAL EMAIL: This email originated from outside of AKS Engineering & Forestry. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Rhonda ~

Your submittal has been received. We are closed to the public now and trying to accommodate remote work schedules. Circumstances seem to be changing fairly rapidly, but the submittal has

been received.

Amy

From: Rhonda Mackey [mailto:rhondam@aks-eng.com]

Sent: Tuesday, March 17, 2020 1:43 PM

To: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Subject: FW: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Good afternoon, Amy -

I wanted to check in and make sure you received my email below. I know a lot of jurisdictions are closed and/or short staffed, but wanted to make sure you get this for your continued review. Please confirm receipt.

Thank you!

Rhonda M. Mackey Land Use Planning AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303

P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | <u>www.aks-eng.com</u> | <u>RhondaM@aks-eng.com</u>

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From: Rhonda Mackey

Sent: Thursday, March 12, 2020 1:52 PM

To: Pepper, Amy <<u>APepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Cc: Stacey Morrill < MorrillS@aks-eng.com>

Subject: 9th Street PUE Vacation / Response to Incompleteness

Good afternoon, Amy –

Attached for your review is our complete response to your January 15, 2020 incompleteness determination for the requested PUE vacation on Clackamas County Assessor's Map 31E02AC, Tax Lot 802. Included as Exhibit C is a copy of your letter for reference. If you have any questions, or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us. Otherwise, we look forward to receiving your comments/decision.

Sincerely,

Rhonda M. Mackey Land Use Planning



AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303
P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com | RhondaM@aks-eng.com

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Amy Pepper

Senior Project Engineer
Public Works

22500 Salamo Rd West Linn, Oregon 97068

apepper@westlinnoregon.gov

westlinnoregon.gov

503-722-3437



Please consider the impact on the environment before printing a paper copy of this email. This e-mail is subject to the State Retention Schedule and may be made available to the public

Attachment B: Copy of Recorded Easement 2019-6706

48

After Recording
Please Return To:
Thomas and Heather Farwell
1220 Ninth St.
West Linn, Oregon 97968

Clackamas County Official Records Sherry Hall, County Clerk

2019-006706

02206751201900067060080085

\$128.00

02/07/2019 02:37:48 PM

D-E Cnt=1 Stn=2 COUNTER3 \$40.00 \$16.00 \$62.00 \$10.00

PRIVATE ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT

RECITALS

- A. Parties (collectively referred to as the parties)
- (1) Persse

means: Andrew Persse and Kami Persse.

(2) Malibar

means: Malibar Group LLC, Retirement Plan FBO:

Roy Marvin

- B. Properties (collectively referred to as the properties)
 - (i) Persse parcel

means: Document No. 2018-075762 Clackamas County, State of Oregon

(ii) Malibar parcel

means: Document No. 2017-055155.

Excepting therefrom Parcel 1 and 2 of PP

Plat 2018- 07, Clackamas County, State of Oregon.

C. <u>Easement</u> means: a non-exclusive easement for access and utilities, over and across the following described property benefiting the Malibar Parcel and burdening the Persse Parcel:

The easement area is described in EXHBIT A and shown on EXHIBIT B

D. <u>Purpose</u> The parties intend, by this agreement, to establish an easement for access and utilities. This easement shall benefit the Malibar Parcel and burden the Persse Parcel.

AGREEMENTS

- 1. Consideration. The consideration for this agreement is non-monetary.
- 2. <u>Grant of Easement.</u> Persse grants to Malibar a non-exclusive easement for access and utilities over the Easement.

3. Maintenance:

- a.) Malibar shall be responsible for the maintenance in the Easement Area.
- b.) Malibar shall have the right to perform maintenance for the Easement over the following described exhibit A:

4. Additional Provisions:

1 L.

My Commission Expires _

- a.) Malibar agrees to save and hold Persse harmless from all claims of third parties arising from Malibar's use of the rights herein granted.
- 5. <u>Future owners.</u> This agreement shall run with, benefit and burden the properties and shall benefit and bind the parties and their respective successors in interest.
- 6. <u>Attornev Fees.</u> In the event of action, arbitration, litigation, or appeal to enforce any provision of this agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees and court costs.

Dated this 15T day of February 2019.		
GRANTOR		
Andrew Persse		
STATE OF OREGON, County of Clacka Mas	85.	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before February, 2019 by Andrew Persse.	me this 1st	_day of
11 00 11 0		OFFICIAL STAMP
Jacker Folen		OFFICIAL STAMP HEATHER KESTEN NOTARY PUBLIC-OREGON
Notary Public for Oregon		COMMISSION NO. 955533

10-19-20

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES OCTOBER 19, 2020

GRANTOR:	
Then	
Kami Persse	
STATE OF OREGON, County of Clackamas) ss.	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me the fermion of the company of	nis <u>15t</u> day of
Hatler Kasten To	OFFICIAL STAMP
Notary Public for Oregon My Commission Expires 10 - 19 - 20	HEATHER KESTEN NOTARY PUBLIC-OREGON COMMISSION NO. 955533 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 007503

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100, Tualatin, OR 97062

12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100, Tualatin, P: (503) 563-6151 F: (503) 563-6152 AKS Job #5926

OFFICES IN: TUALATIN, OR - VANCOUVER, WA - SALEM-KEIZER, OR

EXHIBIT A

Easement Description

A portion of vacated right-of-way, located in the Northeast One-Quarter of Section 2, Township 3 South, Range 1 East, Willamette Meridian, City of West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon, and being more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the southeasterly corner of Lot D, Tract 21 of the plat "Willamette & Tualatin Tracts", Plat No. 198, Clackamas County Plat Records, also being the intersection of the northerly right-of-way line of vacated 3rd Avenue (20.00 feet from centerline) and the westerly right-of-way line, South 22°19'40" East 20.00 feet to the centerline of said vacated 3rd Avenue; thence along said centerline, South 67°37'35" West 254.41 feet; thence leaving said centerline, North 22°19'40" West 20.00 feet to the northerly right-of-way line of said vacated 3rd Avenue (20.00 feet from centerline); thence along said northerly right-of-way line, North 67°37'35" East 254.41 feet to the Point of Beginning.

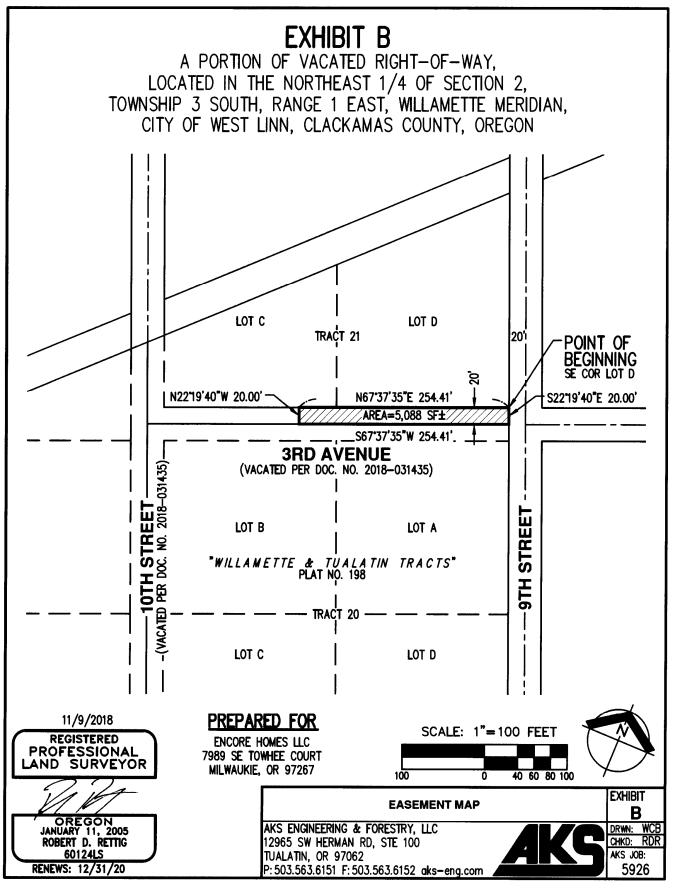
The above described tract of land contains 5,088 square feet, more or less.

11/9/2018

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR

COREGON
JANUARY 11, 2005
ROBERT D. RETTIG
60124LS

RENEWS: 12/31/18



Attached for Legiblity Purposes

After Recording Please Return To: Thomas and Heather Farwell 1220 Ninth St. West Linn, Oregon 97968

PRIVATE ACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT

		RECITALS
A.	Parties (collectively re	eferred to as the parties)
(1) (2)	Persse Malibar	means: Andrew Persse and Kami Persse. means: Malibar Group LLC, Retirement Plan FBO: Roy Marvin
В.	<u>Properties</u> (collectively	y referred to as the properties)
	(i) Persse parcel	means: Document No. 2018-075762 Clackamas County, State of Oregon
	(ii) Malibar parcel Plat 2018-	means: Document No. 2017-055155, Excepting therefrom Parcel 1 and 2 of Pl _, Clackamas County, State of Oregon.
C.		on-exclusive easement for access and utilities, over and escribed property benefiting the Malibar Parcel and Parcel:
	The easement area is o	lescribed in EXHBIT A and shown on EXHIBIT B
D.		ntend, by this agreement, to establish an easement for his easement shall benefit the Malibar Parcel and burden

AGREEMENTS

6

- 1. Consideration. The consideration for this agreement is non-monetary.
- 2. Grant of Easement. Persse grants to Malibar a non-exclusive easement for access and utilities over the Easement.

3. Maintenance:

- a.) Malibar shall be responsible for the maintenance in the Easement Area.
- b.) Malibar shall have the right to perform maintenance for the Easement over the following described exhibit A:

4. Additional Provisions:

- a.) Malibar agrees to save and hold Persse harmless from all claims of third parties arising from Malibar's use of the rights herein granted.
- 5. Future owners. This agreement shall run with, benefit and burden the properties and shall benefit and bind the parties and their respective successors in interest.
- 6. Attorney Fees. In the event of action, arbitration, litigation, or appeal to enforce any provision of this agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees and court costs.

Dated this	_day of	2019.	
GRANTOR:			
Andrew Persse			
STATE OF OREC	GON, County of) ss.	
The foregoing inst	rument was acknowl , 2019 by And	edged before me this lrew Persse.	day of
Notary Public for (O		

GRANTOR:	
Kami Persse	
STATE OF OREGON, County of) ss.	
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this, 2019 by Kami Persse.	day of
Notary Public for Oregon My Commission Expires	



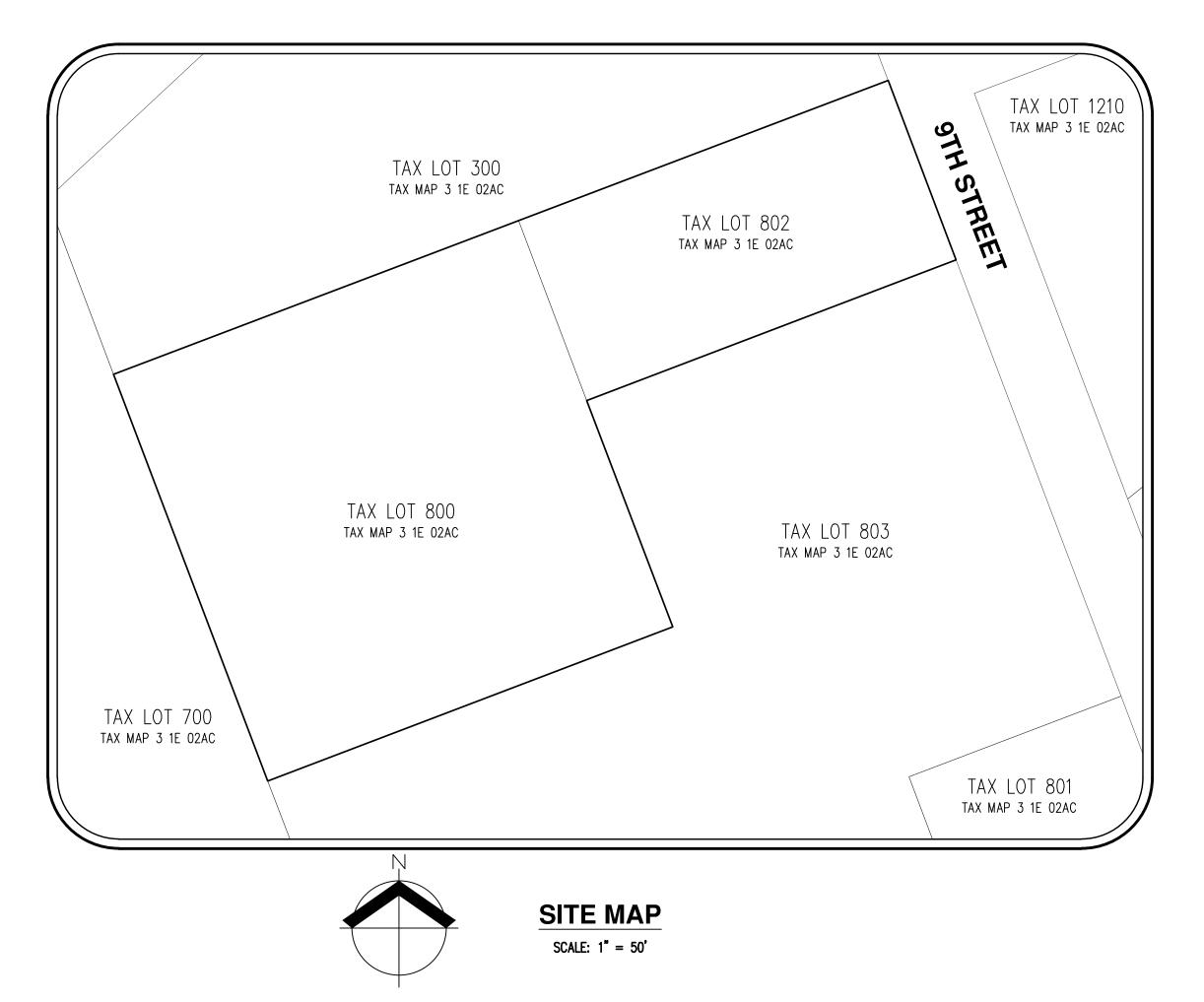
Attachment C: Revised Preliminary Plans

9TH STREET CONSOLIDATED LAND USE APPLICATION

PROJECT LOCATION PROJECT LOCATION WILLAME TE MIVER WILLAME TO SCALE

LEGEND PROPOSED DECIDUOUS TREE STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN **CONIFEROUS TREE** STORM DRAIN MANHOLE FIRE HYDRANT GAS METER WATER BLOWOFF WATER METER GUY WIRE ANCHOR WATER VALVE UTILITY POLE DOUBLE CHECK VALVE P POWER VAULT AIR RELEASE VALVE POWER JUNCTION BOX SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT O POWER PEDESTAL SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE С COMMUNICATIONS JUNCTION BOX STREET LIGHT COMMUNICATIONS RISER MAILBOX **EXISTING** <u>PROPOSED</u> RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE **BOUNDARY LINE** PROPERTY LINE CENTERLINE DITCH CURB EDGE OF PAVEMENT **EASEMENT** FENCE LINE GRAVEL EDGE POWER LINE OVERHEAD WIRE COMMUNICATIONS LIN FIBER OPTIC LINE GAS LINE STORM DRAIN LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE

PRELIMINARY PLANS



APPLICANT:

MALIBAR GROUP, LLC 615 NW TERRITORIAL ROAD CANBY, OR 97013

PLANNING/CIVIL ENGINEERING/SURVEYING/ LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE/ARBORISTS (APPLICANT'S CONSULTANT):

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN ROAD, SUITE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 CONTACT: JONATHON MORSE/ZACH PELZ

PHONE: (503) 563–6151 FAX: (503) 563–6152

SITE LOCATION AND ZONING:

CLACKAMAS COUNTY ASSESSOR'S MAP 3 1E 2AC TAX LOT 802 WEST LINN, OR 97068 ZONING: R10

SITE DESCRIPTION:

TAX LOT 800 AND 802, CLACKAMAS COUNTY ASSESSOR'S MAP 3
1E 2AC. LOCATED IN THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4
OF SECTION 2, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 1 EAST, WILLAMETTE
MERIDIAN, CITY OF WEST LINN, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON.

PROJECT PURPOSE:

PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES OVERLAY PERMIT, AND ASSOCIATED FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS.

BENCHMARK:

VERTICAL DATUM: ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NGS BENCHMARK NO. RD1501, LOCATED ON HWY 99E ELEVATION = 81.25 FEET (NAVD 88).

SHEET INDEX

PO1 COVER SHEET WITH VICINITY AND SITE MAP

PO2 EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN

PO3 PRELIMINARY PLA PLAN WITH BUILDING SETBACKS

PO4 PRELIMINARY DEMOLITION AND GRADING PLAN

PO5 PRELIMINARY CUT AND FILL MAP

PO6 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT PLAN

PO7 PRELIMINARY COMPOSITE UTILITY AND SITE PLAN

PO8 PRELIMINARY STREET PLAN

PO9 PRELIMINARY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH PLAN

P10 PRELIMINARY STREET TREE AND STORMWATER FACILITY PLANTING PLAN

P11 PRELIMINARY WRA-HCA MITIGATION ENHANCEMENT PLANTING PLAN

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC
12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100
TUALATIN, OR 97062
503.563.6151
WWW.AKS-ENG.COM
ENGINEERING · SURVEYING · NATURAL RESOURCES
FORESTRY · PLANNING · LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

COVER SHEET WITH VICINITY AND SITE MAP 9TH STREET CONSOLIDATED LAND USE APPLICATION

RENEWAL DATE: 12/31/20

P01

DESIGNED BY:

CHECKED BY:

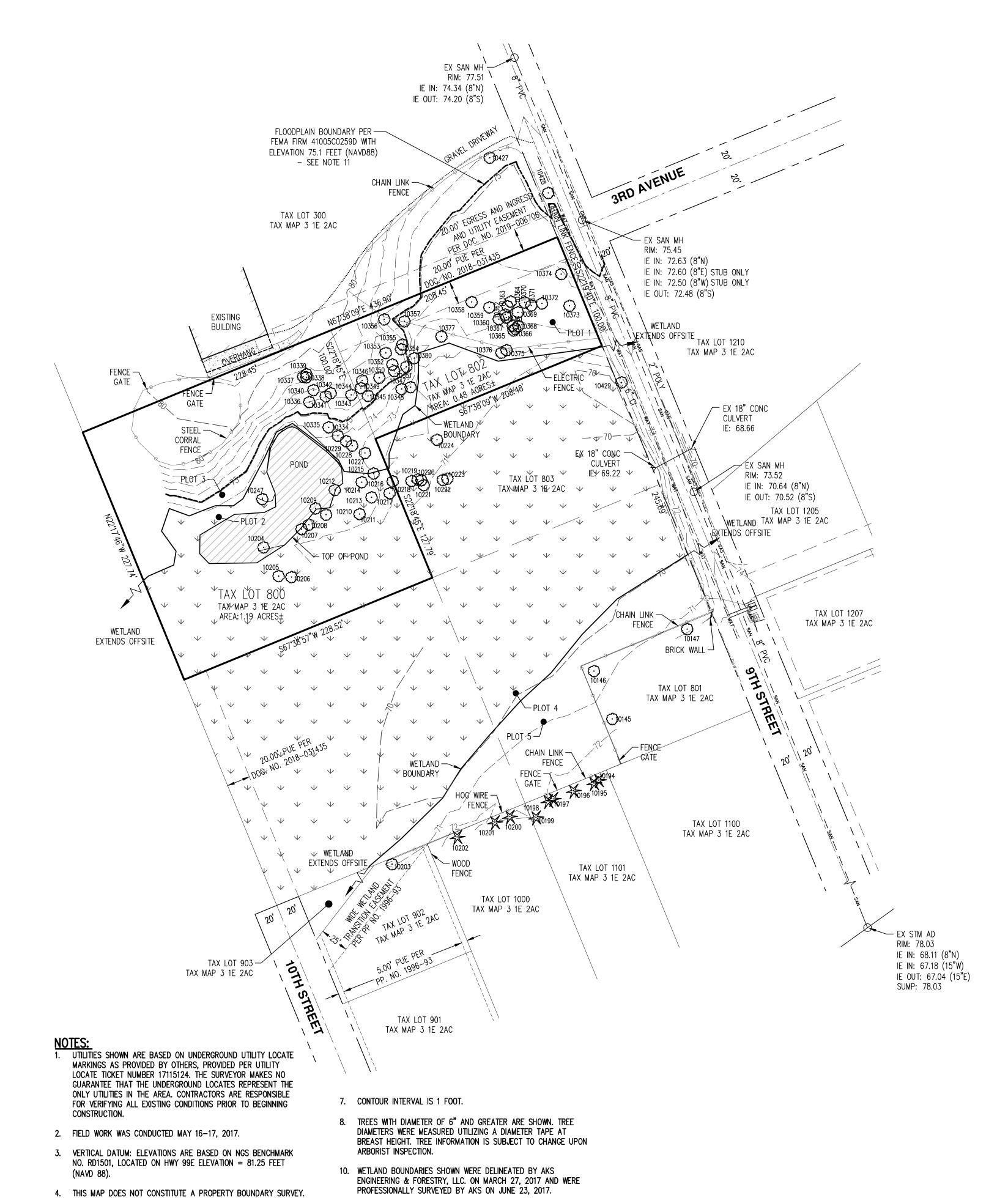
04/21/2020 APC & LTP

5. SURVEY IS ONLY VALID WITH SURVEYOR'S STAMP AND SIGNATURE.

6. BUILDING FOOTPRINTS ARE MEASURED TO SIDING UNLESS NOTED

BUILDING TIES.

OTHERWISE. CONTACT SURVEYOR WITH QUESTIONS REGARDING



11. SUBJECT PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE

(ELEVATION 75.1 – NAVD88) ARE IN ZONE AE.

MAP (FIRM) 41005C0259D WITH AN EFFECTIVE DATE OF JUNE 17, 2008. PORTIONS OF PROPERTY BELOW THE BASE FLOOD ELEVATION

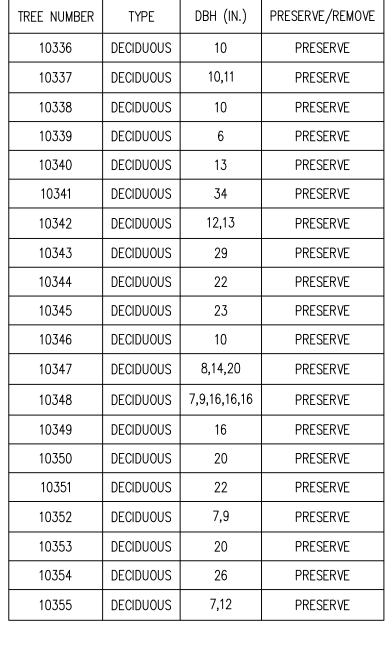
TREE TABLE				
TREE NUMBER	TYPE	DBH (IN.)	PRESERVE/REMOVE	
10145	DECIDUOUS	9	PRESERVE	
10146	DECIDUOUS	8	PRESERVE	
10147	DECIDUOUS	8	PRESERVE	
10194	CONIFEROUS	22	PRESERVE	
10195	CONIFEROUS	22	PRESERVE	
10196	CONIFEROUS	16	PRESERVE	
10197	CONIFEROUS	14	PRESERVE	
10198	CONIFEROUS	24	PRESERVE	
10199	CONIFEROUS	48	PRESERVE	
10200	CONIFEROUS	28	PRESERVE	
10201	CONIFEROUS	18,18,18	PRESERVE	
10202	CONIFEROUS	60	PRESERVE	
10203	DECIDUOUS	16	PRESERVE	
10204	DECIDUOUS	13	PRESERVE	
10205	DECIDUOUS	47	PRESERVE	
10206	DECIDUOUS	20	PRESERVE	
10207	DECIDUOUS	12	PRESERVE	
10208	DECIDUOUS	12	PRESERVE	
10209	DECIDUOUS	5,6	PRESERVE	
10210	DECIDUOUS	14	PRESERVE	

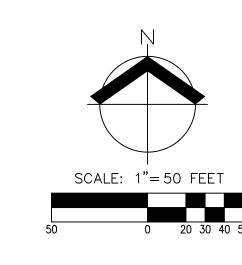
TREE TABLE			
TREE NUMBER	TYPE	DBH (IN.)	PRESERVE/REMOVE
10356	DECIDUOUS	20	PRESERVE
10357	DECIDUOUS	9	PRESERVE
10358	DECIDUOUS	42	REMOVE
10359	DECIDUOUS	28	REMOVE
10360	DECIDUOUS	17	REMOVE
10361	DECIDUOUS	11	REMOVE
10362	DECIDUOUS	8	REMOVE
10363	DECIDUOUS	11	REMOVE
10364	DECIDUOUS	15	REMOVE
10365	DECIDUOUS	19	REMOVE
10366	DECIDUOUS	12	REMOVE
10367	DECIDUOUS	7	REMOVE
10368	DECIDUOUS	7,7,12	REMOVE
10369	DECIDUOUS	7	REMOVE
10370	DECIDUOUS	6,11,13	REMOVE
10371	DECIDUOUS	6,14,15	REMOVE
10372	DECIDUOUS	7	REMOVE
10373	DECIDUOUS	19	REMOVE
10374	DECIDUOUS	20	REMOVE
10375	DECIDUOUS	8,10	PRESERVE

TREE TABLE			
TREE NUMBER	TYPE	DBH (IN.)	PRESERVE/REMOVE
10211	DECIDUOUS	40	PRESERVE
10212	DECIDUOUS	6,7	PRESERVE
10213	DECIDUOUS	20	PRESERVE
10214	DECIDUOUS	22	PRESERVE
10215	DECIDUOUS	29	PRESERVE
10216	DECIDUOUS	5,7,8	PRESERVE
10217	DECIDUOUS	6,7	PRESERVE
10218	DECIDUOUS	5,6,9	PRESERVE
10219	DECIDUOUS	8	PRESERVE
10220	DECIDUOUS	6	PRESERVE
10221	DECIDUOUS	5,7	PRESERVE
10222	DECIDUOUS	6	PRESERVE
10223	DECIDUOUS	5,6	PRESERVE
10224	DECIDUOUS	13	PRESERVE
10227	DECIDUOUS	7,7,9	PRESERVE
10228	DECIDUOUS	8,8,9	PRESERVE
10229	DECIDUOUS	8,11	PRESERVE
10247	DECIDUOUS	15	PRESERVE
10334	DECIDUOUS	8,9	PRESERVE
10335	DECIDUOUS	7,8,8,9	PRESERVE

TREE TABLE					
TREE NUMBER	TYPE	DBH (IN.)	PRESERVE/REMOVE		
10376	DECIDUOUS	12	PRESERVE		
10377	DECIDUOUS	9,11	PRESERVE		
10380	DECIDUOUS	6	PRESERVE		
10427	DECIDUOUS	22	PRESERVE		
10428	DECIDUOUS	34	PRESERVE		
10429	DECIDUOUS	6,6,8,8	PRESERVE		
	10376 10377 10380 10427 10428	TREE NUMBER TYPE 10376 DECIDUOUS 10377 DECIDUOUS 10380 DECIDUOUS 10427 DECIDUOUS 10428 DECIDUOUS	TREE NUMBER TYPE DBH (IN.) 10376 DECIDUOUS 12 10377 DECIDUOUS 9,11 10380 DECIDUOUS 6 10427 DECIDUOUS 22 10428 DECIDUOUS 34		

TREE TABLE				
TREE NUMBER	TYPE	DBH (IN.)	PRESERVE/REMOVE	
10336	DECIDUOUS	10	PRESERVE	
10337	DECIDUOUS	10,11	PRESERVE	
10338	DECIDUOUS	10	PRESERVE	
10339	DECIDUOUS	6	PRESERVE	
10340	DECIDUOUS	13	PRESERVE	
10341	DECIDUOUS	34	PRESERVE	
10342	DECIDUOUS	12,13	PRESERVE	
10343	DECIDUOUS	29	PRESERVE	
10344	DECIDUOUS	22	PRESERVE	
10345	DECIDUOUS	23	PRESERVE	
10346	DECIDUOUS	10	PRESERVE	
10347	DECIDUOUS	8,14,20	PRESERVE	
10348	DECIDUOUS	7,9,16,16,16	PRESERVE	
10349	DECIDUOUS	16	PRESERVE	
10350	DECIDUOUS	20	PRESERVE	
10351	DECIDUOUS	22	PRESERVE	
10352	DECIDUOUS	7,9	PRESERVE	
10353	DECIDUOUS	20	PRESERVE	
10354	DECIDUOUS	26	PRESERVE	
10355	DECIDUOUS	7,12	PRESERVE	







OREGON JANUARY 11, 2005 ROBERT D. RETTIG

RENEWS: 12/31/20

12/17/2019

APC &

JOB NUMBER:

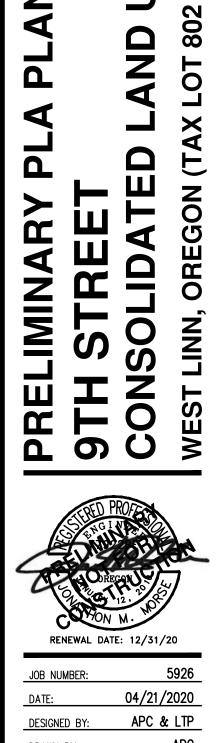
DESIGNED BY:

DRAWN BY:

WAP-20-02 Page 31 of 397



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WAP-20-02 Page 32 of 397



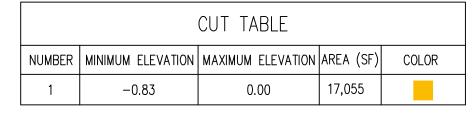
PRELIMINARY DEMOLITION AND GRADING PLAN
9TH STREET
CONSOLIDATED LAND USE APPLICATION

802

LOT

LINN, OREGON

WAP-20-02 Page 33 of 397



FILL TABLE						
NUMBER	MINIMUM ELEVATION	MAXIMUM ELEVATION	AREA (SF)	COLOR		
2	0.00	1.00	558			
3	1.00	2.00	806			
4	2.00	3.00	3,689			
5	3.00	4.00	222			

NOTE:
CUT AND FILL DEPTHS SHOWN ARE
PRELIMINARY AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

CUT AND FILL VOLUMES SUMMARY: TAX LOT 802:

*CUT VOLUME: **FILL VOLUME:

230± C.Y. 750± C.Y. 520± C.Y. (FILL)

NET VOLUME: TAX LOT 803: CUT VOLUME:

520± C.Y. 0 C.Y. FILL VOLUME: NET VOLUME: 520± C.Y. (CUT)

*INCLUDES STRIPING VOLUME.

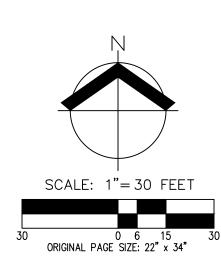
**FILL ON TAX LOT 802 TO BE BALANCED WITH CUT ON TAX LOT 803.

DISTURBED AREAS SUMMARY:

TAX LOT 802:

PERMANENTLY DISTURBED AREA IN WRA: 3,588± SF
TOTAL DISTURBED AREA: 5,000± SF

TAX LOT 803: TOTAL TEMPORARILY DISTURBED AREA: 17,055± SF





WEST LINN, OREGON (TAX LOT 802

RENEWAL DATE: 12/31/20 JOB NUMBER:

04/21/2020 APC & LTP DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY:

WAP-20-02 Page 34 of 397



MANAGEMEN CON

WEST LINN, OREGON (TAX LOT 802 9TH CON

AND U

ED

RENEWAL DATE: 12/31/20 04/21/2020 APC & LTP DESIGNED BY:

DRAWN BY:

WAP-20-02 Page 35 of 397



AN SITE PL/ AND COMPOSI **PRELIMINARY**

LINN, OREGON (TAX LOT 802 9TH CON RENEWAL DATE: 12/31/20

04/21/2020 DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY:

WAP-20-02 Page 36 of 397



STREET 9TH STREET CONSOLIDATED I





PRELIMINARY PLANT SCHEDULE - STREET TREES

STREET TREES	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE/CONTAINER	<u>SPACING</u>
	2	ACER GRANDIDENTATUM 'SCHMIDT'	ROCKY MOUNTAIN GLOW MAPLE	2" CAL. B&B	AS SHOWN
GROUND COVERS	<u>QTY</u>	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE/CONTAINER	<u>SPACING</u>
	98	ARCTOSTAPHYLOS UVA-URSI	KINNIKINNICK	1 GAL CONT	24" o.c.

PRELIMINARY PLANT SCHEDULE - STORMWATER PLANTER

<u>SHRUBS</u>	<u>QTY</u>	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE/CONTAINER	<u>SPACING</u>
\bigcirc	20	CORNUS SERICEA 'KELSEYI'	KELSEY DOGWOOD	1 GAL CONT.	24" o.c.
	4	PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIUS 'COPPERTINA'	COPPERTINA NINEBARK	3 GAL CONT.	48" o.c.
HERBACEOUS PLANTS	<u>QTY</u>	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE/CONTAINER	<u>SPACING</u>
፟	23	JUNCUS PATENS 'ELK BLUE'	SPREADING RUSH	1 GAL CONT.	15" o.c.
+++++ +++++ +++++ +++++ +++++ ++++++	103	CAREX OBNUPTA	SLOUGH SEDGE	1 GAL CONT	15" o.c.

GENERAL NOTES

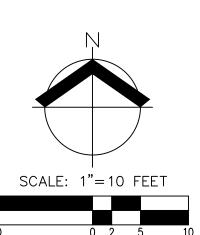
- ROCKY MOUNTAIN GLOW MAPLE (TYP)

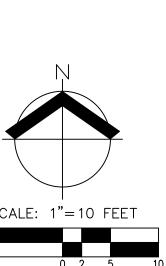
- KINNIKINNICK (TYP)

NEW FENCE, REFER TO -ENGINEERING PLANS

- SUBSTITUTIONS TO PLANTINGS, INCLUDING CHANGES TO LOCATION, QUANTITIES, SPECIES, SIZES, SPACING, ETC. MAY BE MADE WHERE ALLOWED BY CITY OF WEST LINN DESIGN STANDARDS, PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

- EXCLUDING STORMWATER PLANTER, TAKING CARE NOT TO COVER FOLIAGE OR BURY ROOT CROWNS OF PLANT MATERIAL.
- 5. ALL PLANTS AND PLANTINGS WITHIN THE STORMWATER PLANTER SHALL CONFORM TO STORMWATER DESIGN STANDARDS AS ADOPTED BY CITY OF WEST LINN AND TO AMERICAN NURSERY STANDARDS (ANSI Z60.1). PLANTINGS SHOULD PREFERABLY BE INSTALLED BETWEEN FEBRUARY 1 AND MAY 1 OR BETWEEN OCTOBER 1 AND NOVEMBER 15. IF PLANTING OCCURS DURING OTHER TIMES OF THE YEAR, ADDITIONAL MEASURES, SUCH AS DEEP WATERING, MAY BE NECESSARY TO ENSURE PLANT
- 6. SOIL PLACEMENT AND PLANTING SHALL OCCUR IN CONDITIONS THAT DO NOT RESULT IN OVER-COMPACTION OR EROSION, SATURATED SOIL OR OTHER CONDITIONS SUCH AS FREEZING OR ABOVE AVERAGE TEMPERATURES, RAINY CONDITIONS, ETC. SOIL SHALL BE IN FRIABLE (WORKABLE) CONDITION WHEN PLACED. FINISH GRADE OF NEW PLANTING AREAS SHALL SEAMLESSLY MEET FINISH GRADE SET IN GRADING PLANS.
- TEMPORARY IRRIGATION HAND WATERING, OR OTHER METHODS OF IRRIGATION FOR NEW PLANTS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR 2 YEARS OR UNTIL ESTABLISHED.
- 8. STORMWATER PLANTER IS TO BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION, FREE OF WEEDS AND OTHER INVASIVE SPECIES.





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— FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY

TAX LOT 802

TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

WETLAND BOUNDARY (TYP) -

_ EXISTING FENCE TO REMAIN (TYP) -

TAX LOT 300 TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

WAP-20-02 Page 38 of 397

TAX LOT 803 TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

SLOUGH SEDGE (TYP) -

BOUNDARY SETBACK

ELK BLUE SPREADING RUSH (TYP)

STORMWATER PLANTER =

EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREE TO REMAIN

DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY:

04/21/2020

KAH/TEB

04/21/2020

DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY:

PLAN

Tax Lots 800 & 803 West Linn -**WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications**

Planting specifications for the enhancement of 5,000 square feet of on-site enhancement area.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Size*	Spacing/Seeding Rate	Quantity
Scientific Name	Trees (total 50)		Nate	Quantity
Alnus rubra	red alder	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	25
Populus balsamifera	Balsam poplar	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	25
	Sh	rubs (total 250)		
Acer circinatum	vine maple	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50
Holodiscus discolor	oceanspray	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50
Sambucus racemose	red elderberry	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50
Symphoricarpos albus	snowberry	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50
Rosa gymnocarpa	baldhip rose	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50
		Seed Mix		
Agrostis exarata	spike bent grass	seed	1 lb pls/acre	As needed for bare-soil
Glyceria elata	tall manna-grass	seed	2 lbs pls/acre	areas >25 square feet
*Bare-root plants may b	e substituted for containei	plants based o	n availability. If bare-i	root plants are used, they

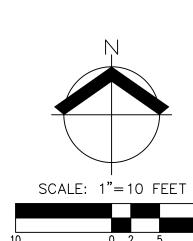
must be planted during the late winter/early spring dormancy period.

Planting Notes (per City of West Linn Community Development Code (CDC) Chapter 32, Water Resource Area Protection, Section 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements):

- 1) Plantings should preferably be installed between December 1 and February 28 for bare roots and seeds and between October 15 and April 30 for containers.
- 2) Tree plantings must be at least 0.5 inches in caliper measured at 6 inches above the ground level or soil line. Shrub plantings must be in at least a 1-gallon container, or the equivalent in ball and burlap, and must be at least 12 inches in height. All plantings must be selected from the Portland Plant List.
- 3) All non-native, invasive, or noxious vegetation shall be removed from mitigation planting area prior to installing native enhancement plantings. Invasive species control shall continue throughout the maintenance period.
- 4) Irrigation may be necessary for the survival of the enhancement plantings. Irrigation or other water practices (i.e., polymer plus watering) are recommended during the three-year monitoring period following planting. Watering shall be provided at a rate of at least 1 inch per week between June 15 and October 15.
- 5) Plantings shall be mulched a minimum of 3 inches in depth and 18 inches in diameter to retain moisture and discourage weed growth around newly installed plant material.
- 6) When weather or other conditions prohibit planting according to schedule, the applicant will ensure that disturbed areas are correctly protected with erosion control measures and provide the City with funds in the amount of 125% of a bid from a recognized landscaper or nursery to cover the cost of the plant materials, installation, and any follow-up maintenance. Once the planting conditions are favorable, the applicant will proceed with the plantings and receive the funds back from the City upon completion, or the City will complete the plantings using those
- 7) Temporarily disturbed portions of lot 803 (necessary to balance fill on lot 802) will be restored and revegetated per 32.090.A

Maintenance and Monitoring Plan

- 1) Monitoring and Reporting: The City requires a three-year maintenance period for the WRA mitigation enhancement area. Monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner. Plants that die must be replaced in kind.
- 2) Plant Survival: The City's success criterion for WRA enhancement is 80% survival of tree and shrub plantings expected by the third anniversary of the date the mitigation planting was installed. If any mortality is noted on the site, the factor likely to have caused mortality of the plantings is to be determined and corrected if possible. If survival falls below 80% at any time during the three-year maintenance period, the plantings shall be replaced and other corrective measures, such as mulching or irrigation, may need to be implemented.



WAP-20-02 Page 39 of 397

TAX LOT 803 TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

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— FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY

TAX LOT 802

TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

 $\stackrel{ op}{\sim}$ wra/hca mitigation enhancement planting area (TYP):

E

WETLAND BOUNDARY (TYP)

TAX LOT 300 TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC

EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREE TO REMAIN (TYP)

STORMWATER PLANTER, REFER TO — SHEET P10 FOR PLANTING PLAN

15' WETLAND **BOUNDARY SETBACK** **Attachment D:** Certified Engineer Letter

April 16, 2020

AKS

Darren Wyss Associate Planner City of West Linn 22500 Salamo Road West Linn, OR 97068

RE: WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01 Floodplain Carrying Capacity

Darren

This letter is intended to provide preliminary certification that the conceptual improvements associated with the above-mentioned application will maintain flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.

The subject site consists of Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803, Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 2AC, located approximately 500 feet north of the intersection of Volpp Street and 9th Street in West Linn. The site topography generally slopes toward the wetland in the central area of the site with slopes varying from 0% to ±25%. The floodplain boundary was determined per FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map 41005C0259D with a base flood elevation of 75.1 feet (NAVD88), and portions of the property below the base flood elevation are in zone AE. The floodplain boundary running through the northern portion of the site was located based on a topographic survey performed by AKS Engineering & Forestry May 16-17, 2017.

Based on a preliminary cut/fill analysis, the conceptual site improvements will achieve a balanced cut/fill condition within the floodplain. Any new fills associated with on-site improvements that fall within the floodplain will be offset by cuts located on the south side of Tax Lot 803.

During the building permit application process, the new home's crawlspace will be designed per all applicable FEMA and City of West Linn requirements for improvements within the floodplain. A final cut/fill analysis will be performed at this time to verify that improvements within the floodplain will result in a net cut/fill balance.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

Jonathon Morse, PE 12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100 Tualatin, OR 97062

503-563-6151 | <u>jonm@aks-eng.com</u>

OREGON OREGON OREGON ATTHOUGH THON M.

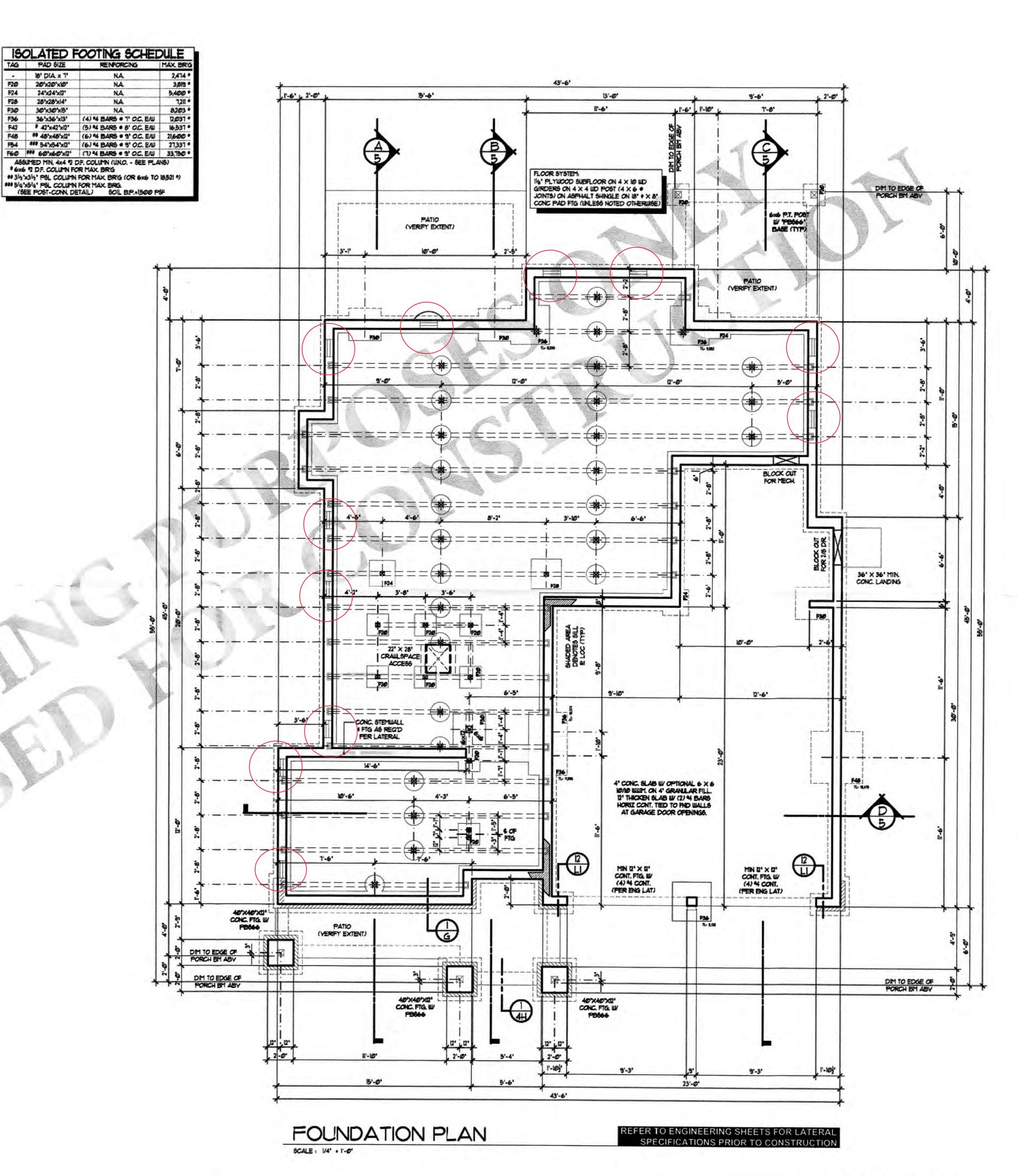
RENEWAL DATE: 12/31/20

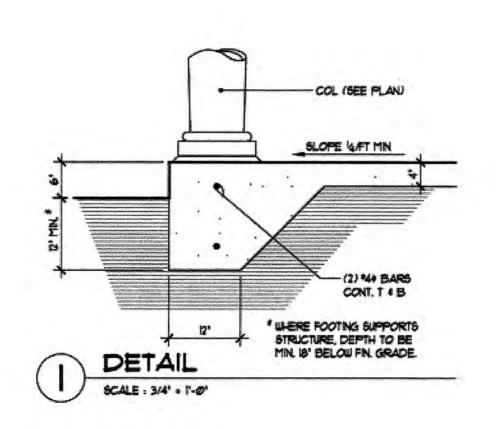
Attachment E: Preliminary Foundation Plan

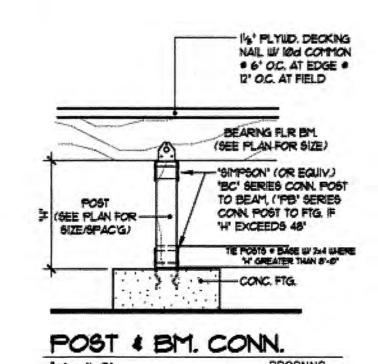


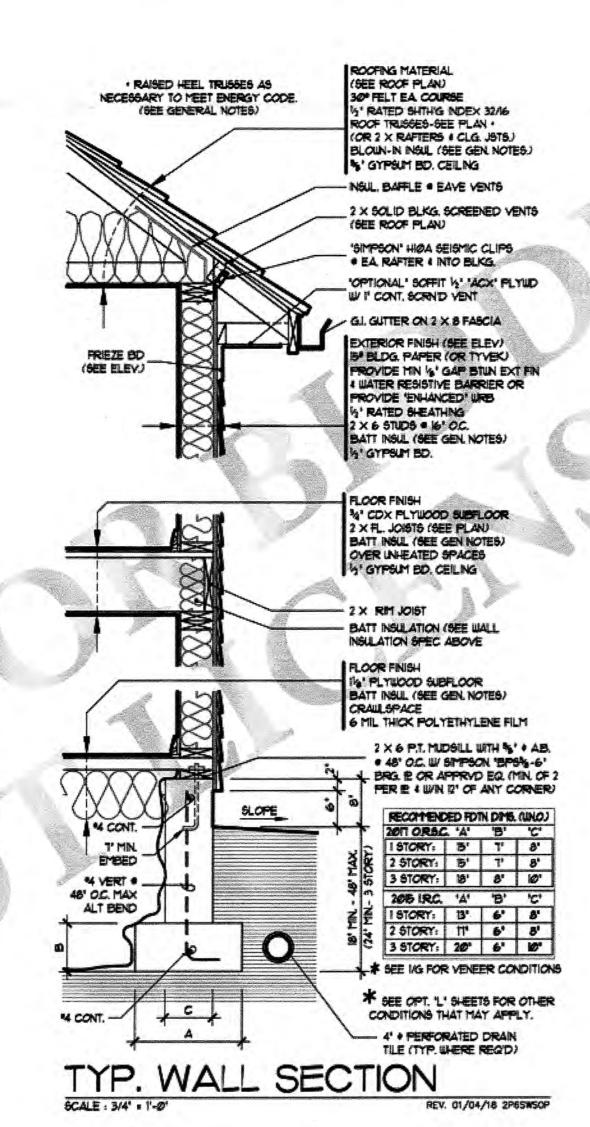


25# SNOW LOAD









Attachment F: Revised Pre-Construction Elevation Certificate

OMB No. 1660-0008

Expiration Date: November 30, 2022

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

Important: Follow the instructions on pages 1-9.

Copy all pages of this Elevation Certificate and all attachments for (1) community official, (2) insurance agent/company, and (3) building owner.

SECTION A – PROPERTY INFORMATION						FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE		
A1. Building Owner's Name Malibar Group, LLC	Policy Num	ber:						
A2. Building Street Address (Box No. No Site Address	Company N	AIC Number:						
City West Linn	1600.1.A							
A3. Property Description (Lot and Block Numbers, Tax Parcel Number, Legal Description, etc.) Tax Lot 802, Clackamas County Tax Map 3 1E 2AC								
A4. Building Use (e.g., Residential, Non-Residential, Addition, Accessory, etc.) Residential								
A5. Latitude/Longitude: Lat.	45.342073	Long1	22.647541	Horizonta	Datum: NAD 1	1927 × NAD 1983		
A6. Attach at least 2 photogra	aphs of the building if the	e Certific	ate is being u	sed to obtain floor	d insurance.			
A7. Building Diagram Numbe	r8_							
A8. For a building with a craw	space or enclosure(s):							
a) Square footage of cra	wlspace or enclosure(s)		1	207.00 sq ft				
b) Number of permanent	flood openings in the cr	awlspace	e or enclosure	e(s) within 1.0 foot	above adjacent gra	ade 11		
c) Total net area of flood	c) Total net area of flood openings in A8.b 1300.00 sq in							
d) Engineered flood openings? 🗵 Yes 🗌 No								
A9. For a building with an atta	A9. For a building with an attached garage:							
a) Square footage of attached garage 659.00 sq ft								
b) Number of permanent flood openings in the attached garage within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade 0								
c) Total net area of flood openings in A9.b 0.00 sq in								
d) Engineered flood openings? Yes No								
a, anguitores nood openings.								
SECTION B - FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION								
B1. NFIP Community Name 8 City of West Linn 410024	B2. County Name Clackamas County			B3. State Oregon				
B4. Map/Panel B5. Suffix Number	B6. FIRM Index		 RM Panel ective/	B8. Flood Zone(s)	B9. Base Flood E			
41005C0259 D	01-18-2019		vised Date	AE	75.1	e Base i loca Bepaily		
4100000200	01 10 20 10	00 17 2		/	70.1			
B10. Indicate the source of the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) data or base flood depth entered in Item B9:								
□ FIRM □ Community Determined □ Other/Source: □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □								
B11. Indicate elevation datum used for BFE in Item B9: NGVD 1929 NAVD 1988 Other/Source:								
B12. Is the building located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)? Yes No								
Designation Date: CBRS DPA								
		WAD 20	02 Page 45 of	1 207				

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expiration Date: November 30, 2022

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the correspondi	ng information from Sec	tion A.	FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE		
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. No Site Address			Policy Number:		
	tate ZIP	Code	Company NAIC Number		
West Linn O	Pregon 9706	88			
SECTION C – BUILDING E	LEVATION INFORMAT	ION (SURVEY RE	EQUIRED)		
C1. Building elevations are based on:		ding Under Construng is complete.	ction*		
C2. Elevations – Zones A1–A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1–V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1–A30, AR/AH, AR/AO. Complete Items C2.a–h below according to the building diagram specified in Item A7. In Puerto Rico only, enter meters.					
Benchmark Utilized: NGS NO. RD1501	Vertical Datum:	NAVD 88			
Indicate elevation datum used for the elevations in	n items a) through h) belo	w.			
☐ NGVD 1929 ☐ NAVD 1988 ☐ Other	r/Source:				
Datum used for building elevations must be the sa	ame as that used for the B	FE.	Check the measurement used.		
a) Top of bottom floor (including basement, crawl	enace or enclosure floor		74.2 × feet meters		
	space, or enclosure floor,		76.2 ⋉ feet meters		
b) Top of the next higher floor		35			
 Bottom of the lowest horizontal structural mem 	ber (V Zones only)	(a	N/A feet meters		
d) Attached garage (top of slab)		81	74.2 X feet meters		
 e) Lowest elevation of machinery or equipment so (Describe type of equipment and location in Co 	ervicing the building omments)		76.2 X feet meters		
f) Lowest adjacent (finished) grade next to building	ng (LAG)		74.2 X feet meters		
g) Highest adjacent (finished) grade next to build	ing (HAG)	<u>.</u>	75.7 X feet meters		
 h) Lowest adjacent grade at lowest elevation of d structural support 	eck or stairs, including	9	N/A feet meters		
SECTION D - SURVEYO	R, ENGINEER, OR ARC	HITECT CERTIF	ICATION		
This certification is to be signed and sealed by a land so I certify that the information on this Certificate representatement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment	nts my best efforts to inter under 18 U.S. Code, Sec	pret the data availa tion 1001. —	law to certify elevation information. sble. I understand that any false		
Were latitude and longitude in Section A provided by a		⊠Yes □ No	Check here if attachments.		
Certifier's Name Benjamin Huff	License Number 84738PLS		REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL		
Title Land Surveyor			LAND SURVEYOR		
Company Name AKS Engineering and Forestry			Banjain R. Huff		
Address 12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100			OREGON MARCH 14, 2017 BENJAMIN R HUFF		
City	State	ZIP Code	84738PLS		
Tualatin	Oregon	97062	RENEWS: 6/30/21		
Signature Banjain R Huff	Date 04-13-2020	Telephone (503) 563-6151	Ext. 212		
Copy all pages of this Elevation Certificate and all attachi	ments for (1) community of	ficial, (2) insurance	agent/company, and (3) building owner.		
Comments (including type of equipment and location, per C2(e), if applicable) *This pre-construction elevation certificate is to be included in a Consolidated Land Use Application. Values reported in this certificate were taken from the consolidated land us application plan-set, and are subject to change upon final engineering design. *This certificate assumes 9 standard vents will be installed, covering 100 square feet of net area each, and 2 engineered vents will be					
installed, covering 200 square feet of net area each, for a total of 1300 square feet of coverage area.					

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expiration Date: November 30, 2022

MPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A.				FOR IN	SURANCE COMPANY USE
	lding Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite Site Address	e, and/or Bldg. No.) or	P.O. Route and Bo	x No. Policy N	lumber:
City We:	y est Linn	State Oregon	ZIP Code 97068	Compai	ny NAIC Number
	SECTION E – BUILDING FOR 2	G ELEVATION INFO ZONE AO AND ZON	RMATION (SURV E A (WITHOUT B	'EY NOT REQUIF FE)	RED)
con	Zones AO and A (without BFE), complete Iten nplete Sections A, B,and C. For Items E1–E4, er meters.				
-18000	Provide elevation information for the following the highest adjacent grade (HAG) and the lov a) Top of bottom floor (including basement,			w whether the elev	ration is above or below
	crawlspace, or enclosure) is b) Top of bottom floor (including basement,		feet	meters a	bove or Delow the HAG.
	crawlspace, or enclosure) is		13/3/	<u> </u>	bove or below the LAG.
E2.	For Building Diagrams 6–9 with permanent flo the next higher floor (elevation C2.b in the diagrams) of the building is	ood openings provided			ages 1–2 of Instructions), bove or □ below the HAG.
E3.	Attached garage (top of slab) is	-		meters a	bove or Delow the HAG.
E4.	. Top of platform of machinery and/or equipme servicing the building is	ent	feet	meters a	bove or Delow the HAG.
E5.	Zone AO only: If no flood depth number is av floodplain management ordinance? Yes				with the community's s information in Section G.
	SECTION F - PROPERTY	OWNER (OR OWNE	R'S REPRESENTA	ATIVE) CERTIFICA	ATION
The	e property owner or owner's authorized represent munity-issued BFE) or Zone AO must sign he	entative who complete ere. The statements in	s Sections A, B, and Sections A, B, and	d E for Zone A (wit E are correct to th	hout a FEMA-issued or e best of my knowledge.
Pro	pperty Owner or Owner's Authorized Represent	tative's Name			
Add	dress		City	State	ZIP Code
Sig	nature		Date	Telephone	
Cor	mments				
				П	Check here if attachments.

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expiration Date: November 30, 2022

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A.						FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. No Site Address					ox No.	Policy Number:
City West	Linn		State Oregon	ZIP Code 97068		Company NAIC Number
		SECTIO	N G – COMMUNI	TY INFORMATION (OP)	IONAL)	
Secti	The local official who is authorized by law or ordinance to administer the community's floodplain management ordinance can complete Sections A, B, C (or E), and G of this Elevation Certificate. Complete the applicable item(s) and sign below. Check the measurement used in Items G8–G10. In Puerto Rico only, enter meters.					
G1.	G1. The information in Section C was taken from other documentation that has been signed and sealed by a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. (Indicate the source and date of the elevation data in the Comments area below.)					
G2.		A community official completed Section Zone AO.	on E for a building	located in Zone A (witho	ut a FEMA	A-issued or community-issued BFE)
G3.		The following information (Items G4-	G10) is provided f	or community floodplain r	manageme	ent purposes.
G4. F	Perm	it Number	G5. Date Permit	sissued		Date Certificate of compliance/Occupancy Issued
G7.	This	permit has been issued for:] New Constructio	n Substantial Improve	ement	
G8. Elevation of as-built lowest floor (including basement) of the building: ———————————————————————————————————				meters Datum		
G9.	BFE	or (in Zone AO) depth of flooding at t	he building site:		feet	meters Datum
	2.10-	nmunity's design flood elevation:			feet	meters Datum
Local	Offic	cial's Name		Title		
Comr	nuni	ty Name		Telephone		
Signa	iture			Date		
Comr	nent	s (including type of equipment and loc	cation, per C2(e), i	f applicable)		
						Check here if attachments.

BUILDING PHOTOGRAPHS

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expiration Date: November 30, 2022 See Instructions for Item A6.

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A.			FOR INSURANCE	COMPANY USE
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. No Site Address			Policy Number:	
City	State	ZIP Code	Company NAIC Nur	mber
West Linn	Oregon	97068		
If using the Elevation Certificate to obtain NFIP instructions for Item A6. Identify all photographs witl "Left Side View." When applicable, photographs n vents, as indicated in Section A8. If submitting more	h date taken; "Front Vienust show the foundat	ew" and "Rear View"; and ion with representative of	d, if required, "Right sexamples of the floor	Side View" and
	DI			
	Photo One)		
	Photo One			
Photo One Caption				Clear Photo One
	Photo Two			
	Photo Two			
Photo Two Caption	WAD 20 02 Page 40	of 207		Clear Photo Two

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

BUILDING PHOTOGRAPHS

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

Continuation Page

OMB No. 1660-0008

Expiration Date: November 30, 2022

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A. FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. Policy Number: No Site Address City State ZIP Code Company NAIC Number West Linn 97068 Oregon If submitting more photographs than will fit on the preceding page, affix the additional photographs below. Identify all photographs with: date taken; "Front View" and "Rear View"; and, if required, "Right Side View" and "Left Side View." When applicable, photographs must show the foundation with representative examples of the flood openings or vents, as indicated in Section A8. **Photo Three** Photo Three **Photo Three Caption** Clear Photo Three **Photo Four** Photo Four Photo Four Caption Clear Photo Four

Attachment G: WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications

Tax Lots 800 & 803 West Linn – WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications

Planting specifications for the enhancement of 5,000 square feet of on-site enhancement area.

			Spacing/Seeding		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Size*	Rate	Quantity	
Trees (total 50)					
Alnus rubra	red alder	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	25	
Populus balsamifera	Balsam poplar	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	25	
	Shrubs (total 250)				
Acer circinatum	vine maple	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50	
Holodiscus discolor	oceanspray	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50	
Sambucus racemose	red elderberry	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50	
Symphoricarpos albus	snowberry	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50	
Rosa gymnocarpa	baldhip rose	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50	
Seed Mix					
Agrostis exarata	spike bent grass	seed	1 lb pls/acre	As needed for bare-soil	
Glyceria elata	tall manna-grass	seed	2 lbs pls/acre	areas >25 square feet	

^{*}Bare-root plants may be substituted for container plants based on availability. If bare-root plants are used, they must be planted during the late winter/early spring dormancy period.

Planting Notes (per City of West Linn Community Development Code (CDC) Chapter 32, Water Resource Area Protection, Section 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements):

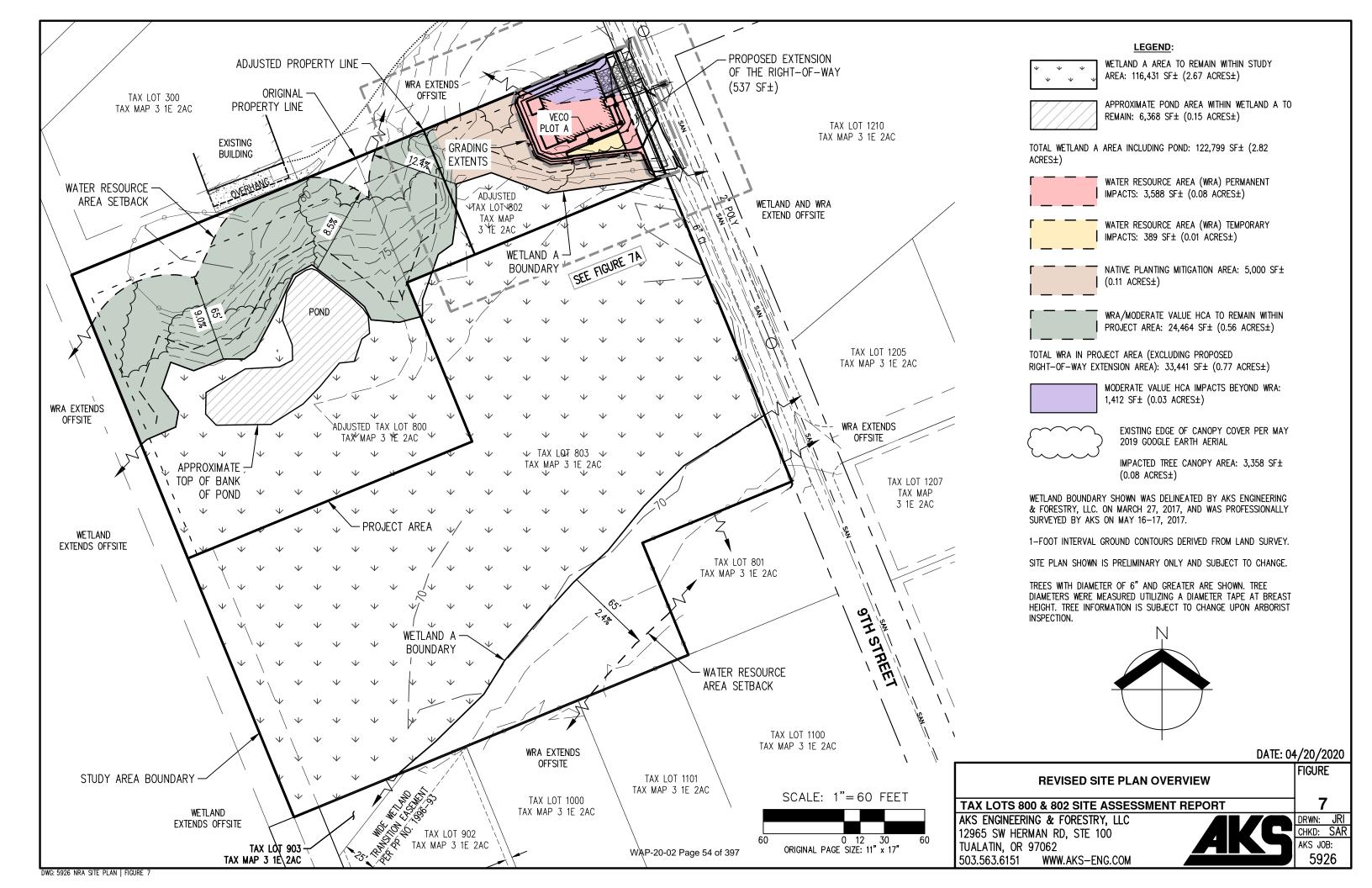
- 1) Plantings should preferably be installed between December 1 and February 28 for bare roots and seeds and between October 15 and April 30 for containers.
- 2) Tree plantings must be at least 0.5 inches in caliper measured at 6 inches above the ground level or soil line. Shrub plantings must be in at least a 1-gallon container, or the equivalent in ball and burlap, and must be at least 12 inches in height. All plantings must be selected from the Portland Plant List.
- 3) All non-native, invasive, or noxious vegetation shall be removed from mitigation planting area prior to installing native enhancement plantings. Invasive species control shall continue throughout the maintenance period.
- 4) Irrigation may be necessary for the survival of the enhancement plantings. Irrigation or other water practices (i.e., polymer plus watering) are recommended during the three-year monitoring period following planting. Watering shall be provided at a rate of at least 1 inch per week between June 15 and October 15.
- 5) Plantings shall be mulched a minimum of 3 inches in depth and 18 inches in diameter to retain moisture and discourage weed growth around newly installed plant material.
- 6) When weather or other conditions prohibit planting according to schedule, the applicant will ensure that disturbed areas are correctly protected with erosion control measures and provide the City with funds in the amount of 125% of a bid from a recognized landscaper or nursery to cover the cost of the plant materials, installation, and any follow-up maintenance. Once the

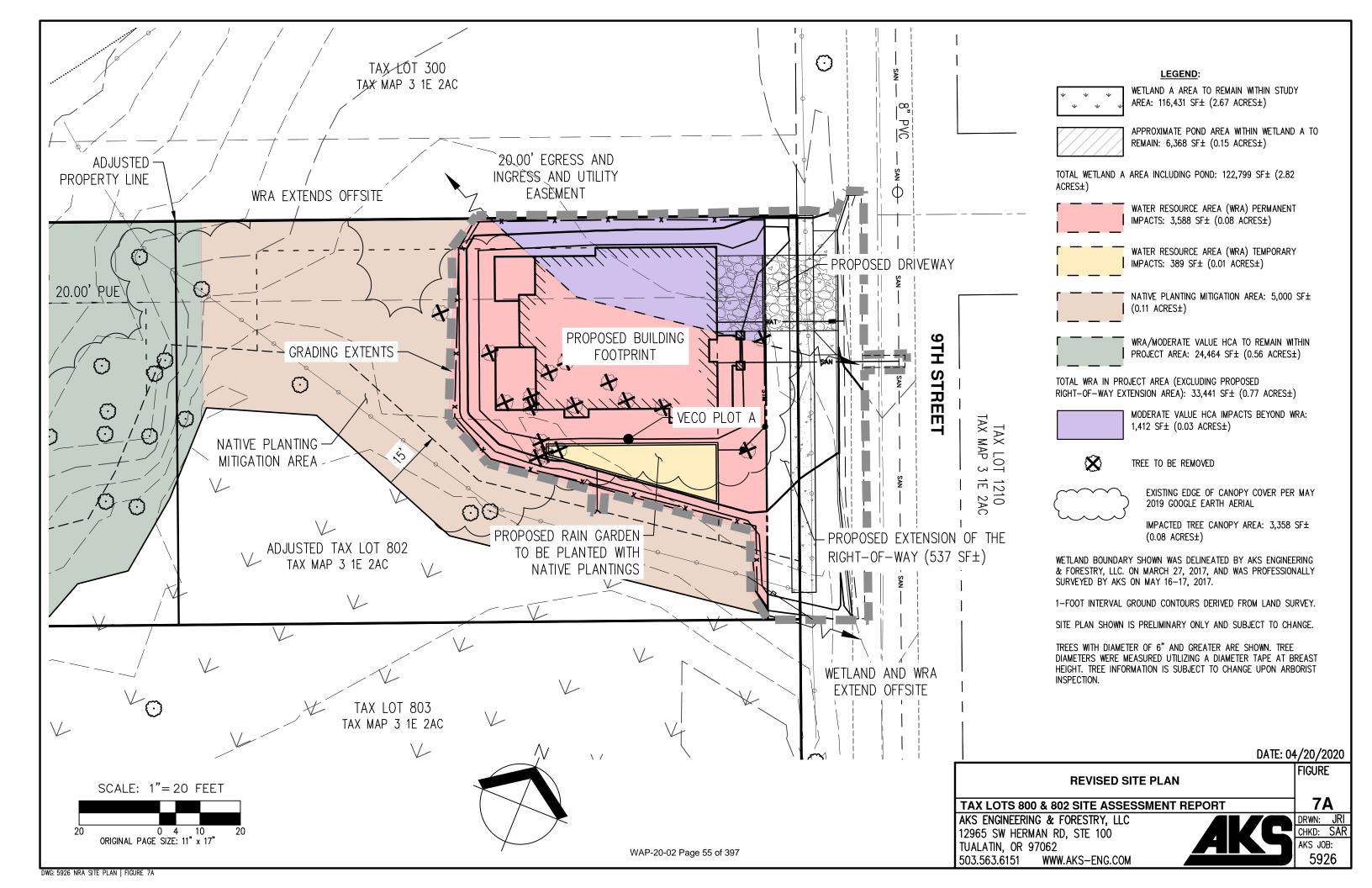
planting conditions are favorable, the applicant will proceed with the plantings and receive the funds back from the City upon completion, or the City will complete the plantings using those funds.

7) Temporarily disturbed portions of lot 803 (necessary to balance fill on lot 802) will be restored and revegetated per 32.090.A

Maintenance and Monitoring Plan

- Monitoring and Reporting: The City requires a three-year maintenance period for the WRA
 mitigation enhancement area. Monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of
 the property owner. Plants that die must be replaced in kind.
- 2) Plant Survival: The City's success criterion for WRA enhancement is 80% survival of tree and shrub plantings expected by the third anniversary of the date the mitigation planting was installed. If any mortality is noted on the site, the factor likely to have caused mortality of the plantings is to be determined and corrected if possible. If survival falls below 80% at any time during the three-year maintenance period, the plantings shall be replaced and other corrective measures, such as mulching or irrigation, may need to be implemented.





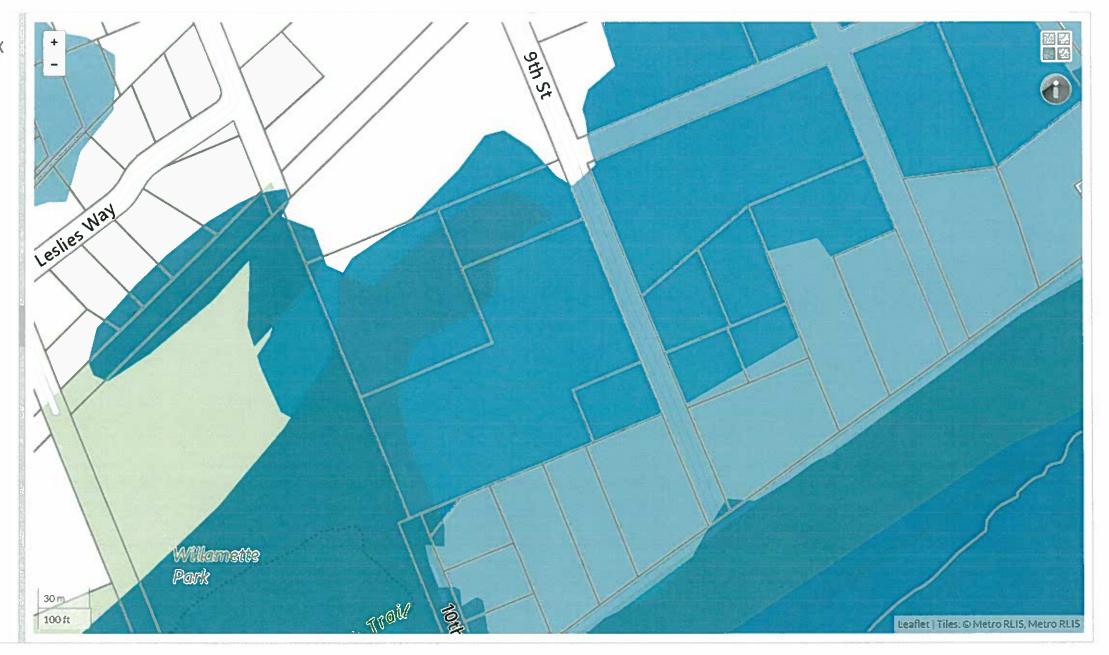
Bookmark A



▶ ■ Water Districts

Clear All Layers

▶ @ Zipcodes



Attachment H: City of West Linn Arborist Email

From: <u>Jones, Ron</u>

To: Rhonda Mackey; Wyss, Darren

Subject: RE: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

Date: Tuesday, April 14, 2020 2:06:13 PM

Hi Rhonda, Darren,

I apologize for not responding back to earlier than this.

I looked at the property off 9th Street. I found no trees of significance on subject property.

Thank you,

Ron

From: Rhonda Mackey [mailto:rhondam@aks-eng.com]

Sent: Monday, April 13, 2020 1:20 PM

To: Jones, Ron <rjones@westlinnoregon.gov>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

Hi Ron -

It's me again. Someone from West Linn called me at the office today, but there wasn't a message... was hoping it was you.

Please let me know if you had a chance to send him the email, or if you could do it today and cc me, that would be fantastic. We are looking to resubmit back to Darren by tomorrow.

Please let me know. Thank you!!

Rhonda M. Mackey

Land Use Planning

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303

P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | <u>www.aks-eng.com</u> | <u>RhondaM@aks-eng.com</u>

Offices in: Bend, OR | Keizer, OR | Tualatin, OR | Vancouver, WA

NOTICE: This communication may contain privileged or other confidential information. If you have received it in error, please advise the sender by reply e-mail and immediately delete the message and any attachments without copying or disclosing the contents. AKS Engineering and Forestry shall not be liable for any changes made to the electronic data transferred. Distribution of electronic data to others is prohibited without the express written consent of AKS Engineering and Forestry.

From: Rhonda Mackey

Sent: Tuesday, April 7, 2020 9:43 AM

To: Jones, Ron < rjones@westlinnoregon.gov >

Subject: RE: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

Good morning, Ron -

I am following up on our phone call last week. I understood that you were going to send an email to Darren with your assessment of the Significant Tree Determination, but I have not seen it.

If you sent it to him, will you please send me a copy of it? If you have not, could you please do that and cc me?

Thanks, Ron!

Rhonda M. Mackey Land Use Planning AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303
P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com | RhondaM@aks-eng.com
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From: Jones, Ron < riones@westlinnoregon.gov >

Sent: Tuesday, March 31, 2020 3:46 PM

To: Rhonda Mackey < rhondam@aks-eng.com>

Cc: Zach Pelz / Pelz / Pelz @aks-eng.com; Warner, Kenneth / Ken

Tarra < twiencken@westlinnoregon.gov>

Subject: RE: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

EXTERNAL EMAIL: This email originated from outside of AKS Engineering & Forestry. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Rhonda,

I drove by the site on 9th Street.

I'll be glad to meet with you. I'll be home tomorrow, but Thursday or Friday I should be in. I'll give you a call , or you can call me at 503-502-5301.

Thank you,

Ron

From: Rhonda Mackey [mailto:rhondam@aks-eng.com]

Sent: Tuesday, March 31, 2020 10:52 AM

To: Jones, Ron <<u>rjones@westlinnoregon.gov</u>>

Cc: Zach Pelz < pelzz@aks-eng.com >

Subject: RE: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

Good morning, Mr. Jones –

I wanted to follow up on my email below. Please give me a call when you get the opportunity so that we can discuss your availability or alternative options.

Thank you!

Rhonda M. Mackey

Land Use Planning

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303

P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com | RhondaM@aks-eng.com

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From: Rhonda Mackey

Sent: Wednesday, March 25, 2020 3:05 PM

To: rjones@westlinnoregon.gov

Subject: 9th Street PLA / WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/LLA-20-01

Good afternoon, Mr. Jones –

AKS is working with our client on a project under review with the City of West Linn Planning Dept. We received the attached incompleteness letter which requires we contact you and schedule a Significant Tree Determination visit. I understand that you may be working remotely, so I wanted to email you in hopes that we can get this visit on your schedule. Please let me know your availability, or call me on my cell at (503) 580-4723 to discuss our options.

Thank you in advance for your time.

Sincerely,

Rhonda M. Mackey

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

3700 River Rd N, Ste. 10 | Keizer, OR 97303

P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 409 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com | RhondaM@aks-eng.com

Offices in: Bend, OR | Keizer, OR | Tualatin, OR | Vancouver, WA

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Parks and Recreation

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Attachment I: Preliminary Stormwater Report



Date: April 2020

Client: Malibar Group, LLC

Engineering Contact: Jonathon Morse, PE

Engineering Firm: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

AKS Job No.: 5926



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Tualatin, OR 97062
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WAP-20-02 Page 63 of 397

Engineer's Certification

As the design engineer for the above-mentioned development project, I hereby certify that the storm water management facilities have been designed in accordance with the City of West Linn *Public Works Design Standards* (2010) and the City of Portland *Stormwater Management Manual* (2016). The technical information and data contained in this report was prepared under the direction and supervision of the undersigned, whose seal, as a professional engineer licensed to practice as such, is affixed below.



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APPENDIX 5-1 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT FROM GEOPACIFIC ENGINEERING, INC.

Preliminary Stormwater Report

9th STREET WEST LINN, OREGON

1.0 Purpose Statement

The purpose of this report is to:

- Show compliance with all City of West Linn stormwater drainage requirements and design criteria.
- Provide site data, calculations, maps, drawings, cross-sections, analysis, and other information needed to support and verify the findings and conclusions of the drainage report.
- Prepare a conceptual stormwater drainage plan to mitigate the stormwater drainage impacts of the development.
- Provide evidence (plans) that the planned drainage system and facilities will meet required design criteria, will fit on the site, and will, to the greatest extent possible, avoid or minimize destruction or loss of natural resources.
- Provide design criteria needed to prepare construction plans and specifications.

2.0 Project Overview

2.1 Location

The subject site is located on Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 2AC, ±500 feet north of the intersection of Volpp Street and 9th Street.

2.2 Soil Classification

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Survey of Clackamas County, Oregon (Appendix 4-1) classifies the on-site soils as Wapato silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes (HSG B) and Cloquato silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes (HSG C/D).

On November 13th, 2019 the project geotechnical engineer conducted a site evaluation (Appendix 5-1). Onsite soil infiltration testing was not performed due to groundwater seepage observed at various depths in all the test pits. It is the opinion of the geotechnical contractor, GeoPacific Engineering, Inc., that on-site stormwater infiltration is not feasible at this site.

2.3 Existing Site

The subject site is currently undeveloped land.

2.4 Project Overview

Planned improvements include the construction of a new single-family residence with associated on-site improvements (e.g., paved driveway, utilities, etc.) and the construction of a private stormwater management facility.

2.5 Design Criteria

New impervious areas created with this project will be greater than 1,000 square feet. Per the City of West Linn *Public Works Design Standards* (2010) Section 2, Storm Drain Requirements, stormwater quality and detention will be required as follows:

- Stormwater discharge from the subject site for the 2-, 10-, and 25-year storm events shall not exceed that of the pre-developed condition.
- Removal of 70 percent of total suspended solids (TSS) from 90 percent of the average annual runoff is required per the City of Portland Stormwater Management Manual (2016) Chapter 1, Requirements and Policies, Stormwater Management and Conveyance Requirements.

2.6 Impervious Area Calculations

This project will add approximately 2,453 square feet of new impervious area, including 2,228 square feet of impervious roof area and 225 square feet of impervious driveway and patio/deck area (see Appendix 2-1).

Table 2-1: Impervious Area Table			
Post-Developed Condition	Area (square feet)		
New Roof Area (Home and Garage)	2,228		
New Driveway, Patio, Deck	225		
Total New	2,453		

3.0 Existing Drainage Characteristics

3.1 On-site Drainage Characteristics

Based on the site topographic survey, onsite slopes range between 1 and 20 percent, with the site generally draining south towards an existing wetland.

3.2 Uphill Drainage Characteristics

There are no observed drainage channels entering the site from the uphill drainage area.

The area uphill of the subject site consists of single-family residential homes on large developed lots with partially landscaped yards.

3.3 Downhill Drainage Characteristics

The subject site drains down slope into the existing wetland to the south. Wetland drainage is conveyed across 9th street via an existing 18-inch culvert.

4.0 Proposed Drainage Conveyance Systems

4.1 On-site Conveyance

Stormwater runoff generated by the newly created impervious areas will be managed on site via a private, lined and vegetated stormwater planter.

Stormwater runoff from the home's impervious roof area will be captured by the new home's gutter system and routed via closed-conduit storm pipe into the stormwater planter for detention. Stormwater runoff generated by the impervious patio/deck areas, will be captured by an area drain where it will also be piped to the same stormwater planter for treatment and detention.

Stormwater runoff from the new impervious driveway area will be captured by a trench drain where it will be piped via closed-conduit storm pipe to the stormwater planter for treatment and detention.

The City of Portland's Presumptive Approach Calculator web application (PAC) was used to determine the approximate required size of the planned stormwater facility. The lined planter's size reduces the discharge rate from 10- and 25-year storm events to that of the pre-development discharge rate. Planter design is preliminary and will be finalized with the building permit application.

4.2 Uphill Conveyance

The site topographic survey indicates there are no defined drainage channels entering the site and there does not appear to be any significant sheet, shallow concentrated, or channelized flow entering the subject site.

4.3 Downstream Conveyance

Stormwater runoff generated from storm events will be conveyed through the private, lined and vegetated planter and discharged to the adjacent ground via an outlet pipe where it will sheet flow and disperse into the adjacent wetland.

5.0 Surface Water Quality and Detention Facilities

5.1 Private Stormwater Management Facility

Stormwater management will consist of a private, lined and vegetated stormwater planter system located on-site. The PAC was used to determine the approximate required size of the planned stormwater facility. The lined planter reduces the discharge rate from 10- and 25-year events to that of the pre-development discharge rate. Planter design is preliminary and will be finalized with the building permit application.

Table 5-1 provides a comparison between the pre-developed and post-developed runoff for the 2-, 5-, 10-, and 25-year storm events showing onsite detention.

Table 5-1: Pre-Developed vs. Post-Developed Runoff Comparison				
Storm Event	Pre-Developed Runoff (cubic feet per second)	Post-Developed Runoff (cubic feet per second)		
2-Year Storm Event	0.003	0.008		
5-Year Storm Event	0.007	0.008		
10-Year Storm Event	0.012	0.008		
25-Year Storm Event	0.017	0.015		

As designed, stormwater runoff generated by the new impervious areas will be detained on site and outflow will be reduced to pre-developed rate for 10- and 25-year storm events.

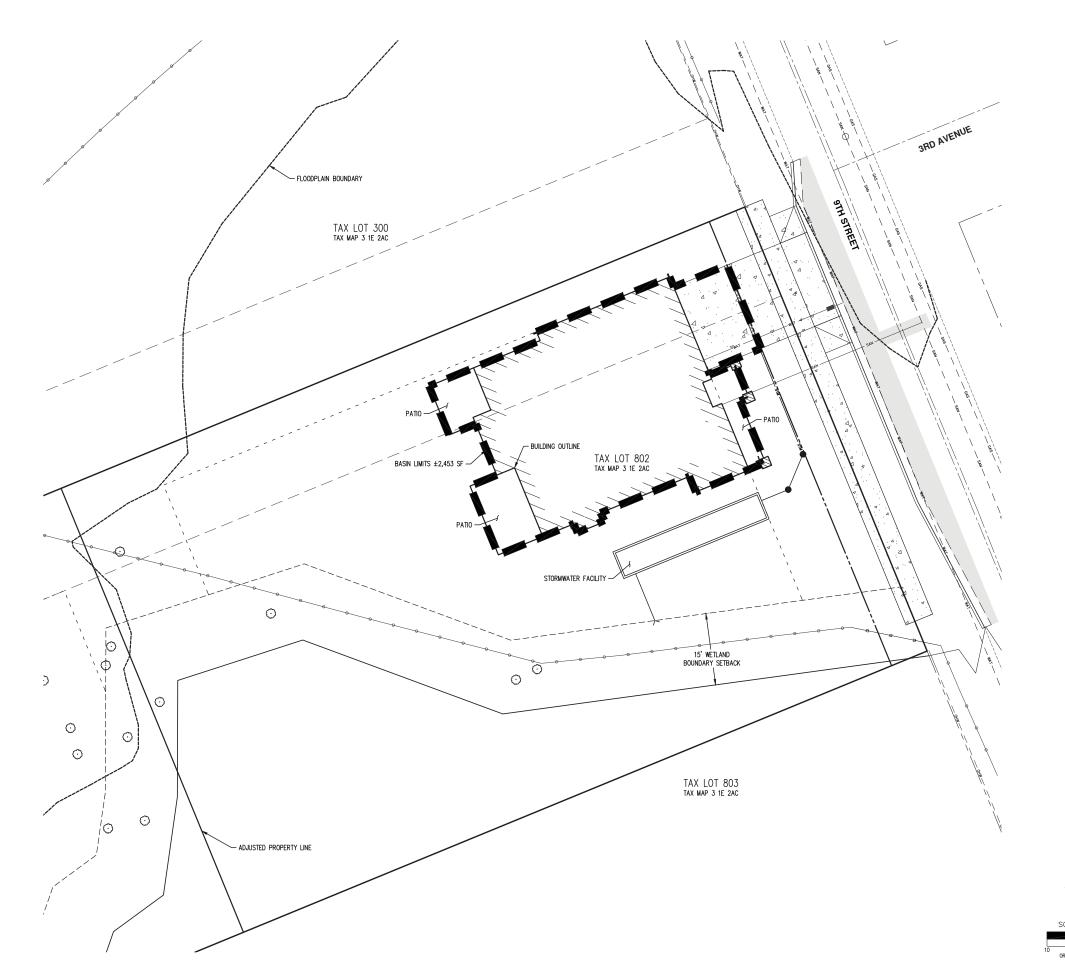
APPENDIX 1-1 VICINITY MAP



VICINITY MAP

SCALE 1" = 100' WAP-20-02 Page 70 of 397

APPENDIX 2-1 BASIN MAP



 DATE:
 04/02/2020

 DESIGNED BY:
 APC & LTP
 DRAWN BY:

01

BASIN MAP
9TH STREET
CONSOLIDATED LAND USE APPLICATION
WEST LINN, OREGON (TAX LOT 802 TAX MAP 3 1E 2AC)

PORTLAND PRESUMPTIVE APPROACH CALCULATOR REPORT **APPENDIX 3-1**

PAC Report

Project Name

9th Street Updated Plans

Permit No.

Created

3/22/20 1:50 PM

Project Address

9th Street

West Linn, OR 97068

Designer

Last Modified

Andreas Collins

3/24/20 1:12 PM

Company

AKS Engineering

Report Generated 3/24/20 1:12 PM

Project Summary

Single family residential home

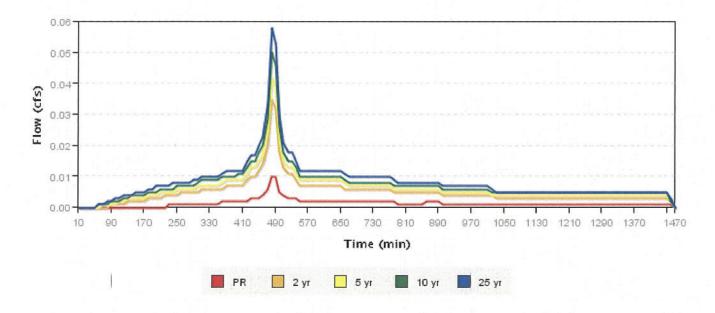
Catchment Name	Impervious Area (sq ft)	Native Soil Design Infiltration Rate	Hierarchy Category	Facility Type	Facility Config	Facility Size (sq ft)	Facility Sizing Ratio	PR Results	Flow Control Results
Planter	2453	0.00	3	Planter (Flat)	D	166	6.8%	Pass	Fail

Catchment Planter

Site Soils & Infiltration Testing Data	Infiltration Testing Procedure	Encased Falling Head
	Native Soil Infiltration Rate (I _{test})	0.00 🕮
Correction Factor	CF _{test}	2
Design Infiltration Rates	Native Soil (I _{dsgn})	0.00 in/hr 🕮
	Imported Growing Medium	2.00 in/hr
Catchment Information	Hierarchy Category	3
	Disposal Point	В
	Hierarchy Description	Off-site flow to drainageway, river, or storm-only pipe system
	Pollution Reduction Requirement	Pass
	10-year Storm Requirement	N/A
	Flow Control Requirement	If discharging to an overland drainage system or to a storm sewer that discharges to an overland drainage system, including streams, drainageways, and ditches, the 2-year post-development peak flow must be equal or less than half of the 2-year pre-development rate and the 5, 10, and 25-year post-development peak rate must be equal or less than the pre-development rates for the corresponding design storms.
	Impervious Area	2453 sq ft 0.056 acre
	Time of Concentration (Tc)	5
	Pre-Development Curve Number (CN_{pre})	72
	Post-Development Curve Number (CN _{post})	98

Indicates value is outside of recommended range

SBUH Results

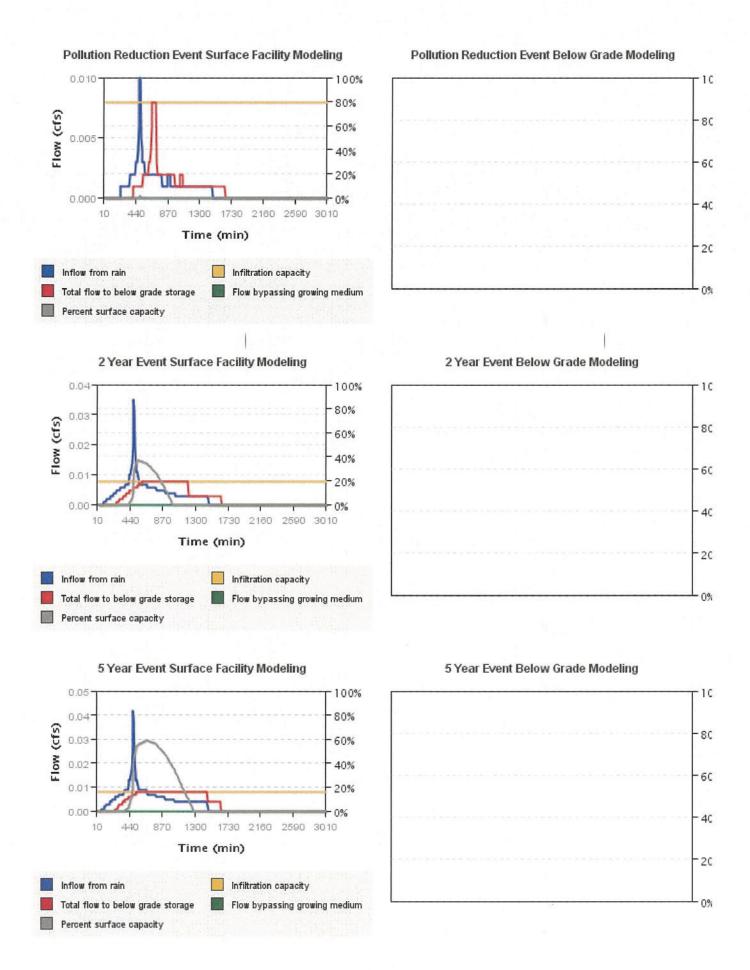


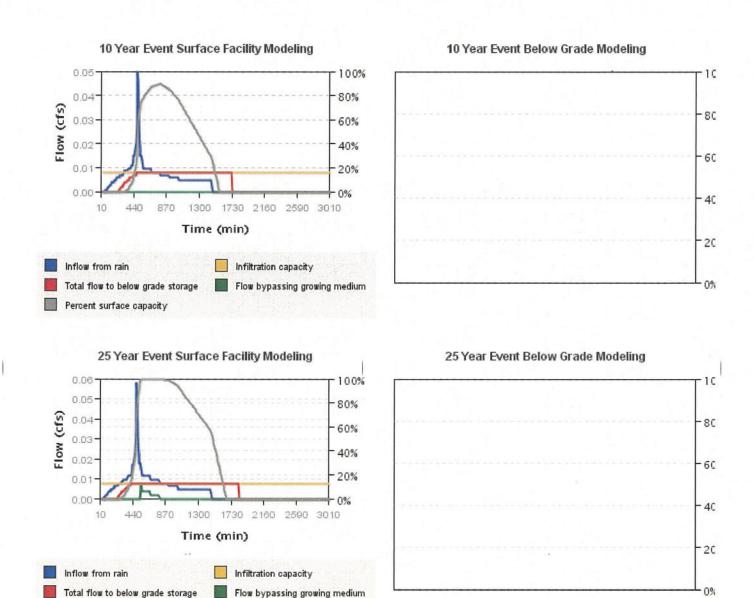
	Pre-Development Rate and Volume		Post-Development R	ate and Volume
	Peak Rate (cfs)	Volume (cf)	Peak Rate (cfs)	Volume (cf)
PR	0	0.141	0.01	128.176
2 yr	0.003	97.611	0.035	443.86
5 yr	0.007	153.159	0.042	545.526
10 yr	0.012	215.874	0.05	647.345
25 yr	0.017	284.222	0.058	749.259

Facility Planter

Facility Details	Facility Type	Planter (Flat)
	Facility Configuration	D: Lined Facility with RS and Ud
	Facility Shape	Planter
	Above Grade Storage Data	
	Bottom Area	166 sq ft
	Bottom Width	5.00 ft
	Storage Depth 1	12.0 in
	Growing Medium Depth	18 in
	Surface Capacity at Depth 1	166.0 cu ft
1	Design Infiltration Rate for Native Soil	0.000 in/hr
	Infiltration Capacity	0.008 cfs
Facility Facts	Total Facility Area Including Freeboard	166.00 sq ft
	Sizing Ratio	6.8%
Pollution Reduction Results	Pollution Reduction Score	Pass
	Overflow Volume	134.558 cf
	Surface Capacity Used	2%
Flow Control Results	Flow Control Score	Fail
	Overflow Volume	644.380 cf
	Surface Capacity Used	90%

	Post-development outflow (cfs)		Pre-development inflow (cfs)	
2 year	0.008	≤ ½ of	0.003	Fail
5 year	0.008	≤	0.007	Fail
10 year	0.008	≤	0.012	Pass
25 year	0.015	≤	0.017	Pass





Percent surface capacity

SOIL INFORMATION FROM THE NRCS SOIL SURVEY OF **CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON APPENDIX 4-1**



Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Clackamas County Area, Oregon

Tax Lot 802



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

Custom Soil Resource Report

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

Custom Soil Resource Report

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

ဖ

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

å

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Clackamas County Area, Oregon Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 10, 2019

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 13, 2019—Jul 25. 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
19	Cloquato silt loam	0.2	16.6%
84	Wapato silty clay loam	0.8	83.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		1.0	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

Custom Soil Resource Report

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Clackamas County Area, Oregon

19—Cloquato silt loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 223k Elevation: 50 to 1,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 40 to 60 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 165 to 210 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Cloquato and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 3 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Cloquato

Setting

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 15 inches: silt loam
H2 - 15 to 42 inches: silt loam
H3 - 42 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: Occasional Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: High (about 11.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Forage suitability group: Well drained < 15% Slopes (G002XY002OR)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Wapato

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear

Custom Soil Resource Report

Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: Yes

Aquolls

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Flood plains Hydric soil rating: Yes

84—Wapato silty clay loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 227j Elevation: 100 to 1,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 40 to 60 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 165 to 210 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding

or not frequently flooded during the growing season

Map Unit Composition

Wapato and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wapato

Setting

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 18 inches: silty clay loam H2 - 18 to 45 inches: silty clay loam H3 - 45 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches

Frequency of flooding: Frequent Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3w

Custom Soil Resource Report

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Forage suitability group: Poorly Drained (G002XY006OR)

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Cove

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: Yes

Humaquepts

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flood plains Hydric soil rating: Yes

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GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT FROM GEOPACIFIC ENGINEERING, INC. APPENDIX 5-1



Geotechnical Engineering Report

9th Street Clackamas County Tax Map 3 1E 02AC Lot 800 and 802 West Linn, Oregon

> GeoPacific Engineering, Inc. Project No. 19-5350 November 26, 2019



Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigation • Design • Construction Support

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Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigation • Design • Construction Support

November 26, 2019 Project No. 19-5350

Mr. Roy Marvin Malibar Group Retirement Plan FBO

615 W Territorial Road Canby, Oregon 97013

Cellular Phone: 541-621-2109

CC: Zach Pelz, AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC.

Email: pelzz@aks-eng.com

SUBJECT: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT

9[™] STREET

CLACKAMAS COUNTY TAX LOTS 3 1E 02AC 800 & 802

WEST LINN, OREGON 97068

PROJECT INFORMATION

This report presents the results of a geotechnical engineering study conducted by GeoPacific Engineering, Inc. (GeoPacific) for the above-referenced project. The purpose of our investigation was to evaluate subsurface conditions at the site, and to provide geotechnical recommendations for site development. This geotechnical study was performed in accordance with GeoPacific Proposal No. P-7124, dated October 8, 2019, and your subsequent authorization of our proposal and *General Conditions for Geotechnical Services*.

SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject property is composed of two parcels, identified as 31E02AC 0800 and 0802 and located on the southwest side of 9th Street in the City of West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon. The combined parcels are approximately 1.80 acres in size and slope gently to the east at grades of less than 10 percent, in the direction of the Willamette River. The site is bordered by 9th Street to the northeast, by a wooded area and baseball fields to the southwest, by grass fields of a designated wetland to the south east, and by residential properties to the northwest. Ground elevations range from 70 to 80 feet above mean sea level. The site is currently unimproved, however; several flattened areas are present in the western portion of the site, adjacent to a neighboring stable. There is also an existing pond near the center of the western parcel. Vegetation consists of numerous dense trees to the southeast and grass lawns to the northwest.



It is our understanding that proposed development will include construction of two building lots for single family homes, construction of a private drive, improvements to the south bound lane of 9th Street, and associated underground utilities. A grading plan was not provided for our review; however, we anticipate cuts and fill will be less than 4 feet.

REGIONAL GEOLOGIC SETTING

The subject site lies within the Willamette Valley/Puget Sound lowland, a broad structural depression situated between the Coast Range on the west and the Cascade Range on the east. A series of discontinuous faults subdivide the Willamette Valley into a mosaic of fault-bounded, structural blocks (Yeats et al., 1996). Uplifted structural blocks form bedrock highlands, while down-warped structural blocks form sedimentary basins.

The southern portions of the site are underlain by alluvium, consisting of silt and clay with trace sand. The soils were deposited in a flood plain of the modern Willamette River, near the mouth of a tributary, the Tualatin River (Gannet and Caldwell, 1998, Beeson et all, 1989).

The alluvium and northern portion of the site are underlain by the Quaternary age (last 2.6 million years) Willamette Formation, a catastrophic flood deposit associated with repeated glacial outburst flooding of the Willamette Valley (Yeats et al., 1996). The last of these outburst floods occurred about 10,000 years ago. These deposits typically consist of horizontally layered, micaceous, silt to coarse sand forming poorly-defined to distinct beds less than 3 feet thick.

The Willamette Formation is underlain by the Columbia River Basalt Formation (Madin, 1990). The Miocene aged (about 14.5 to 16.5 million years ago) Columbia River Basalts are a thick sequence of lava flows which form the crystalline basement of the Tualatin Valley. The basalts are composed of dense, finely crystalline rock that is commonly fractured along blocky and columnar vertical joints. Individual basalt flow units typically range from 25 to 125 feet thick and interflow zones are typically vesicular, scoriaceous, brecciated, and sometimes include sedimentary rocks.

REGIONAL SEISMIC SETTING

At least three major fault zones capable of generating damaging earthquakes are thought to exist in the vicinity of the subject site. These include the Cascadia Subduction Zone, the Portland Hills Fault Zone, and the Bolton Fault Zone.

Cascadia Subduction Zone

The Cascadia Subduction Zone is a 680-mile-long zone of active tectonic convergence where oceanic crust of the Juan de Fuca Plate is subducting beneath the North American continent at a rate of 4 cm per year (Goldfinger et al., 1996). A growing body of geologic evidence suggests that prehistoric subduction zone earthquakes have occurred (Atwater, 1992; Carver, 1992; Peterson et al., 1993;



Geomatrix Consultants, 1995). This evidence includes: (1) buried tidal marshes recording episodic, sudden subsidence along the coast of northern California, Oregon, and Washington, (2) burial of subsided tidal marshes by tsunami wave deposits, (3) paleoliquefaction features, and (4) geodetic uplift patterns on the Oregon coast. Radiocarbon dates on buried tidal marshes indicate a recurrence interval for major subduction zone earthquakes of 250 to 650 years with the last event occurring 300 years ago (Atwater, 1992; Carver, 1992; Peterson et al., 1993; Geomatrix Consultants, 1995). The inferred seismogenic portion of the plate interface lies roughly along the Oregon coast at depths of between 20 and 40 miles.

Portland Hills Fault Zone

The Portland Hills Fault Zone is a series of NW-trending faults that include the central Portland Hills Fault, the western Oatfield Fault, and the eastern East Bank Fault. These faults occur in a northwest-trending zone that varies in width between 3.5 and 5.0 miles. The combined three faults vertically displace the Columbia River Basalt by 1,130 feet and appear to control thickness changes in late Pleistocene (approx. 780,000 years) sediment (Madin, 1990).

The Portland Hills Fault occurs along the Willamette River at the base of the Portland Hills and is about 5 miles northeast of the site. The Oatfield Fault occurs along the western side of the Portland Hills and is about 4 miles east of the site. The Oatfield Fault is considered to be potentially seismogenic (Wong, et al., 2000). Madin and Mabey (1993) indicate the Portland Hills Fault Zone has experienced Late Quaternary (last 780,000 years) fault movement; however, movement has not been detected in the last 20,000 years. The East Bank Fault occurs along the eastern margin of the Willamette River, and is located approximately 12 miles north of the site. The accuracy of the fault mapping is stated to be within 500 meters (Wong, et al., 2000).

No historical seismicity is correlated with the mapped portion of the Portland Hills Fault Zone, but in 1991 a M3.5 earthquake occurred on a NW-trending shear plane located 1.3 miles east of the fault (Yelin, 1992). Although there is no definitive evidence of recent activity, the Portland Hills Fault Zone is assumed to be potentially active (Geomatrix Consultants, 1995).

Bolton Fault Zone

The Bolton Fault Zone is a NW-trending fault that lies about 2 miles northeast of the subject site (DOGAMI: HazVu, 2019). The USGS: Earthquake Hazards Program and geologic mapping of the area (Beeson et al, 1989) indicate that a large northeast-facing cliff of Miocene Columbia River Basalt is caused by offset of approximately 200 meters in the fault, which is likely a southwest-dipping reverse fault. This cliff face roughly parallels the existing Highway 43 in the City of West Linn. Unambiguous evidence of Quaternary (last 2.6 million years) displacement has not been presented to date, but the fault is considered potentially active due to the bedrock escarpment along the alignment of the fault (Unruh et al., 1994).



FIELD EXPLORATION AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

On November 13, 2019, GeoPacific explored subsurface conditions at the site by excavating four exploratory test pits to depths of 9 to 11 feet with an extendable back-hoe, operated by Dan Fischer Excavating. The approximate test pit locations are shown on Figure 2. It should be noted that test pit locations were located in the field by pacing or taping distances from apparent property corners and other site features shown on the plans provided. As such, the locations of the explorations should be considered approximate.

A GeoPacific geologist continuously monitored the field exploration program and logged the test pit explorations. Soils observed in the explorations were classified in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. Rock hardness was classified in accordance with Table 1, modified from the ODOT Rock Hardness Classification Chart. During exploration, our geologist also noted geotechnical conditions such as soil consistency, moisture and groundwater conditions. Logs of test pits are attached to this report. The following report sections are based on the exploration program and summarize subsurface conditions encountered at the site.

Table 1. Rock Hardness Classification Chart

Table 1. Rock Hardness Classification Chart			
ODOT Rock Hardness Rating	Field Criteria	Unconfined Compressive Strength	Typical Equipment Needed for Excavation
Extremely Soft (R0)	Indented by thumbnail	<100 psi	Small excavator
Very Soft (R1)	Scratched by thumbnail, crumbled by rock hammer	100-1,000 psi	Small excavator
Soft (R2)	Not scratched by thumbnail, indented by rock hammer	1,000-4,000 psi	Medium excavator (slow digging with small excavator)
Medium Hard (R3)	Scratched or fractured by rock hammer	4,000-8,000 psi	Medium to large excavator (slow to very slow digging), typically requires chipping with hydraulic hammer or mass excavation)
Hard (R4)	Scratched or fractured w/ difficulty	8,000-16,000 psi	Slow chipping with hydraulic hammer and/or blasting
Very Hard (R5)	Not scratched or fractured after many blows, hammer rebounds	>16,000 psi	Blasting

Summary test pit logs are attached. The stratigraphic contacts shown on the individual logs represent the approximate boundaries between soil types. The actual transitions may be more gradual. The soil and groundwater conditions depicted are only for the specific dates and locations reported, and therefore, are not necessarily representative of other locations and times. Soil and groundwater conditions encountered in the explorations are summarized below.



At the completion of exploration, the test pits were backfilled with the excavated spoils and tamped with the backhoe bucket. This backfill should not be expected to behave as compacted structural fill and some minor settling of the ground surface may occur.

Soils

Topsoil Horizon: Directly underlying the ground surface in all test pit explorations was a topsoil horizon consisting of dark brown, highly organic SILT (OL). The topsoil horizon was generally loose, contained fine roots throughout, and extended to depths of 6 to 12 inches.

Undocumented Fill: Beneath the topsoil layer in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 was undocumented fill consisting of asphaltic concrete fragments and cobbles to boulders up to several feet in diameter mixed with clayey-silt soils. The undocumented fill extended to 6.5 feet below existing surface grade in test pit TP-1, 7 feet in test pit TP-2 and 3.5 feet in test pit TP-4.

Willamette Formation: Underlying undocumented fill in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 and the topsoil horizon in test pit TP-3 were fine-grained soils belonging to the Willamette Formation. Near surface soils in test pit TP-3 were a light brown, moist, clayey SILT (ML) that was stiff to very stiff consistency. Field pocket penetrometer measurements indicate an approximate unconfined compressive strength of 3.0 to 4.5 tons/ft² in the upper four feet of test pit TP-3. At depth in test pit TP-3 and beneath the undocumented fill in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 was soft to stiff, CLAY (CL) to SILT (ML) with trace fine-grained sand, that ranged in color from light tan with orange and gray mottling to a blue-gray. The Willamette Formation soils ranged from moist to wet and were generally soft in areas of seepage. This material extended beyond the maximum depth of our explorations, approximately 11 feet below the ground surface.

Groundwater and Soil Moisture

On November 13, 2019, groundwater seepage was encountered in all our test pit explorations. Locations and depths of seepage observed are presented below in Table 2. Soil moistures observed were generally considered to be moist to wet. Soils observed at depth, particularly in the southern test pits, TP-1 and TP-4, display a blue-gray color typically observed in anaerobic environments and areas were moisture is present throughout the year.

According to the *Estimated Depth to Groundwater in the Portland, Oregon Area, (United States Geological Survey, 2019)*, groundwater is expected to be present at an approximate depth of 4-10 feet below the ground surface. It is anticipated that groundwater conditions will vary depending on the season, local subsurface conditions, changes in site utilization, and other factors. Perched groundwater may be encountered in localized areas. Seeps and springs may exist in areas not explored and may become evident during site grading.



Table 2- Summary of Groundwater Seepage Encountered

Exploration Designation	Depth (feet)	Soil Type	Visually Estimated Flow Rate
TP-1	4 & 10	Fill & SILT (ML)	1/4 Gal/min
TP-2	6 to 7	Organic SILT (OL)	1/4 gal/min
TP-3	8 to 11	SILT (ML)	Static
TP-4	2, 4 & 7	Fill & SILT (ML)	½ gal/min

Infiltration Testing

On November 13, 2019, soil infiltration testing was not performed due to groundwater seepage observed at various depths in all of our test pits explorations. It is our opinion that onsite infiltration is not a feasible option for the proposed structures.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Our investigation indicates that the proposed development is geotechnically feasible, provided that the recommendations of this report are incorporated into the design and sufficient geotechnical monitoring is incorporated into the construction phases of the project. The primary geotechnical concerns associated with development at the property are:

- 1) The presence of soft to loose undocumented fill. Undocumented fill consisting of asphaltic concrete fragments, cobbles to boulders and soil was observed in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 to depths of 6.5 feet, 7 feet and 3.5 feet, respectfully.
- 2) The presence of groundwater seepage and low permeability of onsite soils. Onsite infiltration testing could not be performed due to the presence of groundwater seepage at various elevations in all of our test pit explorations (see test pit logs) and the fine-grained native soil types observed in our explorations typically exhibit low permeability.

Site Preparation Recommendations

Areas of proposed buildings, new roadways, and areas to receive fill should be cleared of vegetation and any organic and inorganic debris or fill. Existing buried structures should be demolished and any cavities structurally backfilled. Inorganic debris and organic materials from clearing should be removed from the site.

Existing fill and any organic-rich topsoil should then be stripped from construction areas of the site or where engineered fill is to be placed. The estimated depth necessary for removal of topsoil is approximately 8 to 10 inches – deeper stripping may be necessary to remove large tree roots in isolated areas. Undocumented fill was encountered in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 to depths of 6.5 feet, 7 feet and 3.5 feet, respectfully.



The final depth of soil removal will be determined on the basis of a site inspection after the stripping/ excavation has been performed. Stripped topsoil should preferably be removed from the site. Any remaining topsoil should be stockpiled only in designated areas and stripping operations should be observed and documented by the geotechnical engineer or his representative.

Any remaining undocumented fills and subsurface structures (tile drains, basements, driveway and landscaping fill, old utility lines, septic leach fields, etc.) should be removed and the excavations backfilled with engineered fill.

Once stripping of a particular area is approved, the area must be ripped or tilled to a depth of 12 inches, moisture conditioned, root-picked, and compacted in-place prior to the placement of engineered fill or crushed aggregate base for pavement. Exposed subgrade soils should be evaluated by the geotechnical engineer. For large areas, this evaluation is normally performed by proof-rolling the exposed subgrade with a fully loaded scraper or dump truck. For smaller areas where access is restricted, the subgrade should be evaluated by probing the soil with a steel probe. Soft/loose soils identified during subgrade preparation should be compacted to a firm and unyielding condition, over-excavated and replaced with engineered fill (as described below) or stabilized with rock prior to placement of engineered fill. The depth of over-excavation, if required, should be evaluated by the geotechnical engineer at the time of construction.

Engineered Fill

All grading for the proposed development should be performed as engineered grading in accordance with the applicable building code at time of construction with the exceptions and additions noted herein.

Proper test frequency and earthwork documentation usually requires daily observation and testing during stripping, rough grading, and placement of engineered fill. Imported fill material must be approved by the geotechnical engineer prior to being imported to the site. Oversize material greater than 6 inches in size should not be used within 3 feet of foundation footings, and material greater than 12 inches in diameter should not be used in engineered fill.

Engineered fill should be compacted in horizontal lifts not exceeding 8 inches using standard compaction equipment. We recommend that engineered fill be compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D698 (Standard Proctor) or equivalent. Field density testing should conform to ASTM D2922 and D3017, or D1556. All engineered fill should be observed and tested by the project geotechnical engineer or his representative. Rocky fill may need to be evaluated by proofrolling and should be placed wet of optimum moisture content. Typically, one density test is performed for at least every 2 vertical feet of fill placed or every 500 yd³, whichever requires more testing. Because testing is performed on an on-call basis, we recommend that the earthwork contractor be held contractually responsible for test scheduling and frequency.



Site earthwork will be impacted by soil moisture and shallow groundwater conditions. Earthwork in wet weather would likely require extensive use of cement or lime treatment, or other special measures, at considerable additional cost compared to earthwork performed under dry-weather conditions.

Excavating Conditions and Utility Trench Backfill

All temporary cuts in excess of 4 feet in height should be sloped in accordance with U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations (29 CFR Part 1926) or be shored. The existing native soils classify as Type B Soil and temporary excavation side slope inclinations as steep as 1H:1V may be assumed for planning purposes. This cut slope inclination is applicable to excavations above the water table only. Maintenance of safe working conditions, including temporary excavation stability, is the responsibility of the contractor. Actual slope inclinations at the time of construction should be determined based on safety requirements and actual soil and groundwater conditions.

Saturated soils and groundwater may be encountered in utility trenches, particularly during the wet season. We anticipate that dewatering systems consisting of ditches, sumps and pumps would be adequate for control of perched groundwater. Regardless of the dewatering system used, it should be installed and operated such that in-place soils are prevented from being removed along with the groundwater.

Vibrations created by traffic and construction equipment may cause some caving and raveling of excavation walls. In such an event, lateral support for the excavation walls should be provided by the contractor to prevent loss of ground support and possible distress to existing or previously constructed structural improvements.

PVC pipe should be installed in accordance with the procedures specified in ASTM D2321. We recommend that trench backfill be compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density obtained by Modified Proctor ASTM D1557 or equivalent. Initial backfill lift thickness for a 3/4"-0 crushed aggregate base may need to be as great as 4 feet to reduce the risk of flattening underlying flexible pipe. Subsequent lift thickness should not exceed 1 foot. If imported granular fill material is used, then the lifts for large vibrating plate-compaction equipment (e.g. hoe compactor attachments) may be up to 2 feet, provided that proper compaction is being achieved and each lift is tested. Use of large vibrating compaction equipment should be carefully monitored near existing structures and improvements due to the potential for vibration-induced damage.

Adequate density testing should be performed during construction to verify that the recommended relative compaction is achieved. Typically, one density test is taken for every 4 vertical feet of backfill on each 200-lineal-foot section of trench.



Erosion Control Considerations

During our field exploration program, we did not observe soil types that would be considered highly susceptible to erosion except in areas of moderately sloping topography. In our opinion, the primary concern regarding erosion potential will occur during construction, in areas that have been stripped of vegetation. Erosion at the site during construction can be minimized by implementing the project erosion control plan, which should include judicious use of straw wattles and silt fences. If used, these erosion control devices should be in place and remain in place throughout site preparation and construction.

Erosion and sedimentation of exposed soils can also be minimized by quickly re-vegetating exposed areas of soil, and by staging construction such that large areas of the project site are not denuded and exposed at the same time. Areas of exposed soil requiring immediate and/or temporary protection against exposure should be covered with either mulch or erosion control netting/blankets. Areas of exposed soil requiring permanent stabilization should be seeded with an approved grass seed mixture, or hydroseeded with an approved seed-mulch-fertilizer mixture.

Wet Weather Earthwork

Soils underlying the site are likely to be moisture sensitive and may be difficult to handle or traverse with construction equipment during periods of wet weather. Earthwork is typically most economical when performed under dry weather conditions. Earthwork performed during the wet-weather season will probably require expensive measures such as cement treatment or imported granular material to compact areas where fill may be proposed to the recommended engineering specifications. If earthwork is to be performed or fill is to be placed in wet weather or under wet conditions when soil moisture content is difficult to control, the following recommendations should be incorporated into the contract specifications.

- Earthwork should be performed in small areas to minimize exposure to wet weather.
 Excavation or the removal of unsuitable soils should be followed promptly by the placement
 and compaction of clean engineered fill. The size and type of construction equipment used
 may have to be limited to prevent soil disturbance. Under some circumstances, it may be
 necessary to excavate soils with a backhoe to minimize subgrade disturbance caused by
 equipment traffic;
- The ground surface within the construction area should be graded to promote run-off of surface water and to prevent the ponding of water;
- Material used as engineered fill should consist of clean, granular soil containing less than 5
 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. The fines should be non-plastic. Alternatively, cement
 treatment of on-site soils may be performed to facilitate wet weather placement;
- The ground surface within the construction area should be sealed by a smooth drum vibratory roller, or equivalent, and under no circumstances should be left uncompacted and exposed to moisture. Soils which become too wet for compaction should be removed and replaced with clean granular materials;



- Excavation and placement of fill should be observed by the geotechnical engineer to verify that all unsuitable materials are removed, and suitable compaction and site drainage is achieved; and
- Geotextile silt fences, straw wattles, and fiber rolls should be strategically located to control
 erosion.

Spread Foundations

The proposed residential structures may be supported on shallow foundations bearing on engineered fill placed and compacted over competent native soils, appropriately designed and constructed as recommended in this report. Foundation design, construction, and setback requirements should conform to the applicable building code at the time of construction. For maximization of bearing strength and protection against frost heave, spread footings should be embedded at a minimum depth of 12 inches below exterior grade. Foundations should be designed by a licensed structural engineer.

The anticipated allowable soil bearing pressure is 1,500 lbs/ft² for footings bearing on moisture conditioned and re-compacted native soils and/or structural fill. A maximum chimney and column load of 30 kips is recommended for the site. The recommended maximum allowable bearing pressure may be increased by 1/3 for short-term transient conditions such as wind and seismic loading. For heavier loads, the geotechnical engineer should be consulted. The coefficient of friction between on-site soil and poured-in-place concrete may be taken as 0.42, which includes no factor of safety. The maximum anticipated total and differential footing movements (generally from soil expansion and/or settlement) are 1 inch and ¾ inch over a span of 20 feet, respectively. We anticipate that the majority of the estimated settlement will occur during construction, as loads are applied. Excavations near structural footings should not extend within a 1H:1V plane projected downward from the bottom edge of footings.

Footing excavations should penetrate through topsoil and any loose soil to competent subgrade that is either

- 1) suitable for bearing support,
- 2) moisture conditioned and compacted and/or
- 3) over-excavated and replaced with structural fill.

All footing excavations should be trimmed neat, and all loose or softened soil should be removed from the excavation bottom prior to placing reinforcing steel bars. Due to the moisture sensitivity of on-site native soils, foundations constructed during the wet weather season may require over-excavation of footings and backfill with compacted, crushed aggregate.

Our recommendations are for house construction incorporating raised wood floors and conventional spread footing foundations. If living space of the structures will incorporate basements, a geotechnical engineer should be consulted to make additional recommendations for retaining walls, water-proofing, underslab drainage and wall subdrains. After site development, a Final Soil Engineer's Report should either confirm or modify the above recommendations.



Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

Preparation of areas beneath concrete slab-on-grade floors should be performed as recommended in the *Site Preparation* section. Care should be taken during excavation for foundations and floor slabs, to avoid disturbing subgrade soils. If subgrade soils have been adversely impacted by wet weather or otherwise disturbed, the surficial soils should be scarified to a minimum depth of 8 inches, moisture conditioned to within about 3 percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to engineered fill specifications. Alternatively, disturbed soils may be removed, and the removal zone backfilled with additional crushed rock.

For evaluation of the concrete slab-on-grade floors using the beam on elastic foundation method, a modulus of subgrade reaction of 150 kcf (87 pci) should be assumed for the fine-grained soils anticipated to be present in the upper four feet at the site. This value assumes the concrete slab system is designed and constructed as recommended herein, with a minimum thickness of 8 inches of 1½"-0 crushed aggregate beneath the slab. The total thickness of crushed aggregate will be dependent on the subgrade conditions at the time of construction and should be verified visually by proof-rolling. Under-slab aggregate should be compacted to at least 90 percent of its maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor) or equivalent.

In areas where moisture will be detrimental to floor coverings or equipment inside the proposed structure, appropriate vapor barrier and damp-proofing measures should be implemented. A commonly applied vapor barrier system consists of a 10-mil polyethylene vapor barrier placed directly over the capillary break material. Other damp/vapor barrier systems may also be feasible. Appropriate design professionals should be consulted regarding vapor barrier and damp proofing systems, ventilation, building material selection and mold prevention issues, which are outside GeoPacific's area of expertise.

Permanent Below-Grade Walls

Lateral earth pressures against below-grade retaining walls will depend upon the inclination of any adjacent slopes, type of backfill, degree of wall restraint, method of backfill placement, degree of backfill compaction, drainage provisions, and magnitude and location of any adjacent surcharge loads. At-rest soil pressure is exerted on a retaining wall when it is restrained against rotation. In contrast, active soil pressure will be exerted on a wall if its top is allowed to rotate or yield a distance of roughly 0.001 times its height or greater.

If the subject retaining walls will be free to rotate at the top, they should be designed for an active earth pressure equivalent to that generated by a fluid weighing 35 pcf for level backfill against the wall. For restrained wall, an at-rest equivalent fluid pressure of 55 pcf should be used in design, again assuming level backfill against the wall. These values assume that the recommended drainage provisions are incorporated, and hydrostatic pressures are not allowed to develop against the wall.



During a seismic event, lateral earth pressures acting on below-grade structural walls will increase by an incremental amount that corresponds to the earthquake loading. Based on the Mononobe-Okabe equation and peak horizontal accelerations appropriate for the site location, seismic loading should be modeled using the active or at-rest earth pressures recommended above, plus an incremental rectangular-shaped seismic load of magnitude 6.5H, where H is the total height of the wall.

We assume relatively level ground surface below the base of the walls. As such, we recommend passive earth pressure of 320 pcf for use in design, assuming wall footings are cast against competent native soils or engineered fill. If the ground surface slopes down and away from the base of any of the walls, a lower passive earth pressure should be used and GeoPacific should be contacted for additional recommendations.

A coefficient of friction of 0.42 may be assumed along the interface between the base of the wall footing and subgrade soils. The recommended coefficient of friction and passive earth pressure values do not include a safety factor, and an appropriate safety factor should be included in design. The upper 12 inches of soil should be neglected in passive pressure computations unless it is protected by pavement or slabs on grade.

The above recommendations for lateral earth pressures assume that the backfill behind the subsurface walls will consist of properly compacted structural fill, and no adjacent surcharge loading. If the walls will be subjected to the influence of surcharge loading within a horizontal distance equal to or less than the height of the wall, the walls should be designed for the additional horizontal pressure. For uniform surcharge pressures, a uniformly distributed lateral pressure of 0.3 times the surcharge pressure should be added. Traffic surcharges may be estimated using an additional vertical load of 250 psf (2 feet of additional fill), in accordance with local practice.

The recommended equivalent fluid densities assume a free-draining condition behind the walls so that hydrostatic pressures do not build-up. This can be accomplished by placing a 12 to 18-inch wide zone of sand and gravel containing less than 5 percent passing the No. 200 sieve against the walls. A 3-inch minimum diameter perforated, plastic drain pipe should be installed at the base of the walls and connected to a suitable discharge point to remove water in this zone of sand and gravel. The drain pipe should be wrapped in filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or other as approved by the geotechnical engineer) to minimize clogging.

Wall drains are recommended to prevent detrimental effects of surface water runoff on foundations – not to dewater groundwater. Drains should not be expected to eliminate all potential sources of water entering a basement or beneath a slab-on-grade. An adequate grade to a low point outlet drain in the crawlspace is required by code. Underslab drains are sometimes added beneath the slab when placed over soils of low permeability and shallow, perched groundwater.

Water collected from the wall drains should be directed into the local storm drain system or other suitable outlet. A minimum 0.5 percent fall should be maintained throughout the drain and non-perforated pipe outlet. Down spouts and roof drains should not be connected to the wall drains in



order to reduce the potential for clogging. The drains should include clean-outs to allow periodic maintenance and inspection. Grades around the proposed structure should be sloped such that surface water drains away from the building.

GeoPacific should be contacted during construction to verify subgrade strength in wall keyway excavations, to verify that backslope soils are in accordance with our assumptions, and to take density tests on the wall backfill materials.

Structures should be located a horizontal distance of at least 1.5H away from the back of the retaining wall, where H is the total height of the wall. GeoPacific should be contacted for additional foundation recommendations where structures are located closer than 1.5H to the top of any wall.

Drainage

The upslope edge of perimeter footings may be provided with a drainage system consisting of 3-inch diameter, slotted, plastic pipe embedded in a minimum of 1 ft³ per lineal foot of clean, free-draining gravel or uncompacted 3/4"-0 rock. Water collected from the footing drains should be directed into the local storm drain system or another suitable outlet. A minimum 0.5 percent fall should be maintained throughout the drain and non-perforated pipe outlet. Down spouts and roof drains should not be connected to the foundation drains in order to reduce the potential for clogging. The footing drains should include clean-outs to allow periodic maintenance and inspection. Grades around the proposed structure should be sloped such that surface water drains away from the building. Footing drain recommendations are given to prevent detrimental effects of groundwater on foundations and should not be expected to eliminate all potential sources of water entering a crawlspace. An adequate grade to a low point outlet drain in the crawlspace is required by code.

Flexible Pavement Design: 9th Street Half Street Improvement

We understand that, as part of development, improvements must be made to the existing south bound lane of 9th Street, within the property boundaries. The City of West Linn Public Works Design Standards, Section Five – Street Requirements states an approved section for Local / Neighborhood streets. Table 3 presents the approved Local / Neighborhood street section for the City of West Linn with estimated structural coefficients.



Table 3 - City of West Linn Minimum Dry-Weather Pavement Section for 9th Street

Material Layer	Section Thickness (in.)	Structural Coefficient	Compaction Standard
Asphaltic Concrete (AC)	4	0.42	91%/ 92% of Rice Density AASHTO T-209
Crushed Aggregate Base 3/4"-0 (leveling course)	2	0.10	95% of Modified Proctor AASHTO T-180
Crushed Aggregate Base 11/2"-0	10	0.10	95% of Modified Proctor AASHTO T-180
Subgrade	12	5,000 PSI	95% of Standard Proctor AASHTO T-99 or equivalent
Calculated Structural Number		1.88	

Road Subgrade Preparation

The subgrade should be ripped or tilled to a depth of 12 inches, moisture conditioned, root-picked, and compacted in-place prior to the placement of crushed aggregate base for pavement. Any pockets of organic debris or loose fill encountered during ripping or tilling should be removed and replaced with engineered fill (see *Site Preparation* section). In order to verify subgrade strength, we recommend proof-rolling directly on subgrade with a loaded dump truck during dry weather and on top of base course in wet weather. Soft areas that pump, rut, or weave should be stabilized prior to paving.

If pavement areas are to be constructed during wet weather, the subgrade and construction plan should be reviewed by the project geotechnical engineer at the time of construction so that condition specific recommendations can be provided. The moisture sensitive subgrade soils make the site a difficult wet weather construction project. General recommendations for wet weather pavement sections are provided below.

During placement of pavement section materials, density testing should be performed to verify compliance with project specifications. Generally, one subgrade, one base course, and one asphalt compaction test is performed for every 100 to 200 linear feet of paving.

Wet Weather Construction Pavement Section

This section presents our recommendations for wet weather pavement section and construction for new pavement sections at the project. These wet weather pavement section recommendations are intended for use in situations where it is not feasible to compact the subgrade soils, due to wet subgrade soil conditions, and/or construction during wet weather.

Based on our site review, we recommend a wet weather section with a minimum subgrade deepening of 6 inches to accommodate a working subbase of additional 1½"-0 crushed rock. Geotextile fabric, Mirafi 500x or equivalent, should be placed on subgrade soils prior to placement of base rock.



In some instances, it may be preferable to use Special Treated Base (STB) in combination with over-excavation and increasing the thickness of the rock section. GeoPacific should be consulted for additional recommendations regarding use of STB in wet weather pavement sections if it is desired to pursue this alternative. Cement treatment of the subgrade may also be considered instead of over-excavation. For planning purposes, we anticipate that treatment of the onsite soils would involve mixing cement powder to approximately 6 percent cement content and a mixing depth on the order of 12 to 18 inches.

With implementation of the above recommendations, it is our opinion that the resulting pavement section will provide equivalent or greater structural strength than the dry weather pavement section currently planned. However, it should be noted that construction in wet weather is risky and the performance of pavement subgrades depend on a number of factors including the weather conditions, the contractor's methods, and the amount of traffic the road is subjected to. There is a potential that soft spots may develop even with implementation of the wet weather provisions recommended in this letter. If soft spots in the subgrade are identified during roadway excavation, or develop prior to paving, the soft spots should be over-excavated and backfilled with additional crushed rock.

During subgrade excavation, care should be taken to avoid disturbing the subgrade soils. Removals should be performed using an excavator with a smooth-bladed bucket. Truck traffic should be limited until an adequate working surface has been established. We suggest that the crushed rock be spread using bulldozer equipment rather than dump trucks, to reduce the amount of traffic and potential disturbance of subgrade soils.

Care should be taken to avoid over-compaction of the base course materials, which could create pumping, unstable subgrade soil conditions. Heavy and/or vibratory compaction efforts should be applied with caution. Following placement and compaction of the crushed rock to project specifications (95 percent of Modified Proctor), a finish proof-roll should be performed before paving.

The above recommendations are subject to field verification. GeoPacific should be on-site during construction to verify subgrade strength and to take density tests on the engineered fill, base rock and asphaltic pavement materials.

Seismic Design

The Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (Dogami), Oregon HazVu: Statewide GeoHazards Viewer indicates that the site is in an area where *severe* ground shaking is anticipated during an earthquake (Dogami HazVu, 2019). Structures should be designed to resist earthquake loading in accordance with the methodology described in the 2018 International Building Code (IBC) with applicable Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) revisions (current 2019). We recommend Site Class D be used for design per the OSSC, Table 1613.5.2 and as defined in ASCE 7-16, Chapter 20, Table 20.3-1. Design values determined for the site using the ATC (Applied Technology Council) *ASCE7-10 Hazards by Location online Tool* website are summarized in Table 3.



Table 3 - Recommended Earthquake Ground Motion Factors (ASCE 7-16)

Parameter	Value
Location (Lat, Long), degrees	45.3426, -122.6486
Probabilistic Ground Motion Valu 2% Probability of Exceedance in 5	<i>'</i>
Site Modified Peak Ground Acceleration	0.459 g
Short Period, S _s	0.831 g
1.0 Sec Period, S ₁	0.376 g
Soil Factors for Site Class D:	
Fa	1.168
F _v	1.924
$SD_s = 2/3 \times F_a \times S_s$	0.647 g
SD ₁ = 2/3 x F _v x S ₁	0.482 g
Seismic Design Category	D

^{*} F_v value reported in the above table is a straight-line interpolation of mapped spectral response acceleration at 1-second period, S_1 per Table 1613.2.3(2) of OSSC 2019 with the assumption that Exception 2 of ASCE 7-16 Chapter 11.4.8 is met per the Structural Engineer. If Exception 2 is not met, and the long-period site coefficient (F_v) is required for design, GeoPacific Engineering can be consulted to provide a site-specific procedure as per ASCE 7-16, Chapter 21.

Soil Liquefaction

Soil liquefaction is a phenomenon wherein saturated soil deposits temporarily lose strength and behave as a liquid in response to ground shaking caused by strong earthquakes. Soil liquefaction is generally limited to loose, sands and granular soils located below the water table. The Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (DOGAMI), Oregon HazVu: 2019 Statewide GeoHazards Viewer indicates that the site is in an area considered to be at *low* to *high* risk for soil liquefaction during an earthquake (DOGAMI:HazVu, 2019).

An in-depth analysis of seismic hazards is beyond the scope of this study. However, if additional information is desired regarding the potential for soil liquefaction during a seismic event, GeoPacific may be consulted to perform additional subsurface explorations, consisting of soil borings and/or CPT testing, and to perform a quantitative liquefaction analysis.



UNCERTAINTIES AND LIMITATIONS

We have prepared this report for the owner and his/her consultants for use in design of this project only. The conclusions and interpretations presented in this report should not be construed as a warranty of the subsurface conditions. Experience has shown that soil and groundwater conditions can vary significantly over small distances. Inconsistent conditions can occur between explorations that may not be detected by a geotechnical study. If, during future site operations, subsurface conditions are encountered which vary appreciably from those described herein, GeoPacific should be notified for review of the recommendations of this report, and revision of such if necessary.

Within the limitations of scope, schedule and budget, GeoPacific executed these services in accordance with generally accepted professional principles and practices in the fields of geotechnical engineering and engineering geology at the time the report was prepared. No warranty, express or implied, is made. The scope of our work did not include environmental assessments or evaluations regarding the presence or absence of wetlands or hazardous or toxic substances in the soil, surface water, or groundwater at this site.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

GEOPACIFIC ENGINEERING, INC.

Michael T. Baker, G.I.T. Geotechnical Staff

Muchel I Bolon

James D. Imbrie, G.E., C.E.G.
Principal Geotechnical Engineer

EXPIRES: 05/39/2021



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Geotechnical Engineering Report Project No. 19-5350, 9th Street, West Linn, Oregon



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CHECKLIST OF RECOMMENDED GEOTECHNICAL TESTING AND OBSERVATION

Item No.	Procedure	Timing	By Whom	Done
1	Preconstruction meeting	Prior to beginning site work	Contractor, Developer, Civil and Geotechnical Engineers	
2	Stripping agration and			
3				
4	Compaction testing of engineered fill (95% of Standard Proctor)	During filling, tested every 2 vertical feet	Soil Technician	
5	Compaction testing of trench backfill (95% of Standard Proctor)	During backfilling, tested every 4 vertical feet for every 200 lineal feet	Soil Technician	
6	Street Subgrade Inspection	Prior to placing base course	Soil Technician	
7	Base course compaction (95% of Modified Proctor)	Prior to paving, tested every 200 lineal feet	Soil Technician	
8	Footing Subgrade Inspection	Prior to placement of forms	Soil Technician/ Geotechnical Engineer	
9	Final Geotechnical Engineer's Report	Completion of project	Geotechnical Engineer	



FIGURES

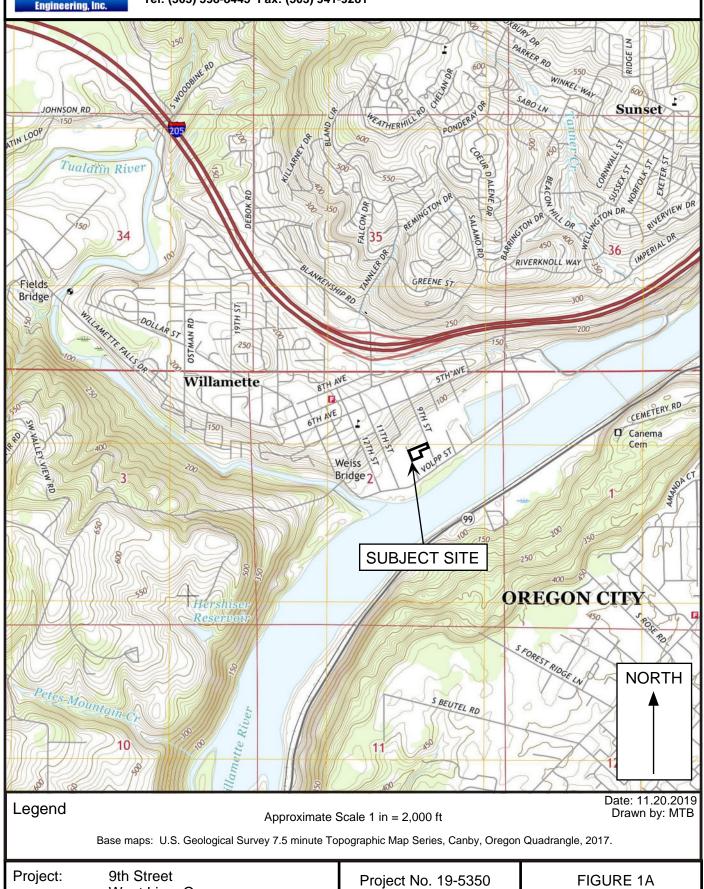


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West Linn, Oregon

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VICINITY MAP

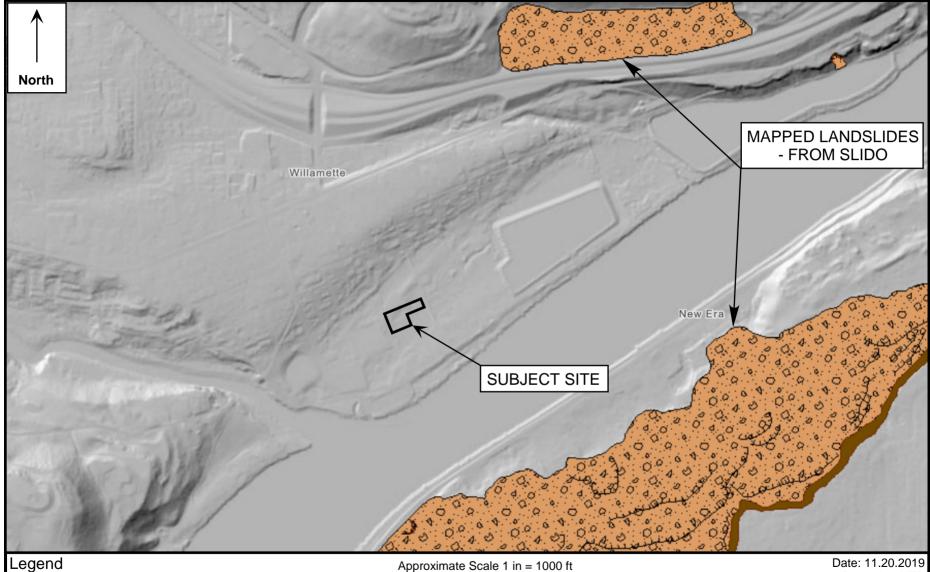


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LIDAR BASED VICINITY MAP -WITH MAPPED LANDSLIDES



Approximate Scale 1 in = 1000 ft

Drawn by: MTB

Base map: Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, 2019, Statewide Landslide Information Database for Oregon (SLIDO): http://www.gis.dogami.oregon.gov/slido

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

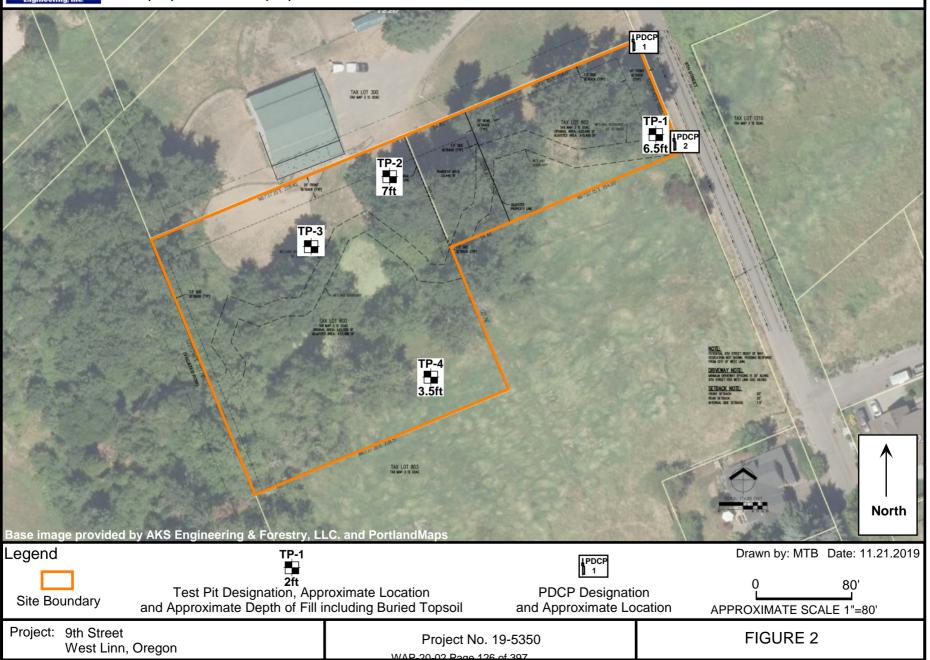
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FIGURE 1B



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SITE AERIAL AND EXPLORATION LOCATIONS





EXPLORATION LOGS



1,000 g

Bag Sample

Split-Spoon

Shelby Tube Sample

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TEST PIT LOG

Logged By: MTB

Surface Elevation: 74 Feet

Project: 9th Street Project No. 19-5350 Exploration No. TP-1 West Linn, Oregon Water Bearing Zone Sample Type Moisture Content (%) Depth (ft) ons/sq.ft. **Material Description** Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, very moist [Topsoil Horizon] Loose, GRAVEL (GM), composed of fractured rock and asphalt fragments up to 12 4.0 inch in diameter with sand and silt, moist [Undocumented Fill] 1.0 Soft to medium stiff, lean CLAY (CL), light brown, homogenous, tree roots, moist [Undocumented Fill] 3-1.0 1.5 Soft to medium stiff, CLAY (CL-CH), dark gray to brown, very plastic, moist, in lower portion this layer was dark brown to black fragments of extremely soft (R0) to soft 100 to 1,000 g 5-(R1) minerals from 1/4 inch to 1.5 inch in diameter, fragments of angular vesicular medium hard (R3) BASALT, moist [Undocumented Fill] 6-8-Medium stiff to stiff, SILT (ML) with sand, blue-gray, slightly plastic, homogenous, very moist to wet [Willamette Formation] 9-10-11-Test Pit terminated at 11 feet. 12-Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 4 feet and 10.5 feet. Flow visually estimated at 1/4 gallons per minute. 13-LEGEND Date Drilled: 11.13.2019

Seepage

 ∇

Static Water Table

Water Bearing Zone



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TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

Exploration No. **TP-2**

(ft)	Туре	q.ft.	ture nt (%)	ter g Zone			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	tons/sq.ft.	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone	Material Description		
					Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist [Topsoil Horizon]		
1_		0.5					
$\mid \cdot \mid$		0.0					
2_		1.0					
3-		1.5			Loose to medium dense, GRAVEL (GM), composed of medium hard (R3) angular BASALT and asphaltic concrete fragments up to several feet in diameter in a matrix of soft silty CLAY to clayey SILT (CL-ML), moist [Undocumented Fill]		
4-		1.5					
$ \ $							
5-							
6-					Coft arganic CILT (OI) brown groot roots majet [Duried Tanceil Herizon]		
7-				9	Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist [Buried Topsoil Horizon]		
8 -					Medium stiff, lean CLAY (CL), blue-gray, moderately plastic, homogenous, moist [Willamette Formation]		
9-	100 to						
10-	1,000 g				Soft to medium stiff, SILT with fine grained sand to sandy SILT (ML-SM), tan with faint orange mottling in thin bands approximately 1/8 to 1/2 inch in thickness, wet [Willamette Formation]		
11-							
$\mid \cdot \mid$					Test Pit terminated at 11 feet.		
12–					Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 6 to 7 feet. Flow visually estimated at 1/4 gallons per minute.		
13-							
'							
14_							
LEGE	ND		_		Date Drilled: 11.13.2019		
100 to 1,000 g					Logged By: MTB Surface Elevation: 80 Feet		
Bag	Bag Sample Split-Spoon Shelby Tube Sample Seepage Static Water Table Water Bearing Zone WAP-20-02 Page 139 of 397						



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TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

Exploration No. **TP-3**

Depth (ft)	Sample Type	tons/sq.ft.	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone	Material Description
					Stiff, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots wood debris, moist [Topsoil Horizon]
1-		3.0			
2_		3.5			
$\mid \cdot \mid$					
3-		4.5			Stiff to very stiff, SILT (ML), light brown, moderately plastic, homogenous, sparse tree roots to 3 feet, moist [Willamette Formation]
4-		4.5			
5-					
_					
6-					
7-					
8-					
_					Stiff, SILT (ML) with fine-grained sand to sandy SILT (SM), tan with gray and orange mottling, moist to approximately 8 feet than very moist to wet [Willamette Formation]
9-					
10-					
11-					
12-					Test Pit terminated at 11 feet.
-					Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 8 feet.
13-					
14_					
LEGE	ND ≃≃≃	F	a		Date Drilled: 11.13.2019
1,	00 to 000 g Sample	0-15	<u></u>	Challer T	Logged By: MTB Surface Elevation: 80 Feet Surface Elevation: 80 Feet
Dag	-apio	Split-S	200011	Shelby I	ube Sample Seepage Static Water Table Water Bearing Zone WAP-20-02 Page 130 of 397



1,000 g

Bag Sample

Split-Spoon

Shelby Tube Sample

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TEST PIT LOG

Surface Elevation: 72 Feet

Project: 9th Street Project No. 19-5350 Exploration No. **TP-4** West Linn, Oregon Water Bearing Zone Sample Type Moisture Content (%) Depth (ft) ons/sq.ft. **Material Description** Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist to very moist [Topsoil Horizon] 1.0 1.0 Soft to very stiff CLAY (CL), reddish brown, black staining, heavily weathered BASALT fragments, moist to wet [Undocumented Fill] 3-4.5 1.0 5-6-Medium stiff to stiff, SILT (ML) with sand, blue-gray, slightly plastic, homogenous, very moist to wet [Willamette Formation] 8-9. Test Pit terminated at 9 feet. 10-Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 2, 4 and 7 feet. 11-12-13-LEGEND Date Drilled: 11.13.2019 Logged By: MTB ∇

Static Water Table

Water Bearing Zone

Seepage

GeoPacific Engineering, Inc.

Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigiation, Design, Construction Support

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5014

Portable Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (PDCP) / California Bearing Ratio (CBR) Correlation

Existing A/C Thickness: 0 Inches Existing Base Aggregate Thickness: 0 Inches Project: 9th Street West Linn Date: 11.20.2019 Test: PDCP-1

Project No. 19-5350 Engineer: MTB
Location: SW Shoulder of 9th Street at N Property Corner Subgrade: Fill Notes: Location on Figures 2

Portable Dynamic Cone: KSE DCP K-100 Model, ASTM D6951, 17.6 lbs Hammer

Length of Shaft	Ref Height at Start	Depth Below Ground at Start
in	in	in
38.75	3.6	2.6

Blo	ows R	Ref Height (in)	Depth Below Ground (in)	Depth Below Ground (ft)	Depth Below Ground (mm)	Inches/Blow	mm/Blow	CBR	Corellated PSI
	5	10.9	9.9	0.8	251.5	1.5	37.1	5.1	4193
	5	13.4	12.4	1.0	315.0	0.5	12.7	16.9	6368
	5	21	20.0	1.7	508.0	1.5	38.6	4.9	4127
	5	26.7	25.7	2.1	652.8	1.1	29.0	6.7	4617
	5	29.5	28.5	2.4	723.9	0.6	14.2	14.9	6092
	5	32.9	31.9	2.7	810.3	0.7	17.3	12.0	5648
	5	35.9	34.9	2.9	886.5	0.6	15.2	13.8	5931
						Average	23 44	8.5	

Average Soil Resilient Modulus per ODOT Pavement Design Guide

Portable Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (PDCP) / California Bearing Ratio (CBR) Correlation

Project: 9th Street West Linn
Project No. 19-5350
Project No. 19-5350
Project No. 19-6350
Project: 9th Street West Linn
Project No. 19-6350
Project No. 19-6 Existing A/C Thickness: 0 Inches Tes Existing Base Aggregate Thickness: 0 Inches Test: PDCP-2

Notes: Location on Figures 2

E	Length of Shaft	Ref Height at Start	Depth Below Ground at Start
Γ	in	in	in
Γ	38.75	3	2

Blows	Ref Height (in)	Depth Below Ground (in)	Depth Below Ground (ft)	Depth Below Ground (mm)	Inches/Blow	mm/Blow	CBR	Corellated PSI
5	9.8	8.8	0.7	223.5	1.4	34.5	5.5	4310
5	12.7	11.7	1.0	297.2	0.6	14.7	14.4	6010
5	14.2	13.2	1.1	335.3	0.3	7.6	30.0	7772
5	16.6	15.6	1.3	396.2	0.5	12.2	17.7	6470
5	22.8	21.8	1.8	553.7	1.2	31.5	6.1	4468
5	25.6	24.6	2.1	624.8	0.6	14.2	14.9	6092
5	28	27.0	2.3	685.8	0.5	12.2	17.7	6470
5	32.8	31.8	2.7	807.7	1.0	24.4	8.2	4937
5	34.4	33.4	2.8	848.4	0.3	8.1	27.9	7578
					Average	17.72	11.7	!

Average 17.72 Average Soil Resilient Modulus per ODOT Pavement Design Guide 5592



PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG





Overhead of the Property





Proximity to Willamette River





Test Pits TP-2 & TP-3





Test Pit TP-1 Undocumented Fill





Test Pit TP-1





Test Pit TP-2 Undocumented Fill





Test Pit TP-3





Test Pit TP-4





Test Pit TP-4

Attachment J: City of West Linn Incomplete Letter Dated February 5, 2020



February 5, 2020

Roy Marvin 615 NW Territorial Road Canby, OR 97013

SUBJECT: WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01 Application for a property line adjustment between Taxlots 800 and 802 3S-1E-02AC and Water Resource Area review, Willamette River Greenway review, and Flood Management Area review for future construction of a single-family home on Taxlot 802.

Dear Mr. Marvin:

You submitted this application on January 7, 2020. The Planning and Engineering Departments find that this application is **incomplete.** The following items must be addressed:

1. Approved application for vacation of public utility easement along north property line of Taxlot 802.

Please submit the approved easement vacation document. The current proposal shows the future structure located in the easement.

2. Egress/Ingress and Utility Easement – Clackamas County Document No. 2019-6706.

Please submit a copy of the easement for proof of legal access.

3. CDC Chapter 27.050(C) – Written responses

Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 27.060, 27.070, and 27.080 that directly respond to the criteria. For example 27.060(B): Please provide calculations that prove this criteria is being met and not just see Exhibit A.

4. CDC Chapter 27.050(D) – Map of proposed alteration

Please provide a map that illustrates the location of all cuts and fills, including the total quantity of each.

5. CDC Chapter 27.050(G) – Elevation of lowest floor

Please provide an updated Sheet P04 or an explanation of the elevation of the southwest corner of the proposed structure and it being located below the 100-year flood elevation.

6. CDC Chapter 27.060(G) – Flood carrying capacity

Please submit certification by a professional civil engineer that the improvements located within the floodplain will maintain flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.

7. CDC Chapter 28.090.C(1) – Written Responses

Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 28.110 that directly respond to the criteria. For example 28.110.B(4): provide calculations of impervious surfaces and explain how this proposal is disturbing the minimum amount of HCA necessary when there are reduced setbacks that can be applied.

8. CDC Chapter 28.090.C(2) – Site Plan with HCA Boundaries

Please provide a site plan that includes the existing HCA boundary shown by low, moderate, and high.

9. CDC Chapter 32.050.F(9) – Significant Trees

Please contact the City Arborist for a significant tree determination. If significant trees are on the subject property, please submit an updated existing conditions map and identify which are to be retained or removed. If no significant trees are on the subject property, an email from the City Arborist will be sufficient.

10. CDC Chapter 32.050.G(3) – Anchored Chain Link Fence

Please update Site Plans to show appropriate protection fencing for the WRA.

- 11. CDC Chapter 32.050(H) Mitigation Plan
- 32.090(B) Please specify whether all mitigation will be on subject property or some will be off-site as the submittal provides conflicting information.
- 32.090(C) Please submit calculations for required mitigation and an updated map showing locations.
- 32.090(E) Please identify responsible parties for the mitigation plan and an implementation schedule including maintenance, monitoring, and reporting.
- 12. CDC Chapter 32.050(I) Re-vegetation Plan

Please provide additional findings for all criteria in 32.100 that directly respond to the criteria.

- 32.100.A.3(a) Please provide calculations.
- 32.100.A.3(b) Please provide a site plan showing the locations/distances of required plantings.
- 32.100.A(5 to 8) Please identify responsible parties for monitoring/reporting of revegetated sites and who is responsible for weeding and replacement of dead plants.

Pursuant to ORS 227.178 "If an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change is incomplete, the governing body or its designee shall notify the applicant in writing of exactly what information is missing within 30 days of receipt of the application and allow the applicant to submit the

^{*} Pursuant to CDC 99.035, the Planning Director may require information in addition to that required by a specific chapter in the Community Development Code or may waive a specific requirement for information or a requirement to address a certain approval standards.

missing information. The application shall be deemed complete for the purpose of subsection (1) of this section upon receipt by the governing body or its designee of:

- (a) All of the missing information;
- (b) Some of the missing information and written notice from the applicant that no other information will be provided; or
- (c) Written notice from the applicant that none of the missing information will be provided.

You now have 180 days, through <u>July 5, 2020</u>, to make the application complete by providing the information outlined above. On the 181st day after first being submitted, the application will be considered void if the applicant has been notified of the missing information and has not submitted the information as requested above or a written notice responding to the above options.

Please contact me at 503-742-6064, or by email at dwyss@westlinnoregon.gov if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Darren Wyss

Associate Planner



Planning & Development • 22500 Salamo Rd #1000 • West Linn, Oregon 97068

Telephone 503.656.4211 • Fax 503.656.4106 • westlinnoregon.gov

DEVELOPMENT REVIEW APPLI	CATION
For Office Use Only	of the second second second
STAFF CONTACT Darren Wyss PROJECT NO(S). WAP-20-01 /	URG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-0
Non-Refundable Fee(s) # 3,850. Refundable Deposit(s) # 2,750	TOTAL \$ 6,600.00
Type of Review (Please check all that apply):	
Annexation (ANX) Appeal and Review (AP) * Conditional Use (CUP) Design Review (DR) Easement Vacation Extraterritorial Ext. of Utilities Final Plat or Plan (FP) Flood Management Area Hillside Protection & Erosion Control Home Occupation, Pre-Application, Sidewalk Use, Sign Review Permit, and Temp different or additional application forms, available on the City website or at City	Water Resource Area Protection/Single Lot (WAP) Water Resource Area Protection/Wetland (WAP) Willamette & Tualatin River Greenway (WRG) Zone Change
Site Location/Address:	Assessor's Map No.: 31E02AC
Clackamas County Assessor's Map No. 31E02AC, Tax Lots 800 and 802	Tax Lot(s): 800 and 802
	Total Land Area: +- 72,087 SF
Brief Description of Proposal:	72,087 SF
Lot Line Adjustment (LLA) between TL 800 and 802, and HCA, FMA, WRG and WRA for TL 802. Applicant Name: Box Manda	Phono
Applicant Name: Roy Marvin	Phone: *Please contact Consultant
Address: 615 NW Territorial Road City State Zip: Canby, OR 97013	Email: *Please contact Consultant
Owner Name (required): Malibar Group LLC, Retirement Plan fbo Roy Marvin Address: 615 NW Territorial Road City State Zip: Canby, OR 97013	Phone: *Please contact Consultant Email: *Please contact Consultant
Consultant Name: Zach Pelz, AICP, AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC	Phone: (503) 400-6028
Address: 3700 River Road N, Suite 1	Email: PelzZ@aks-eng.com
City State Zip: Keizer, OR 97303	gane ong.com
1. All application fees are non-refundable (excluding deposit). Any overruns to depose 2. The owner/applicant or their representative should be present at all public hearings 3. A denial or approval may be reversed on appeal. No permit will be in effect until th 4. Three (3) complete hard-copy sets (single sided) of application materials must be so One (1) complete set of digital application materials must also be submitted on CD If large sets of plans are required in application please submit only two sets. No CD required / ** Only one hard-copy set needed	e appeal period has expired.
The undersigned property owner(s) hereby authorizes the filing of this application, and authorizes comply with all code requirements applicable to my application. Acceptance of this application do to the Community Development Code and to other regulations adopted after the application is ap Approved applications and subsequent development is not vested under the provisions in place at	pes not infer a complete submittal. All amendments
Applicant's signature Date Owner's sign	nature (required) Date



Submittal Transmittal

AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC | 3700 River Rd N, Suite 1 Keizer OR 97303 United States

FROM: Linda Johnson

AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

3700 River Rd N, Suite 1

Keizer OR 97303

United Statesjohnsonl@aks-

5926

eng.com

503-400-6028 x428

Jennifer Arnold

City of West Linn 22500 Salamo Road West Linn, OR 97068

jarnold@westlinnoregon.gov

503-723-2542

PROJECT:

1220 9th Street - West Linn

DATE SENT:

1/6/2020

SUBJECT:

Consolidated LUA 'TL 802'

ID:

00042

PURPOSE:

For Review and Comment

VIA:

Delivered by AKS

Engineering

REMARKS:

Sub 1 Consolidated LUA 'TL 802'

Good Afternoon,

Enclosed for your review is a Consolidated Land Use Application for TL 802. Together with are 3 copies of the application, two checks in the amounts of \$6,000 and \$600 totaling \$6,600, a flash drive with a PDF of all submittal items and the full-sized preliminary plans, the original signed application and one set of full sized 34 X 22 plans. If you have any questions please let us know,

Kindly,

Linda K. Johnson



AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC

WE'VE MOVED! PLEASE NOTE OUR NEW ADDRESS BELOW.
3700 River Road N, Suite 1 | Keizer, OR 97303
P: 503.400.6028 Ext. 428 | F: 503.400.7722 | www.aks-eng.com JohnsonL@aks-eng.com

Offices in: Bend, OR | Keizer, OR | Tualatin, OR | Vancouver, WA

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Consolidated Land Use Applications for a Property Line Adjustment and Natural Resource Overlay Permits for Lots 800 and 802

Date: January 2020

Submitted to: City of West Linn

22500 Salamo Road West Linn, OR 97068

Applicant: Malibar Group, LLC

615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

AKS Job Number: 5926



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Consolidated Land Use Applications for a Property Line Adjustment and Natural Resource Overlay Permits for Lots 800 and 802

Submitted to: City of West Linn

Planning Department 22500 Salamo Road West Linn, OR 97068

Applicant: Malibar Group, LLC

Attn: Roy Marvin

615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

Property Owners: Malibar Group, LLC Retirement Plan FBO Roy Marvin

615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

Applicant's Consultant: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

3700 River Road N, Suite 1

Keizer, OR 97303

Contact: Zach Pelz, AICP
Email: PelzZ@aks-eng.com
(503) 400-6028

Site Location: No site address, West Linn, OR 97068

Clackamas County Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 02AC, Tax

Assessor's Map: Lots 800 and 802

Site Size: ±1.09 acres (Lot 800) and ±0.48 acres (Lot 802)

Land Use Districts: R-10 (Single Family Residential Detached)

I. Executive Summary

AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC is pleased to submit this application on behalf of Roy Marvin (Applicant) to gain approval for a consolidated package of land use applications, including a property line adjustment (PLA), Water Resource Area (WRA) permit, Flood Management Area (FMA) permit, and Willamette River Greenway (WRG) permit for Tax Lots 800 and 802 of Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 02AC. While the PLA affects both Lots 800 and 802, the requested WRA, FMA, and WRG permits affect only Lot 802. The PLA is designed to minimize impacts to the mapped WRAs Habitat Conservation Areas (HCAs), WRGs, and FMAs that lie in the vicinity of the subject property. Where a high degree of regulation constrains a property, the West Linn Community Development Code (CDC) provides hardship provisions that accommodate reasonable land use. The subject property satisfies applicable provisions of the city hardship standards, and this application demonstrates a thoughtful balance between natural resource protection and development expectations.

Concurrent with these applications is a request for the vacation of a 20-foot-wide public utility easement (PUE) along the north line of Lot 802. This vacation would allow the buildable envelope to be moved further away from the wetland boundary and minimize impacts to the WRAs during future development. Responses in this narrative are contingent on approval of the requested PUE vacation.

This application includes the City application forms, written materials, and preliminary plans necessary for staff to review and determine compliance with the applicable approval criteria. The evidence is substantial and supports the City's approval of the application.

II. Site Description/Setting

Tax Lot 802 is located north of Volpp Street between 9th and 10th streets in West Linn's Willamette Neighborhood and is zoned Single-Family Residential Detached (R-10). The site is unimproved but has access to public water, sanitary sewer, gas, power, and communications along 9th Street.

The subject property is completely encompassed within the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 100-year floodplain and is further constrained by the WRG, WRA, and HCA protection overlay zones. A larger wetland is located across Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 and extends offsite to the northeast.

III. Applicable Review Criteria

CITY OF WEST LINN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CODE

Chapter 11 – SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DETACHED, R-10

11.030 Permitted Uses

The following are uses permitted outright in this zoning district:

1. Single-family detached residential unit.

...

Response:

While a request to construct a home on Lot 802 is not included with this application, the Applicant desires to construct a single-family home once this request is approved. The City of West Linn will confirm that the proposed structure conforms to all applicable criteria at the time of building permit submittal. This criterion can be met.



11.070 Dimensional Requirements, Uses Permitted Outright And Uses Permitted Under Prescribed Conditions

Except as may be otherwise provided by the provisions of this code, the following are the requirements for uses within this zone:

1. The minimum lot size shall be 10,000 square feet for a single-family detached unit.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that the adjusted sizes of Tax Lots 800 and 802 are larger than the minimum 10,000 square feet required in the R-10 zone. This criterion is met.

2. The minimum front lot line length or the minimum lot width at the front lot line shall be 35 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the front lot line length is +- 100 feet for Tax Lot 802 and ±228 feet for Tax Lot 800. This criterion is met.

3. The average minimum lot width shall be 50 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that Lot 802 is ± 154 feet wide and Lot 800 is ± 227 feet wide. This criterion is met.

- 4. Repealed by Ord. 1622.
- 5. Except as specified in CDC 25.070(C)(1) through (4) for the Willamette Historic District, the minimum yard dimensions or minimum building setback area from the lot line shall be:
 - a. For the front yard, 20 feet; except for steeply sloped lots where the provisions of CDC 41.010 shall apply.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the front building setback area for Tax Lots 800 and 802. This application includes a request, as permissible under the hardship provisions of CDC 32.110, for a reduction in the front setback on Lot 802 to 12 feet. See responses under CDC 32 regarding this request. The criteria are met.

b. For an interior side yard, seven and one-half feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the interior side setback on Tax Lots 800 and 802 as 7.5 feet. This criterion is met.

c. For a side yard abutting a street, 15 feet.

Response:

The subject property does not have a side yard abutting a street. This criterion does not apply.

d. For a rear yard, 20 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the rear yard setback is 20 feet. The rear yard of Lot 800 is established by the 15-foot wetland setback. This criterion is met.

6. The maximum building height shall be 35 feet, except for steeply sloped lots in which case the provisions of Chapter 41 CDC shall apply.

Response:

This application does not include a request to construct new homes on the subject lots. The City will ensure that the building height requirements are met at the time of building permit submittal. The criteria do not apply.

7. The maximum lot coverage shall be 35 percent.



The lot coverage provisions of this section are superseded by the maximum disturbance area and related requirements under the WRA hardship (Chapter 32) and FMA standards (Chapter 27). Please see responses to those criteria later in this narrative. This criterion does not apply.

The minimum width of an accessway to a lot which does not abut a street or a flag lot shall be 15 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows a shared accessway to Tax Lots 800 and 802 along the north boundary of these lots. The accessway measures 20 feet in width. To the extent it applies, this criterion is met.

- 9. The maximum floor area ratio shall be 0.45. Type I and II lands shall not be counted toward lot area when determining allowable floor area ratio, except that a minimum floor area ratio of 0.30 shall be allowed regardless of the classification of lands within the property. That 30 percent shall be based upon the entire property including Type I and II lands. Existing residences in excess of this standard may be replaced to their prior dimensions when damaged without the requirement that the homeowner obtain a non-conforming structures permit under Chapter 66 CDC.
- 10. The sidewall provisions of Chapter 43 CDC shall apply.

Response:

The subject property is comprised entirely of Type II Lands with a floor area ratio (FAR) calculated at the minimum of 0.30, for an adjusted lot size of 4,380 square feet, based on a total lot area of 14,600 square feet. The criteria are met.

11.090 Other Applicable Development Standards

- A. The following standards apply to all development including permitted uses:
 - 1. Chapter 34 CDC, Accessory Structures, Accessory Dwelling Units, and Accessory Uses.
 - 2. Chapter 35 CDC, Temporary Structures and Uses.
 - 3. Chapter 38 CDC, Additional Yard Area Required; Exceptions to Yard Requirements; Storage in Yards; Projections into Yards.
 - 4. Chapter 41 CDC, Building Height, Structures on Steep Lots, Exceptions.
 - 5. Chapter 42 CDC, Clear Vision Areas.
 - 6. Chapter 44 CDC, Fences.

Response:

This application does not include a request for building structures or a building permit. The City will ensure the development meets the referenced standards during the building permit submittal. The above criteria do not apply to this application.

- 7. Chapter 46 CDC, Off-Street Parking, Loading and Reservoir Areas.
- 8. Chapter 48 CDC, Access, Egress and Circulation.

Response: Responses to the applicable criteria from CDC 46 and 48 are included below.

Chapter 27 - FLOOD MANAGEMENT AREAS

27.020 Applicability

A flood management area permit is required for all development in the Flood Management Area Overlay Zone. The standards that apply to flood management areas apply in addition to State or federal restrictions governing floodplains or flood hazard areas.



Exhibit A shows that the subject property is located entirely within the Flood Management Area Overlay Zone (FMA). It also illustrates that the adjustment of the property line has been configured to accommodate a buildable footprint to comply with the requirements for construction within the FMA. The Applicant is aware of the requirements for development in this overlay zone and has included the FMA permit application in this submittal. This criterion is met.

27.030 Exemptions

This chapter does not apply to work necessary to protect, repair, or maintain existing public or private structures, utility facilities, roadways, driveways, accessory uses, and exterior improvements, or replace small public structures, utility facilities, or roadways in response to emergencies. Within 30 days after the work has been completed, the party responsible for the work shall initiate a flood management permit designed to analyze any changes effectuated during the emergency and mitigate adverse impacts.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of exemptions relating to work performed in response to emergencies. This exemption does not apply.

27.050 Application

Applications for a flood management area permit must include the following:

A. A pre-application conference as a prerequisite to the filing of the application.

Response:

A pre-application conference to discuss the subject application was held June 20, 2019 at West Linn City Hall. The Pre-Application Summary from the City is attached hereto as Exhibit H. This criterion has been met.

B. An application initiated by the property owner, or the owner's authorized agent, and accompanied by the appropriate fee.

Response:

A signed application form and associated fees are included with this application. This criterion is met.

C. An application submittal that includes the completed application form, one copy of written responses addressing CDC 27.060, 27.070, 27.080 (if applicable), and 27.090 (if applicable), one copy of all maps and plans at the original scale, one copy of all maps and plans reduced to a paper size not greater than 11 inches by 17 inches, and a copy in a digital format acceptable to the City.

Response:

An application form signed by the property owner is included as Exhibit B, together with written responses addressing applicable approval criteria and accompanying maps and exhibits, as required. The criterion is met.

D. A map of the property indicating the nature of the proposed alteration and its relationship to property zones, structures, trees, and any other pertinent features.

Response:

Exhibit A includes a map of the property indicating the proposed alteration and its relationship to property zones, structures, trees, and other pertinent features. The criterion is met.

E. Information regarding the elevation of the site prior to development, the base flood elevation data for subdivisions (if applicable), and a description of water course alterations, if proposed.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the elevations of the subject property prior to development. This criterion is met.

F. A topographic map of the site at contour intervals of five feet or less showing a delineation of the flood management area, which includes, but is not limited to, areas shown on the Flood Management Area map. The City Engineer or Building Official, as applicable, may, at his/her discretion, require the map to be prepared by a registered land surveyor to ensure accuracy. A written narrative explaining the reason why the owner wishes to alter the floodplain shall accompany the site plan map.

Response:

Exhibit A includes a survey prepared by AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC (a licensed professional land surveyor) which shows the boundary of the flood management area. As supported by this narrative and the accompanying exhibits, required submittal elements are included with this application. This criterion is met.

- G. The elevation in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor (including basement) of all structures.
- H. The elevation in relation to mean sea level to which any structure has been flood-proofed (non-residential only).

Response: Exhibit A contains the required elevations as listed above. These criteria are met.

27.060 Approval Criteria

The Planning Director shall make written findings with respect to the following criteria when approving, approving with conditions, or denying an application for development in flood management areas:

A. Development, excavation, and fill shall be performed in a manner to maintain or increase flood storage and conveyance capacity and not increase design flood elevations.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates that flood storage capacity on the subject property will be maintained following new home construction on Lot 802. This criterion is met.

B. No net fill increase in any floodplain is allowed. All fill placed in a floodplain shall be balanced with an equal amount of soil material removal. Excavation areas shall not exceed fill areas by more than 50 percent of the square footage. Any excavation below the ordinary high water line shall not count toward compensating for fill.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that the application balances cut and fill within the floodplain. This criterion can be met.

C. Excavation to balance a fill shall be located on the same lot or parcel as the fill unless it is not reasonable or practicable to do so. In such cases, the excavation shall be located in the same drainage basin and as close as possible to the fill site, so long as the proposed excavation and fill will not increase flood impacts for surrounding properties as determined through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, cut and fill will be balanced between Tax Lots 802 and 803, which are located in the same drainage basin. This criterion is met.

D. Minimum finished floor elevations must be at least one foot above the design flood height or highest flood of record, whichever is higher, for new habitable structures in the flood area.

Response:

The base flood elevation on the subject property is 75.1 feet. As shown on Exhibit A, the finished floor of all new habitable space will be a minimum of 1 foot above the base flood elevation. This criterion is met.

E. Temporary fills permitted during construction shall be removed.

Response: Exhibit A shows that temporary fills are not anticipated. This criterion can be met.



F. Prohibit encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development in floodways unless certification by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon is provided demonstrating that encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that the site is not located in or near, nor will it encroach into, the floodway. This criterion does not apply.

G. All proposed improvements to the floodplain or floodway which might impact the flood-carrying capacity of the river shall be designed by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that all proposed improvements within the floodplain have been designed by a professional civil engineer licensed to practice in the State of Oregon. This criterion is met.

H. New culverts, stream crossings, and transportation projects shall be designed as balanced cut and fill projects or designed not to significantly raise the design flood elevation. Such projects shall be designed to minimize the area of fill in flood management areas and to minimize erosive velocities. Stream crossings shall be as close to perpendicular to the stream as practicable. Bridges shall be used instead of culverts wherever practicable.

Response:

This application includes half-street improvements along Lot 802 and 9th Street frontage. These improvements have been designed to minimize impacts to the floodplain and nearby wetlands. This criterion is met.

I. Excavation and fill required for the construction of detention facilities or structures, and other facilities, such as levees, specifically shall be designed to reduce or mitigate flood impacts and improve water quality. Levees shall not be used to create vacant buildable land.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates a new raingarden on Tax Lot 802. Associated excavations and fills have been balanced across the site. This criterion can be met.

J. The applicant shall provide evidence that all necessary permits have been obtained from those federal, State, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required.

Response:

A pre-construction FEMA Flood Elevation Certificate is included in Exhibit D. A completed elevation certificate will be furnished to the City following the completion of new home construction on Lot 802. This criterion is met.

27.070 Construction Materials and Methods

- A. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.
- B. Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities shall be designed and/or otherwise elevated or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
- C. New and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system.
- D. New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharge from the systems into flood waters.
- E. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.

F. All new construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure.

Response:

The majority of new public and private utilities will be placed underground and will be resistant to flood impacts. New HVAC and other above-grade equipment will be located at least 1 foot above the base floor elevation. The criteria can be met.

27.080 Residential Construction

A. New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to at least one foot above the base flood elevation.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, the BFE is 75.1 feet. The Preliminary Grading Plan in Exhibit A further illustrates that the first floor of a new home on Lot 802 will be set at or above an elevation of 76.2 feet. The criteria are met.

- B. Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are prohibited, or shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must be certified by either a professional civil engineer or an architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon, and must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - 1. A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
 - 2. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade.
 - 3. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices; provided, that they permit the automatic entry or exit of floodwaters.
 - 4. Fully enclosed areas below the base flood elevation shall only be used for parking, access, and limited storage.
 - 5. Service equipment (e.g., furnaces, water heaters, washer/dryers, etc.) is not permitted below the base flood elevation.
 - 6. All walls, floors, and ceiling materials located below the base flood elevation must be unfinished and constructed of materials resistant to flood damage.

Response:

At time of building permit submittal, the City will ensure flood elevation design complies with these and other applicable building requirements.

- C. Crawlspaces. Crawlspaces are a commonly used method of elevating buildings in special flood hazard areas (SFHAs) to or above the base flood elevation (BFE), and are allowed subject to the following requirements:
 - 1. The building is subject to the Flood-Resistant Construction provisions of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.
 - 2. They shall be designed by a professional engineer or architect licensed to practice in the State of Oregon to meet the standards contained in the most current Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Technical Bulletin.
 - 3. The building must be designed and adequately anchored to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.
 - 4. Flood vent openings shall be provided on at least two sides that equalize hydrostatic pressures by allowing for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. The total area of the flood vent openings must be no less than one square inch for each square foot of enclosed area. The bottom of each flood vent opening can be no more than one foot above the lowest adjacent exterior grade. For guidance on flood openings, see FEMA Technical Bulletin 1-93, Openings in Foundation Walls.



- 5. Portions of the building below the BFE must be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage. This includes not only the foundation walls (studs and sheathing), but also any joists, insulation, or other materials that extend below the BFE. For more detailed guidance on flood-resistant materials see FEMA Technical Bulletin 2-93, Flood-Resistant Materials Requirements.
- 6. Utility systems within the crawlspace must be elevated above BFE or designed so that floodwaters cannot enter or accumulate within the system components during flood conditions. Ductwork, in particular, must either be placed above the BFE or sealed from floodwaters. For further guidance on the placement of building utility systems in crawlspaces, see FEMA 348, Protecting Building Utilities From Flood Damage. Flood-resistant materials and utilities, access, and ventilation openings in crawlspaces are further addressed in this bulletin.
- 7. The interior grade of a crawlspace below the BFE must not be more than two feet below the lowest adjacent exterior grade (LAG).
- 8. The height of the below-grade crawlspace, measured from the interior grade of the crawlspace to the top of the crawlspace foundation wall, must not exceed four feet at any point. This limitation will also prevent these crawlspaces from being converted into habitable spaces.
- 9. There must be an adequate drainage system that removes floodwaters from the interior area of the crawlspace. Possible options include natural drainage through porous, well-drained soils and drainage systems such as low-point drains, perforated pipes, drainage tiles, or gravel or crushed stone drainage by gravity.
- 10. The velocity of floodwaters at the site should not exceed five feet per second for any crawlspace. For velocities in excess of five feet per second, other foundation types should be used.
- 11. For more detailed information refer to FEMA Technical Bulletin 11-01 or the most current edition.
- 12. The use of below-grade crawlspaces to elevate the building to one foot above the BFE may cause an increase in flood insurance premiums, which are beyond the control of the City.
- D. A poured slab placed over fill can be used to elevate the lowest floor of a structure above the base flood elevation. However, when a building site is filled, it is still in the floodplain and no basements are permitted.
- E. Placing a structure on piers, piles, and posts is allowed provided supporting members are designed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces.

This application does not include a request to construct any buildings on the subject property at this time. The City will confirm that the building plans conform to the applicable requirements stated herein at the time of the building permit submittal. This criterion can be met.

Chapter 28 – WILLAMETTE AND TUALATIN RIVER PROTECTION

28.030 Applicability

- A. The Willamette and Tualatin River Protection Area is an overlay zone. The zone boundaries are identified on the City's zoning map, and include:
 - 1. All land within the City of West Linn's Willamette River Greenway Area.
 - 2. All land within 200 feet of the ordinary low water mark of the Tualatin River, and all land within the 100-year floodplain of the Tualatin River.



3. In addition to the Willamette Greenway and Tualatin River Protection Area boundaries, this chapter also relies on the HCA Map to delineate where development should or should not occur. Specifically, the intent is to keep out of, or minimize disturbance of, the habitat conservation areas (HCAs). Therefore, if all, or any part, of a lot or parcel is in the Willamette Greenway and Tualatin River Protection Area boundaries, and there are HCAs on the lot or parcel, a Willamette and Tualatin River Protection Area permit shall be required unless the development proposal is exempt per CDC 28.040.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of the overlay zones and the intent to keep out of, or minimize disturbance of, the habitat conservation areas (HCAs). The subject property is located within the Willamette River Greenway Area (WRG) and the HCA overlay zones; therefore, the relative permit applications are included in this submittal.

B. At the confluence of a stream or creek with either the Tualatin or Willamette River, the standards of this chapter shall apply only to those portions of the lot or parcel fronting the river. Meanwhile, development in those portions of the property facing or adjacent to the stream or creek shall meet the transition, setbacks and other provisions of Chapter 32 CDC, Water Resource Area Protection.

Response:

The subject property does not front the Tualatin or Willamette River, but the proposed development is located within the WRA. The Applicant's responses to CDC 32 are found in the relevant chapter below.

C. All uses permitted under the provisions of the underlying base zone and within the Willamette and Tualatin River Protection Area zone are allowed in the manner prescribed by the base zone subject to applying for and obtaining a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter unless specifically exempted per CDC 28.040.

Response:

The Applicant understands the provisions of the applicable R-10 zone in the context of the WRG overlay and has included the appropriate permit application with this submittal.

D. The construction of a structure in the HCA or the expansion of a structure into the HCA when the new intrusion is closer to the protected water feature than the pre-existing structure.

Response:

This application seeds approval to construct a new home in the HCA. The applicable criteria of this section are responded to below.

28.040 Exemptions/Uses Permitted Outright

The following development activities do not require a permit under the provisions of this chapter. (Other permits may still be required.)

- A. Customary dredging and channel maintenance conducted under permit from the State of Oregon.
- B. Seasonal increases in gravel operations under permit from the State of Oregon and/or the United States Army Corps of Engineers.
- C. Scenic easements and their maintenance.
- D. Replacement-in-kind or minor modification by public utilities for pump stations, public bathrooms, utilities, existing utility lines, wires, fixtures, equipment, circuits, appliances, and conductors and similar facilities.
- E. Flood emergency procedures and the maintenance and repair of existing flood control facilities.
- F. Signs, markers, announcements, etc., placed by a public agency to serve the public.
- G. Maintenance or repair of existing residential houses, structures and docks, provided the work does not involve expansion of building square footage or building footprint.



- H. Storage of equipment or material associated with uses permitted, providing that the storage complies with applicable provisions of this chapter.
- I. A change of use of a building or other structure which does not substantially alter or affect the land or water upon which it is situated.
- Landscaping with native or existing vegetative materials only (excluding nuisance or prohibited plants on the Metro Native Plant List).
- K. Routine repair and maintenance of legally established structures, utilities, roads, and manmade water control facilities such as constructed ponds or lakes, wastewater facilities, and stormwater treatment facilities that do not alter the location or footprint of the structure, utility, or road.
- L. Reasonable emergency procedures necessary for the safety or protection of property.
- M. Minor modifications. A modification shall be considered "minor" when it results in a change in the approved design that is equal to or less than a 10 percent increase in the length, width or height of the facility. A change of location by under 20 feet laterally for any part of the structure, ramp, dock, etc., also constitutes a minor modification.
- N. The action of any City officer or employee of any public utility to remove or alleviate from immediate danger to life or property, to restore existing utility service or to reopen a public thoroughfare to traffic; provided, that after the emergency has passed, adverse impacts are mitigated in accordance with CDC 32.070.
- O. Routine maintenance activities such as removing dead or dying vegetation that constitutes a hazard to life or property, pollutants, trash, eroded material, etc.
- P. Wetland, riparian and upland enhancement or restoration projects done with approval of City staff and regulatory agency personnel (e.g., ODFW, DSL).
- Q. Temporary and minor clearing not to exceed 200 square feet for the purpose of site investigations and pits for preparing soil profiles; provided, that such areas are restored to their original condition when the investigation is complete. For wetlands, such clearing shall not occur within the actual wetland itself, but only within the adjacent wetland transition area. While such temporary and minor clearing is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, it is subject to all other City codes, including provisions for erosion control and tree removal.
- R. Removal of plants identified as nuisance or prohibited plants on the Metro Native Plant List and the planting or propagation of plants identified as native plants on the Metro Native Plant List. Handheld tools must be used to remove nuisance or prohibited plants, and after such removal all open soil areas greater than 25 square feet must be replanted.
- S. In cases where the required development standards of this chapter are applied and met with no encroachment into HCAs, and also meeting subsections T and U of this section, where applicable, then no permit under the provisions of this chapter will be required. For example, if the proposed development or action will be located in the "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" and keeps out of the habitat conservation areas, a Willamette or Tualatin River Protection Area permit shall not be required. Floodplain management area or other permits may still be required.
- T. The construction, remodeling or additions of home and accessory structures that take place completely within the "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" shall be exempt from a Willamette or Tualatin River Protection Area permit. Where the "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" goes to the edge of a clearly defined top of bank, the applicant's home and accessory structures shall be set back at least 15 feet from top of bank. At-grade patios and deck areas within 30 inches of grade may extend to within five feet from top of bank. No overhang or cantilevering of structures is permitted over HCA or over setback area. If these terms are met then no permit will be required under this chapter.



- U. Maintenance, alteration, expansion, repair and replacement of existing structures are exempt, provided impermeable surfaces do not exceed 5,000 square feet and that it complies with the provisions of Chapters 27 and 28 CDC. The following standards shall also apply:
 - Rebuilding of existing residential and non-residential structures within the same foundation lines as the original structure(s) including, but not limited to, those damaged or destroyed by fire or other natural hazards; or
 - 2. The alteration, expansion, repair and replacement of a house or structure per the standards of CDC 28.110(E) not to exceed 5,000 square feet of impermeable surface per that section; or
 - 3. The alteration, expansion, repair and replacement of a house or structure vertically where the applicant is adding additional floors or expanding above the footprint of the existing structure regardless of whether the structure's footprint is in an HCA or not.
- V. Maintenance of existing gardens, pastures, lawns, and landscape perimeters, irrigation systems within existing gardens, lawns, and landscape perimeters. New irrigation systems are not permitted where none existed before. The City encourages restoration of areas within the drainageway transition to native vegetation.
- W. Low impact public or private outdoor recreation facilities including, but not limited to, multiuse water-permeable paths and trails to a maximum width of four feet, picnic areas, interpretive displays, benches. Gazebos or similar structures must be out of the HCA areas to be exempt. No more than 500 square feet of new lot coverage allowed under this provision.
- X. Interior remodeling.
- Y. Installation of new and/or replacement water-permeable driveways, paths and patios and twotrack driveways outside of HCAs. Surface area cannot exceed amount allowed by lot coverage standards of underlying zone.
- Z. Accessory structures under 15 feet tall and 500 square feet located on the opposite side of the house or principal structure from the resource area requires only a building permit.
- AA. Lands that are designated as an HCA only due to a forested canopy shall be exempted since trees are already protected in the municipal code and Chapters 55 and 85 CDC. Development of lands that are designated as HCA due to other variables such as wetlands, flood areas and steep slopes shall still be regulated by the provisions of this chapter and not exempted.
- BB. Construction of a public pathway by dedication or easement accepted by the City.
- CC. A new dock subject to the approval criteria of this chapter.
- DD. Public docks, gangways, and other water related accessory facilities.

Response: This application does not include a request for any of the exemptions listed above. These criteria do not apply.

28.050 Prohibited Uses

The following are prohibited:

- 1. Residential floating structures, also known as floating homes or houseboats.
- 2. Permanent ski jumps.
- 3. More than one dock with or without a boat house per riverfront lot of record, except City-owned tax lots 100, 200, 300, 400, and 500 of Assessor's Map 21 East 24.
- 4. The location of any dock under any water condition that prevents what would otherwise be historic, safe, uninterrupted water passage.
- 5. Any new lawn area or garden area consisting primarily of non-native vegetation within HCA lands. A lawn area in the "Allowed Development" area is permitted.



- Planting of any species identified as nuisance or prohibited plants on the Metro Native Plant List.
- 7. Non-permitted storage of hazardous materials as defined by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality and dumping of any materials of any kind.
- Excessive trimming or removal of existing native vegetation within the HCA unless it
 is to reestablish native vegetation in place of non-native or invasive vegetation.

This application does not include, nor does the Applicant anticipate, any of the above-listed prohibited uses on site. The criteria do not apply.

28.060 Administration and Approval Process

An application for a protection area permit shall be processed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 99 CDC, Procedures for Decision-Making: Quasi-Judicial.

Response:

The Applicant understands that the application decision will be processed per the applicable provisions of CDC Chapter 99. The criterion will be met.

28.070 Planning Director Verification of Metro Habitat Protection Map Boundaries

A. The HCA Map is the basis for identifying and designating the habitat conservation areas in the City. A copy of the latest, updated HCA Map is on file at the City and is adopted by reference for use with this chapter.

It is inevitable, given the large area that Metro's HCA Map covers, that there may be some errors. In cases where, for example, three properties share the same contours and the same natural features but the map shows the middle lot with an HCA designation on it, it is reasonable to question the accuracy of that HCA designation. Using tree overstory as the sole basis for HCA designation will also allow a change in designation since trees are already protected in the municipal code and Chapters 55 and 85 CDC.

- B. The Planning Director shall verify the appropriate HCA or non-HCA designation by site visits or consultations with Metro or by other means. Determination is based on whether the Metro criteria are met or whether the Metro designation was based solely on tree overstory in which case a redesignation is appropriate. In cases where the determination is that the map is incorrect, the Planning Director will make a written finding of this as well as the site conditions that led to that conclusion.
- C. Class B public notice, per Chapter 99 CDC, shall be required prior to issuance of the redesignation decision if it involves redesignation of the HCA boundary to allow the construction of, or addition to, a house.
- D. This determination and findings shall become part of the City record and part of the record for any associated land use application. The Planning Director shall also include in the record the revised map boundary. The Planning Director's determination and map revisions shall also be sent to Metro so that their map may be corrected as necessary.
- E. The Planning Director determination is appealable to the City Council per Chapter 99 CDC.
- F. Lands that are designated as an HCA only due to a forested overstory are exempt under CDC 28.040, Exemptions, since trees are already protected in the municipal code and Chapters 55 and 85 CDC. Similar exemptions apply to lands that exhibit no constraints.

Response:

The Applicant understands that the HCA Map is the basis for identifying and designating HCAs in the City and errors on the Map are a possibility. The Applicant is also aware of the Planning Director's process for determination and verification of the HCA Map Boundaries. This application relies on the HCA boundaries as adopted in the City and HCA lands inventory.



28.090 Submittal Requirements

A. An application for a protection area permit shall be initiated by the property owner or the owner's authorized agent. Evidence shall be provided to demonstrate that the applicant has the legal right to use the land above the OLW. The property owner's signature is required on the application form.

Response:

An application form signed by the property owner is included in the exhibits attached hereto as Exhibit B. Property owner verification is provided as Exhibit C. These criteria are met.

B. A prerequisite to the filing of an application is a pre-application conference at which time the Planning Director shall explain the provisions of this chapter and provide appropriate forms as set forth in CDC 99.030(B).

Response:

The Applicant met with City staff for a pre-application conference on June 20, 2019. This criterion is met.

- C. An application for a protection area permit shall include the completed application and:
 - 1. Narrative which addresses the approval criteria of CDC 28.110.
 - 2. A site plan, with HCA boundaries shown and by low, moderate, high type shown (CDC 28.120).
 - 3. A grading plan if applicable (CDC 28.130).
 - 4. Architectural drawings if applicable (CDC 28.140).
 - 5. A landscape plan if applicable (CDC 28.150).
 - 6. A mitigation plan if applicable (CDC 28.160).
 - 7. A storm detention and treatment plan and narrative statement pursuant to CDC 92.010(E).

One original application form must be submitted. One copy at the original scale and one copy reduced to 11 inches by 17 inches or smaller of all drawings and plans must be submitted. One copy of all other items, including the narrative, must be submitted. The applicant shall also submit one copy of the complete application in a digital format acceptable to the city. When the application submittal is determined to be complete, additional copies may be required as determined by the Planning Director.

Response:

As supported by this narrative and the accompanying exhibits, required submittal elements are included with this application. These criteria are met.

D. The applicant shall pay the requisite fees.

Response:

Requisite fees are included with this submittal. This criterion is met.

E. The applicant shall be responsible for, and shall apply for, all applicable State and/or federal permits.

Response:

The Applicant understands it is his responsibility to apply for all applicable state and/or federal permits, if any are required. This criterion can be met.

F. The applicant shall include a map, approved or acknowledged by DSL, of the preference rights and authorized areas if a water surface structure is proposed.

Response:

This application does not include a request for a water surface structure. This criterion does not apply.



28.100 Additional Submittal Information Required, Waiver of Submittal Requirements

- A. The Planning Director may require additional information as a part of the application subject to the provisions of CDC 99.035(A).
- B. The Planning Director may waive any submittal requirement for the application subject to the provisions of CDC 99.035(B) and (C).

Response:

The Planning Director has not requested any additional information as part of this application. The application does not seek a waiver to any of the submittal requirements of this chapter. The criteria do not apply.

28.110 Approval Criteria

No application for development on property within the protection area shall be approved unless the decision-making authority finds that the following standards have been met or can be met by conditions of approval. The development shall comply with the following criteria as applicable:

A. Development: All sites.

- 1. Sites shall first be reviewed using the HCA Map to determine if the site is buildable or what portion of the site is buildable. HCAs shall be verified by the Planning Director per CDC 28.070 and site visit. Also, "tree canopy only" HCAs shall not constitute a development limitation and may be exempted per CDC 28.070(A). The municipal code protection for trees and Chapters 55 and 85 CDC tree protection shall still apply.
- 2. HCAs shall be avoided to the greatest degree possible and development activity shall instead be directed to the areas designated "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs," consistent with subsection (A)(3) of this section.
- 3. If the subject property contains no lands designated "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" and development within HCA land is the only option it shall be directed towards the low HCA areas first, then medium HCA areas and then to high HCA as the last choice. The goal is to, at best, avoid or, at least, minimize disturbance of the HCAs. (Water-dependent uses are exempt from this provision.)

Response:

The subject property does not contain any lands designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs." Exhibit F shows that although the property is covered with a moderate HCA designation, the buildable envelope is configured further away from the WRA to minimize impacts to the HCA. This criterion can be met.

4. All development, including exempted activities of CDC 28.040, shall have approved erosion control measures per Clackamas County Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual, rev. 2008, in place prior to site disturbance and be subject to the requirements of CDC 32.070 and 32.080 as deemed applicable by the Planning Director.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that the site design is configured to accommodate new home construction with the least impact to the HCA. The City will ensure that all applicable erosion control measures are in place prior to site construction. The criterion is met.

B. Single-family or attached residential. Development of single-family homes or attached housing shall be permitted on the following HCA designations and in the following order of preference with "a" being the most appropriate and "d" being the least appropriate:

Response:

The Applicant is aware that there is a discrepancy between the adopted HCA Map and the text of this section; normally, that the adopted map includes only two classifications of HCA land, "HCAs" and "Allowed Development" areas. The current Metro Map, which has



not been adopted into this ordinance, does include the four classifications (a-d) discussed in this section. Nonetheless, the entire subject property is located within West Linn's HCA (and Metro's Type C HCA) and there are no portions of the lot to relocate new home construction that would minimize impacts to the HCA.

1. Development of land classifications in "b," "c" and "d" shall not be permitted if at least a 5,000-square-foot area of buildable land ("a") exists for home construction, and associated impermeable surfaces (driveways, patios, etc.).

Response:

Exhibit F illustrates that the entire subject property is classified as "c" which is designated as "Moderate HCA" for this R-10 zone and does not have at least 5,000 square feet of buildable land classified as "a." This criterion is met.

2. If 5,000 square feet of buildable land ("a") are not available for home construction, and associated impermeable surfaces (driveways, patios, etc.) then combinations of land classifications ("a," "b" and "c") totaling a maximum of 5,000 square feet shall be used to avoid intrusion into high HCA lands. Development shall emphasize area "a" prior to extending construction into area "b," then "c" lands.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that there is a discrepancy between the adopted HCA Map and the text of this section; normally, that the adopted map includes only two classifications of HCA land, "HCAs" and "Allowed Development" areas. The current Metro Map, which has not been adopted into this ordinance, does include the four classifications (a-d) discussed in this section. Nonetheless, the entire subject property is located within West Linn's HCA (and Metro's Type C HCA) and there are no portions of the lot to relocate new home construction that would minimize impacts to the HCA.

3. The underlying zone FAR shall also apply as well as allowable lot coverage.

Response:

As previously discussed, a minimum FAR at 4,380 square feet is allowed on Lot 802. Maximum lot coverage is 5,000 square feet. This criterion is met.

4. Development may occur on legal lots and non-conforming lots of record located completely within the HCA areas or that have the majority of the lot in the HCA to the extent that the applicant has less than 5,000 square feet of non-HCA land.

Development shall disturb the minimum necessary area to allow the proposed use or activity, shall direct development to any available non-HCA lands and in any situation shall create no more than 5,000 square feet of impervious surface. (Driveways, paths, patios, etc., that are constructed of approved water-permeable materials will not count in calculating the 5,000-square-foot lot coverage.) The underlying zone FAR and allowable lot coverage shall also apply and may result in less than 5,000 square feet of lot coverage.

Response:

The subject property is a legal lot of record with less than 5,000 square feet of non-HCA land. As illustrated in Exhibit F, new development minimizes disturbance to HCAs and will result in less than 5,000 square-feet of new impervious area. The criterion is met.

When only HCA land is available then the structure shall be placed as far away from the water resource area or river as possible. To facilitate this, the front setback of the structure or that side which is furthest away from the water resource or river may be reduced to a five-foot setback from the front property line without a variance. Any attached garage must provide a 20-foot by 20-foot parking pad or driveway so as to provide off-street parking exclusive of the garage. The setbacks of subsection C of this section shall still apply.

The subject property only has HCA land available for future development. As provided above, the Applicant is requesting approval for a reduced front setback (20 feet to 12 feet) to further minimize impacts to natural resources. Exhibit A shows the proposed setback reduction with the building footprint in compliance with this requirement. This criterion can be met.

5. Driveways, paths, patios, etc., that are constructed of approved water-permeable materials will be exempt from the lot coverage calculations of subsections (B)(1) through (4) of this section and the underlying zone.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that approved water-permeable material is exempt from lot coverage calculations. This criterion can be met.

6. Table showing development allowed by land classification:

Table 1: Development Allowed by Land Classification		
Classification	Development Allowed	
Non-HCA ("a")	Yes	
Low-Medium HCA ("b" and	Yes, if less than 5,000 sq. ft. of non-	
"c")	HCA land available. Avoid "d."	
High HCA ("d")	Yes, but only if less than 5,000 sq.	
	ft. of "a," "b" and "c" land	
	available.	
Non-conforming Structures	Yes: vertically, laterally and/or	
(structures on HCA land)	away from river. Avoid "d" where	
	possible.	

(The underlying zone FAR and allowable lot coverage shall also apply.)

C. Setbacks from top of bank.

1. Development of single-family homes or attached housing on lands designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" shall require a structural setback of 15 feet from any top of bank that represents the edge of the land designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs."

Response:

The subject property does not have any land designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs." This criterion does not apply.

2. At-grade water-permeable patios or decks within 30 inches of grade may encroach into that setback but must keep five feet from top of bank and cannot cantilever over the top of bank or into the five-foot setback area.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of this standard regarding encroachments for at-grade, water-permeable patios or decks within 30 inches of grade. This criterion can be met.

3. For properties that lack a distinct top of bank the applicant shall identify the boundary of the area designated as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" which is closest to the river. A structural setback of 15 feet is required from that boundary line. That 15-foot measurement extends from the boundary line away from the river. At-grade water-permeable patios or decks within 30 inches of grade may encroach into that setback 10 feet but must keep five feet from the boundary and cannot cantilever into the five-foot setback area. For vacant lots of record that comprise no lands with "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" designation or insufficient lands with those designations so that the above setbacks cannot be met, the house

shall be set back as far from river as possible to accommodate house as part of the allowed 5,000 square feet of impermeable surfaces.

Response:

The subject property is a vacant lot of record and does not comprise any lands classified as "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs." The accompanying exhibits demonstrate that a future home will be set back as far from the river as possible while adhering to other applicable rules. This criterion is met.

...

E. Hardship provisions and non-conforming structures.

- 1. For the purpose of this chapter, non-conforming structures are existing structures whose building footprint is completely or partially on HCA lands. Any additions, alterations, replacement, or rehabilitation of existing non-conforming non-water-related structures (including decks), roadways, driveways, accessory uses and accessory structures shall avoid encroachment upon the HCAs, especially high HCAs, except that:
 - a. A 10-foot lateral extension of an existing building footprint is allowed if the lateral extension does not encroach any further into the HCA or closer to the river or water resource area than the portion of the existing footprint immediately adjacent.
 - b. An addition to the existing structure on the side of the structure opposite to the river or water resource area shall be allowed. There will be no square footage limitation in this direction except as described in subsection (E)(1)(c) of this section.
 - c. The same allowance for the use of, and construction of, 5,000 square feet of total impervious surface for sites in HCAs per subsections (B)(2) through (4) of this section shall apply to lots in this section.
 - d. Vertical additions are permitted including the construction of additional floors.
 - e. The provisions of Chapter 66 CDC, Non-conforming Structures, shall not apply.

Response:

This application does not include a hardship request involving any "non-conforming structures." These criteria do not apply.

F. Access and property rights.

- 1. Private lands within the protection area shall be recognized and respected.
- 2. Where a legal public access to the river or elsewhere in the protection area exists, that legal public right shall be recognized and respected.

Response:

The Applicant recognizes the protection areas and will respect them accordingly. The site does not abut the river or provide opportunities for public access to the river.

3. To construct a water-dependent structure such as a dock, ramp, or gangway shall require that all pre-existing legal public access or similar legal rights in the protection area be recognized and respected. Where pre-existing legal public access, such as below the OLW, is to be obstructed by, for example, a ramp, the applicant shall provide a reasonable alternate route around, over or under the obstruction. The alternate route shall be as direct as possible. The proposed route, to include appropriate height clearances under ramps/docks and specifications for safe passage over or around ramps and docks, shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Director for adequacy.

- 4. Any public or private water-dependent use or facility shall be within established DSL-authorized areas.
- 5. Legal access to, and along, the riverfront in single-family residential zoned areas shall be encouraged and pursued especially when there are reasonable expectations that a continuous trail system can be facilitated. The City recognizes the potential need for compensation where nexus and proportionality tests are not met. Fee simple ownership by the City shall be preferred. The trail should be dimensioned and designed appropriate to the terrain it traverses and the user group(s) it can reasonably expect to attract. The City shall be responsible for signing the trail and delineating the boundary between private and public lands or access easements.

This application does not include a request to construct a water-dependent structure, facility, or trail. These criteria do not apply.

- I. Docks and other water-dependent structures.
 - 1. Once the preference rights area is established by DSL, the property owner identifies where the water-dependent use will be located within the authorized portion of the preference rights area. The water-dependent use should be centered or in the middle of the preference rights/authorized area or meet the side yard setbacks of the underlying zone.
 - Private and public non-commercial docks are permitted where dredging is required so long as all applicable federal and State permits are obtained. Dredging is encouraged if deposits silt up under an existing dock. Dredging is seen as preferable to the construction of longer docks/ramps.
 - 2. Both joint and single use docks shall not extend into the water any further than necessary to provide four feet between the ship's keel or fixed propeller/rudder and the bottom of the water at any time during the water's lowest point.
 - 3. In no case except as provided in this section shall a private ramp and private dock extend more than 100 feet from OLW towards the center of the river or slough. In the case of L-shaped docks, the 100 feet shall be measured from the OLW to the furthest part of the private dock closest to the center of the river.
 - 4. Docks on sloughs and similar channels shall not extend more than 30 percent of the distance between two land masses at OHW, such as between the mainland and an island or peninsula, measured in a lineal manner at right angle to the dominant shoreline. In no way shall a dock impede existing public usage or block navigation of a channel.
 - 5. Boat storage associated with a rail launch facility shall be located above the OHW, either vertically raised above the ordinary high water line or set back behind the OHW. Such boat storage structure will be natural wood colors or similar earth tones. Private railed launch facilities are permitted for individual boat owners. The onshore setback of the storage structure is equal distance on both sides as extended perpendicular to the thread of the stream, or seven and one-half feet, whichever is the greater setback.
 - 6. The width of each deck section shall be no more than 12 feet wide.
 - 7. For only single-user and joint-user docks, pilings shall not exceed a maximum height of eight feet above the 100-year flood elevation.
 - 8. A single user non-commercial dock shall not exceed 400 square feet in deck area. The boat slip is not included in the calculation of this square footage limitation.

9. Private non-commercial boat houses are allowed but only if they are within 50 feet of OLW and/or in locations sufficiently screened from view so that they do not have a significant visual impact on views from adjacent and nearby homes. Building and roof colors shall be brown, gray, beige, natural or similar earth tones. Non-commercial boat houses shall not exceed 12 feet in height measured from the boat house deck level to the roof peak. The size of the boat house shall be sized to accommodate one boat only and shall not exceed a footprint greater than 500 square feet. Boatlifts are permitted within the boat house. The above provisions also apply to open-walled boat shelters with or without boatlifts.

J. Joint docks.

- 1. Joint use boat docks may be permitted by the reviewing authority where the applicants are riverfront property owners, ideally owners of adjacent lots of record.
- Co-owners of the joint dock use shall be prohibited from having their own non-joint dock.
- 3. A joint use agreement shall be prepared which will be included in the application for review by the reviewing authority and subsequently recorded. A copy of the recorded document with the County Recorder's stamp shall be submitted to the City.
- 4. A condition of approval for any joint use permit shall be that the dock must be used to serve the same lots of record for which the dock permit was issued. Joint use cannot be transferred to, or used by, any party other than the original applicants or the future owners of those properties.
- 5. Joint docks may go on the common property line between the two landowners who are sharing the dock. Unless agreed to by the adjoining owner, joint docks not being shared with the adjacent property owner must be at least 15 feet from the preference rights area side lines or centered in the middle of the preference rights area.

Response:

This application does not include a request to build any joint docks. These criteria do not apply.

- L. Roads, driveways, utilities, or passive use recreation facilities. Roads, driveways, utilities, public paths, or passive use recreation facilities may be built in those portions of HCAs that include wetlands, riparian areas, and water resource areas when no other practical alternative exists but shall use water-permeable materials unless City engineering standards do not allow that. Construction to the minimum dimensional standards for roads is required. Full mitigation and revegetation is required, with the applicant to submit a mitigation plan pursuant to CDC 32.070 and a revegetation plan pursuant to CDC 32.080. The maximum disturbance width for utility corridors is as follows:
 - 1. For utility facility connections to utility facilities, no greater than 10 feet wide.
 - 2. For upgrade of existing utility facilities, no greater than 15 feet wide.
 - 3. For new underground utility facilities, no greater than 25 feet wide, and disturbance of no more than 200 linear feet of water quality resource area, or 20 percent of the total linear feet of water quality resource area, whichever is greater.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates the design for public improvements to roads, driveways and utilities within the HCA at the minimum dimensional standards for construction. The required mitigation and revegetation plan under CDC 32.080 are attached as Exhibit F to this application. The criteria are met.

M. Structures. All buildings and structures in HCAs and riparian areas, including all exterior mechanical equipment, should be screened, colored, or surfaced so as to blend with the riparian environment. Surfaces shall be non-polished/reflective or at least expected to lose their luster within a year. In addition to the specific standards and criteria applicable to water-dependent uses (docks), all other provisions of this chapter shall apply to water dependent uses, and any structure shall be no larger than necessary to accommodate the use.

Response:

Building-specific information is not available at this time. At time of the building permit submittal, the City will confirm that building plans are consistent with the applicable requirements stated herein. These criteria can be met.

N. Water-permeable materials for hardscapes. The use of water-permeable materials for parking lots, driveways, patios, and paths as well as flow-through planters, box filters, bioswales and drought tolerant plants are strongly encouraged in all "a" and "b" land classifications and shall be required in all "c" and "d" land classifications. The only exception in the "c" and "d" classifications would be where it is demonstrated that water-permeable driveways/hardscapes could not structurally support the axle weight of vehicles or equipment/storage load using those areas. Flow through planters, box filters, bioswales, drought tolerant plants and other measures of treating and/or detaining runoff would still be required in these areas.

Response:

The City has not adopted the land classification scheme described above. Additionally, several construction and building-related details are unknown at this time. While this application demonstrates that a new home on Lot 802 will satisfy the applicable lot coverage, maximum disturbance area, and maximum impervious area standards, the City's building department will need to confirm that building plans satisfy other applicable standards.

O. Signs and graphics. No sign or graphic display inconsistent with the purposes of the protection area shall have a display surface oriented toward or visible from the Willamette or Tualatin River. A limited number of signs may be allowed to direct public access along legal routes in the protection area.

Response:

This application does not include a request for any signs or graphic displays on the subject property. This criterion does not apply.

P. Lighting. Lighting shall not be focused or oriented onto the surface of the river except as required by the Coast Guard. Lighting elsewhere in the protection area shall be the minimum necessary and shall not create off-site glare or be omni-directional. Screens and covers will be required.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that the lighting placement on the subject property must be focused or oriented away from the protection area. The minimum necessary lighting will be directed so as not to create off-site glare or be omni-directional. This criterion can be met.

Q. Parking. Parking and unenclosed storage areas located within or adjacent to the protection area boundary shall be screened from the river in accordance with Chapter 46 CDC, Off-Street Parking, Loading and Reservoir Areas. The use of water-permeable material to construct the parking lot is either encouraged or required depending on HCA classification per CDC 28.110(N)(4).

Response:

The Applicant is aware of the requirements for parking and unenclosed storage areas and as responded with the standards of CDC Chapters 46 and 28, respectively. This criterion can be met.

R. Views. Significant views of the Willamette and Tualatin Rivers shall be protected as much as possible as seen from the following public viewpoints: Mary S. Young Park, Willamette Park, Cedar Oak Park, Burnside Park, Maddox Park, Cedar Island, the Oregon City Bridge, Willamette Park, and Fields Bridge Park.

Where options exist in the placement of ramps and docks, the applicant shall select the least visually intrusive location as seen from a public viewpoint. However, if no options exist, then the ramp, pilings and dock shall be allowed at the originally proposed location.

Response:

The subject site is not located between the above-listed viewpoints and the Willamette River. The criterion does not apply.

S. Aggregate deposits. Extraction of aggregate deposits or dredging shall be conducted in a manner designed to minimize adverse effects on water quality, fish and wildlife, vegetation, bank stabilization, stream flow, visual quality, noise and safety, and to promote necessary reclamation.

Response:

This application does not seek approval for extraction of aggregate deposits. This criterion does not apply.

- T. Changing the landscape/grading.
 - Existing predominant topographical features of the bank line and escarpment shall be
 preserved and maintained except for disturbance necessary for the construction or
 establishment of a water related or water dependent use. Measures necessary to reduce
 potential bank and escarpment erosion, landslides, or flood hazard conditions shall
 also be taken.

Any construction to stabilize or protect the bank with rip rap, gabions, etc., shall only be allowed where there is clear evidence of erosion or similar hazard and shall be the minimum needed to stop that erosion or to avoid a specific and identifiable hazard. A geotechnical engineer's stamped report shall accompany the application with evidence to support the proposal.

Response:

This application does not impact the bank line. The criterion does not apply.

2. The applicant shall establish to the satisfaction of the approval authority that steps have been taken to minimize the impact of the proposal on the riparian environment (areas between the top of the bank and the low water mark of the river including lower terrace, beach and river edge).

Response:

Although the subject property is located in the WRG, the site is approximately 850 feet north of the Willamette River and is not in the associated riparian corridor. As such, the application will not result in impacts to the riparian environment. The criterion does not apply.

- 3. The applicant shall demonstrate that stabilization measures shall not cause subsequent erosion or deposits on upstream or downstream properties.
- 4. Prior to any grading or development, that portion of the HCA that includes wetlands, creeks, riparian areas and water resource area shall be protected with an anchored chain link fence (or approved equivalent) at its perimeter and shall remain undisturbed except as specifically allowed by an approved Willamette and Tualatin River Protection and/or water resource area (WRA) permit. Such fencing shall be maintained until construction is complete. That portion of the HCA that includes wetlands, creeks, riparian areas and water resource area shall be identified with Cityapproved permanent markers at all boundary direction changes and at 30- to 50-foot intervals that clearly delineate the extent of the protected area.

5. Full erosion control measures shall be in place and approved by the City Engineer prior to any grading, development or site clearing.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, an erosion and sediment control fence will delineate the boundary of disturbance areas onsite. This fencing will be maintained throughout the duration of site construction.

- U. Protect riparian and adjacent vegetation. Vegetative ground cover and trees upon the site shall be preserved, conserved, and maintained according to the following provisions:
 - 1. Riparian vegetation below OHW removed during development shall be replaced with indigenous vegetation, which shall be compatible with and enhance the riparian environment and approved by the approval authority as part of the application.
 - 2. Vegetative improvements to areas within the protection area may be required if the site is found to be in an unhealthy or disturbed state by the City Arborist or his or her designated expert. "Unhealthy or disturbed" includes those sites that have a combination of native trees, shrubs, and groundcover on less than 80 percent of the water resource area and less than 50 percent tree canopy coverage in the primary and secondary habitat conservation area to be preserved. "Vegetative improvements" will be documented by submitting a revegetation plan meeting CDC 28.160 criteria that will result in the primary and secondary habitat conservation area to be preserved having a combination of native trees, shrubs, and groundcover on more than 80 percent of its area, and more than 50 percent tree canopy coverage in its area. The vegetative improvements shall be guaranteed for survival for a minimum of two years. Once approved, the applicant is responsible for implementing the plan prior to final inspection.
 - 3. Tree cutting shall be prohibited in the protection area except that:
 - a. Diseased trees or trees in danger of falling may be removed with the City Arborist's approval; and
 - b. Tree cutting may be permitted in conjunction with those uses listed in CDC 28.030 with City Arborist approval; to the extent necessary to accommodate the listed uses;
 - c. Selective cutting in accordance with the Oregon Forest Practices Act, if applicable, shall be permitted with City Arborist approval within the area between the OHW and the greenway boundary provided the natural scenic qualities of the greenway are maintained.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, scheduled tree removal is necessary to accommodate a new home on Lot 802 that minimizes WRA and associated impacts. No tree removal below the OHW is anticipated.

28.120 Site Plan

- A. All site plans and maps shall include the name, address and telephone number of the applicant, a lineal scale of the plot plan, a north arrow and a vicinity map.
- B. The applicant shall submit a site plan drawn to an appropriate scale (in order of preference: one inch equals 10 feet to one inch equals 30 feet), which contains the following information:
 - 1. Assessor's Map number and tax lot number.
 - 2. The lot or parcel boundaries, dimensions and gross area.
 - 3. The applicant's property and the surrounding property to a distance sufficient to determine the relationship between the applicant's property and proposed development to the adjacent property and development.

- 4. The location, dimensions, and names of all existing and platted streets and other public ways and easements on adjacent property and on the site.
- 5. The location, dimensions and setback distances of all:
 - Existing structures, improvements, utility facilities and drainageways on site and on adjoining properties;
 - b. Proposed structures or changes to existing structures, improvements, utility facilities and drainageways on the site.
- 6. All developments shall define and map existing public access rights on, and adjacent to, the subject property.
- 7. A slope contour map at minimum two-foot intervals showing slope classifications of zero to 25 percent and greater than 25 percent.
- 8. If a wetland on the West Linn Local Wetland Inventory is identified on the property and the proposed activity is expected to encroach within 25 feet of the wetland, a delineation of the precise boundaries of that wetland prepared by a wetland biologist.
- The location of the ordinary high water mark and the ordinary low water mark on the property and on abutting properties.
- 10. The delineation of areas designated "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCAs" and HCA areas by low, medium and high designation shall be mapped based on the HCA Map and any necessary verification shall be done by the Planning Director.

Response: This application includes all applicable information as listed above. The criteria are met.

28.130 Grading Plan

The grading plan shall be at the same scale as the site plan (CDC 28.120) and shall show or attach:

- A. The location and extent to which grading will take place indicating general contour lines, slope ratios, slope stabilization proposals, and location and height of retaining walls, if proposed.
- B. Tables and maps identifying acreage, location and type of development constraints due to site characteristics such as slope, drainage and geologic hazards. For Type I, II, and III lands (refer to definitions in Chapter 02 CDC), the applicant must provide a geologic report, with text, figures and attachments as needed to meet the industry standard of practice, prepared by a certified engineering geologist and/or a geotechnical professional engineer, that includes:
 - 1. Site characteristics, geologic descriptions and a summary of the site investigation conducted;
 - 2. Assessment of engineering geological conditions and factors;
 - 3. Review of the City of West Linn's Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan and applicability to the site; and
 - 4. Conclusions and recommendations focused on geologic constraints for the proposed land use or development activity, limitations and potential risks of development, recommendations for mitigation approaches and additional work needed at future development stages including further testing and monitoring.
- C. Sufficient factual data to support the conclusions of the plan.
- D. Identification information, including the name and address of the owner, developer, project designer, and the project engineer.



A grading plan is included in Exhibit A and a geotechnical report is included in Exhibit G. All other applicable information is provided throughout the application. The criteria are met.

28.140 Architectural Drawings

- A. Architectural drawings shall be submitted at the same scale as the site plan scale, as described in the site plan, showing:
 - 1. Elevations of structure(s). For additions, the drawings should clearly distinguish between existing structure and proposed addition and show distance from addition and existing structure to the protected water resource.
 - 2. The exterior building materials: type, color, and texture.
 - 3. For docks, all pilings and their heights shall be shown. The applicant shall indicate the depth from the end of the dock to the river bottom during typical summer months. The applicant shall also provide any available product literature and photographs from the manufacturer or installer.
 - 4. For docks, the applicant shall provide a plan view of the structure in relation to the shoreline and river. The plans shall also indicate graphically the OLW and the OHW and the DSL's preference rights and authorized areas.

Response:

Architectural details for a new home on Lot 802 are currently unknown. The City will ensure the applicable criteria listed above are met during the building permit submittal. The criteria do not apply.

28.150 Landscape Plan

- A. The landscape plan shall be prepared per site plan standards (CDC 28.120) and in addition shall show:
 - 1. The location, size and type of existing trees and location and type of vegetation to be removed and to be retained;
 - 2. The location and design of landscaped areas;
 - 3. The varieties and sizes of trees and materials to be planted;
 - 4. The location and height of fences and other buffering or screening materials; and
 - 5. The location, materials, dimensions and design of terraces, decks, patios, shelters, footpaths, retaining walls and play areas.
- B. Revegetation plan per CDC 32.080.

Response:

Exhibit A includes a preliminary landscaping plan with details as per above. The criteria are met.

28.160 Mitigation Plan

If any HCA is permanently disturbed as a result of the proposed development of any uses or structures, the applicant shall prepare and implement a revegetation and mitigation plan pursuant to the provisions of CDC 32.070 and 32.080.

Response:

A revegetation and mitigation plan is included in Exhibit F. Responses to CDC 32.070 and 32.080 are included later in this application. This criterion is met.

Chapter 32 – WATER RESOURCE AREA PROTECTION

32.020 Applicability

- A. This chapter applies to all development, activity or uses within WRAs identified on the WRA Map. It also applies to all verified, unmapped WRAs. The WRA Map shall be amended to include the previously unmapped WRAs.
- B. The burden is on the property owner to demonstrate that the requirements of this chapter are met, or are not applicable to the land, development activity, or other proposed use or alteration of land. The Planning Director may make a determination of applicability based on the WRA Map, field visits, and any other relevant maps, site plans and information, as to:
 - 1. The existence of a WRA;
 - 2. The exact location of the WRA; and/or
 - 3. Whether the proposed development, activity or use is within the WRA boundary.

In cases where the location of the WRA is unclear or disputed, the Planning Director may require a survey, delineation, or sworn statement prepared by a natural resource professional/wetland biologist or specialist that no WRA exists on the site. Any required survey, delineation, or statement shall be prepared at the applicant's sole expense.

Response:

Exhibit F illustrates that the subject property is located within the WRA and provides the delineated boundary of the WRA. The wetlands on the site have been field delineated by an AKS Engineering & Forestry professional natural resources specialist. These criteria are met.

32.030 Prohibited Uses

Alteration, development, or use of real property designated as, and within, a WRA is strictly prohibited except as specifically allowed or exempted in this chapter.

Table 32-1: Summary Of Where Development And Activities May Occur In Areas Subject To This Chapter			
Type of Development or Activity	In Water Resource	Water Resource Area	
New house, principal structure(s)	No	No, except by hardship, CDC 32.100. Geotechnical	
		study may reduce WRA width per Table 32-2 (footnote 4).	
Additions to existing house, principal	No	Yes, so long as it gets no closer to the WRA than	
structure(s) and replacement in kind		building footprint that existed January 1, 2006. Max.	
(replacement in kind does not count against		500 sq. ft. of addition(s) to side or 500 sq. ft. to side of	
the 500 sq. ft. limit so long as it remains		building footprint furthest from WRA. No limit on	
within the existing footprint)		vertical additions within existing footprint.	
		(CDC <u>32.040(C)</u>). Geotechnical study may reduce the	
		WRA width per Table 32-2 (footnote 4).	
New cantilevered decks (over 30 inches),	No	Yes, but only 5 ft. into the WRA. Foundation or	
balconies, roof overhangs and pop outs		supports of structure cannot extend vertically to grade	
towards the WRA from existing house or		in the WRA. Geotechnical study may reduce the WRA	
principal structure(s)		width per Table 32-2 (footnote 4).	
Decks within 30 inches of grade, at grade	No	Yes, but only to within 50 ft. of the water resource or	
patios		10 ft. behind the top of slope (ravine), whichever is	
		greater. 1 Geotechnical study may reduce the WRA	
		width per Table 32-2 (footnote 4).	
New accessory structure under 120 sq. ft.	No	Yes, but only if it is a minimum of 50 ft. from the	
and 10 ft. tall		water resource or 10 ft. behind the top of slope	
		(ravine), whichever is greater. ¹	
Repair and maintenance to existing	No	Yes, but no increase in footprint or height.	
accessory structures			

Storm water treatment and detention (e.g.,	No	Yes, private and public facilities including outfall and
rain gardens, storm outfall/energy		energy dissipaters are permitted if no reasonable
dissipaters)		alternatives exist.
Driveways/streets/bridges and parking lots	No, unless a WRA crossing	No, unless a WRA crossing is the only available route,
	is the only available route.	or it is part of a hardship application. Parking lots
	No parking lots.	only allowed in hardship cases the maximum distance
		from water resource.
New fence(s)	No markers or posts in a	Yes, but only to within 50 ft. of the water resource or
	water resource.	behind the top of slope (ravine), whichever is
		greater. 1 In remainder of a WRA, only City approved
		property markers or posts every 25 ft. to delineate
		property.
Demolition of structure and/or removal of	Yes, restoration and re-	Yes, restoration and re-vegetation required.
impervious surfaces in the WRA	vegetation required.	
Exterior lighting	No	No, except on existing buildings, additions or hardship
		cases, but light must be directed away from the WRA
		and less than 12 ft. high.
Public passive recreation facilities	No, except for bridges and	Yes, but only soft or permeable surface trails, bridges
	utility crossings.	and elevated paths, interpretive facilities and signage.
		Hard surface ADA trails are allowed in WRA above top
		of slope associated with well-defined ravine WRAs.
Public active recreation facilities	No, except for bridges and	Yes, but natural surface playing fields and playground
	utility crossings.	areas only in WRA above top of slope associated with
		well-defined ravine WRAs.
Grading, fill (see also TDAs)	No, except for bridges and	Yes, after a WRA permit is obtained. Restoration and
	utility crossings.	re-vegetation required.
Temporarily disturbed areas (TDAs) (e.g.,	No, except as allowed by	Yes, restoration and re-vegetation required.
buried utilities)	WRA permit.	
Removal of existing vegetation or planting	No, except invasive plants	Yes, if it is replaced by native vegetation. Exemption
new vegetation	and hazard trees per	CDC <u>32.040(</u> A)(3) applies.
-	CDC <u>32.040(</u> A)(2) or per	
	CDC 32.100.	
Realigning water resources	Yes, after "alternate review"	Not applicable
	process	

Development to within 50 feet of the water resource applies to Table 32-2 WRA types (A), (C), (D), and (H). Development behind top of slope (ravine) applies to WRA type (B).

This application includes a Water Resource Area Permit for the development of the subject property. The Applicant is aware that restoration and revegetation is required. A Revegetation Plan is included in Exhibit F. The criteria are met.

32.40 Exemptions

The following development, activities or uses are exempt from a WRA permit but must conform to any applicable requirements of this section.

- A. Vegetation maintenance, planting and removal.
 - 1. The routine maintenance of any existing WRA, consistent with the provisions of this chapter such as, but not limited to, removing pollutants, trash, unauthorized fill, and dead or dying vegetation that constitutes a hazard to life or property.
 - 2. Removal of plants identified as nuisance, invasive or prohibited plants; provided, that after plant removal, re-vegetation of disturbed areas is performed pursuant to CDC 32.100.
 - 3. The planting or propagation of plants identified as native plants on the Portland Plant List.



- 4. Maintenance of existing gardens, pastures, lawns, and landscape perimeters, including the installation of new irrigation systems within existing gardens, lawns, and landscape perimeters.
- 5. The use of pesticides and herbicides with applicable state (e.g., Oregon DEQ) permits.

This application includes a WRA permit for the development of the subject property. The Applicant is aware of the vegetation maintenance requirements. The criteria can be met.

- B. Building, paving, grading, and testing.
 - 1. Maintenance. Routine repair, maintenance and replacement of legally established above and below ground utilities and related components (including storm water catch basins, intakes, etc.), roads, driveways, paths, trails, fences and manmade water control facilities such as constructed ponds, wastewater facilities, and storm water treatment facilities that do not expand the disturbed area at grade or footprint, provided re-vegetation of disturbed areas or corridors is performed pursuant to CDC 32.100.
 - 2. Trails. The establishment of unpaved trails constructed of non-hazardous, pervious materials with a maximum width of four feet in generalized corridors approved in a parks or trails master plan; provided, that:
 - a. The trail is set back from the water resource at least 30 feet, except at stream crossing points or at points were the topography forces the trail closer to the stream.
 - b. Foot bridge crossings shall be kept to a minimum. When the stream bank adjacent to the foot bridge is accessible (e.g., due to limited vegetation or topography), fences or railings shall be installed from the foot bridge and extend 15 feet beyond the terminus of the foot bridge to discourage trail users and pets from accessing the stream bank, disturbing wildlife and habitat areas, and causing vegetation loss, stream bank erosion and stream turbidity.
 - c. Trails shall be designed to minimize disturbance to existing vegetation, work with natural contours, avoid the fall line on slopes where possible, and avoid areas with evidence of slope failure to ensure that trail runoff does not create channels in the WRA.
 - 3. Site investigations. Temporary and minor clearing outside of wetlands not to exceed 200 square feet per acre or site, whichever is more; provided, that no individual area is greater than 200 feet in size, for the purpose of site investigations and pits for preparing soil profiles; provided, that such areas are restored to their original condition when the investigation is complete. While such temporary and minor clearing is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, it is subject to all other City codes, including provisions for erosion control and tree removal.
 - 4. Support structures for overhead power or communication lines where the support structures are outside of the WRA.
 - 5. The installation, within the developed portions of street rights-of-way, of new utilities, the maintenance or replacement of existing utilities and street repaying projects.

Response:

This application includes a WRA Permit for the development of the subject property. The Applicant is aware of the building, paving, grading, and testing and maintenance requirements herein stated. The applicable criteria can be met.

C. Non-conforming structures.



- 1. Expansion of the principal non-conforming structure. Additions to the existing building footprint of a principal non-conforming structure within, or partially within, the WRA are exempt, and additionally exempt from Chapter 66 CDC, Non-Conforming Structures, as long as the addition(s) meets the following restrictions:
 - Re-vegetation of temporarily disturbed areas will be performed per CDC 32.100 after the addition is completed;
 - b. There is no net increase in storm water runoff flowing toward the water resource as a result of the addition(s);
 - c. The addition to the principal structure is not closer to the water resource than the existing principal structure;
 - d. If it is a lateral addition, it does not extend more than 25 feet laterally from the side of the existing principal structure;
 - e. The addition does not increase the footprint of the existing principal structure by more than 500 square feet, at any one time or incrementally;
 - f. Lateral additions to decks cannot come closer to the water resource than the existing deck;
 - g. Vertical additions to existing principal structures that comply with the maximum height requirements of the underlying zone are exempt.
- 2. Repair, replacement and removal of non-conforming structures.
 - a. Interior remodeling of a non-conforming structure.
 - b. Repair, maintenance, rehabilitation and replacement of non-conforming structures, accessory structures, utilities and related components, roads, driveways, paths, trails, fences, and manmade water and storm water control facilities that do not expand the disturbed area or footprint. Re-vegetation of temporarily disturbed areas or corridors pursuant to CDC 32.100 is required.
 - c. This section also applies in the event that a non-conforming structure burned down or was otherwise damaged by natural or other disaster. The structure could be re-built so long as the structure did not expand the original footprint and the original access driveway (PDA) was used.
 - d. Demolition and removal of non-conforming structure's impervious surfaces are exempt as long as the affected areas are restored with native vegetation pursuant to CDC 32.100.

This application includes a WRA Permit for the development of the subject property and does not include any non-conforming structures. The criteria do not apply.

- D. New construction activities allowed in the WRA.
 - 1. Structures shall be located out of the WRA, except that eaves, balconies, decks, "pop outs," and similar additions, may cantilever over the outer boundary of the WRA a maximum of five feet. No vertical supports may extend down to grade within the WRA.
 - 2. Construction of an accessory structure, less than 120 square feet in size and under 10 feet tall, may be constructed to within 50 feet of the water resource or 10 feet behind the top of slope (ravine, per Figure 32-4), whichever is greater. No more than one accessory structure is permitted in the WRA. Accessory structures in the WRA that existed prior to January 1, 2006, may remain in place and not count against the limitation in new accessory structures.

- 3. Construction of a water permeable patio or deck within 30 inches of the original grade and construction of approved water permeable footpaths may be constructed to within 50 feet of the water resource or 10 feet behind the top of slope (ravine, per Figure 32-4), whichever is greater.
- 4. Fences may be built to within 50 feet of the water resource or behind the top of slope (ravine), whichever is greater.

This application is eligible to utilize the hardship provisions in CDC 32.110, which establish different development-related standards for lots created prior to January 2006. Please see responses under that section. These criteria do not apply.

- E. Emergency activities. Actions authorized by the City Manager that must be taken immediately or within a period of time too short to fully comply with this chapter to:
 - 1. Prevent immediate danger to life or property;
 - 2. Prevent immediate threat of serious environmental degradation;
 - 3. Restore existing utility service; or
 - 4. Reopen a public thoroughfare to traffic.

However, after the emergency has passed any disturbed area shall be restored, pursuant to CDC 32.100.

Response:

This application does not seek approval for any of those emergency activities listed above. The criteria do not apply.

- F. Exempt areas.
 - 1. The Tualatin or Willamette Rivers are regulated by Chapter 28 CDC and are not subject to this chapter. However, wetlands and buffers, regardless of their proximity to these rivers, are subject to this chapter. In areas where there is overlap with Chapter 28 CDC, this chapter shall prevail.
 - 2. Existing enclosed or piped sections of streams, including any development at right angles to the enclosed or piped sections.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of the above exemptions.

G. Metro Code Chapter 3.07 Urban Growth Management Functional Plan – Exempt uses and conditioned activities. Where construction of a residence was completed before January 1, 2006, the owners or residents shall not be restricted from engaging in any development that was allowed prior to September 22, 2005; unless such development required obtaining a land use decision, or a building, erosion control, or grading permit.

Response:

This application does not include a request affecting a residence constructed prior to January 2006. This criterion is not applicable.

32.050 Application

A. An application requesting approval for a use or activity regulated by this chapter shall be initiated by the property owner, or the owner's authorized agent, and shall include an application form and the appropriate deposit or fee as indicated on the master fee schedule.

Response:

An application form signed by the property owner is included in Exhibit B. The appropriate fees are also included with this application submittal. The criterion is met.

B. A pre-application conference shall be a prerequisite to the filing of the application.

Response:

A pre-application conference to discuss this project was held on June 20, 2019 at West Linn City Hall. This criterion is met.



C. The applicant shall submit maps and diagrams at 11 by 17 inches and a written narrative addressing the approval criteria and requirements of this chapter, and any additional copies required by the Planning Director.

Response:

The required maps and narrative are included with this submittal. The criterion is met.

D. Where review of soil maps, Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (DOGAMI) maps, or on-site inspection by the City Engineer reveals evidence of slope failures or that WRA slopes are potentially unstable or prone to failure, geotechnical studies may be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will not cause, or contribute to, slope failure or increased erosion or sedimentation in the WRA or adversely impact surface or modify groundwater flow or hydrologic conditions. These geotechnical studies shall include all necessary measures to avoid or correct the potential hazard.

Response:

A geotechnical report is attached as Exhibit G and accounted for potential slope failure in its analysis and recommendations. This criterion is met.

E. Applications proposing that streets or utilities cross water resources, or any other development that modifies the water resource, shall present evidence in the form of adopted utility master plans or transportation master plans, or findings from a registered Oregon civil engineer, certified engineering geologist or similarly qualified professional to demonstrate that the development or improvements are consistent with accepted engineering practices.

Response:

This application does not include a request for streets or utilities that cross water resources. The City's Pre-App Comments confirmed that the existing 8-inch sanitary sewer line in 9th Street appears to have adequate capacity and is available to serve the proposed development. The Pre-App Comments also state that the construction of a single-family home does not trigger the Applicant to upsize the 6-inch cast iron water line, per the Water Master Plan. This criterion does not apply.

- F. Site plan. The applicant shall submit a site plan which contains the following information, as applicable:
 - 1. The name, address, and telephone number of the applicant, the scale (lineal) of the plan, and a north arrow.
 - 2. Property lines, rights-of-way, easements, etc.
 - 3. A storm detention and treatment plan and narrative statement pursuant to CDC 92.010(E).
 - 4. Tables and maps identifying acreage, location and type of development constraints due to site characteristics such as slope, drainage and geologic hazards. For Type I, II, and III lands (refer to definitions in Chapter 02 CDC), the applicant must provide a geologic report, with text, figures and attachments as needed to meet the industry standard of practice, prepared by a certified engineering geologist and/or a geotechnical professional engineer, that includes:
 - a. Site characteristics, geologic descriptions and a summary of the site investigation conducted;
 - b. Assessment of engineering geological conditions and factors;
 - c. Review of the City of West Linn's Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan and applicability to the site; and
 - d. Conclusions and recommendations focused on geologic constraints for the proposed land use or development activity, limitations and potential risks of development, recommendations for mitigation approaches and additional work needed at future development stages including further testing and monitoring.

- 5. Boundaries of the WRA, specifically delineating the water resource, and any riparian corridor boundary. If the proposal includes development of a wetland, a wetlands delineation prepared by a professional wetland specialist will be required. The wetland delineation may be required to be accepted or waived through the Department of State Lands (DSL) delineation review process.
- 6. Location of existing and proposed development, including all existing and proposed structures, accessory structures, any areas of fill or excavation, water resource crossings, alterations to vegetation, or other alterations to the site's natural state.
- 7. Identify the location and square footage of previously disturbed areas, areas that are to be temporarily disturbed, and area to be permanently disturbed or developed.
- 8. When an application proposes development within the WRA, an inventory of vegetation within the WRA, sufficient to categorize the existing condition of the WRA, including:
 - a. The type and general quality of ground cover, including the identification of dominant species and any occurrence of non-native, invasive species;
 - b. Square footage of ground cover; and
 - c. Square footage of tree canopy as measured either through aerial photographs or by determining the tree drip lines. Where only a portion of a WRA is to be disturbed, the tree inventory need only apply to the impacted area. The remaining treed area shall be depicted by outlining the canopy cover.
- 9. Locations of all significant trees as defined by the City Arborist.
- 10. Identify adopted transportation, utility and other plan documents applicable to this proposal.
- 11. For cases processed under CDC 32.110 (hardship), provide the maximum disturbed area (MDA) calculations.

This application and associated exhibits respond to all applicable submittal items as outlined above.

- G. Construction management plan. The applicant shall submit a construction management plan which includes the following:
 - 1. The location of proposed TDAs (site ingress/egress for construction equipment, areas for storage of material, construction activity areas, grading and trenching, etc.) that will subsequently be restored to original grade and replanted with native vegetation, shall be identified, mapped and enclosed with fencing per subsection (G)(3) of this section.
 - 2. Appropriate erosion control measures consistent with Clackamas County Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual, rev. 2008, and a tentative schedule of work.
 - 3. The WRA shall be protected, prior to construction, with an anchored chain link fence (or equivalent approved by the City) at its perimeter that shall remain undisturbed, except as specifically authorized by the approval authority. Additional fencing to delineate approved TDAs may be required. Fencing shall be mapped and identified in the construction management plan and maintained until construction is complete.

Response:

Exhibit A includes a construction management plan illustrating the above-referenced information. The criteria are met.

H. Mitigation plan prepared in accordance with the requirements in CDC 32.090.

Response: A Mitigation Plan, per CDC 32.090, is included as Exhibit F. This requirement is met.



I. Re-vegetation plan prepared in accordance with the requirements in CDC 32.100.

Response: A Re-vegetation Plan, per CDC 32.090, is included as Exhibit F. This requirement is met.

J. The Planning Director may modify the submittal requirements per CDC 99.035.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that the Planning Director may modify the submittal requirements per CDC 99.035.

- K. The following additional requirements apply to applications being submitted under the alternative review process pursuant to CDC 32.070 and 32.080.
 - 1. Identify the affected WRA and describe the functions it performs (see Table 32-4).
 - 2. Provide a scaled map that delineates the proposed WRA boundaries determined to be sufficient to sustain the functions occurring at the site and a narrative that justifies the proposal, consistent with CDC 32.080.
 - 3. Identify the recommended WRA boundary at the site with colored tape, survey markers or other easily identified means for field inspection by staff.
 - 4. Consultant required for alternate review process.
 - a. The narrative and analysis required by CDC 32.070 and 32.080 shall be prepared and signed by a qualified natural resource professional, such as a wildlife biologist, botanist, or hydrologist. The Planning Director shall determine the scope of work and specific products required from the consultant. The Planning Director may require a mitigation plan pursuant to CDC 32.090 and/or a re-vegetation plan pursuant to CDC 32.100.
 - b. The Planning Director may waive the consultant requirement for simple or minor projects if he or she determines that it is not necessary in order to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.

Response:

This application does not seek approval through the alternative review process. The criteria do not apply.

32.090 Mitigation Plan

A. A mitigation plan shall only be required if development is proposed within a WRA (including development of a PDA). (Exempted activities of CDC 32.040 do not require mitigation unless specifically stated. Temporarily disturbed areas, including TDAs associated with exempted activities, do not require mitigation, just grade and soil restoration and re-vegetation.) The mitigation plan shall satisfy all applicable provisions of CDC 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements.

Response:

Exhibit F includes a Mitigation Plan as required under this chapter which addresses all applicable requirements for the proposed development within the WRA. This criterion is met.

- B. Mitigation shall take place in the following locations, according to the following priorities (subsections (B)(1) through (4) of this section):
 - 1. On-site mitigation by restoring, creating or enhancing WRAs.
 - 2. Off-site mitigation in the same sub-watershed will be allowed, but only if the applicant has demonstrated that:
 - a. It is not practicable to complete mitigation on-site, for example, there is not enough area on-site; and
 - b. The mitigation will provide equal or superior ecological function and value.



- 3. Off-site mitigation outside the sub-watershed will be allowed, but only if the applicant has demonstrated that:
 - a. It is not practicable to complete mitigation on-site, for example, there is not enough area on-site; and
 - b. The mitigation will provide equal or superior ecological function and value.
- 4. Purchasing mitigation credits though DSL or other acceptable mitigation bank.

The Mitigation Plan in Exhibit F shows that required mitigation for permanently disturbed areas will occur both on site and off site. There is not sufficient room on Lot 802 to accommodate all required mitigation on this lot. Further details are included in the Mitigation Plan in Exhibit F. This criterion is met.

- C. Amount of mitigation.
 - 1. The amount of mitigation shall be based on the square footage of the permanent disturbance area by the application. For every one square foot of non-PDA disturbed area, on-site mitigation shall require one square foot of WRA to be created, enhanced or restored.
 - 2. For every one square foot of PDA that is disturbed, on-site mitigation shall require one half a square foot of WRA vegetation to be created, enhanced or restored.
 - 3. For any off-site mitigation, including the use of DSL mitigation credits, the requirement shall be for every one square foot of WRA that is disturbed, two square feet of WRA shall be created, enhanced or restored. The DSL mitigation credits program or mitigation bank shall require a legitimate bid on the cost of on-site mitigation multiplied by two to arrive at the appropriate dollar amount.

Response:

The Mitigation Plan in Exhibit F provides an inventory of on-site and off-site mitigation in the amounts specified above. This criterion is met.

D. The Planning Director may limit or define the scope of the mitigation plan and submittal requirements commensurate with the scale of the disturbance relative to the resource and pursuant to the authority of Chapter 99 CDC. The Planning Director may determine that a consultant is required to complete all or a part of the mitigation plan requirements.

Response:

The Applicant understands that the Planning Director may limit or define the scope of the Mitigation Plan and requirements. The Mitigation Plan in Exhibit F was prepared by a professional natural resources specialist.

- E. A mitigation plan shall contain the following information:
 - 1. A list of all responsible parties including, but not limited to, the owner, applicant, contractor, or other persons responsible for work on the development site.
 - 2. A map showing where the specific adverse impacts will occur and where the mitigation activities will occur.
 - 3. A re-vegetation plan for the area(s) to be mitigated that meets the standards of CDC 32.100.
 - 4. An implementation schedule, including timeline for construction, mitigation, mitigation maintenance, monitoring, and reporting. All in-stream work in fish bearing streams shall be done in accordance with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.
 - 5. Assurances shall be established to rectify any mitigation actions that are not successful within the first three years. This may include bonding or other surety.



The Mitigation Plan in Exhibit F includes all applicable information as listed above. The criteria are met.

32.100 Re-vegetation Plan Requirements

- A. In order to achieve the goal of re-establishing forested canopy, native shrub and ground cover and to meet the mitigation requirements of CDC 32.090 and vegetative enhancement of CDC 32.080, tree and vegetation plantings are required according to the following standards:
 - 1. All trees, shrubs and ground cover to be planted must be native plants selected from the Portland Plant List.
 - 2. Plant size. Replacement trees must be at least one-half inch in caliper, measured at six inches above the ground level for field grown trees or above the soil line for container grown trees (the one-half inch minimum size may be an average caliper measure, recognizing that trees are not uniformly round), unless they are oak or madrone which may be one gallon size. Shrubs must be in at least a one-gallon container or the equivalent in ball and burlap and must be at least 12 inches in height.

3. Plant coverage.

- a. Native trees and shrubs are required to be planted at a rate of five trees and 25 shrubs per every 500 square feet of disturbance area (calculated by dividing the number of square feet of disturbance area by 500, and then multiplying that result times five trees and 25 shrubs, and rounding all fractions to the nearest whole number of trees and shrubs; for example, if there will be 330 square feet of disturbance area, then 330 divided by 500 equals 0.66, and 0.66 times five equals 3.3, so three trees must be planted, and 0.66 times 25 equals 16.5, so 17 shrubs must be planted). Bare ground must be planted or seeded with native grasses or herbs. Non-native sterile wheat grass may also be planted or seeded, in equal or lesser proportion to the native grasses or herbs.
- b. Trees shall be planted between eight and 12 feet on center and shrubs shall be planted between four and five feet on center, or clustered in single species groups of no more than four plants, with each cluster planted between eight and 10 feet on center. When planting near existing trees, the dripline of the existing tree shall be the starting point for plant spacing measurements.
- 4. Plant diversity. Shrubs must consist of at least two different species. If 10 trees or more are planted, then no more than 50 percent of the trees may be of the same genus.
- 5. Invasive vegetation. Invasive non-native or noxious vegetation must be removed within the mitigation area prior to planting.
- 6. Tree and shrub survival. A minimum survival rate of 80 percent of the trees and shrubs planted is expected by the third anniversary of the date that the mitigation planting is completed.
- 7. Monitoring and reporting. Monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner. Plants that die must be replaced in kind.
- 8. To enhance survival of tree replacement and plantings, the following practices are required:
 - a. Mulching. Mulch new plantings a minimum of three inches in depth and 18 inches in diameter to retain moisture and discourage weed growth.
 - b. Irrigation. Water new plantings one inch per week between June 15th to October 15th, for the three years following planting.
 - c. Weed control. Remove, or control, non-native or noxious vegetation throughout maintenance period.



- d. Planting season. Plant bare root trees between December 1st and February 28th, and potted plants between October 15th and April 30th.
- e. Wildlife protection. Use plant sleeves or fencing to protect trees and shrubs against wildlife browsing and resulting damage to plants.

Exhibit F includes a Revegetation Plan which meets the applicable specifications listed above. These criteria are met.

B. When weather or other conditions prohibit planting according to schedule, the applicant shall ensure that disturbed areas are correctly protected with erosion control measures and shall provide the City with funds in the amount of 125 percent of a bid from a recognized landscaper or nursery which will cover the cost of the plant materials, installation and any follow up maintenance. Once the planting conditions are favorable the applicant shall proceed with the plantings and receive the funds back from the City upon completion, or the City will complete the plantings using those funds.

Response:

Exhibit A identifies the erosion and sediment control measures to be taken during the development of this project. The Applicant understands that funds are to be held at the City when weather prohibits construction and changes to the planting schedule are essential. This criterion can be met.

32.110 Hardship Provisions

The purpose of this section is to ensure that compliance with this chapter does not deprive an owner of reasonable use of land. To avoid such instances, the requirements of this chapter may be reduced. The decision-making authority may impose such conditions as are deemed necessary to limit any adverse impacts that may result from granting relief. The burden shall be on the applicant to demonstrate that the standards of this chapter, including Table 32-2, Required Width of WRA, will deny the applicant "reasonable use" of his/her property.

A. The right to obtain a hardship allowance is based on the existence of a lot of record recorded with the County Assessor's Office on, or before, January 1, 2006. The lot of record may have been, subsequent to that date, modified from its original platted configuration but must meet the minimum lot size and dimensional standards of the base zone.

Response:

Exhibits C and H show that the subject site is a legal lot of record with the Clackamas County Assessor's Office since September 3, 1908, prior to January 1, 2006. This criterion is met.

- B. For lots described in subsection A of this section that are located completely or partially inside the WRA, development is permitted, consistent with this section. The maximum disturbed area (MDA) of the WRA shall be determined on a per lot basis. The MDA shall be the greater of:
 - 1. Five thousand square feet of the WRA; or
 - 2. Thirty percent of the total area of the WRA.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, the WRA occupies all of Lot 802 (\pm 14,600 square feet). In the context of the subject site, the maximum disturbed area (MDA) will be 5,000 square feet (\pm 14,600 x 0.30 = 4,380 < 5,000 square feet)

- C. The MDA shall be located as follows:
 - 1. In areas where the development will result in the least square footage encroachment into the WRA.
 - 2. The applicant shall demonstrate, through site and building design, that the proposed development is the maximum practical distance from the water resource based on the functional needs of the proposed use.



- 3. The minimum distance from a water resource shall be 15 feet.
- 4. Access driveways shall be the minimum permitted width; select an alignment that is least impactful upon the WRA; and shall share use of the driveway, where possible.

As shown in Exhibit A, careful consideration for reducing impacts to the WRA was made in the preparation of the layout. The home is shifted as far to the north (away from the water resource) as possible while accommodating a reasonable building footprint and driveway from the shared accessway. The planned driveway to the new home will share access with another home on Lot 800 (via a reciprocal access easement on Lot 300; see responses to CDC Chapter 48) to further minimize impacts. Additionally, the application utilizes the setback reduction allowance in CDC 32.110(F)(1) to minimize encroachment into the WRA. Finally, no impacts will occur within 15 feet of the water resource. The criteria are met.

D. The MDA shall include:

- The footprints of all structures, including accessory structures, decks and paved water impermeable surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, parking pads, paths, patios and parking lots, etc. Only 75 percent of water permeable surfaces at grade shall be included in the MDA.
- 2. All graded, disturbed or modified areas that are not subsequently restored to their original grade and replanted with native ground cover per an approved plan.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit F, MDAs were calculated based on the methodology established here. The criteria are met.

E. The MDA shall not include:

- 1. Temporarily disturbed areas (TDAs) adjacent to an approved structure or development area for the purpose of grading, material storage, construction activity, trenched or buried utilities and other temporary activities so long as these areas are subsequently restored to the original grades and soil permeability, and re-vegetated with native plants per CDC 32.100, such that they are at least equal in functional value to the area prior to the initiation of the permitted activity;
- 2. Bay windows and similar cantilevered elements (including decks, etc.) of the principal or secondary structure so long as they do not extend more than five feet towards the WRA from the vertical plane of the house, and have no vertical supports from grade;
- 3. PDAs that are not built upon as part of the development proposal will not count in the MDA (e.g., use of an existing access driveway). (Conversely, PDAs that are built upon as part of the development proposal will count in the MDA.);
- 4. The installation of public streets and public utilities that are specifically required to meet either the transportation system plan or a utility master plan so long as all trenched public utilities are subsequently restored to the original grades and soil permeability, and revegetated with native plants per CDC 32.100, such that they are at least equal in functional value to the area prior to the initiation of the permitted activity. All areas displaced by streets shall be mitigated for.

Table 32-5: MDA Calculation Summary		
Type of Development	Square footage included in MDA calculation?	
All structures	YES	
Non-water permeable paved surfaces including	YES	
driveways, parking lots, patios, and paths		
Approved water permeable paved surfaces	YES but at 75% of total water	
including driveways, parking lots, patios, and	permeable surface square footage	
paths		
TDAs/graded areas that are restored and re-	NO	
vegetated with native vegetation		
TDAs/all utility trenches and buried utilities	NO	
restored or re-vegetated with native vegetation		
PDAs that are built upon or developed as part of	YES	
the application		
PDAs that are not built upon or developed as	NO	
part of the application		
Storm water detention or treatment pond	YES	
Rain garden or bioswale with the native	NO	
plantings as part of re-vegetation plan		
Storm water outfall, energy dissipaters (at, or	YES	
above, grade)		
Non-native landscaping	YES	
Sharing an existing driveway	NO	
Development of lands that are not within the	NO	
WRA		

As shown in Exhibit F, MDAs were calculated based on the methodology established here. The criteria are met.

- F. Development allowed under subsection A of this section may use the following provisions:
 - 1. Setbacks required by the underlying zoning district may be reduced up to 50 percent where necessary to avoid construction within the WRA, as long as the development would otherwise meet the standards of this chapter. However, front loading garages shall be set back a minimum of 18 feet, while side loading garages shall be set back a minimum of three feet.

Response:

This application includes a request to reduce the front setback from 20 feet to 12 feet to minimize impacts to the WRA. This will allow the building envelope to be moved further from the wetland boundary. This criterion can be met.

- 2. Landscaping and parking requirements may be reduced for hardship properties but only if all or part of the WRA is dedicated pursuant to CDC 32.060(C) or if a restrictive deed covenant is established. These reductions shall be permitted outright and, to the extent that the practices are inconsistent with other provisions or standards of the West Linn CDC, this section is given precedence so that no variance is required. The allowable reductions include:
 - a. Elimination of landscaping for the parking lot interior.



- b. Elimination of the overall landscape requirement (e.g., 20 percent for commercial uses).
- Elimination of landscaping between parking lots and perimeter nonresidential properties.
- d. Landscaping between parking lots and the adjacent right-of-way may be reduced to eight feet. This eight-foot-wide landscaped strip may be used for vegetated storm water detention or treatment.
- e. A 25 percent reduction in total required parking is permitted to minimize or avoid intrusion into the WRA.
- f. Adjacent improved street frontage with curb and sidewalk may be counted towards the parking requirement at a rate of one parking space per 20 lineal feet of street frontage adjacent to the property, subject to City Engineer approval based on the street width and classification.
- g. The current compact and full sized parking mix may be modified to allow up to 100 percent compact spaces and no full sized spaces. However, any required ADA compliant spaces shall be provided.

This application does not seek modification to the parking and landscape requirements as provided above. The criteria do not apply.

G. Where a property owner owns multiple platted lots of record where each lot could be built upon under the hardship provisions, the property owner may either use the MDA for each lot on an individual lot by lot basis or may transfer 100 percent of the cumulative MDA of all the lots to those lots that are further away from, or less impactful upon, the WRA. Lot line adjustments may also be used to facilitate the density transfer. See Figure 32-8.

Response:

The application does not seek to transfer available MDA from abutting properties owned by the Applicant (Tax Lots 800 or 803). The criterion does not apply.

H. Mitigation and re-vegetation of disturbed WRAs shall be completed per CDC 32.090 and 32.100 respectively.

Response:

Mitigation and re-vegetation of disturbed WRAs have been addressed in responses to CDC 32.090 and 32.100 respectively and as further detailed in Exhibit F. This criterion is met.

I. Any further modification of the standards of this chapter or the underlying zone shall require approval of a variance pursuant to Chapter 75 CDC.

Response:

This application does not include a request for modification of the standards of this chapter or the underlying zone that would require a variance. This criterion does not apply.

Chapter 46 – OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING AND RESERVOIR AREAS

46.020 Applicability and General Provisions

A. At the time a structure is erected or enlarged, or the use of a structure or unit of land is changed within any zone, parking spaces, loading areas and reservoir areas shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of this chapter unless other requirements are otherwise established as a part of the development approval process.

Response:

Exhibit A demonstrates that the required off-street parking for a new single-family detached home can be provided on Lot 802. This criterion is met.

B. The provision and maintenance of off-street parking and loading spaces are the continuing obligation of the property owner.

The Applicant is aware of the property owner's obligations in relation to the provision and maintenance of off-street parking and loading spaces. This criterion can be met.

- C. No building or other permit shall be issued until plans are approved that show the property that is and will remain available for exclusive use as off-street parking and loading space as required by this chapter.
- D. Required parking spaces and loading areas shall be improved to the standards contained in this chapter and shall be available for use at the time of the final building inspection except as provided in CDC 46.150.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that parking places and loading areas will be improved to the standards of this chapter. This criterion can be met.

46.090 Minimum Off-Street Parking Space Requirements

A.		Residential parking space requirements.					
	1.	Single-family residences (attached or detached).	1 space for each dwelling unit; may or may not be in				
			garage or carport.				

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates that at a minimum, at least one off-street parking space will be provided. This criterion is met.

F. Maximum parking. Parking spaces (except for single-family and two-family residential uses) shall not exceed the minimum required number of spaces by more than 10 percent.

Response:

The subject site is located in the R-10 single-family detached residential zone. This criterion does not apply.

G. Parking reductions. An applicant may reduce parking up to 10 percent for development sites within one-quarter mile of a transit corridor or within a mixed-use commercial area, and up to 10 percent for commercial development sites adjacent to multi-family residential sites with the potential to accommodate more than 20 dwelling units.

Response:

This application does not include a request to reduce parking for the project site. This criterion does not apply.

H. For office, industrial, and public uses where there are more than 20 parking spaces for employees on the site, at least 10 percent of the required employee parking spaces shall be reserved for carpool use before 9:00 a.m. on weekdays. The spaces will be the closest to the building entrance, except for any disabled parking and those signed for exclusive customer use. The carpool/vanpool spaces shall be clearly marked "Reserved – Carpool/Vanpool Before 9:00 a.m."

Response:

The subject site is located in a R-10 Single-Family Residential Detached zone. This criterion does not apply.

I. Existing developments along transit streets or near transit stops may redevelop up to 10 percent of the existing parking spaces to provide transit-oriented facilities, including bus pullouts, bus stops and shelters, park and ride stations, and other similar facilities.

Response:

The subject site is a vacant lot. This criterion does not apply.

J. Development in water resource areas may reduce the required number of parking spaces by up to 25 percent. Adjacent improved street frontage with curb and sidewalk may also be counted towards the parking requirement at a rate of one parking space per 20 lineal feet of street frontage adjacent to the property.

This application does not include a request to reduce the required number of parking spaces. This criterion does not apply.

46.150 Design and Standards

The following standards apply to the design and improvement of areas used for vehicle parking, storage, loading, and circulation:

A. Design standards.

1. "One standard parking space" means a minimum for a parking stall of eight feet in width and 16 feet in length. These stalls shall be identified as "compact." To accommodate larger cars, 50 percent of the required parking spaces shall have a minimum dimension of nine feet in width and 18 feet in length (nine feet by 18 feet). When multi-family parking stalls back onto a main driveway, the stalls shall be nine feet by 20 feet. Parking for development in water resource areas may have 100 percent compact spaces.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the conceptual parking space designed with minimum dimensions as required herein. This criterion can be met.

- 2. Disabled parking and maneuvering spaces shall be consistent with current federal dimensional standards and subsection B of this section and placed nearest to accessible building entryways and ramps.
- 3. Repealed by Ord. 1622.
- 4. Service drives shall be designed and constructed to facilitate the flow of traffic, provide maximum safety of traffic access and egress, and maximum safety of pedestrians and vehicular traffic on the site.
- 5. Each parking and/or loading space shall have clear access, whereby the relocation of other vehicles to utilize the parking space is not required.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the conceptual parking design with minimum dimensions as required for the R-10 Single-Family Residential Detached zone. These criteria are met.

- 6. Except for single- and two-family residences, any area intended to be used to meet the off-street parking requirements as contained in this chapter shall have all parking spaces clearly marked using a permanent paint. All interior drives and access aisles shall be clearly marked and signed to show direction of flow and maintain vehicular and pedestrian safety. Permeable parking surface spaces may have an alternative delineation for parking spaces.
- 7. Except for residential parking, and parking for public parks and trailheads, at least 50 percent of all areas used for the parking and/or storage and/or maneuvering of any vehicle, boat and/or trailer shall be improved with asphalt or concrete surfaces according to the same standards required for the construction and acceptance of City streets. The remainder of the areas used for parking may use a permeable paving surface designed to reduce surface runoff. Parking for public parks or trailheads may use a permeable paving surface designed to reduce surface runoff for all parking areas. Where a parking lot contains both paved and unpaved areas, the paved areas shall be located closest to the use which they serve.

Response:

The subject site is located in the R-10 Single-Family Residential Detached zone. These criteria do not apply.

8. Off-street parking spaces for single- and two-family residences shall be improved with an asphalt or concrete surface, or a permeable parking surface designed to reduce surface runoff, to specifications as approved by the Building Official. Other parking facilities for two- and single-family homes that are to accommodate additional

vehicles, boats, recreational vehicles, and trailers, etc., need not be paved. All parking for multi-family residential development shall be paved with concrete or asphalt. Driveways shall measure at least 20 feet from the back of sidewalk to garage or the end of the parking pad to accommodate cars and sport utility vehicles without the vehicles blocking the public sidewalk.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the conceptual driveway to be improved with asphalt, concrete or a permeable surface designed to reduce surface runoff pursuant to City specifications. This criterion can be met.

- 9. Access drives from the street to off-street parking or loading areas shall be designed and constructed to facilitate the flow of traffic and provide maximum safety for pedestrian and vehicular traffic on the site. The number of access drives shall be limited to the minimum that will allow the property to accommodate and service the anticipated traffic. Access drives shall be clearly and permanently marked and defined through use of rails, fences, walls, or other barriers or markers on frontage not occupied by service drives.
- 10. Access drives shall have a minimum vision clearance as provided in Chapter 42 CDC, Clear Vision Areas.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the access drive from the street to off-street parking on Lot 802 is designed to comply with all application standards. The criteria are met.

11. Parking spaces along the boundaries of a parking lot or adjacent to interior landscaped areas or sidewalks shall be provided with a wheel stop at least four inches high located two feet back from the front of the parking stall. Such parking spaces may be provided without wheel stops if the sidewalks or landscaped areas adjacent the parking stalls are two feet wider than the minimum width.

Response:

The application does not include a parking lot. This criterion does not apply.

12. Off-street parking and loading areas shall be drained in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the City Engineer. Storm drainage at commercial sites may also have to be collected to treat oils and other residue.

Response:

A Preliminary Stormwater Report is attached as Exhibit I and illustrates the means by which stormwater runoff will appropriately be handled. This criterion is met.

13. Artificial lighting on all off-street parking facilities shall be designed to deflect all light downward away from surrounding residences and so as not to create a hazard to the public use of any road or street.

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

14. Directional arrows and traffic control devices which are placed on parking lots shall be identified.

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

15. The maximum driveway grade for single-family housing shall be 15 percent. The 15 percent shall be measured along the centerline of the driveway only. Grades elsewhere along the driveway shall not apply. Variations require approval of a Class II variance by the Planning Commission pursuant to Chapter 75 CDC. Regardless, the last 18 feet in front of the garage must maintain a maximum grade of 12 percent as measured along the centerline of the driveway only. Grades elsewhere along the driveway shall not apply.

Exhibit A shows the grade along the centerline of the driveway exceeds the above requirements. The criterion is met.

16. Visitor or guest parking must be identified by painted "GUEST" or "VISITOR."

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

- 17. The parking area shall have less than a five percent grade. No drainage across adjacent sidewalks or walkways is allowed.
- 18. Commercial, office, industrial, and public parking lots may not occupy more than 50 percent of the main lot frontage of a development site. The remaining frontage shall comprise buildings or landscaping. If over 50 percent of the lineal frontage comprises parking lot, the landscape strip between the right-of-way and parking lot shall be increased to 15 feet wide and shall include terrain variations (e.g., one-foot-high berm) plus landscaping. The defensible space of the parking lot should not be compromised.
- 19. Areas of the parking lot improved with asphalt or concrete surfaces shall be designed into areas of 12 or less spaces through the use of defined landscaped area. Groups of 12 or less spaces are defined as:
 - a. Twelve spaces in a row, provided there are no abutting parking spaces, as in the case when the spaces are abutting the perimeter of the lot; or
 - b. Twelve spaces in a group with six spaces abutting together; or
 - c. Two groups of 12 spaces abutting each other, but separated by a 15-foot-wide landscape area including a six-foot-wide walkway.
 - d. Parking areas improved with a permeable parking surface may be designed using the configurations shown in subsections (A)(19)(a), (b) and (c) of this section except that groups of up to 18 spaces are allowed.
 - e. The requirements of this chapter relating to total parking lot landscaping, landscaping buffers, perimeter landscaping, and landscaping the parking lot islands and interior may be waived or reduced pursuant to CDC 32.110(F) in a WRA application without a variance being required.
- 20. Pedestrian walkways shall be provided in parking areas having 20 or more spaces. Walkways or sidewalks shall be constructed between major buildings/activity areas (an example in multi-family housing: between recreation center, swimming pool, manager's office, park or open space areas, parking lots, etc.) within a development, between adjacent developments and the new development, as feasible, and between major buildings/activity areas within the development and adjacent streets and all adjacent transit stops. Internal parking lot circulation and design should maintain ease of access for pedestrians from streets and transit stops. Walkways shall be constructed using a material that visually contrasts with the parking lot and driveway surface. Walkways shall be further identifiable to pedestrians and motorists by grade separation, walls, curbs, surface texture (surface texture shall not interfere with safe use of wheelchairs, baby carriages, shopping carts, etc.), and/or landscaping. Walkways shall be six feet wide. The arrangement and layout of the paths shall depend on functional requirements.
- 21. The parking and circulation patterns are easily comprehended and defined. The patterns shall be clear to minimize traffic hazards and congestion and to facilitate emergency vehicles.

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

22. The parking spaces shall be close to the related use.



Exhibit A shows the required parking space is located close to the related use. This criterion is met.

23. Permeable parking spaces shall be designed and built to City standards.

Response:

The application does not anticipate the use of permeable pavement. This criterion does not apply.

- B. Accessible parking standards for persons with disabilities. If any parking is provided for the public or visitors, or both, the needs of the people with disabilities shall be based upon the following standards or current applicable federal standards, whichever are more stringent:
 - 1. Minimum number of accessible parking space requirements (see following table):

MINIMUM REQUIRED NUMBER OF TOTAL PARKING SPACES	TOTAL NUMBER OF ACCESSIBLE SPACES	NUMBER OF VAN- ACCESSIBLE SPACES REQUIRED, OF TOTAL	SPACES SIGNED "WHEELCHAIR USE ONLY"
1 – 25	1	1	_
26 – 50	2	1	-
51 – 75	3	1	_
76 – 100	4	1	-
101 – 150	5	-	1
151 – 200	6	-	1
201 – 300	7	-	2
301 – 400	8	-	2
401 –500	9	-	2
501 – 999	2 percent of total spaces	_	1 in every 6 accessible spaces or portion thereof
Over 1,000	20 spaces plus 1 for every 100 spaces, or fraction thereof, over 1,000	_	1 in every 6 spaces or portion thereof

- 2. Location of parking spaces. Parking spaces for the individual with a disability that serve a particular building shall be located on the shortest possible accessible circulation route to an accessible entrance to a building. In separate parking structures or lots that do not serve a particular building, parking spaces for the persons with disabilities shall be located on the shortest possible circulation route to an accessible pedestrian entrance of the parking facility.
- 3. Accessible parking space and aisle shall meet ADA vertical and horizontal slope standards.
- 4. Where any differences exist between this section and current federal standards, those standards shall prevail over this code section.
- 5. One in every eight accessible spaces, but not less than one, shall be served by an access aisle 96 inches wide.
- 6. Van-accessible parking spaces shall have an additional sign marked "Van Accessible" mounted below the accessible parking sign. A van-accessible parking space reserved for wheelchair users shall have a sign that includes the words "Wheelchair Use Only." Van-accessible parking shall have an adjacent eight-foot-wide aisle. All other accessible stalls shall have a six-foot-wide aisle. Two vehicles may share the same aisle if it is between them. The vertical clearance of the van space shall be 96 inches.

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

C. Landscaping in parking areas. Reference Chapter 54 CDC, Landscaping.

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

- D. Bicycle facilities and parking.
 - 1. Provisions shall be made for pedestrian and bicycle ways if such facilities are shown on an adopted plan.
 - 2. Bicycle parking facilities shall either be lockable enclosures in which the bicycle is stored, or secure stationary racks which accommodate bicyclist's locks securing the frame and both wheels. The bicycle parking shall be no more than 50 feet from the entrance to the building, well-lit, observable, and properly signed.
 - 3. Bicycle parking must be provided in the following amounts:

Response:

This application does not include any off-street parking facilities. This criterion does not apply.

Chapter 48 - ACCESS, EGRESS AND CIRCULATION

48.020 Applicability and General Provisions

- A. The provisions of this chapter do not apply where the provisions of the Transportation System Plan or land division chapter are applicable and set forth differing standards.
- B. All lots shall have access from a public street or from a platted private street approved under the land division chapter.

Response:

A 20-foot Egress and Ingress Easement and Utility Easement was recorded on Tax Lot 300 for the benefit of Tax Lots 300, 800, and 802. These lots were also platted on Partition Plat 2019-007 recorded February 7, 2019 in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6705. These criteria are met.

C. No building or other permit shall be issued until scaled plans are presented to the City and approved by the City as provided by this chapter, and show how the access, egress, and circulation requirements are to be fulfilled. Access to State or County roads may require review, approval, and permits from the appropriate authority.

Response:

Exhibit A includes scaled plans to be approved by the City as required in this chapter. The plans include conceptual drawings that show the access and circulation off 9th Street to Lots 300, 800, and 802. This criterion is met.

D. Should the owner or occupant of a lot, parcel or building enlarge or change the use to which the lot, parcel or building is put, resulting in increasing any of the requirements of this chapter, it shall be unlawful and a violation of this code to begin or maintain such altered use until the provisions of this chapter have been met, and, if required, until the appropriate approval authority under Chapter 99 CDC has approved the change.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that any modifications to the planned development require appropriate approval under this chapter.

E. Owners of two or more uses, structures, lots, parcels, or units of land may agree to utilize jointly the same access and egress when the combined access and egress of both uses, structures, or parcels of land satisfies the requirements as designated in this code; provided, that satisfactory legal evidence is presented to the City Attorney in the form of deeds, easements, leases, or contracts to establish joint use. Copies of said instrument shall be placed on permanent file with the City Recorder.

Response:

A 20-foot Egress and Ingress Easement and Utility Easement was recorded in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6706 for the benefit of Tax Lots 300, 800, and

802. These lots were also platted on Partition Plat 2019-007 recorded February 7, 2019 in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6705. This criterion is met.

F. Property owners shall not be compelled to access their homes via platted stems of flag lots if other driveways and easements are available and approved by the City Engineer.

Response:

This application does not include a request including a flag lot. This criterion does not apply.

48.025 Access Control

- B. Access control standards.
 - 1. Traffic impact analysis requirements. The City or other agency with access jurisdiction may require a traffic study prepared by a qualified professional to determine access, circulation and other transportation requirements. (See also CDC 55.125, Transportation Impact Analysis.)

Response:

The Pre-App Comments received from the City indicates that a Traffic Impact Analysis is not anticipated for this project.

2. The City or other agency with access permit jurisdiction may require the closing or consolidation of existing curb cuts or other vehicle access points, recording of reciprocal access easements (i.e., for shared driveways), development of a frontage street, installation of traffic control devices, and/or other mitigation as a condition of granting an access permit, to ensure the safe and efficient operation of the street and highway system. Access to and from off-street parking areas shall not permit backing onto a public street.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the existing curb cuts and recorded access easement for the shared driveway, as well as frontage improvements along 9th Street.

- 3. Access options. When vehicle access is required for development (i.e., for off-street parking, delivery, service, drive-through facilities, etc.), access shall be provided by one of the following methods (planned access shall be consistent with adopted public works standards and TSP). These methods are "options" as approved by the City Engineer.
 - a. Option 1. Access is from an existing or proposed alley or mid-block lane. If a property has access to an alley or lane, direct access to a public street is not permitted.
 - b. Option 2. Access is from a private street or driveway connected to an adjoining property that has direct access to a public street (i.e., "shared driveway"). A public access easement covering the driveway shall be recorded in this case to assure access to the closest public street for all users of the private street/drive.
 - c. Option 3. Access is from a public street adjacent to the development lot or parcel. If practicable, the owner/developer may be required to close or consolidate an existing access point as a condition of approving a new access. Street accesses shall comply with the access spacing standards in subsection (B)(6) of this section.

Response:

This application includes a request for "Option 2" as stated above. The Applicant and owner of Tax Lot 300 have a shared 20-foot Egress and Ingress Easement and Utility Easement that was recorded in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6706 for the benefit of Tax Lots 300, 800, and 802.

4. Subdivisions fronting onto an arterial street. New residential land divisions fronting onto an arterial street shall be required to provide alleys or secondary (local or collector) streets for access to individual lots. When alleys or secondary streets cannot be constructed due to topographic or other physical constraints, access may be provided by consolidating driveways for clusters of two or more lots (e.g., includes flag lots and mid-block lanes).

Response:

This application does not include a request for a subdivision. This criterion does not apply.

5. Double-frontage lots. When a lot or parcel has frontage onto two or more streets, access shall be provided first from the street with the lowest classification. For example, access shall be provided from a local street before a collector or arterial street. When a lot or parcel has frontage opposite that of the adjacent lots or parcels, access shall be provided from the street with the lowest classification.

Response:

This application does not include a request for double frontage lots. This criterion does not apply.

- 6. Access spacing.
 - a. The access spacing standards found in the adopted Transportation System Plan (TSP) shall be applicable to all newly established public street intersections and non-traversable medians. Deviation from the access spacing standards may be granted by the City Engineer if conditions are met as described in the access spacing variances section in the adopted TSP.
 - b. Private drives and other access ways are subject to the requirements of CDC 48.060.

Response:

This application does not include newly established public street intersections or non-traversable medians. Responses to CDC 48.060 are provided below.

7. Number of access points. For single-family (detached and attached), two-family, and duplex housing types, one street access point is permitted per lot or parcel, when alley access cannot otherwise be provided; except that two access points may be permitted corner lots (i.e., no more than one access per street), subject to the access spacing standards in subsection (B)(6) of this section. The number of street access points for multiple family, commercial, industrial, and public/institutional developments shall be minimized to protect the function, safety and operation of the street(s) and sidewalk(s) for all users. Shared access may be required, in conformance with subsection (B)(8) of this section, in order to maintain the required access spacing, and minimize the number of access points.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates one shared access point for Tax Lots 300, 800, and 802 by way of an Egress and Ingress Easement and Utility Easement recorded in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6706. The criteria are met.

- 8. Shared driveways. The number of driveway and private street intersections with public streets shall be minimized by the use of shared driveways with adjoining lots where feasible. The City shall require shared driveways as a condition of land division or site design review, as applicable, for traffic safety and access management purposes in accordance with the following standards:
 - a. Shared driveways and frontage streets may be required to consolidate access onto a collector or arterial street. When shared driveways or frontage streets are required, they shall be stubbed to adjacent developable parcels to indicate future extension. "Stub" means that a driveway or street temporarily

- ends at the property line, but may be extended in the future as the adjacent lot or parcel develops. "Developable" means that a lot or parcel is either vacant or it is likely to receive additional development (i.e., due to infill or redevelopment potential).
- b. Access easements (i.e., for the benefit of affected properties) shall be recorded for all shared driveways, including pathways, at the time of final plat approval or as a condition of site development approval.
- c. Exception. Shared driveways are not required when existing development patterns or physical constraints (e.g., topography, lot or parcel configuration, and similar conditions) prevent extending the street/driveway in the future.

Exhibit A illustrates one shared driveway for Tax Lots 300, 800, and 802 by way of an Egress and Ingress Easement and Utility Easement recorded in Clackamas County Records as Document No. 2019-6706. The criteria are met.

- C. Street connectivity and formation of blocks required. In order to promote efficient vehicular and pedestrian circulation throughout the City, land divisions and large site developments shall produce complete blocks bounded by a connecting network of public and/or private streets, in accordance with the following standards:
 - 1. Block length and perimeter. The maximum block length shall not exceed 800 feet or 1,800 feet along an arterial.
 - 2. Street standards. Public and private streets shall also conform to Chapter 92 CDC, Required Improvements, and to any other applicable sections of the West Linn Community Development Code and approved TSP.
 - 3. Exception. Exceptions to the above standards may be granted when blocks are divided by one or more pathway(s), in conformance with the provisions of CDC 85.200(C), Pedestrian and Bicycle Trails, or cases where extreme topographic (e.g., slope, creek, wetlands, etc.) conditions or compelling functional limitations preclude implementation, not just inconveniences or design challenges.

Response:

This application does not include a land division or a large site development. However, Exhibit A represents half-street improvements along Lot 802 and 9th Street frontage in accordance with the City's standard for local streets. The criteria are met.

48.030 Minimum Vehicular Requirements for Residential Uses

A. Direct individual access from single-family dwellings and duplex lots to an arterial street, as designated in the transportation element of the Comprehensive Plan, is prohibited for lots or parcels created after the effective date of this code where an alternate access is either available or is expected to be available by imminent development application. Evidence of alternate or future access may include temporary cul-de-sacs, dedications or stubouts on adjacent lots or parcels, or tentative street layout plans submitted at one time by adjacent property owner/developer or by the owner/developer, or previous owner/developer, of the property in question.

In the event that alternate access is not available as determined by the Planning Director and City Engineer, access may be permitted after review of the following criteria:

- 1. Topography.
- 2. Traffic volume to be generated by development (i.e., trips per day).
- 3. Traffic volume presently carried by the street to be accessed.
- 4. Projected traffic volumes.



- 5. Safety considerations such as line of sight, number of accidents at that location, emergency vehicle access, and ability of vehicles to exit the site without backing into traffic.
- 6. The ability to consolidate access through the use of a joint driveway.
- 7. Additional review and access permits may be required by State or County agencies.

This application does not include a request for direct individual access from the proposed development to an arterial street. The criteria are not applicable.

- B. When any portion of any house is less than 150 feet from the adjacent right-of-way, access to the home is as follows:
 - 1. One single-family residence, including residences with an accessory dwelling unit as defined in CDC 02.030, shall provide 10 feet of unobstructed horizontal clearance. Dual-track or other driveway designs that minimize the total area of impervious driveway surface are encouraged.
 - 2. Two to four single-family residential homes equals a 14- to 20-foot-wide paved or all-weather surface. Width shall depend upon adequacy of line of sight and number of homes.
 - 3. Maximum driveway grade shall be 15 percent. The 15 percent shall be measured along the centerline of the driveway only. Variations require approval of a Class II variance by the Planning Commission pursuant to Chapter 75 CDC. Regardless, the last 18 feet in front of the garage shall be under 12 percent grade as measured along the centerline of the driveway only. Grades elsewhere along the driveway shall not apply.
 - 4. The driveway shall include a minimum of 20 feet in length between the garage door and the back of sidewalk, or, if no sidewalk is proposed, to the paved portion of the right-of-way.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates the proposed driveway will have a maximum grade of less than 15 percent and will include sufficient distance between the garage and side property line. The criteria are met.

- C. When any portion of one or more homes is more than 150 feet from the adjacent right-of-way, the provisions of subsection B of this section shall apply in addition to the following provisions.
 - 1. A turnaround may be required as prescribed by the Fire Chief.
 - 2. Minimum vertical clearance for the driveway shall be 13 feet, six inches.
 - 3. A minimum centerline turning radius of 45 feet is required unless waived by the Fire Chief.
 - 4. There shall be sufficient horizontal clearance on either side of the driveway so that the total horizontal clearance is 20 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the planned home will be less than 150 feet from the adjacent right-of-way. The above criteria do not apply.

F. Where on-site maneuvering and/or access drives are necessary to accommodate required parking, in no case shall said maneuvering and/or access drives be less than that required in Chapters 46 and 48 CDC.

Response:

Responses to requirements for on-site maneuvering and access drives are included in CDC Chapters 46 and 48 in this application.



G. The number of driveways or curb cuts shall be minimized on arterials or collectors. Consolidation or joint use of existing driveways shall be required when feasible.

Response:

This application does not include arterial or collector streets. This criterion does not apply.

48.060 Width and Location of Curb Cuts and Access Separation Requirements

- A. Minimum curb cut width shall be 16 feet.
- B. Maximum curb cut width shall be 36 feet, except along Highway 43 in which case the maximum curb cut shall be 40 feet. For emergency service providers, including fire stations, the maximum shall be 50 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the width of the curb cut for the new driveway serving Lot 802 as 25-feet-wide. This criterion is met.

- C. No curb cuts shall be allowed any closer to an intersecting street right-of-way line than the following:
 - 1. On an arterial when intersected by another arterial, 150 feet.
 - 2. On an arterial when intersected by a collector, 100 feet.
 - 3. On an arterial when intersected by a local street, 100 feet.
 - 4. On a collector when intersecting an arterial street, 100 feet.
 - 5. On a collector when intersected by another collector or local street, 35 feet.
 - 6. On a local street when intersecting any other street, 35 feet.

Response:

The subject property is not located on an intersecting street. The criteria do not apply.

- D. There shall be a minimum distance between any two adjacent curb cuts on the same side of a public street, except for one-way entrances and exits, as follows:
 - 1. On an arterial street, 150 feet.
 - 2. On a collector street, 75 feet.
 - 3. Between any two curb cuts on the same lot or parcel on a local street, 30 feet.

Response:

Exhibit A illustrates that a curb is not present along 9th Street in the vicinity of the site. The criterion is met.

E. A rolled curb may be installed in lieu of curb cuts and access separation requirements.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the proposed design with curb cuts and compliance with the access separation requirements in this chapter.

F. Curb cuts shall be kept to the minimum, particularly on Highway 43. Consolidation of driveways is preferred. The standard on Highway 43 is one curb cut per business if consolidation of driveways is not possible.

Response:

Exhibit A shows that lots 300 and 802 will share the accessway with minimal curb cuts. The subject property is not located on Highway 43. This criterion is met.

G. Adequate line of sight pursuant to engineering standards should be afforded at each driveway or accessway.

Response:

Exhibit A shows the accessway is designed with adequate line of sight pursuant to the engineering standards. This criterion is met.



Chapter 85 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

85.210 Property Line Adjustments – Approval Standards

- A. The Director shall approve or deny a request for a property line adjustment based on the criteria stated below:
 - 1. An additional lot or parcel shall not be created by the property line adjustment.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, this application for a property line adjustment does not include a request to create an additional lot or parcel. This criterion does not apply.

2. The existing property shall not be reduced in size by the adjustments below the minimum lot or parcel size established by the approved zoning for that district. The property line adjustment shall not enlarge, increase or extend the non-conformity of a non-conforming lot or non-conforming structure.

Response:

The minimum lot size in the R-10 Single-Family Residential Zone is 10,000 square feet. Exhibit A shows the adjusted size of Lot 802 will be $\pm 14,600$ square feet. The adjusted size of Lot 800 will be $\pm 57,451$ square feet. This criterion is met.

- 3. Property line adjustments shall be either:
 - a. A straight line;
 - b. A line with maximum of two 45- to 90-degree turns; or
 - c. A maximum of three turns less than 45 degrees.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, property lines are consistent with the above requirements. This criterion is met.

4. The property line adjustment shall not create a lot or parcel that violates applicable site development regulations.

Response:

As shown in Exhibit A, adjusted Tax Lots 800 and 802 comply with all applicable lot requirements.

5. The property line adjustment will not adversely affect existing easements or existing utilities unless an easement vacation is obtained, replacement easements are established, or any required utility relocations are paid for by the applicant.

Response:

This application for a property line adjustment does not adversely affect any existing easements or existing utilities. This criterion is met.

6. Proposed property line adjustments that cannot meet these standards are subject to review under CDC 99.060(B)(2)(e).

Response:

This application for a property line adjustment meets all applicable standards in this chapter. This criterion does not apply.

7. Any appeal must be filed in accordance with CDC 99.240.

Response:

The Applicant understands the process for filing an appeal, if necessary.

B. The provisions of CDC 85.070 shall also apply to property line adjustments.

Response:

The Applicant is aware of the administrative provisions in CDC 85.070.

Chapter 96 – STREET IMPROVEMENT CONSTRUCTION

96.010 Construction Required

A. New construction.



1. Building permits shall not be issued for the construction of any new building or structure, or for the remodeling of any existing building or structure, which results in an increase in size or includes a change in use, including building permits for single-family dwellings but excepting building permits for alteration or addition to an existing single-family dwelling, unless the applicant for said building permit agrees to construct street improvements as required by the land use decision authorizing the construction activity. The placement of new curbs and the drainage facilities required shall be determined by the City Manager or the Manager's designee.

Response:

This application includes half-street improvements along Lot 802 and 9th Street frontage in accordance with the City's standard for local streets. This criterion is met.

2. If the building permit did not require a prior land use decision, the applicant shall construct street improvements which shall include curbs, sidewalks, drainage facilities, and pavement widening to meet new curbs, along all City streets which abut the property described in the building permits.

Response:

A building permit for a new home on this lot will be subject to the approval decision herein. This criterion does not apply.

3. An applicant for a building permit may apply for a waiver of street improvements and the option to make a payment in lieu of construction. The option is available if the City Manager or the Manager's designee determines the transportation system plan does not include the street improvement for which the waiver is requested.

Response:

This application does not include a request for a waiver of street improvements. This criterion does not apply.

4. When an applicant applies for and is granted a waiver of street improvements under subsection (A)(3) of this section, the applicant shall pay an in-lieu fee equal to the estimated cost, accepted by the City Engineer, of the otherwise required street improvements. As a basis for this determination, the City Engineer shall consider the cost of similar improvements in recent development projects and may require up to three estimates from the applicant. The in-lieu fee shall be used for in kind or related improvements.

Response:

This application does not include a request for a waiver of street improvements. This criterion does not apply.

- B. Remodeling of an existing building.
 - 1. Building permits shall not be issued for the remodeling and conversion of any existing building or structure which results in an increase in size or includes a change of use excepting building permits for the alteration or addition to an existing single-family dwelling, unless:
 - a. The applicant for said building permit agrees to construct street improvements; and
 - b. The City Manager or the Manager's designee determines that the remodeling of a structure or change of use is sufficient to cause construction of street improvements.
 - 2. The determination of whether the remodeling of an existing building or structure is sufficient to cause the property owner to construct street improvements, shall be made by the City Manager or the Manager's designee. This determination shall be based upon finding that the increase in building size or change of use results in either:
 - a. An increase in floor area which creates the need for additional on-site parking in accordance with the Community Development Code; or

- b. A change in use that results in a need for additional on-site parking; or
- c. An increase in the dwelling unit density on the site; or
- d. A change in the type, number, or location of accessways where off-site traffic will be affected.
- 3. An applicant for a remodeling of an existing building or structure change may apply for a waiver of street improvements and the option to make a payment in lieu of construction utilizing the process described in subsection (A)(3) of this section.

This application does not include a request for remodeling of an existing building or structure. The criteria do not apply.

- C. Replacement of an existing building.
 - 1. Building permits shall not be issued for the replacement of any existing building or structure which results in an increase in size unless:
 - a. The applicant for said building permit agrees to construct street improvements; and
 - b. The City Manager or the Manager's designee determines the replacement is sufficiently increased in size to cause construction of street improvements.

Response:

This application does not include a request for replacement of an existing building or structure. The criteria do not apply.

D. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, in cases where the issuance of the building permit pertains to the construction or reconstruction of a building or structure within a large development owned by the same owner or owners, the City Council may, in its sole discretion, authorize the installation of street improvements of equivalent cost on another portion of the total development area.

Response:

This application does not include a request for a building permit for construction of a building or structure within a large development. This criterion does not apply.

96.020 Standards

Street improvements shall be installed according to the City standards and shall be completed prior to the issuance of any occupancy permit for the new or remodeled structure or building. In unimproved areas of the City, the City Engineer may grant a time extension of the provisions of this section; provided, that the applicant provides sufficient security in amount and quantity satisfactory to the City Attorney to assure payment of such improvement costs.

Response:

The Applicant is aware that street improvements shall be completed prior to issuance of any occupancy permit. This standard can be met.

IV. Conclusion

The required findings have been made and this written narrative and accompanying documentation demonstrate that the application is consistent with the applicable provisions of the City of West Linn Community Development Code. The evidence in the record is substantial and supports approval of the application. Therefore, the City can rely upon this information in its approval of the application.



Exhibit B: Development Review Application



Planning & Development • 22500 Salamo Rd #1000 • West Linn, Oregon 97068 Telephone 503.656.4211 • Fax 503.656.4106 • westlinnoregon.gov

DEVELOPMENT DEVIEW ADDITION

STAFF CONTACT PROJECT	For Office Hee Only	
STAFF CONTACT	CT No(s).	
NON-REFUNDABLE FEE(S) REFUN	DABLE DEPOSIT(S)	TOTAL
Conditional Use (CUP) □ Design Review (DR) □ Easement Vacation □ Extraterritorial Ext. of Utilities □ Lot Line Adju □ Minor Partit □ Non-Conform □ Planned Unit	lan or Change ustment (LLA) */** ion (MIP) (Preliminary Plat or P ming Lots, Uses & Structures Development (PUD) ion Conference (PA) */**	
Home Occupation, Pre-Application, Sidewalk Use different or additional application forms, available	, Sign Review Permit, and Te e on the City website or at C	emporary Sign Permit applications require City Hall.
Site Location/Address:		Assessor's Map No.: 31E02AC
Clackamas County Assessor's Map No. 31E02AC, 7	ax Lots 800 and 802	Tax Lot(s): 800 and 802
	1.8	Total Land Area: +- 72,087 SF
Applicant Name: Roy Marvin Address: 615 NW Territorial Road		Phone: *Please contact Consultant Email: *Please contact Consultant
City State Zip: Canby, OR 97013 Owner Name (required): Malibar Group LLC, Retire (please print) Address: 615 NW Territorial Road City State Zip: Canby, OR 97013	ment Plan fbo Roy Marvir	Phone: *Please contact Consultant Email: *Please contact Consultant
Consultant Name: Zach Pelz, AICP, AKS Enginee (please print) Address: 3700 River Road N, Suite 1	ering & Forestry, LLC	Phone: (503) 400-6028 Email: PelzZ@aks-eng.com
1. All application fees are non-refundable (excluding de 2. The owner/applicant or their representative should be 3. A denial or approval may be reversed on appeal. No 4. Three (3) complete hard-copy sets (single sided) of a One (1) complete set of digital application materials if large sets of plans are required in application pleas. No CD required / ** Only one hard-copy set need. The undersigned property owner(s) hereby authorizes the filin comply with all code requirements applicable to my application to the Community Development Code and to other regulations.	pe present at all public hear permit will be in effect until application materials must a must also be submitted or use submit only two sets. ed g of this application, and authon. Acceptance of this application.	ings. il the appeal period has expired. be submitted with this application. CD in PDF format. rizes on site review by authorized staff. I hereby agree to on does not infer a complete submittal. All amendments
Approved applications and subsequent development is not ves	ted under the provisions in pla	ce at the time of the initial application. Signature (required) Date

WAP-20-02 Page 206 of 397



Exhibit C: Verification of Property Ownership



OFFICIAL STAMP **MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON** COMMISSION NO. 959424 MY COMM. EXPIRES FEBRUARY 12, 2021

Notary Public for Oregon

My commission expires Z-12-21

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5-	WIN SUN FOUNT IN TANK		
	Carby, OK 91013		
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F	Encore Homes LLC.		-
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+	Malibar Group LIC Netre	MORTGAGES: Beneficiary/Lender; LIENS: Debtor/Defendant	- Un)
+	Malibar Group LLC Netrre INDIRECT PARTY(S) (i.e., DEEDS: Buyer/Grantee; N	MORTGAGES: Beneficiary/Lender; LIENS: Debtor/Defendant	- Un)
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instrument for recording. The information on this sheet is a reflection of the attached instrument and was added for

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releases and quitclaims to	Until requested otherwise, send all tax statements to (Name and Address):	
releases and quitclaims to	2332 Blue Sky Ln	
releases and quitclaims to	451 Land OR 97520	
releases and quitclaims to MALIBAR GROW LLC, PETIREMENT PLAN FRO ROY MARVIN Grantee, all right, title and interest in and to the following described real property situated in CUNCKAMAS County, Oregon: TRACTS A, B AND C., BLOCK 20 WILLAMBETE AND TVALATIN TRACTS IN THE CITY OF WEST LININ, OFEGON TAX LOT 800 (IF SPACE INSUFFICIENT: CONTINUE DESCRIPTION ON REVERSE) The true consideration for this conveyance is \$	ENCORE HOMES LLC	AIM DEED - STATUTORY FORM
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STATE OF OREGON, County of W. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17	195.301 AND 195.305 TO 195.336 AND SECTIONS 5 TO 11, CHAPTER 424, OREC TO 9 AND 17, CHAPTER 855, OREGON LAWS 2009, AND SECTIONS 2 TO 7, CHAP	CON LAWS 2007, SECTIONS 2 TER 8, OREGON LAWS 2010/ CO. 1
This instrument was acknowledged before me on by MEMBER of ENCORE HOMES, L.C. OFFICIAL STAMP MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON My commission expires Z-12-2/	STATE OF OREGON, Cou	nty of W HD DITUTION) ss.
This instrument was acknowledged before me on by as MEMBER of ENCURE HOMES, L.C. OFFICIAL STAMP MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON This instrument was acknowledged before me on S-74-20/7 SMITH NOTARY Public for Oregon My commission expires Z-12-2/		-
OFFICIAL STAMP MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON	This instrument was	acknowledged before me on 5-24-2017,
OFFICIAL STAMP MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON	byMEM2	EN EVIETRY DIWTH
OFFICIAL STAMP MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON My commission expires Z-12-2/	of ENCURE H	omes, LLC
MAUREEN ALTA CASEY NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON NOTARY Public for Oregon My commission expires Z-12-21		
NOTARY PUBLIC - OREGON My commission expires $\frac{Z-12-2}{}$		Notary Public for Oregon
COMMISSION NO. 959424		My commission expires $\frac{Z-12-21}{}$
MY COMM. EXPIRES FEBRUARY 12, 2021	COMMISSION NO 959424	





After recording return to: Encore Homes, LLC 7989 SE Towhee Court Milwaukie, OR 97267

Until a change is requested all tax statements shall be sent to the following address: Encore Homes, LLC 7989 SE Towhee Court Milwaukie, OR 97267

File No.: 7031-2830854 (mac) Date: March 14, 2017

THIS SPACE RESERVED	FOR RECORDER'S USE

Clackamas County Official Records Sherry Hall, County Clerk 2017-031854

05/12/2017 10:19:00 AM

D-D Cnt=1 Stn=0 CONNIE \$10.00 \$16.00 \$10.00 \$22.00

\$58.00

TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

STATUTORY WARRANTY DEED

Thomas C. Farwell and Susan H. Farwell, Grantor, conveys and warrants to Encore Homes, LLC, Grantee, the following described real property free of liens and encumbrances, except as specifically set forth herein:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Real property in the County of Clackamas, State of Oregon, described as follows:

TRACTS A, B, C AND D, BLOCK 20, WILLAMETTE & TUALATIN TRACTS, IN THE CITY OF WEST LINN, CLACKAMAS COUNTY AND STATE OF OREGON. EXCEPTING THEREFROM THAT PORTION CONVEYED TO SCOTT CASEY CLARK AND DAISY H. CLARK AS DESCRIBED IN THAT CERTAIN LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT DEED RECORDED JANUARY 10, 2003 AS FEE NO. 2003-003474.

Subject to:

 Covenants, conditions, restrictions and/or easements, if any, affecting title, which may appear in the public record, including those shown on any recorded plat or survey.

The true consideration for this conveyance is \$125,000.00. (Here comply with requirements of ORS 93.030)

Page 1 of 2



Exhibit D: Pre-Development Elevation Certificate

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Federal Emergency Management Agency National Flood Insurance Program

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expiration Date: November 30, 2018

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

Important: Follow the instructions on pages 1-9.

Copy all pages of this Elevation Certificate and all attachments for (1) community official, (2) insurance agent/company, and (3) building owner.

SECTION A - PROPERTY INFORMATION					ANCE COMPANY USE
A1. Building Owner's Name Malibar Group, LLC	Policy Numb	er:			
A2. Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. No Site Address					AIC Number:
City West Linn		State Oregon		ZIP Code 97068	
A3. Property Description (Lot a Tax Lot 802, Clackamas Count		Number, Leg	al Description, etc.)		
A4. Building Use (e.g., Reside	ntial, Non-Residential, Addition	, Accessory, e	etc.) Residential		
A5. Latitude/Longitude: Lat. 4	15.342073 Long1	22.647541	Horizontal Da	atum: NAD 1	927 × NAD 1983
A6. Attach at least 2 photograp	phs of the building if the Certific	ate is being u	sed to obtain flood in	surance.	
A7. Building Diagram Number	SEE COMMEN	ITS ON PA	AGE 2		
A8. For a building with a crawle	space or enclosure(s): SEE (COMMENT	S ON PAGE 2		
a) Square footage of craw			sq ft		
b) Number of permanent f	lood openings in the crawlspace	e or enclosure	e(s) within 1.0 foot ab	ove adjacent gra	de
c) Total net area of flood of	openings in A8.b	sq in			
d) Engineered flood openi	ings? Yes No				
A9. For a building with an attac	thed garage: SFF COMME	NTS ON F	PAGE 2		
a) Square footage of attac		sq ft	7,022		
	lood openings in the attached g		1 0 foot above adjace	nt grade	
				Tit grade	
c) Total net area of flood of	-	sq	ın		
d) Engineered flood opening	ngs?				
S	ECTION B - FLOOD INSURA	NCE RATE	MAP (FIRM) INFOR	MATION	
B1. NFIP Community Name &	Community Number	B2. County			B3. State
City of West Linn 410024		Clackamas	County		Oregon
B4. Map/Panel B5. Suffix Number	Date Eff	RM Panel ective/ vised Date	B8. Flood B Zone(s)	9. Base Flood E (Zone AO, use	levation(s) e Base Flood Depth)
41005C0259 D	01-18-2019 06-17-		AE 7	5.1	
B10. Indicate the source of the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) data or base flood depth entered in Item B9: State					
B11. Indicate elevation datum used for BFE in Item B9: NGVD 1929 NAVD 1988 Other/Source:					
B12. Is the building located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)? 🗌 Yes 🗵 No					
Designation Date:	Designation Date: CBRS OPA				

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section	FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE				
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route No Site Address	Policy Number:				
City State ZIP Co West Linn Oregon 97068		Company NAIC Number			
SECTION C - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION	ON (SURVEY RE	EQUIRED)			
SECTION C – BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY REQUIRED) C1. Building elevations are based on:					
g) Highest adjacent (finished) grade next to building (HAG) h) Lowest adjacent grade at lowest elevation of deck or stairs, including	SEE COMMENT	76.2 × feet meters			
SECTION D – SURVEYOR, ENGINEER, OR ARCH					
This certification is to be signed and sealed by a land surveyor, engineer, or archill certify that the information on this Certificate represents my best efforts to interpresent may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section Were latitude and longitude in Section A provided by a licensed land surveyor?	itect authorized by ret the data availa on 1001.	y law to certify elevation information.			
Certifier's Name Benjamin Huff License Number 84738PLS Title Land Surveyor		REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR			
Company Name AKS Engineering and Forestry		By R. Hill			
Address 12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100		OREGON MARCH 14, 2017 BENJAMIN R HUFF			
	ZIP Code 97062	84738PLS RENEWS: 6/30/21			
	Telephone (503) 563-6151	Ext. 212			
Copy all pages of this Elevation Certificate and all attachments for (1) community office	cial, (2) insurance	agent/company, and (3) building owner.			
Comments (including type of equipment and location, per C2(e), if applicable) **This pre-construction elevation certificate is to be included in a Consolidated Lan were taken from the consolidated land use application plan-set, and are subject to c					
**Items A7-A9, and C2a, d, e & h were intentionally left blank, as the final design is not complete at the time of this certification. **This certificate is not be be used for the building permit application. An updated certificate that reflects final design values will be provided after construction plans are approved.					

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A.						ICE COMPANY USE
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No.					Policy Number	
No Site Address						
City		State	ZIP Code		Company NAIC	Number
We	st Linn	Oregon	97068			
	SECTION E – BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY NOT REQUIRED) FOR ZONE AO AND ZONE A (WITHOUT BFE)					
For Zones AO and A (without BFE), complete Items E1–E5. If the Certificate is intended to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request, complete Sections A, B,and C. For Items E1–E4, use natural grade, if available. Check the measurement used. In Puerto Rico only, enter meters.						
E1. Provide elevation information for the following and check the appropriate boxes to show whether the elevation is above or below the highest adjacent grade (HAG) and the lowest adjacent grade (LAG).						above or below
	 Top of bottom floor (including basement, crawlspace, or enclosure) is 		fee	et meter	rs above or	below the HAG.
	 Top of bottom floor (including basement, crawlspace, or enclosure) is 		fee	et mete	rs above or	below the LAG.
E2.	For Building Diagrams 6–9 with permanent flood the next higher floor (elevation C2.b in	l openings provided				
50	the diagrams) of the building is		[fee			below the HAG.
	Attached garage (top of slab) is		fee	et mete	rs above or	below the HAG.
Ľ 4.	Top of platform of machinery and/or equipment servicing the building is		fee	et mete	rs above or	below the HAG.
E5.	Zone AO only: If no flood depth number is availar floodplain management ordinance? Yes					ne community's nation in Section G.
	SECTION F - PROPERTY OF	WNER (OR OWNE	R'S REPRESEN	TATIVE) C	ERTIFICATION	
The	property owner or owner's authorized representant number issued BFE) or Zone AO must sign here.	ative who complete The statements in	s Sections A, B, Sections A, B, a	and E for Zond E are co	one A (without a	FEMA-issued or of my knowledge.
Pro	perty Owner or Owner's Authorized Representative	ve's Name				
Add	dress		City	S	tate	ZIP Code
Sig	nature		Date	Te	elephone	
Cor	nments					
					_	
					☐ Check	here if attachments.

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the corresponding information from Section A. FOR INSURANCE COMPANY U						
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. Policy Number: No Site Address						
City West Linn	State Oregon	ZIP Code 97068	Company NAIC Number			
SECTIO	N G - COMMUNITY INFO	DRMATION (OPTIONAL)				
The local official who is authorized by law or ordinance to administer the community's floodplain management ordinance can complete Sections A, B, C (or E), and G of this Elevation Certificate. Complete the applicable item(s) and sign below. Check the measurement used in Items G8–G10. In Puerto Rico only, enter meters. G1. The information in Section C was taken from other documentation that has been signed and sealed by a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. (Indicate the source and date of the elevation						
data in the Comments area below.) G2. A community official completed Section Zone AO.	on E for a building located	in Zone A (without a FEM	A-issued or community-issued BFE)			
G3. The following information (Items G4-	G10) is provided for comm	nunity floodplain managem	ent purposes.			
G4. Permit Number	G5. Date Permit Issued		Date Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy Issued			
G7. This permit has been issued for:	New Construction Su	ubstantial Improvement				
G8. Elevation of as-built lowest floor (including of the building:	g basement)	fee	meters Datum			
G9. BFE or (in Zone AO) depth of flooding at t	the building site:	fee	meters Datum			
G10. Community's design flood elevation:		fee	t meters Datum			
Local Official's Name	Т	ïtle				
Community Name	Т	elephone				
Signature	С	ate				
Comments (including type of equipment and loc	cation, per C2(e), if applica	able)				
9						
			Check here if attachments.			

BUILDING PHOTOGRAPHS

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

See Instructions for Item A6.

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the correspon	ding information fron	Section A.	FOR INSURANCE C	OMPANY USE
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, a	nd/or Bldg. No.) or P.O.	Route and Box No.	Policy Number:	
No Site Address	,		,	
City	State	ZIP Code	Company NAIC Num	ber
West Linn	Oregon	97068	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
TTOOL ENTIT	2.09011			
If using the Elevation Certificate to obtain NFIP instructions for Item A6. Identify all photographs with "Left Side View." When applicable, photographs movents, as indicated in Section A8. If submitting more	n date taken; "Front Vie nust show the foundati	w" and "Rear View"; and on with representative e	d, if required, "Right S examples of the floor	ide View" and
	Photo One			
	Photo One			
Photo One Caption				Clear Photo One
	Photo Two			
	-			
Photo Two Contion	Photo Two			01 51
Photo Two Caption				Clear Photo Two

BUILDING PHOTOGRAPHS

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

Continuation Page

IMPORTANT: In these spaces, copy the co	FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE		
Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, No Site Address	Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P	.O. Route and Box No.	Policy Number:
City	State	ZIP Code	Company NAIC Number
West Linn	Oregon	97068	
If submitting more photographs than will fit with: date taken; "Front View" and "Rear photographs must show the foundation with	View"; and, if required, '	'Right Side View" and "	Left Side View." When applicable,
	Photo Th	ree	
	Photo Three		
Photo Three Caption			Clear Photo Three
	Photo Fo	our	
	1 11313 1		
	Photo Four		
Photo Four Caption			Clear Photo Four



Exhibit E: DSL Wetland Delineation Report and DSL Concurrence



December 19, 2019

Malibar Group, LLC Attn: Roy Marvin

Canby, OR 97013

615 NW Territorial Rd

Department of State Lands

775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301-1279 (503) 986-5200 FAX (503) 378-4844 www.oregon.gov/dsl

State Land Board

Kate Brown Governor

Bev Clarno Secretary of State

Re: WD # 2019-0614 Approved

Wetland Delineation Report for Tax Lots 800, 802, 803 Clackamas County; T3S R1E S2AC TLs 800, 802, 803

West Linn Local Wetlands Inventory, W1-01

Tobias Read State Treasurer

Dear Mr. Marvin:

The Department of State Lands has reviewed the wetland delineation report prepared by AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC for the site referenced above. Based upon the information presented in the report, we concur with the wetland and waterway boundaries as mapped in Figure 5 of the report. Please replace all copies of the preliminary wetland map with this final Department-approved map.

Within the study area, one wetland (Wetland A, totaling approximately 2.67 acres) and one pond were identified. The wetland and pond are subject to the permit requirements of the state Removal-Fill Law. Under current regulations, a state permit is required for cumulative fill or annual excavation of 50 cubic yards or more in wetlands or below the ordinary high-water line (OHWL) of the waterway (or the 2-year recurrence interval flood elevation if OHWL cannot be determined).

This concurrence is for purposes of the state Removal-Fill Law only. We recommend that you attach a copy of this concurrence letter to any subsequent state permit application to speed application review. Federal or local permit requirements may apply as well. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will determine jurisdiction under the Clean Water Act, which may require submittal of a complete Wetland Delineation Report.

Please be advised that state law establishes a preference for avoidance of wetland impacts. Because measures to avoid and minimize wetland impacts may include reconfiguring parcel layout and size or development design, we recommend that you work with Department staff on appropriate site design before completing the city or county land use approval process.

This concurrence is based on information provided to the agency. The jurisdictional determination is valid for five years from the date of this letter unless new information necessitates a revision. Circumstances under which the Department may change a determination are found in OAR 141-090-0045 (available on our web site or upon request). In addition, laws enacted by the legislature and/or rules adopted by the Department may result in a change in jurisdiction; individuals and applicants are subject to the regulations that are in effect at the time of the removal-fill activity or complete permit application. The applicant, landowner, or agent may submit a request for reconsideration of this determination in writing within six months of the date of this letter.

Thank you for having the site evaluated. If you have any questions, please contact Chris Stevenson, the Jurisdiction Coordinator for Clackamas County at (503) 986-5246.

Sincerely,

Peter Ryan, PWS Aquatic Resource Specialist

Enclosures

ec: Stacey Reed, PWS, AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC
City of West Linn Planning Department (Maps enclosed for updating LWI)
Jessica Menichino, Corps of Engineers
Anita Huffman, DSL

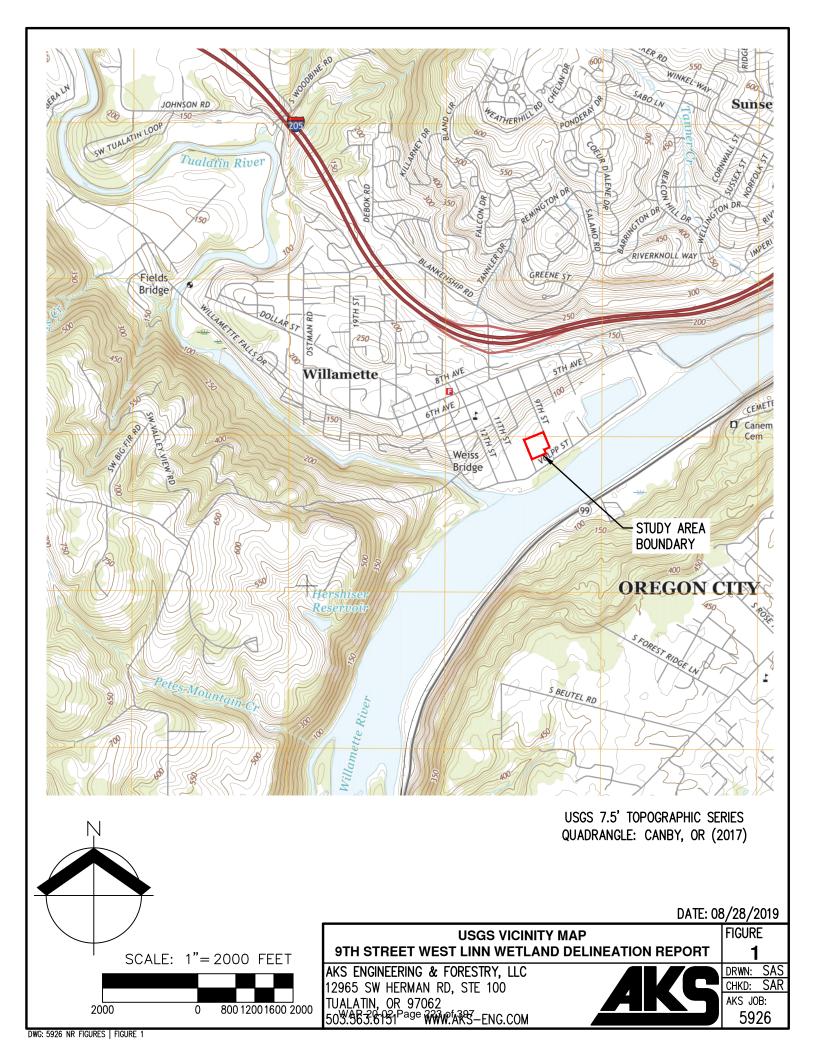
WETLAND DELINEATION / DETERMINATION REPORT COVER FORM

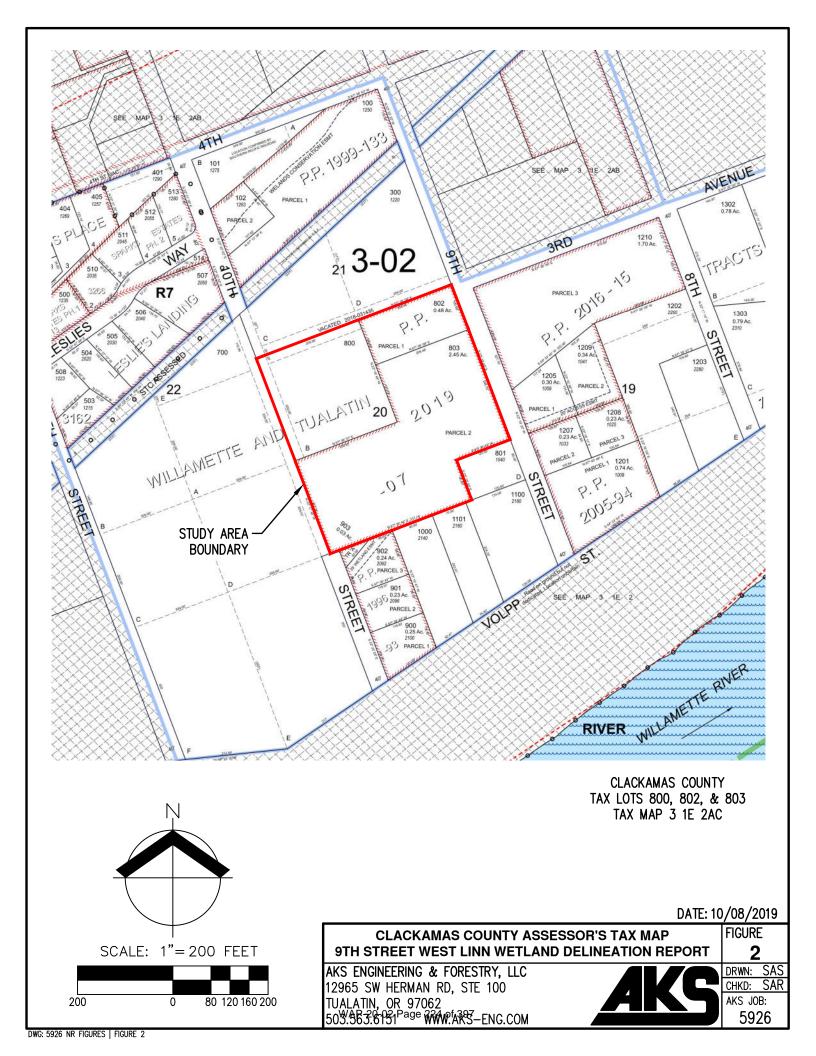
Fully completed and signed report cover forms and applicable fees are required before report review timelines are initiated by the Department of State Lands. Make checks payable to the Oregon Department of State Lands. To pay fees by credit card, go online at: https://apps.oregon.gov/DSL/EPS/program?key=4.

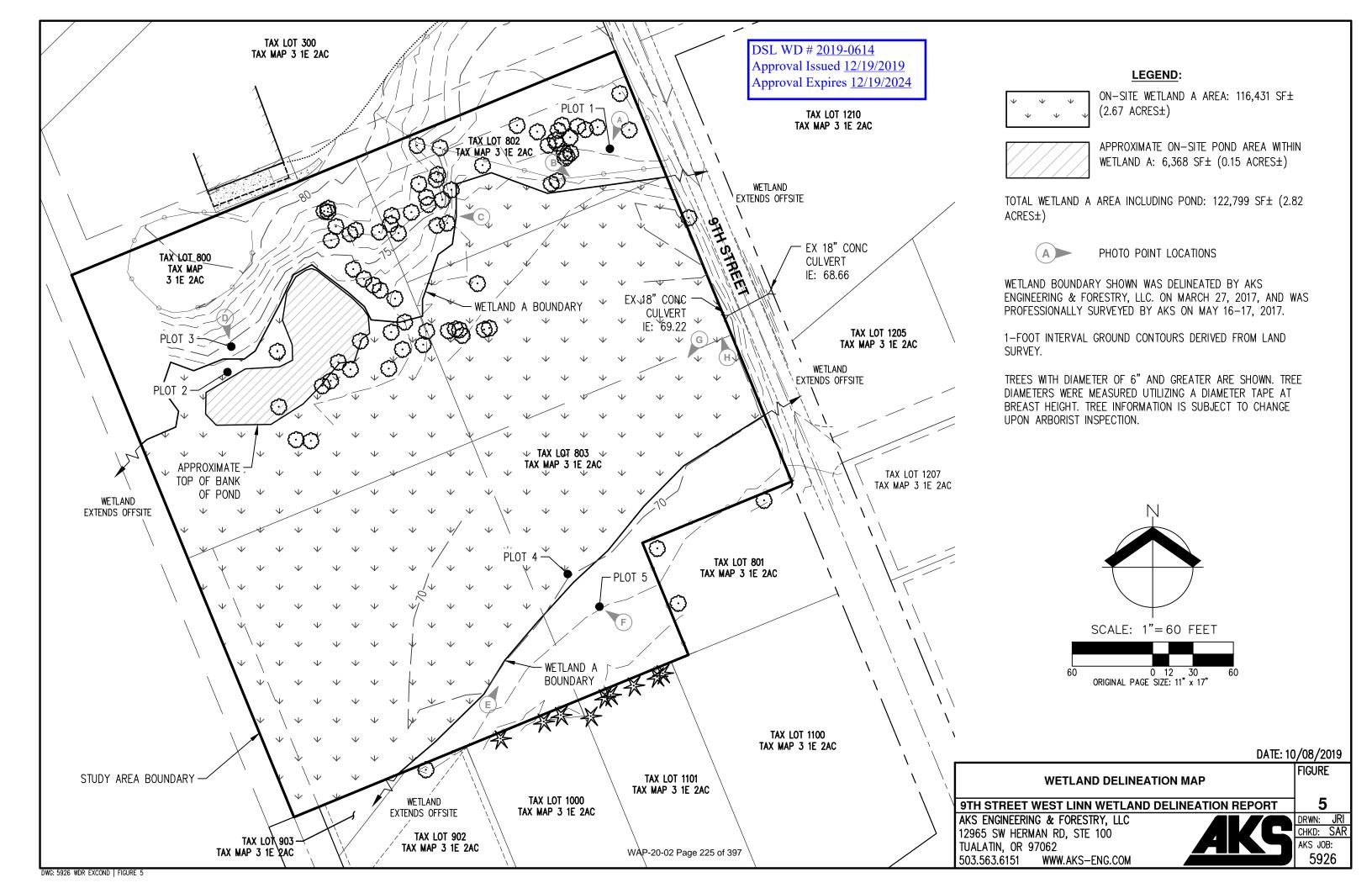
Attach this completed and signed form to the front of an unbound report or include a hard copy with a digital version (single PDF file of the report cover form and report, minimum 300 dpi resolution) and submit to: **Oregon Department of State Lands, 775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301-1279.** A single PDF of the completed cover from and report may be e-mailed to: **Wetland_Delineation@dsl.state.or.us.** For submittal of PDF files larger than 10 MB, e-mail DSL instructions on how to access the file from your fip or other file sharing website.

the north your report garden the straining property.	
Contact and Authorization Information	
■ Applicant	Business phone #
Malibar Group, LLC	Mobile phone # (optional)
Attn: Roy Marvin 615 NW Territorial Road	E-mail: marvinfamily@aol.com
Canby, OR 97013	
Authorized Legal Agent, Name and Address (if different): Business phone #
	Mobile phone # (optional)
. 8	E-mail:
The state of the s	
I either own the property described below or I have legal authority to allow access to the property. Lauthorize the Department to access the property for the purpose of confirming the information in the report, after prior notification to the primary centact.	
Typed/Printed Name: Roy marvin	Signature: X/4////////
Date: 11/05/2019 Special instructions regarding site access:	
Project and Site Information	
Project Name: Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803	Latitude: 45.341461 Longitude: -122.647849
Democratilism	decimal degree - centroid of site or start & end points of linear project
Proposed Use: Residential	Tax Map #3S 1E 2AC
residential	Tax Lot(s) 800, 802, 803
	Tax Map #
Project Street Address (or other descriptive location):	Tax Lot(s)
West of 9th Street and north of 1040 9th Street.	Township 3S Range 1E Section 2 QQ AC .
0 0	Use separate sheet for additional tax and location information
City: West Linn County: Clackamas	Waterway: NA River Mile: NA
Wetland Delineation Information	
Wetland Consultant Name, Firm and Address:	Phone # (503) 563-6151
AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC Stacey Reed, PWS	Mobile phone # (if applicable) E-mail: staceyr@aks-eng.com
12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100	E-mail: staceyr@aks-eng.com
Tualatin, OR 97062	
The information and conclusions on this form and in the attached report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	
Consultant Signature: Stary (200) Date: 11/14/2019	
Primary Contact for report-review and site access is	Consultant
Wetland/Waters Present? ✓ Yes No Study Are	ea size: 4.16 Total Wetland Acreage: 2.8200
Check Applicable Boxes Below	
R-F permit application submitted	X Fee payment submitted \$ 454
☐ Mitigation bank site	Fee (\$100) for resubmittal of rejected report
☐ Industrial Land Certification Program Site	Request for Reissuance. See eligibility criteria. (no fee)
☐ Wetland restoration/enhancement project	DSL # Expiration date
(not mitigation)	<u> </u>
	X LWI shows wetlands or waters on parcel
If known, previous DSL #	Wetland ID code WI-01
For Office Use Only	
DSL Reviewer: CS Fee Paid Date:	
Date Delineation Received: 11 / 15 / 19 Scanne	d: Blectronic: DSL App.#
Date Definited for Telegraphic Commence of Electronic of Decrypting	
Electronic Submittal	Project #79041

March 2018







Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 West Linn, Oregon Wetland Delineation Report

Date: October 8, 2019

Prepared for: Malibar Group, LLC

Attn: Roy Marvin 615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

Prepared By: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

Haley Teach, MS, Natural Resource Specialist

Site Information: Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803

T3S, R1W, Section 2AC
Clackamas County
West Linn, Oregon

AKS Project: #5926



12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100 Tualatin, OR 97062 (503) 563-6151

Table of Contents

Introduction	2
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Tables

Table 1. Precipitation Data – Monthly Averages Based on the Climate Period 1971-2000 (Inches)

Table 2. Summary of Study Results and Conclusions

Appendices

- A. Maps
 - Figure 1. USGS Vicinity Map
 - Figure 2. Clackamas County Assessor's Tax Map
 - Figure 3. NRCS Soil Survey Map
 - Figure 4. Local Wetland Inventory Map
 - Figure 5. Wetland Delineation Map
- **B.** Historical Aerial Photographs
- C. Precipitation Data
- **D.** Wetland Determination Data Forms
- **E.** Site Photographs

Introduction

This report was prepared by AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC (AKS) in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 141-090-0030 and OAR 141-090-0035 (1-17). The report describes the results of a wetland delineation conducted on Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 of Clackamas County Assessor's Tax Map 3 1E 2AC, which is located near 1220 9^{th} Street in West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon (Figures 1-2 in Appendix A). The study area for the wetland delineation is ± 4.16 acres and is shown in Figures 1-5 in Appendix A.

The on-site boundary of one palustrine forested/emergent (PFO/PEM) wetland (referred to as Wetland A) was delineated within the study area. Wetland A extends off-site to the west and to the east within the 9th Street right-of-way.

A. Landscape Setting and Land Use

The study area consists of an undeveloped field with a forested riparian area in the north. The site is mapped within the FEMA 100-year floodplain. The tax lot to the north (Tax lot 300) also contains a corral and fenced area, as it is currently used for horses. The wetland on-site features a dominant vegetative community of reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*, FACW), yellow-skunk-cabbage (*Lysichiton americanus*, OBL), field meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*, FAC), and creeping buttercup (*Ranunculus repens*, FAC). The forested portion of the study area is dominated by balsam poplar (*Populus balsamifera*, FAC), Pacific ninebark (*Physocarpus capitatus*, FACW), tall false rye grass (*Schedonorus arundinaceus*, FAC), and reed canary grass (FACW). A subtle depression (i.e. pond) is present in the northern portion of the delineated wetland. The pond was shallow (less than 5 feet deep) and lacked vegetation during the March 2017 site visit. Topography on-site consists of a slight, south-facing hillslope (less than 25% slope).

According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Clackamas County Area Soil Survey Map, the following soil units are mapped within the study area, (Figure 3 in Appendix A):

- (Unit 19) Cloquato silt loam Non-hydric; with 2% hydric Wapato inclusions and 1% hydric Aquolls inclusions in flood plains
- (Unit 84) Wapato silty clay loam Hydric; with 6% hydric Cove inclusions and 4% hydric Humaguepts inclusions in flood plains

B. Site Alterations

Historical aerial images dating from 1994 to 2018 were obtained from Google Earth and are included in Appendix B. According to historical imagery, the study area has been undeveloped since as early as 1994. The pond appears to be present in the 1994 aerial and it does not seem to have changed the extent of the wetland on-site. Additionally, the pond appears to contain surface water year-round. No recent site alterations appear to have taken place since our March 27, 2017 site visit.

C. Precipitation Data and Analysis

Observed precipitation data were obtained from the National Weather Service (NWS) Portland station. The closest WETS (wetlands climate analysis) station to the project site is the Portland KGW-TV station.

According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received the day of the March 27, 2017 site visit and 4.08 inches were received for the two weeks prior. Observed water year-to-date (starting October 1, 2016) was 41.24 inches, which was 15.33 inches above normal. Table 1 shows antecedent

rainfall according to the NWS Portland station for the three months prior to the March 27, 2017 site visit (raw data included in Appendix C).

Table 1. Precipitation Data – Monthly Averages Based on the Climate Period 1971-2000 (Inches)

Observed	Average			Condition	Condition Value	Month	Multiply Previous
Precipitation (Inches)	Average	Less Than	More Than	Dry, Wet, Normal	(1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet)	Weight	Two Columns
7.01	4.44	3.39	5.17	Wet	3	3	9
10.36	5.29	3.57	6.32	Wet	3	2	6
4.13	6.05	3.77	7.31	Normal	2	1	2
						Sum	17
							Wetter
	Precipitation (Inches) 7.01 10.36	Precipitation (Inches) Average 7.01 4.44 10.36 5.29	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than 7.01 4.44 3.39 10.36 5.29 3.57	Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than More Than 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32	Observed Precipitation (Inches)AverageHaveCondition Dry, Wet, Normal7.014.443.395.17Wet10.365.293.576.32Wet	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than More Than Orry, Wet, Normal Than Value (1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet) 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 Wet 3 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32 Wet 3	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Less Than More Than Condition Dry, Wet, Normal Value (1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet) Month Weight 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 Wet 3 3 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32 Wet 3 2 4.13 6.05 3.77 7.31 Normal 2 1

According to the WETS table, monthly observed precipitation for the area was wetter than normal for the three months preceding the site visit. Rainfall was above average in February and March 2017. According to the Portland WETS table, the growing season is defined as January 30 to December 24. The March 27, 2017 site visit was conducted within the growing season.

D. Methods

The methodology used to determine the presence of wetlands followed the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0). The National Wetland Plant List 2016 (Lichvar, 2016) was used to assign wetland indicator status for the appropriate region.

Field work was conducted on March 27, 2017 by AKS Senior Wetland Scientist, Stacey Reed, PWS, and Natural Resource Specialist, Haley Teach, MS. Soils, vegetation, and indicators of hydrology were recorded at five sample plot locations on standardized wetland determination data forms (Appendix D) to document site conditions.

Representative ground-level site photographs are included in Appendix E. References cited and literature used are listed at the end of this report.

F. Description of Wetland

Wetland A

Wetland A is a mostly a palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland, with a portion that is forested. An 18-inch concrete culvert under 9th Street connects hydrology associated with the wetland located east of 9th Street. A pond is present in the northwestern corner of Wetland A and is located entirely within the wetland boundary. The approximate location of the pond is shown on Figure 5. Scattered ponding was observed throughout the wetland during the March 27, 2017 site visit.

The PFO portion of the wetland was dominated by balsam poplar (FAC), Pacific ninebark (FACW), reed canary grass (FACW), and yellow-skunk-cabbage (OBL). The PEM portion of the wetland was dominated by field meadow-foxtail (FAC), reed canary grass (FACW) and creeping buttercup (FAC). Soils in the wetland met hydric soil indicators F3 Depleted Matrix and F6 Redox Dark Surface. Wetland plots (Plots 2

and 4) documented a groundwater table within the surface 12 inches during the March 2017 site visit. Plot 4 had ¼-inch of surface water present.

The wetland boundary was defined by a change in landform from a low-elevation concave wetland to a slightly higher elevation and convex landform north of the wetland. The change in landform coincided with a change in vegetation from hydrophytic species such as reed canary grass (FACW) and yellow-skunk-cabbage (OBL) in the wetland to tall false rye grass (FAC) and a blue grass (*Poa species*, FAC) in the upland. The upland north and south of Wetland A lacked hydric soil indicators. Upland plots (Plot 3 and Plot 5) contained a high groundwater table due to the above-average rainfall within the two weeks prior to the site visit.

F. Deviation from LWI

According to the City of West Linn's Local Wetland Inventory (LWI) map, a field-verified wetland and drainage are mapped on-site (Figure 4). Our study determined the mapped wetland and pond to be in the approximate location of Wetland A. A drainage was not observed on site.

G. Mapping Method

The locations for Plots 1-5 and the Wetland A boundary were flagged in the field and professionally land surveyed by AKS. Wetland A and Plots 1-5 are shown on Figure 5 Wetland Delineation Map in Appendix A.

H. Additional Information

Wetland A would likely be determined jurisdictional to DSL. The wetland continues off-site to the southwest and drains to the Willamette River (Waters of the U.S.); therefore, Wetland A would likely be determined jurisdictional to USACE.

I. Summary of Results and Conclusions

Table 2 below provides a summary of the on-site sizes of the features, hydrologic connections to other nearby waters, the Cowardin and HGM classifications for the wetlands, latitude and longitude of center of each feature, and our prediction of whether each feature would likely be determined jurisdictional by DSL or the USACE.

Table 2. Summary of Study Results and Conclusions

Potentially Jurisdictional Feature	Size (acres)	Cowardin Class	HGM Subclass / Flow Regime	Connection to Other Waters	DSL/ USACE Predicted Jurisdiction	Latitude and Longitude
Wetland A	2.82	PFO/PEM	Slope	Willamette River	DSL & USACE	45.341489 -122.647822

J. Required Disclaimer

This report documents the investigation, best professional judgment, and conclusions of the investigators. It is correct and complete to the best of our knowledge. It should be considered a Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination of wetlands and other waters and used at your own risk, unless it has been reviewed and approved in writing by the Oregon Department of State Lands in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 141-090-0005 through 141-090-0055.

K. List of Preparers

Haley Teach, MS

Natural Resource Specialist

Fieldwork and Report Preparation

Stacey Reed, PWS

Senior Wetland Scientist

Stacey Reed.

Fieldwork and Report QA/QC

Literature Cited and Referenced

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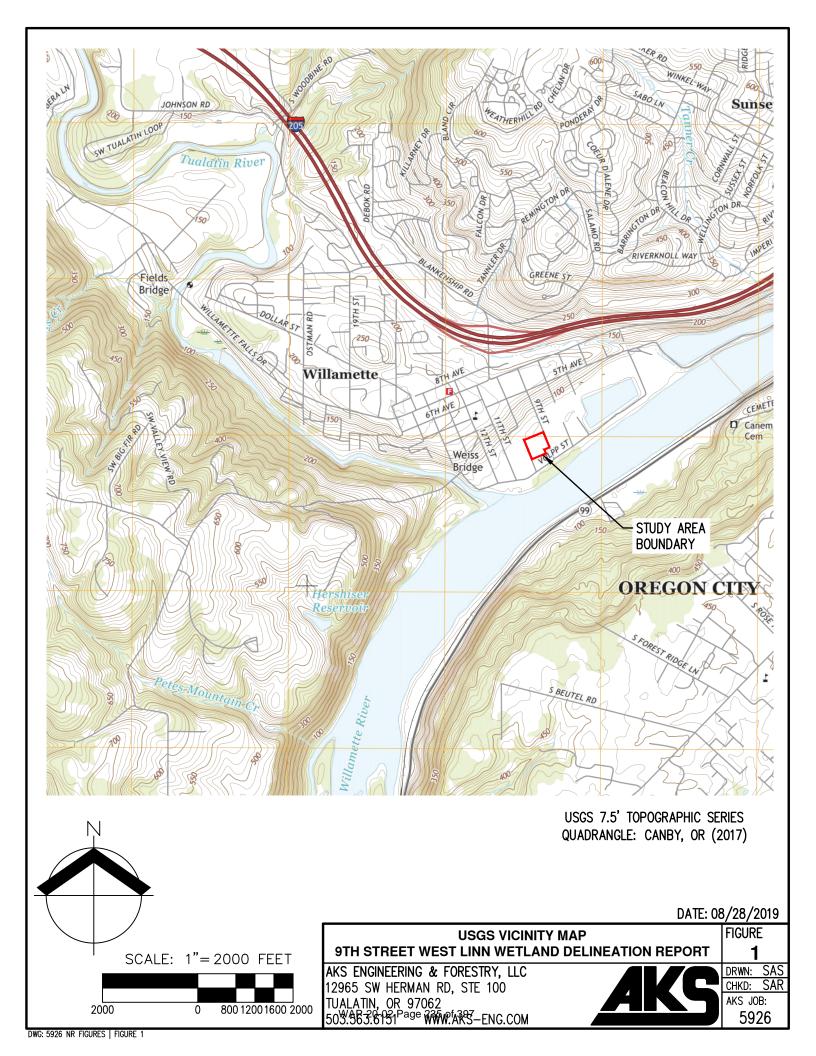
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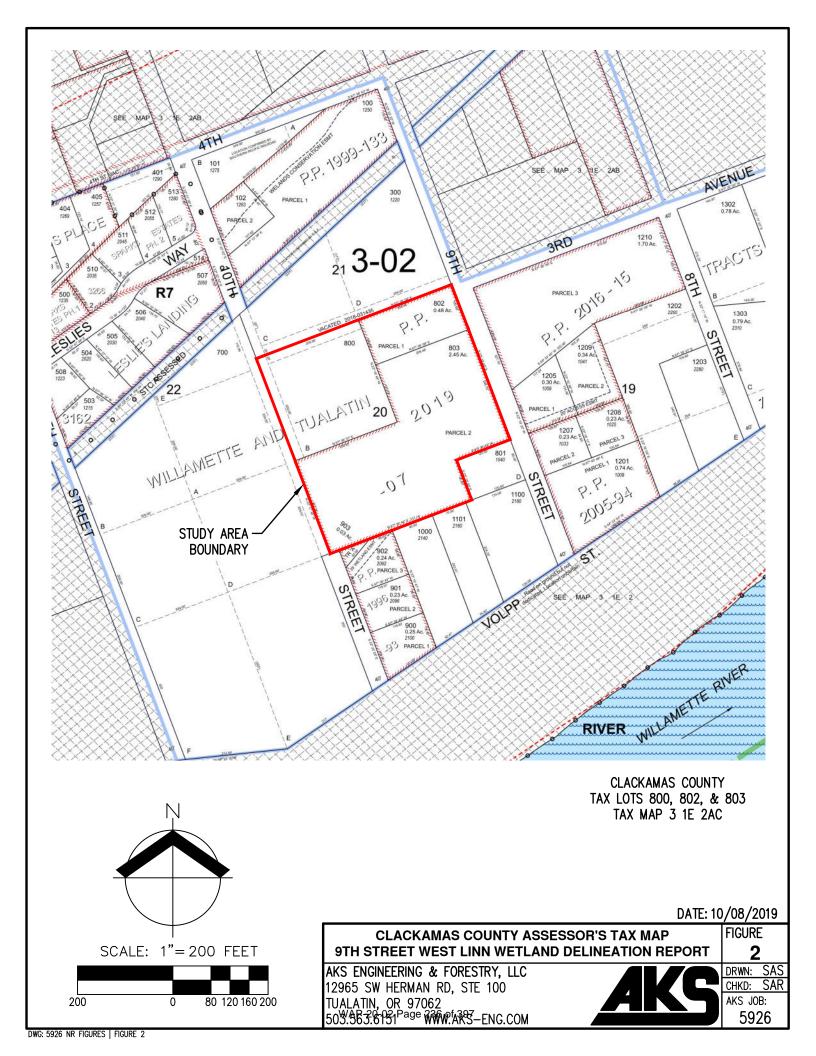


X-Rite. 2000. Year 2000 revised washable edition, Munsell soil color charts. Grand Rapids (MI): X-Rite.



Appendix A: Maps

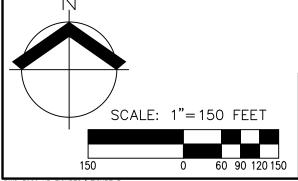






MAP UNIT SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME
19	CLOQUATO SILT LOAM; NON-HYDRIC
84	WAPATO SILTY CLAY LOAM; HYDRIC

NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY FOR CLACKAMAS COUNTY



NRCS SOIL SURVEY MAP
9TH STREET WEST LINN WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

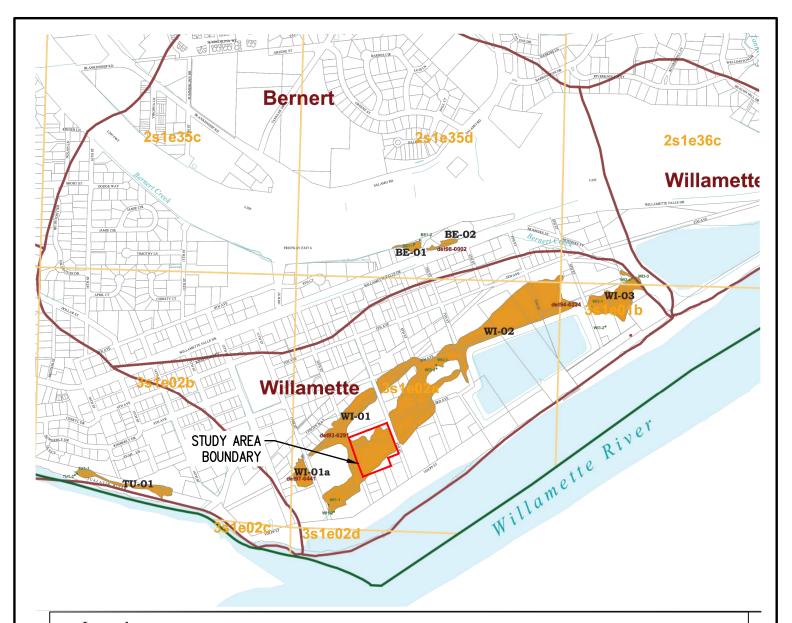
AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.563.691^{Page} WWW.ARS—ENG.COM

<u>AKS</u>

DRWN: SAS CHKD: SAR

DATE: 08/28/2019 FIGURE

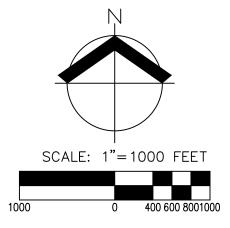
AKS JOB: 5926



Legend

- Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Field Verified Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Possible Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Wetland Sample Plots, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Potential Jurisdictional Drainages, West Linn GIS 2002
- Potential Jurisdictional Waters, West Linn GIS 2002
- Taxlot COGO, West Linn GIS 2002
- Basin Boundaries, Winterbrook Planning 2002

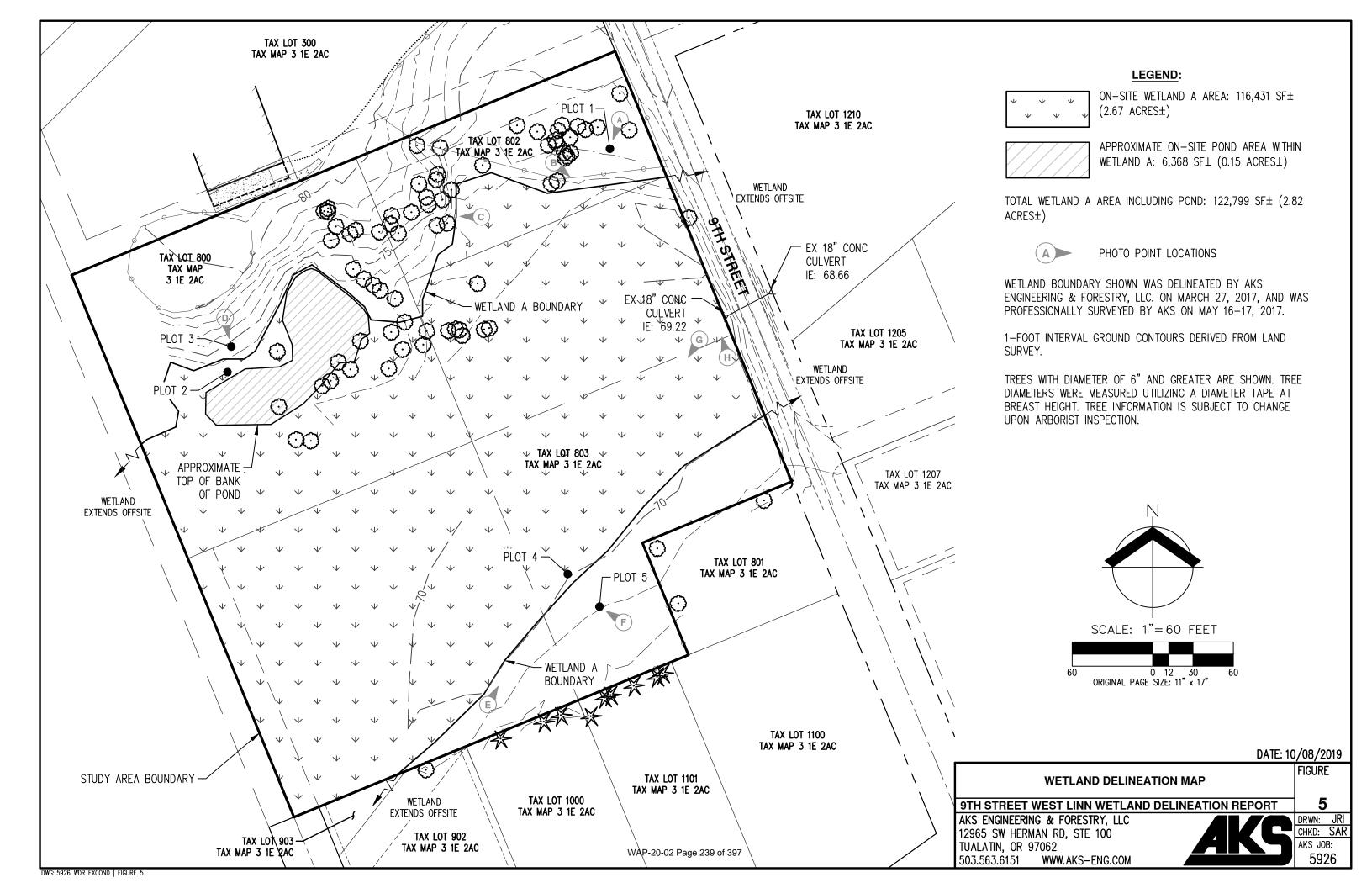
CITY OF WEST LINN LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY (2004)



DATE: 08/28/2019 **FIGURE LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY MAP** 9TH STREET WEST LINN WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.983.6131 Page WWW.TARS-ENG.COM

SAS SAR DRWN: CHKD: AKS JOB: 5926





Appendix B: Historical Aerial Photographs

















Appendix C: Precipitation Data

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

532 CXUS56 KPQR 090229 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: **JANUARY** YEAR: 2017 LATITUDE: 45 35 N LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

TEMPERATURE IN F:				:	:	:PCPN: SNOW:			: WIND :SUN				SHINE	:PK \	:PK WND			
1	2	3	4	5	6A	6B	7	8	9 127	10 AVG	11 MY	12 2MIN	13	14	15	16	17	18
DY	MAX	MIN	AVG	DEP	HDD	CDD	WTR	SNW	DPTH				MIN	PSBL	S-S	WX	SPD	DR
1	40	32	36	-4		-	0.05	Т	0			210	М	М	•	1		210
2	35	29	32	-8		-	0.00	0.0	0	19.4			М	М	8		36	90
3	34	27	31	-9	•	-	0.00	0.0	0				М	М	1		45	80
4	33	27		-10	35	-	0.00	0.0	0	21.2	2 33	80	М	М	5		48	70
5	35	17	26	-14	39	0	0.00	0.0	0	7.2	l 15	120	М	М	0		18	130
6	34	17	26	-14	39	0	0.00	0.0	0	12.7	7 20	110	М	М	1		24	130
7	30	24	27	-13	38	0	0.02	0.4	Т	17.6	5 36	100	М	М	10	16	44	100
8	34	28	31	-10	34	0	0.53	0.0	0	15.2	2 32	100	М	М	10	16	42	100
9	41	30	36	-5	29	0	0.28	0.0	0	9.8	3 17	190	М	М	10	16	23	180
10	38	31	35	-6	30	0	0.65	6.5	0	13.3	3 28	100	М	М	10	1	35	100
11	32	26	29	-12	36	0	0.07	1.5	7	12.2	2 24	90	Μ	М	10	1	29	90
12	33	18	26	-15	39	0	0.00	0.0	6	5.6	13	130	Μ	М	4		15	130
13	29	11	20	-21	45	0	0.00	0.0	5	6.8	3 17	120	Μ	М	7	1	21	130
14	29	19	24	-17	41	0	0.00	0.0	5	14.2	2 23	120	Μ	М	2		29	110
15	28	19	24	-17	41	0	0.00	0.0	4	10.9	23	140	Μ	М	4		25	140
16	29	22	26	-16	39	0	0.00	0.0	4	14.2	2 22	130	Μ	М	8		26	130
17	34	24	29	-13	36	0	0.70	0.0	3	18.2	2 32	120	Μ	М	9	16	36	110
18	47	33	40	-2	25	0	1.06	0.0	3	15.6	30	110	М	М	10	1	35	110
19	52	35	44	2	21	0	Т	0.0	Т	11.9	23	200	М	M WAP-2	8 0-02 F	Page :	28 249 of 39	210

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0 11.4 20 120
                                                 10 1
                                                         23 120
            -2
               25
                   0 0.26
                        0.0
             0
21
   47
      36
         42
               23
                   0 0.33
                        0.0
                              0 11.6 22 110
                                                  8 1
                                                         25 120
22
                              0 9.9 23
                                                         26 70
   46
      36
            -1
               24
                   0 0.15
                         0.0
                                                  9 1
23
   50
      32
         41
            -1
               24
                         0.0
                                5.8 15
                                                           90
                   0
                                      80
                                                         18
   41
      26
         34
            -8
               31
                                    8 290
                                                         10 290
                         0.0
                              0 2.7
                                                  6 1
25
   45
      35
         40
            -2
               25
                   0 0.01
                          М
                                2.7
                                    9 100
                                                 10 1
                                                         10 100
26
   48
      35
         42
            0
               23
                         0.0
                                4.2 10 110
                                                  8 1
                                                         11 110
27
   48
      29
         39
            -3
               26
                   0 0.00
                         0.0
                                 6.7 16 120
                                                  5 12
                                                         20 110
28
   44
      31
         38
            -4
               27
                   0 0.00
                         0.0
                              0 8.0 17 120
                                                         20 110
29
   46
      33
         40
            -2
               25
                   0 0.01
                         0.0
                              0 7.5 17 110
                                                  9 1
                                                         21 120
30
      35
            -3
               25
                         0.0
                              0 4.0 12 110
                                                 10 1
                                                         13 120
     33 37
           -6 28
                   0 0.01 0.0
                              0 7.9 16 80
                                                 8 1
                                                         21 70
______
SM 1209 867
              969
                   0 4.13
                            8.4 338.0
                                                222
______
AV 39.0 28.0
                                                     MAX(MPH)
                                10.9 FASTST
                         MISC ---> # 36 100
                                                    # 48
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: JANUARY
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

```
[TEMPERATURE DATA]
                        [PRECIPITATION DATA]
                                                   SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
AVERAGE MONTHLY: 33.5
                        TOTAL FOR MONTH:
                                                   1 = FOG OR MIST
                                           4.13
DPTR FM NORMAL: -7.9
                        DPTR FM NORMAL:
                                          -0.75
                                                   2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY
            52 ON 19
HIGHEST:
                        GRTST 24HR 1.06 ON 18-18
                                                       TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS
LOWEST:
            11 ON 13
                                                   3 = THUNDER
                                                   4 = ICE PELLETS
                        SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL
                        TOTAL MONTH:
                                       8.4 INCHES 5 = HAIL
                        GRTST 24HR
                                     6.5 ON 10-10
                                                  6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE
                        GRTST DEPTH:
                                     7 ON 11
                                                   7 = DUSTSTORM OR SANDSTORM:
                                                       VSBY 1/2 MILE OR LESS
                                                   8 = SMOKE OR HAZE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]
                        [WEATHER - DAYS WITH]
                                                   9 = BLOWING SNOW
                                                   X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW:
                        0.01 INCH OR MORE: 14
                        0.10 INCH OR MORE:
MAX 90 OR ABOVE:
                   0
                                             8
MIN 32 OR BELOW:
                 21
                        0.50 INCH OR MORE:
                                             4
```

1

1.00 INCH OR MORE:

WAP-20-02 Page 250 of 397

MIN Ø OR BELOW:

```
[HDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
                       CLEAR (SCALE 0-3) 4
                969
DPTR FM NORMAL
                237
                       PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 13
TOTAL FM JUL 1 2533
                       CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 14
DPTR FM NORMAL
                 69
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                       HIGHEST SLP M ON M
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       LOWEST SLP 29.09 ON 20
[REMARKS]
#FINAL-01-17#
```

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC - http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

039 CXUS56 KPQR 011200 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: FEBRUARY
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

	TEMPERATURE IN F:						PCPN:		SNOW:	WIN				SHINE	_		:PK V	
1	2	3	4		6A		7	8	9 12Z	10	11		13	14		16	17	18
					HDD		WTR		DPTH	SPD	SPD	DIR					SPD	
1	41	35	38	-5	27	0	0.00	0.0	0	27.9	38	100	М	М	7		50	80
2	39	32	36	-7	29	0	Т	Т	0	29.5	40	90	М	М	9		51	90
3	34	31	33	-10	32	0	0.55	0.0	0	14.5	5 24	100	М	М	10	146	30	110
4	52	33	43	0	22	0	0.59	0.0	0	13.6	5 21	200	М	М	10	1	26	200
5	46	34	40	-3	25	0	2.19	Т	0	5.5	5 16	230	М	М	10	1	21	230
6	44	33	39	-4	26	0	0.04	0.0	0	8.1	L 22	200	М	М	8	1	28	190
7	39	32	36	-7	29	0	0.08	Т	0	6.6	14	120	М	М	10	12	15	120
8	37	35	36	-7	29	0	1.01	0.0	0	12.6	5 26	110	М	М	10	1	31	120
9	59	37	48	5	17	0	0.96	0.0	0	14.8	3 26	220	М	М	8	13	35	210
10	51	36	44	1	21	0	0.09	0.0	0	9.5	5 22	240	М	М	8		29	240
11	53	35	44	1	21	0	Т	0.0	0	1.5	5 7	120	М	М	7		8	130
12	51	31	41	-2	24	0	0.00	0.0	0	3.4	1 10	290	М	М	8	12	13	280
13	53	29	41	-3	24	0	0.00	0.0	0	10.6	21	120	М	М	1	1	25	120
14	50	33	42	-2	23	0	0.01	0.0	0	10.8	3 28	110	М	М	6		33	120
15	43	38	41	-3	24	0	0.98	0.0	0	17.2	2 25	120	М	М	10	1	32	120
16	49	41	45	1	20	0	1.70	0.0	0	10.1	L 22	110	М	М	10	1	30	250
17	57	40	49	5	16	0	Т	0.0	0	3.5	5 13	90	М	М	8	12	16	70
18	46	40	43	-1	22	0	0.25	0.0	0	6.6	13	110	М	М	10	_	_	110
19	51	40	46	2	19	0	0.27	0.0	0	10.5	5 24	180	М	M WAP-2	9 0-02 F	1 Page 2	3 8 52 of 397	,180

```
M 10 1
                 0 0.81 0.0
                            0 6.5 18 210
                                                    23 210
           1
             20
     36
           -2
                            0 3.7 17 190
                                             9 1
                                                    21 190
  48
        42
             23
                 0 0.52 0.0
22
     31
        38
           -6
             27
                       0.0
                            0 2.4 13 300
                                             9 12
                                                    16 300
          -7
     32
        38
23
  44
             27
                     Т
                            0 3.6 10 300
                                             8 18
                                                    13 300
     32
        37
                       0.0
           -8
             28
                            0 6.1 14 110
                                             9 1
                                                    17 100
                 0 0.07
     31
25
  48
        40
           -5
             25
                 0 0.05
                       0.0
                            0 3.0
                                 9 160
                                             8 1
                                                    11 310
     35
        39
           -6
             26
                 0 0.14
                      0.0
                            0 8.8 17 180
                                            10 1
                                                    23 180
27
  45
     36
        41
           -4
             24
                 0 0.03
                      0.0
                            0 7.7 18 210
                                          M 10
                                                    23 210
          -3 22
     36 43
                 0 0.02 0.0
                            0 5.3 15 240
                                                    20 240
______
                                            240
SM 1309 974
             672
                 0 10.36
                            262.1
______
AV 46.8 34.8
                              9.4 FASTST
                                                 MAX(MPH)
                       MISC ----> # 40 90
                                               # 51
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: FEBRUARY
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

[TEMPERATURE DATA]	[PRECIPITATION DATA]	SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
DPTR FM NORMAL: -3.0	TOTAL FOR MONTH: 10.36 DPTR FM NORMAL: 6.70 GRTST 24HR 2.19 ON 5-5 SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL TOTAL MONTH: T	2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS 3 = THUNDER 4 = ICE PELLETS
	GRTST 24HR T ON 23-23 GRTST DEPTH: 0	6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE 7 = DUSTSTORM OR SANDSTORM: VSBY 1/2 MILE OR LESS 8 = SMOKE OR HAZE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]	[WEATHER - DAYS WITH]	9 = BLOWING SNOW X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW: 0	0.01 INCH OR MORE: 20	
MAX 90 OR ABOVE: 0	0.10 INCH OR MORE: 12	
MIN 32 OR BELOW: 9	0.50 INCH OR MORE: 9	
MIN 0 OR BELOW: 0	1.00 INCH OR MORE: 3	
[HDD (BASE 65)] TOTAL THIS MO. 672	CLEAR (SCALE 0-3) 1	WAR 20 02 Page 252 of 207

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#FINAL-02-17#

```
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 9
                78
                       CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 18
TOTAL FM JUL 1 3205
DPTR FM NORMAL
               147
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                       HIGHEST SLP 30.54 ON 11
                  0
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       LOWEST SLP 29.22 ON 5
[REMARKS]
```

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC - http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

624 CXUS56 KPQR 011200 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR

MONTH: MARCH
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

	TEMPERATURE IN F:						:PCPN:		SNOW:	: WIND :				SHINE		:PK WND		
1	2	3	4	5	6A	6B	7	8	9 12Z	10	11	12 2MIN	13	14	15	16	17	18
DY	MAX	MIN	AVG	DEP	HDD	CDD	WTR	SNW					MIN	PSBL	S-S		SPD	
1	51	40	46	0	19	0	Т	0.0	0	9.6	5 17	200	М	М	10		21	200
2	51	36	44	-2	21	0	0.06	0.0	0	8.8	3 17	200	М	М	9		20	190
3	53	43	48	2	17	0	0.11	0.0	0	12.7	7 24	200	М	М	10	1	32	170
4	47	35	41	-5	24	0	0.14	0.0	0	7.6	5 23	200	М	М	9	1	27	210
5	47	36	42	-4	23	0	0.09	0.0	0	14.2	2 26	200	М	М	8	1	35	220
6	46	34	40	-6	25	0	0.11	Т	0	11.1	L 21	230	М	М	8	13	26	210
7	50	40	45	-2	20	0	0.49	0.0	0	11.3	3 20	200	М	М	9	1	26	200
8	47	41	44	-3	21	0	0.43	0.0	0	2.9	8	280	М	М	10	1	11	290
9	58	41	50	3	15	0	0.53	0.0	0	7.3	3 23	200	М	М	10	1	31	210
10	60	44	52	5	13	0	Т	0.0	0	8.4	1 23	220	М	М	7	1	29	240
11	58	39	49	2	16	0	0.30	0.0	0	8.6	21	230	М	М	9	1	26	220
12	61	46	54	6	11	0	0.00	0.0	0	6.4	15	120	М	М	8		18	120
13	53	47	50	2	15	0	0.73	0.0	0	8.7	7 21	120	М	М	10	1	24	120
14	57	49	53	5	12	0	0.62	0.0	0	10.7	7 22	120	М	М	8	1	26	120
15	57	45	51	3	14	0	0.51	0.0	0	12.8	31	200	М	М	10	1	40	210
16	55	37	46	-2	19	0	0.00	0.0	0	3.9	10	300	М	М	5		13	300
17	48	37	43	-5	22	0	0.35	М	0	8.2	2 24	120	М	М	9	1	29	120
18	55	36	46	-3	19	0	0.36	М	0	8.2	2 21	120	М	М	8	1	27	120
19	57	32	45	-4	20	0	0.00	0.0	0	4.1	l 13	310	М	WAP-2	6 0-02 F	Page 2	16 55 of 397	300

```
0 11.5 25 100
                                                              32 100
      38
         47
             -2 18
                    0 0.11
                          0.0
21
   57
      44
          51
              2
                14
                    0 0.23
                           0.0
                                 0 12.8 30 110
                                                      9 13
                                                              35 100
22
   55
                                 0 10.2 22 230
                                                      7 58
                                                              28 190
      42
                16
                    0.08
                           0.0
23
   58
      41
          50
              1 15
                    0 0.32
                           0.0
                                 0 9.0 16 120
                                                      9 1
                                                              21 120
   53
      46
          50
              1
                    0 0.77
                                 0 10.8 20 210
                                                      9 1
                                                              25 200
                15
25
   55
      41
          48
             -2
               17
                                   6.5 14 230
                                                      8
                                                              18 200
                                                     10 1
26
   50
      44
          47
             -3
                18
                     0 0.66
                             Μ
                                 0 9.1 18 110
                                                              23 120
                    0 0.01
27
   55
      45
          50
              0
                15
                             Μ
                                    9.8 22 220
                                                      9
                                                              27 220
28
   59
      46
         53
              3
               12
                    0 0.06
                             Μ
                                 0 9.2 20 240
                                                     10
                                                              27 220
                                                      9 1
29
   58
      46
         52
              2 13
                    0 0.19
                             Μ
                                 0 10.4 22 180
                                                              28 180
30
   57
      43
          50
              0 15
                             Μ
                                 0 9.0 18 300
                                                      8
                                                              22 300
   58
      39 49
            -1 16
                    0 0.00
                          0.0
                                 0 3.3 12 110
                                                              13 110
SM 1681 1273
                530
                    0 7.26
                                  276.5
                                                     266
______
AV 54.2 41.1
                                                          MAX(MPH)
                                    8.9 FASTST
                                                         # 40 210
                           MISC ---> # 31 200
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: MARCH
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

```
[TEMPERATURE DATA]
                        [PRECIPITATION DATA]
                                                   SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
AVERAGE MONTHLY: 47.7
                        TOTAL FOR MONTH:
                                           7.26
                                                   1 = FOG OR MIST
DPTR FM NORMAL: -0.6
                        DPTR FM NORMAL:
                                           3.58
                                                   2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY
            61 ON 12
                        GRTST 24HR 0.77 ON 24-24
HIGHEST:
                                                       TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS
LOWEST:
            32 ON 19
                                                   3 = THUNDER
                                                   4 = ICE PELLETS
                        SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL
                        TOTAL MONTH:
                                                   5 = HAIL
                                        Т
                        GRTST 24HR
                                      T ON 6-6 6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE
                        GRTST DEPTH:
                                       0
                                                   7 = DUSTSTORM OR SANDSTORM:
                                                       VSBY 1/2 MILE OR LESS
                                                   8 = SMOKE OR HAZE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]
                        [WEATHER - DAYS WITH]
                                                   9 = BLOWING SNOW
                                                   X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW:
                        0.01 INCH OR MORE: 23
                        0.10 INCH OR MORE:
MAX 90 OR ABOVE:
                   0
                                            18
MIN 32 OR BELOW:
                   1
                        0.50 INCH OR MORE:
                                             6
```

0

1.00 INCH OR MORE:

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0

MIN Ø OR BELOW:

```
[HDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
                530
                      CLEAR (SCALE 0-3)
DPTR FM NORMAL
                  8
                      PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 10
TOTAL FM JUL 1 3735
                      CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 21
DPTR FM NORMAL
               155
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                      HIGHEST SLP 30.50 ON 1
DPTR FM NORMAL
                      LOWEST SLP 29.55 ON 4
[REMARKS]
#FINAL-03-17#
```

WETS Station: PORTLAND KGW TV, OR													
Requested years: 1971 - 2000													
Month	Avg Max Temp	Avg Min Temp	Avg Mean Temp	Avg Precip	30% chance precip less than	30% chance precip more than	Avg number days precip 0.10 or more	Avg Snowfall					
Jan	46.2	36.4	41.3	6.05	3.77	7.31	12	1.2					
Feb	50.6	38.5	44.5	5.29	3.57	6.32	12	0.9					
Mar	56.2	40.7	48.5	4.44	3.39	5.17	12	0.1					
Apr	61.4	43.9	52.6	3.13	2.18	3.71	9	0.0					
May	67.3	48.6	57.9	2.58	1.59	3.12	8	0.0					
Jun	73.2	53.1	63.2	1.59	0.85	1.94	4	0.0					
Jul	79.1	57.0	68.1	0.78	0.35	0.93	2	0.0					
Aug	79.5	57.4	68.5	1.02	0.32	1.17	2	0.0					
Sep	74.9	54.1	64.5	1.75	0.82	2.06	4	0.0					
Oct	63.4	47.5	55.5	3.39	1.85	4.14	7	0.0					
Nov	52.2	41.4	46.8	6.59	4.40	7.90	14	0.4					
Dec	46.1	36.8	41.4	6.46	4.43	7.71	13	0.9					
Annual:					38.24	48.02							
Average	62.5	46.3	54.4	-	-	-	-	-					
Total	-	-	-	43.07			100	3.5					
000000000000000000000000000000000000000													
GROWING SEASON DATES		00.1	00.1										
Years with missing data:	24 deg = 6	28 deg = 6	32 deg = 6										
Years with no occurrence:	24 deg = 15	28 deg = 4	32 deg = 0										
Data years used:	24 deg = 24	28 deg = 24	32 deg = 24										
Probability	24 F or higher	28 F or higher	32 F or higher										
50 percent *	No occurrence	1/30 to 12/24: 328 days	2/20 to 11/29: 282 days										
70 percent *	No occurrence	1/19 to 1/4: 350 days	2/12 to 12/8: 299 days										
* Percent chance of the growing season occurring between the Beginning and Ending dates.													
STATS TABLE - total													
precipitation (inches)													
Yr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annl
1973								1.66	3. 76	3. 81	13. 46	9.88	32. 57
1974	9.07	4.85	6.43	2.64	2.17	0.86	2.27	0.14	0. 15	2. 22	7.13	6.93	44. 86
1975	8.83	6.03	5.02	2.48	1.97	1.22	0.41	2.84	Т	5. 67	4.71	6.74	45. 92
1976	6.07	5.41	3.41	2.63	1.74	0.92	0.75	2.50	0. 93	1. 73	1.13	1.36	28. 58
1977	1.26	2.71	4.10	0.63	4.39	0.99	1.05	3.57	4. 69	3. 51	5.87		32. 77
1978	5.93	3.81	1.73	3.53	3.70	1.41	1.17	2.36	3. 58	0. 48	4.08	2.85	34. 63
1979	3.04	7.00	2.58	2.83	2.18	0.39	0.25				4.58	7.35	30. 20
1980	8.88	4.51	4.45	3.11	2.16	2.77	0.18	0.21	2. 06	1. 25	7.09	10. 27	46. 94

1981	1.67	3.84	2.74	3.11	1.81	4.03	0.21	0.04	2. 76	4. 57	5.99	10. 34	41. 11
1982	8.76	7.10	3.61	4.89	0.59	0.99	0.83	1.92	3. 33	4. 96	3.84	9.40	50. 22
1983	7.71	9.05	7.31	2.44	2.38	2.04	2.94	2.01	0. 47	1. 92	10. 73	5.78	54. 78
1984	2.38	4.05	4.32	4.38	4.09	4.48	0.00	0.08	1. 99	4. 60	10. 69	3.38	44. 44
1985	0.27		4.06	1.14	0.88	2.28	0.12	0.99	2. 71	3. 05		2.20	17. 70
1986	5.87	7.15	2.78	1.32	2.33	0.32	1.86	0.04	2. 96	2. 09	6.36	4.23	37. 31
1987	7.33	2.99	6.50	2.45	1.88	0.20	1.56	0.46	0. 36	0. 28	1.97	9.19	35. 17
1988	6.31	1.38	4.08	5.08	2.97	2.20	0.26	0.11	1. 66	0. 33	8.34	3.04	35. 76
1989	4.43	2.64	8.74	1.63	3.53	0.97	1.01	1.11	1. 13	1. 68	4.46	3.82	35. 15
1990	8.51	5.44	2.68	3.01		1.89	1.10	1.04	0. 52	5. 87	4.88	3.74	38. 68
1991	3.66	4.92	4.52	4.02	4.13	2.43	0.12	0.93	0. 10	2. 17	7.44	4.88	39. 32
1992	5.04	4.58	1.78	5.06	0.13	0.56	0.45	0.25	1. 33	3. 17	5.45	6.84	34. 64
1993	3.60	0.96	5.20	6.31	4.02	1.94	1.42	0.18	Т	1. 44	1.79	6.86	33. 72
1994	4.95	6.11	2.72	2.31	1.23	1.10	0.07	0.14	1. 63	9. 02	7.49	6.53	43. 30
1995	7.44	5.22	5.02	4.19	1.13	2.29	0.98	1.69	2. 14	M4. 35	11. 71	7.84	54. 00
1996	8.56	12.43	4.46	5.95	4.84	0.09	M0.49	0.50	3. 22	6. 17	9.72	16. 28	72. 71
1997	8.86	2.14	8.24	3.78	2.46	1.62	0.64	1.55	2. 84	7. 58	5.19	4.01	48. 91
1998	M7.76	6.80	4.21	1.49	5.18	1.61	0.34	Т	1. 02	3. 57	13. 36	M9. 21	54. 55
1999	8.97	11.39	5.67	M1.61	M2.59	M2.45	0.38	M1.12	0. 19	2. 89	7.67	7.67	52. 60
2000	8.08	4.96	3.62	2.39	2.51	M0.90	M0.25	0.15	1. 76	3. 19	M2. 91	M3. 85	34. 57
2001	1.99	1.79	3.73	3.09	1.12	1.40	0.46	0.87	0. 66	4. 37	M7. 44	M7. 83	34. 75
2002	8.03	4.92	5.40	3.60	M1.57	2.19	M0.19	0.01	1. 31	0. 32	2.49	10. 48	40. 51
2003	9.14	3.17	M5.16	7.03	1.60	M0.11	Т	0.06	M1. 50	2. 30	5.38	10. 43	45. 88
2004	M5.02	4.86	2.01	2.16	1.17	1.03	Т	3.20	1. 76	3. 27	2.46	4.58	31. 52
2005	M2.02	M0.99	4.73	4.44	5.06	M2.03	M0.39	0.22	1. 37	4. 26	6.54	M10. 20	42. 25
2006	12.05	2.38	3.63	2.52	M0.48	1.12	0.19	0.07	1. 12	1. 83	15. 56	M3. 80	44. 75
2007	M1.88	M3.19	M1.58	M0.42	M1.06	M0.87	M0.54	M0.51	M0. 41	M1. 15	M3. 80	M7. 52	22. 93
2008	M5.81	M2.41	M3.65	M2.07	M1.22	M1.00	MT	M1.17	M0. 30	M0. 58	M4. 14	M2. 45	24. 80
2009	M5.03	M1.42	M1.91	M1.19	M3.03	M1.05	M0.22	M0.77	M1. 63	3. 54	7.21	4.99	31. 99
2010	6.68	3.96	5.62	3.99	4.63	4.79	0.30	MT	M2. 94	5. 16	7.39	10. 23	55. 69
2011	5.13	5.79	7.59	5.37	3.25	0.87	1.36	0.10	0. 70	2. 64	8.32	3.37	44. 49
2012	M8.74	3.71	9.95	3.85	3.21	2.78	0.51	Т	0. 01	6. 59	8.53	9.14	57. 02
2013	3.11	1.51	2.37	2.59	5.26	M1.43	0.00	0.63	6. 85	0. 93	3.52	1.77	29. 97
2014	3.34	5.95	7.58	4.51	2.79	1.84	0.92	0.13	1. 05	7. 26	3.58	6.78	45. 73

2015	3.69	4.11	5.12	2.61	0.64	0.44	0.60	0.78	0. 87	4. 39	5.61	18. 61	47. 47
2016	8.93	4.87	5.71	2.46	1.30	M1.11	0.75	0.16	1. 26	10. 11	8.74	M6. 12	51. 52
2017	5.65	12.18	8.40	4.61									30. 84

Notes: Data missing in any month have an "M" flag. A "T" indicates a trace of precipitation.

Data missing for all days in a month or year is blank.

Creation date: 2016-07-22



Appendix D: Wetland Determination Data Forms

SumMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, an d80	03	City/Count	y: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date	e: <u>3/27/</u>	2017
Lamedrom Philislope, terrace, serts.) Toeslope Local relief (concave, convex, none). None Slope (%); <3% Subseque) (LRR); A horimwest Forests and Casst Latt 45.342081 Latt	Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC Re	etierment Plan			State: OR	Sampling	Point:	1
Subregion (LRRY: A) hortwest Forests and Ceaset L. Lit. 45.342081 Long: 122.847551 Datum: Solid Map Usin Name: (Util 84) Wigness sittly day form: Not climatic / hydrologic conclutions on the site typical for the time of year? Not climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the time of year? Not be subjected to the site typical for the time of year? Not be subjected for the site typical for the time of year? Not be subjected for the site typical for the time of year? Not be subjected for the site typical for the time of year? Not be subjected for the site typical for the site of years of the site typical for the site of years of the years of the site of years of the years of the site of years of the site of years o	Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley S	Smith	Section					
Note		•			_		_	
Ave climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site bycitacl for this time of uyear? Ave Vegetation Soi Green Aprillong Are Normatic (If no, explain in Remarks) Are Vegetation Soi Green Aprillong Are Normatic (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks,) Average Standard Soi Green Aprillong Are Normatic (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks,) Bydrophylic Vegetation Present? Yes X No X Hydric Soi Present? Yes No X Wetshand Hydrology Present Hydrology Hydrology Present Hydrology Hyd			at: 45.342061	Lo				
Are Vegetation								1>
Associations (Post Size 30 ror)	, ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophylic Vegetation Present? Yes No X within a Wetland? Yes Species According to the According to the Nos Protection on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions and 6.92 inches site of 90 Inches Site site of 8.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions and 6.92 inches within t								
Hydrophysic Vegetation Present? Yes X No X ls the Sampled Area Within a Wetland? Yes No X within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. **Recipitation** According to the NWS Portland station. 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. **Recipitation** **Precipitation** **Recipitation** **Recipitation** **Presentation** **Protected in a fenced, horse-grazed area. **VEGETATION** **Presentation** **Presentati								
No X within a Wetland? Yes No X	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?				<u></u>		,	
Need and Hydrology Present? Yes	Hydric Soil Present?			Is the Samp	led Area			
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. **Romarks:**** IPRI is located in a fenced, horse-grazed area. **WEGETATION** **Precipitation** **Precipi	Wetland Hydrology Present?	<u></u>		within a We	tland? Yes	No	Х	
Absolute			ceived on the day	of the site visit	and 6.92 inches within the	two weeks prio	r. Climatic co	onditions
Absolute		area.						
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or	VEGETATION	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test wo	rkshoot:		
1.	Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or)			_				
Salik lucida 10% Yes FACW Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)		<u> </u>	<u></u>			•	4	(A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)	, 			-			<u> </u>	(* ')
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or)	3.			<u> </u>	Total Number of Dom	inant		
Percent of Dominant Species Percent of Dominant Species 100% (A/B)	4.				Species Across All St	trata:	4	(B)
Rubus armeniacus		50% = 1	Total Cover			·		
Test	Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r o	<u>r)</u>			Percent of Dominant	Species		
Total % Cover of: Multiply by:		5%	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW	, or FAC:	<u>100%</u>	(A/B)
OBL species 0	2.							
FACW species 10								-
FAC species 120	-							—
FACU species 15	5.		Total Cayor					—
1. Schedonorus arundinaceus 75% Yes FAC 2. Taraxacum officinale 10% No FACU 3. Geranium molle 10% No NoL 4. Dactylis glomerata 5% No FACU 6. Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 7. 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ 11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 1 - Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)	= 1	otal Cover					
2. Taraxacum officinale 3. Geranium molle 4. Dactylis glomerata 5% No FACU 5. Seranium molle 5% No FACU 6. Seranium molle 7. Seranium molle 7. Seranium molle 8. Seranium molle 9. Seranium molle 10% No NOL Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.16 Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium molle 10. Seranium letas salia 10. Seranium molle 10. Ser		75%	Yes	FAC				—
3. Geranium molle 4. Dactylis glomerata 5% No FACU Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 100% = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2.	_					<u> </u>		— (B)
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 100% = Total Cover 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?								<u> </u>
X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	Dactylis glomerata	5%	No	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetat	ion Indicators:		
3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 11. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2.	5.				1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Ve	getation	
4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 100% = Total Cover 100% = Total Cover 11	6				X 2 - Dominance Te	est is >50%		
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Wegetation Yes X No Present?	7							
10	8.							orting
Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) 100% = Total Cover 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	9.		<u> </u>			•	,	
100% Total Cover Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic			-					I
2. Hydrophytic 0% = Total Cover Vegetation Yes X No Present?	Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or	100% = 7	Total Cover		¹ Indicators of hydric s			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 0% Present?	1	00/			Hydrophytic	Yes Y No		
Remarks:	% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		otal Cover		_	169 <u>A</u> NO		
	Remarks:							
	ı							

SOIL							Sampling Point:	1
Profile Descript	tion (Describe to t	he depth need	led to document t	the indicator or cor	nfirm the abse	nce of indicators)	:	
Depth	Matr	ix		Redox Fea	atures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-12+	10YR 3/3	100					gr SiL	Angular gravels
				<u> </u>				
			-					
				 .				
¹ Type: C=Conce	entration. D=Depleti	on. RM=Reduc	ced Matrix CS=Co	vered or Coated Sar	nd Grains.			
_ * * *	ore Lining, M=Matr							
Hydric Soil Indic	cators (Applicable	to all LRRs, u	ınless otherwise	noted):		Indicators for F	Problematic Hydric S	Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1))	_	Sandy Redox	(S5)		2 cm Muck	(A10)	
Histic Epiped	don (A2)	_	Stripped Matri	x (S6)		Red Parent	Material (TF2)	
Black Histic	(A3)	_	Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F1) (excep	t MLRA 1)	Very Shallo	w Dark Surface (TF12	2)
Hydrogen Su	ulfide (A4)	-	Loamy Gleyed	Matrix (F2)		Other (Expla	ain in Remarks)	
	low Dark Surface (A11) _	Depleted Matr	ix (F3)				
	Surface (A12)	-	Redox Dark S			³ Indicators of hy	drophytic vegetation	and wetland
	y Mineral (S1)	-	Depleted Dark			hydrology must	be present, unless di	
Sandy Gleye	ed Matrix (S4)	-	Redox Depres	sions (F8)	1	problematic.		
Restrictive Laye								
Туре						Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches):	:	_				Present?	Yes	No X
HYDROLOG								
_	rs (minimum of one	required; chec	k all that apply)			Secondary India	cators (2 or more requ	uired)
Surface Wat				— I Leaves (B9) (excep	ot MLRA		ed Leaves (B9) (MLR	
High Water		=	1, 2, 4A, and			4A, and 4		, _,
Saturation (A	, ,		Salt Crust (B1	,		•	atterns (B10)	
Water Marks	s (B1)	_	Aquatic Inverte	ebrates (B13)			Water Table (C2)	
Sediment De	eposits (B2)	_	Hydrogen Sulf	ide Odor (C1)		Saturation \	isible on Aerial Imag	ery (C9)
Drift Deposit	ts (B3)	_	Oxidized Rhize	ospheres along Livir	ng Roots (C3)	Geomorphic	Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or	Crust (B4)	_	Presence of R	educed Iron (C4)		Shallow Aqu	uitard (D3)	
Iron Deposits		-		eduction in Tilled So	, ,	FAC-Neutra	, ,	
Surface Soil		-		essed Plants (D1) (L	.RR A)		Mounds (D6) (LRR A))
	isible on Aerial Image getated Concave S	-	Other (Explain	in Remarks)		Frost-Heave	e Hummocks (D7)	
Field Observation								
Surface Water P		:	No X	Depth (inches):		Wetland		
Water Table Pre			No X	Depth (inches):	>12"	Hydrology	Yes	No X
Saturation Prese			No X	Depth (inches):		Present?		
(includes capilla			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Describe Recor	rded Data (stream	gauge, monite	oring well, aerial	photos, previous ir	nspections), if	available:		
	•	J J , 1 1111	<u> </u>	. ,	,,			
Remarks:				_				
Soils are moist. N	No ponding in the a	rea despite he	avy rains the day b	etore.				

Applicant/Owner Mailbar Group LLC Ratement Plan Section Section Township, Range, Section 2AC, T.d., R. E.	Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, an d80	03	City/Count	y: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date	e: <u>3/27/</u>	′2017
LimeIndoorn (hillatope, terrace, etc.) Toeslope Load relief (concave, convex, none) Concave Stope (%); 29k Subregion (JRR) A. Nothwest Forest and Coast Lat 5.341576 Load relief (concave, convex, none) Concave Stope (%); 29k Subregion (JRR) A. Nothwest Forest and Coast Lat 5.341576 Load relief (Long - 122 648238 Damin (JRR) Load relief (Load reli	Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC R	etierment Plan			State: OR	Sampling	Point:	2
Subsequor (LRR): A. Nortwest Forests and Coast Lat 45.341576 Long: 1.22.648238 Datum:	Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley	Smith	Section		· · · · ·			
Sol Map Unit Name:		•			_	_	_	
Are climatic? hydrologic conditions on the site bylocal for this time of year? Are Volgotation Soil	·	_	at: 45.341576	Lo):	
Are Vagetation Soil or Hydrology insurinficantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No I Hydrology insuring problematics (if needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrology Present? Yes X No I Is the Sampled Are within a Wetland? Yes X No Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic condition are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Pick is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Absolute Deminant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' ror) % Cover Species? Sinitus Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A) Total Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (B) Sapiling/Shoub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' ror) 10% Yes FACW 1 Prevalence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: Prevalence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: 1 Physicoarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW OBL, Species 3X 3 (B) Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' ror) 10% Yes FACW OBL, Species 3X 3 (B) Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' ror) 10% Yes FACW OBL, Species 3X 3 = 105 Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' ror) 10% Yes FACW OBL, Species 5X 3 = 15 Providence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: 1 Physicoarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW OBL, Species 5X 3 = 15 That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B) Prevalence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: 1 Providence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: 1 Providence Index worksheet: Tatal % Cover of Multiply by: 1 Providence Index worksheet: 1 Providence Index w							in in Damen	1>
Are Vagetation — Sail, or Hydrology		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydric Sol Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Hydrolytic Vegetation Indicator Yes X No Present? Yes X No Present? Yes X No Present? Yes X No Present? Yes X No Yes Yes X No Present? Yes X No Yes Yes Yes X No Present? Yes X No Yes Yes Yes X No Yes								
Hydroc Soil Present? Yes X No							•	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No		•			o, aooo.o,po.		, 0.0.	
Precipitation:	, , , ,			Is the Samp	led Area			
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic condition are considered wetler than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Prot is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or)	Wetland Hydrology Present?			within a Wet	land? Yes	K No		
Absolute	According to the NWS Portland station, (are considered wetter than normal for the Remarks:	e three months prior.		of the site visit a	and 6.92 inches within the			onditions
Absolute Dominant Indicator Species Status St		water in the pond is greater t	nan 3 deep.					
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or)	VEGETATION	Absoluto	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test	rkehoot:		
1.	Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r.or			_				
Almus rubra 5%	4	-	<u> </u>	·		•	3	(A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)	<u> </u>				matric obe, triov			(/ ()
35%					Total Number of Dom	ninant		
Percent of Dominant Species Percent of Dominant Species Percent of Dominant Species Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)	4.			<u> </u>	Species Across All S	trata:	3	(B)
1. Physocarpus capitatus 2.		35% = 1	otal Cover		·			
Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 5	Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r c	or)			Percent of Dominant	Species		
Total % Cover of: Multiply by:	Physocarpus capitatus	10%	Yes	FACW	That Are OBL, FACV	/, or FAC:	<u>100%</u>	(A/B)
OBL species 5 x 1 = 5								
FACW species 40	3					of: Multiply by:		-
10%								
FACU species 0	5					<u> </u>		
1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 5 = 0 0 2. Lysichiton americanus 5% No OBL Column Totals: 80 (A) 190 (B) 190 (B) 3. Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ ¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present? No Present?	Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)	<u>10%</u> = 1	otal Cover					—
2. Lysichiton americanus 5% No OBL Column Totals: 80 (A) 190 (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.38 Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1. Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0		30%	Vos	EACW/		<u> </u>		—
Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.38 Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 5 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ 11.	- Thaland aranamadea							— (B)
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	Ly didnition amoneunae	<u> </u>	110					` ′
X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 1Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2. Wegetation Yes X No Present?	4.				Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators:		
X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹	5.				1 - Rapid Test for	r Hydrophytic Ve	getation	
4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	6.				X 2 - Dominance To	est is >50%		
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants 11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	7.				X 3 - Prevalence In	dex is ≤3.0 ¹		
10	8.							orting
Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) 35% = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. 2.	9						ate sheet)	
35% = Total Cover 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. 1								4
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or)	11							
2. Hydrophytic 0% = Total Cover % Open water 65% Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?		= 7	otal Cover		7	soil and wetland h	nydrology mu	t
Remarks:	2.		otal Cover		Vegetation	Yes X No		
	Remarks:							

SOIL							Sampling Point:	2
Profile Descrip	tion (Describe to t	he depth need	led to document t	he indicator or	confirm the abse	nce of indicators):	
Depth	Matr	ix		Redox	Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-8	10YR 2/1	100					SiCL	
8-16+	10YR 4/1	95	7.5YR 3/4	5	C	M/PL	SiC	
				· 	_			
								-
¹ Type: C=Conce	entration, D=Depleti	on RM=Reduc	ced Matrix CS=Cov	ered or Coated	Sand Grains			
_ * * *	Pore Lining, M=Matri		oca Matrix OC-COV	refea of Coalea	Carla Ciano.			
Hydric Soil Indi	cators (Applicable	to all LRRs, u	ınless otherwise r	noted):		Indicators for	Problematic Hydric S	oils ³ :
Histosol (A1			Sandy Redox (-		2 cm Muck	-	
Histic Epipe	,	=	Stripped Matrix				t Material (TF2)	
Black Histic		-	Loamy Mucky I	` ,	cept MLRA 1)		ow Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydrogen S	` '	- -	Loamy Gleyed		,		lain in Remarks)	
Depleted Be	elow Dark Surface (A	A11)	X Depleted Matri	x (F3)				
Thick Dark \$	Surface (A12)	_	Redox Dark Su	ırface (F6)		³ Indicators of h	ydrophytic vegetation a	and wetland
Sandy Muck	ky Mineral (S1)	-	Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)			be present, unless dis	
Sandy Gleye	ed Matrix (S4)	_	Redox Depress	sions (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Laye	er (if present):							
Тур	e:					Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches)	:					Present?	Yes X	No
HYDROLOG Wetland Hydrol								
	rs (minimum of one	required: chec	k all that apply)			Secondary Indi	cators (2 or more requi	red)
Surface Wat			Water-Stained	— Leaves (B9) (e	xcent MLRA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water		-	1, 2, 4A, and		Noopt WEI U	4A, and		, _ ,
X Saturation (/	` ,		Salt Crust (B11	,		·	atterns (B10)	
Water Marks	,	-	Aquatic Inverte	•			n Water Table (C2)	
Sediment De	eposits (B2)	<u>-</u>	Hydrogen Sulfi	de Odor (C1)		Saturation	Visible on Aerial Image	ery (C9)
Drift Deposit	ts (B3)	_	Oxidized Rhizo	spheres along	Living Roots (C3)	Geomorphi	c Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or	Crust (B4)	-	Presence of Re	educed Iron (C4	1)	Shallow Aq	uitard (D3)	
Iron Deposit	ts (B5)	_	Recent Iron Re	eduction in Tilled	d Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutra	al Test (D5)	
	l Cracks (B6)	=		essed Plants (D	1) (LRR A)		Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
	/isible on Aerial Ima		Other (Explain	in Remarks)		Frost-Heav	e Hummocks (D7)	
	egetated Concave S	urface (B8)						
Field Observation								
Surface Water F			No X	Depth (inch	·	Wetland	V V	N.
Water Table Pre			No X	Depth (inch		Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Prese (includes capilla			No X	Depth (Inch	es): Surface	Present?		
Describe Reco	rded Data (stream	gauge, monito	oring well, aerial p	ohotos, previou	us inspections), if	available:		
_								
Remarks:	esent within 0.5' of th	ne plot						
. or portaing pre	, Within 0.0 Of th	io piot.						

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site hydrology of the first ment of year? Are Vegetation Soll or or Hydrology application with the conditions of the conditions o	Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, an d803	,	City/Count	ty: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date	e: 3/27/	/2017
Landtom (hilladope, terrance led.): Hilladope Lond refer (hilladope, terrance led.): Hilladope Long rize (blant 19) Conquite to a Subregin (LRP): A Nothwest Forest and Conset Soil Map (LRI 19) Conquite to the time of year? Are climate? (hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are climate? (hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are climate? (hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are climate? (hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology adjustment of year? Are Submark (VF) FINDINGS — Attach site map showing samplings point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrologic Vegetation Present? Yes X No X Welfland Hydrology Present? Yes X No X Welfland	Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC Ret	ierment Plan			State: OR	Sampling	Point:	3
Subregion (LRR): A, borthwest Forests and Const. Latt. 46.341609 Long. 122648244 Datum: Solid Map, Livin Name: (Livit 151/Conjusto sitt loon Are climate: (Livit 151/Conjusto sitt loon Are Vegetation Solid or Phytrology Instruction (Included cuptain any answers in Remarks). A reverse of the properties of the site of th	Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley Sr	mith	Section	, Township, Ran	ge: Section 2AC, T.3., R.	.1E.		
Solid Map Unit Name:	Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Hillslo	ope			_		Slope (%):	<3%
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site byceaf for this time of year? Are Vegetation Sol or or hydrology algorithms (from the year) or hydrology algorithms (from year) or hydrology	Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest Forests and	nd Coast La	at: 45.341609	Lo	ng: <u>-122.648244</u>	Datum	n:	
Ace Vagelation	-	•						
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrocphiption Vegetation Present? Yes No X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Yes FAC Yes FAC Yes Yes FAC Yes Yes FAC Yes								
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrocphyric Vegetation Present? Yes No X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No No X Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Wetland Hydrology Present? No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No X No No No X Within a Wetland? Yes No No X No N	Are Vegetation , Soil	or Hydrology	significantly u	lematic?				NO
Hydrochypite Vegetation Present? Yes							,	
No					o,	10111100101100	, 0101	
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered watter than normal for the three months prior. Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered watter than normal for the three months prior. Precipitation:	, , , ,	Yes		Is the Samp	led Area			
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered watter than normal for the three months prior. Romanks: Polito located approximately 10' from Plot 2 and is half a foot higher in elevation. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size; 30' r or) % Cover Spacies? Status Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamilera 45% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A) 2. Salik species 15% Yes FAC: 3. 4	Wetland Hydrology Present?			within a Wet	land? Yes	No	Х	
According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior. Climatic conditions are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Plot located approximately 10' from Plot 2 and is half a foot higher in elevation. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Species? Status Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 45% Yes FAC: 1. Populus balsamifera 45% Yes FAC: 3alk species 15% Yes FAC: 4	Precipitation:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
VEGETATION	According to the NWS Portland station, 0.0		ceived on the day	of the site visit	and 6.92 inches within the	e two weeks prio	r. Climatic co	onditions
VEGETATION		three months prior.						
Absolute		and is half a foot higher in	elevation.					
Dominant Indicator Species Status Species Status Status Species Status Status Species Status Status Species Species Status Species Spe	 							
Dominant Indicator Species Status Status Species Status Species Status Species Status Status Species								
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or	VEGETATION							
Populus balsamifera			Dominant	Indicator				
2. Salix species	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· <u></u>		· 				
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)	2 Fopulus paisarrillera				That Are OBL, FACV	/, or FAC:	4	(A)
Sepcies Across All Strata: 5 (B)	Salix species	15%	Yes	FAC*	T (IN			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or)							F	(D)
Percent of Dominant Species 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC 80% (A/B)	··	60% - T	otal Cover		Species Across Ali S		5	(B)
1. Prunus species 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC 80% (A/B)	Sanling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or		otal Cover		Percent of Dominant	Species		
2. Rubus armeniacus 3.	4	 ,	Vas	FAC*		•	80%	(Δ/R)
Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 0	2							(7/15)
FACW species 2								_
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)	4.				OBL species () x 1 =	0	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) 1. Phalaris arundinacea 2% No FACW UPL species 60 x 4 = 240 UPL species 0 x 5 = 0 Column Totals: 167 (A) 559 (B) Prevalence Index = BIA = 3.35 Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation A	5.				FACW species	x 2 =	4	
1. Phalaris arundinacea		45% = T	otal Cover		FAC species 10	o5 x 3 =	315	
2.	Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)				FACU species 6	0 x 4 =	240	
3.	Thalane aranamaeea	2%	No	FACW			0	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation		<u> </u>						(B)
1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% X 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation A prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present? Remarks:							<u>3.35</u>	
X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%							antation	
3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 11. 2% = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Hedera helix 60% Yes FACU Hydrophytic yegetation Yes X No Present? Remarks:							getation	
8. 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 9. 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ 11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. 1 Hedera helix 2 60% Yes FACU Hydrophytic Wegetation Yes X No Present? Remarks:					—	_		
9. data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 10. 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)¹ 11. 2% = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Hedera helix 60% Yes FACU 2. 60% = Total Cover **Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 98% **Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 98% **Ground in Herb Stratum							rovide supp	orting
10						. ,		orang
Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) 2% = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Hedera helix 2.								
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) be present. 1. Hedera helix 60% Yes FACU Hydrophytic Vegetation YesXNo	11.							1
1. Hedera helix 60% Yes FACU 2. Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present? Remarks:		2% = T	otal Cover		¹ Indicators of hydric s	soil and wetland l	nydrology mi	ust
2. Hydrophytic Separation Stratum 98% Total Cover Vegetation Yes X No Present? Hydrophytic Vegetation Yes X No Present?	Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or				be present.			
60% = Total Cover Wegetation Yes X No Present? Remarks:		60%	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic			
Remarks:			otal Cover		Vegetation	Yes X No		
					. roomti			
Assumed as I AC.	Remarks:							
	Assumed as I AC.							

SOIL							Sampling Point:	3
Profile Descrip	tion (Describe to	the depth need	ded to document	the indicator or co	nfirm the abse	nce of indicators)):	
Depth	Mat	rix		Redox Fea	atures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-14+	10YR 3/2	100		_			SiL	
								-
			·					
¹ Type: C=Conce	entration D=Denle	tion RM=Redu	ced Matrix CS=Co	vered or Coated Sar	nd Grains			
_ * * *	Pore Lining, M=Mat		oca Matrix 00-00	vereu er eeuteu eu	na Gramo.			
Hydric Soil Indi	cators (Applicable	e to all LRRs, ı	unless otherwise	noted):		Indicators for I	Problematic Hydric S	oils³:
Histosol (A1	1)		Sandy Redox	(S5)		2 cm Muck	(A10)	
Histic Epipe	edon (A2)		Stripped Matri	x (S6)		Red Parent	Material (TF2)	
Black Histic	: (A3)		Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F1) (excep	t MLRA 1)	Very Shallo	w Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydrogen S	ulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleyed	d Matrix (F2)		Other (Expl	ain in Remarks)	
Depleted Be	elow Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Matr	ix (F3)				
Thick Dark	Surface (A12)	•	Redox Dark S	urface (F6)		³ Indicators of hy	ydrophytic vegetation a	and wetland
Sandy Muck	ky Mineral (S1)	•	Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)			be present, unless dis	
Sandy Gleye	ed Matrix (S4)		Redox Depres	ssions (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Laye	er (if present):							
Тур	e:					Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches)):	_				Present?	Yes	No X
HYDROLOG Wetland Hydrol								
•	rs (minimum of one	required: chec	ck all that annly)			Secondary India	cators (2 or more requ	ired)
Surface Wa		e required, chec		— d Leaves (B9) (excep	ot MI DA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water		•	1, 2, 4A, an		PUNITA	4A, and 4		Α 1, 2,
X Saturation (Salt Crust (B1			•	atterns (B10)	
Water Mark	,	•	Aquatic Invert	•		_	Water Table (C2)	
	eposits (B2)	•	Hydrogen Sulf	, ,			√isible on Aerial Image	ery (C9)
Drift Deposi		•		ospheres along Livir	ng Roots (C3)		c Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or		•		teduced Iron (C4)	· ,	Shallow Aq		
Iron Deposit		•		eduction in Tilled Sc	oils (C6)	FAC-Neutra	• •	
-	l Cracks (B6)	•		essed Plants (D1) (L		Raised Ant	Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
Inundation \	visible on Aerial Im	agery (B7)	Other (Explain	n in Remarks)		Frost-Heave	e Hummocks (D7)	
Sparsely Ve	egetated Concave	Surface (B8)				<u> </u>		
Field Observati	ons:							
Surface Water F	Present? Ye	s	No X	Depth (inches):		Wetland		
Water Table Pre	esent? Ye	s <u>X</u>	No	Depth (inches):	9"	Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Pres (includes capilla		s X	No	Depth (inches):	Surface	Present?		
Describe Reco	rded Data (stream	ı gauge, monit	toring well, aerial	photos, previous in	nspections), if	available:		
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				
Remarks:			1.0					
Above average r	rainfall within the pa	ast two weeks a	and three months p	orior.				

Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 80	2, an d803		City/County	y: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date:	: 3/27/	′2017
Applicant/Owner: Malibar Grou	p LLC Retierment Pla	an			State: OR	Sampling F	Point:	4
Investigator(s): Stacey Reed an	d Haley Smith		Section,		ge: Section 2AC, T.3., R.			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.					oncave, convex, none):_	_	-	
Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest			Lat: 45.341239	_ Loi	ng: -122.647649		:	
_	nit 84) Wapato silty o		-(classification:	:- :- D	1>
Are climatic / hydrologic condition Are Vegetation , S	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		or year? significantly di		es No re "Normal Circumstance	(If no, explaines" present?		
			naturally proble		f needed, explain any an			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS								
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present		<u>нар знен</u>	No		o,	<u></u>	0.0.	
Hydric Soil Present?		X	No	Is the Sampl	led Area			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	x	No	within a Wet	land? Yes	<u> </u>		
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland are considered wetter than norm Remarks:			s received on the day	of the site visit a	and 6.92 inches within the			onditions
VEGETATION								
120217(110)(Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test wo	rksheet:		
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or	·)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant			
1.					That Are OBL, FACV		2	(A)
2.								
3.					Total Number of Dom	ninant		
4.			<u> </u>		Species Across All S	trata:	2	(B)
		0%	= Total Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Siz	<u>e: 10' r or)</u>				Percent of Dominant	•	4000/	
1. 2.			<u> </u>		That Are OBL, FACV		<u>100%</u>	(A/B)
3.					Prevalence Index w Total % Cover of			
4.			· ———) x1=	0	-
·· 5.						$\frac{3}{2}$ $\times 2 =$	0	
		0%	= Total Cover		FAC species 10		300	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)					x 4 =	0	_
Alopecurus pratensis		50%	Yes	FAC	UPL species (x 5 =	0	
2. Ranunculus repens		40%	Yes	FAC	Column Totals: 10	(A)	300	(B)
3. Poa species		10%	No	FAC*	Prevalence Index	c = B/A =	3.00	
4			<u> </u>		Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators:		
5						r Hydrophytic Veg	etation	
6			<u> </u>		X 2 - Dominance To			
7.		-	<u> </u>		X 3 - Prevalence In			
8.			<u> </u>			I Adaptations ¹ (Pr		orting
9. 10.					5 - Wetland Non-	rks or on a separa	ate sneet)	
10. 11.						rophytic Vegetatio	n (Explain) ¹	1
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size:	10' r or)_	100%	= Total Cover		¹ Indicators of hydric s			
1. 2. Para Cround in Harb Stratum	00/	0%	= Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation	Yes X No		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	0%	-			Present?			
Remarks: *Assumed as FAC.								

SOIL							Sampling Point:	4
Profile Descrip	otion (Describe to tl	ne depth nee	ded to document th	e indicator or	confirm the abse	nce of indicators	s):	
Depth	Matri	х		Redox	Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-6	10YR 2/2	95	7.5YR 3/4	5	С	M/PL	SiL	
6-12+	10YR 2/2	90	7.5YR 3/4	10	C	PL	SiL	
								-
	<u> </u>							
	· -							
			<u> </u>					
	<u> </u>							-
¹ Type: C-Cope	ontration D-Donloti	n PM-Podu	ced Matrix CS=Cove	ared or Coated	Sand Grains			
_ ` `	Pore Lining, M=Matri		iced Matrix CS=Cove	ered or Coaled	Sand Grains.			
Hydric Soil Ind	icators (Applicable	to all LRRs, i	unless otherwise no	oted):		Indicators for	Problematic Hydric S	oils³:
Histosol (A	1)	,	Sandy Redox (S	55)		2 cm Muck	(A10)	
Histic Epipe	edon (A2)		Stripped Matrix	(S6)		Red Paren	t Material (TF2)	
Black Histic	(A3)	,	Loamy Mucky M	lineral (F1) (exc	cept MLRA 1)	Very Shallo	ow Dark Surface (TF12)	
Hydrogen S	Sulfide (A4)	,	Loamy Gleyed N	Matrix (F2)		Other (Exp	lain in Remarks)	
Depleted B	elow Dark Surface (A	\11)	Depleted Matrix	(F3)				
Thick Dark	Surface (A12)		X Redox Dark Sur	face (F6)		³ Indicators of h	ydrophytic vegetation a	nd wetland
	ky Mineral (S1)	,	Depleted Dark S			hydrology must	t be present, unless dis	
Sandy Gley	red Matrix (S4)	,	Redox Depressi	ons (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Lay	er (if present):							
Тур	oe:					Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches):	-				Present?	Yes X	No
HYDROLOG	iY logy Indicators:							
•	ors (minimum of one	required: che	ck all that annly)			Secondary Indi	icators (2 or more requi	red)
X Surface Wa		roquirou, crio	Water-Stained L		rcent MI PA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water		•	1, 2, 4A, and		Cept WEITA	4A, and		٦١, ٢,
X Saturation	` '		Salt Crust (B11)	,		•	Patterns (B10)	
Water Mark	,	•	Aquatic Inverteb			_	n Water Table (C2)	
	Deposits (B2)	•	Hydrogen Sulfid	, ,			Visible on Aerial Image	ry (C9)
Drift Depos		•	X Oxidized Rhizos		iving Roots (C3)		ic Position (D2)	
Algal Mat o		•	Presence of Re	-	-		quitard (D3)	
Iron Deposi		•	Recent Iron Rec	duction in Tilled	Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutr	al Test (D5)	
Surface So	il Cracks (B6)	·	Stunted or Stres	sed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Raised Ant	t Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
Inundation	Visible on Aerial Ima	gery (B7)	Other (Explain in	n Remarks)		Frost-Heav	e Hummocks (D7)	
Sparsely Ve	egetated Concave S	urface (B8)						
Field Observat	ions:							
Surface Water	Present? Yes	X	No	Depth (inche	es): 1/4"	Wetland		
Water Table Pr	resent? Yes	X	No	Depth (inche	es): Surface	Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Pres (includes capilla		X	No	Depth (inche	es): Surface	Present?		
Describe Reco	orded Data (stream	gauge, monit	toring well, aerial pl	notos, previou	s inspections), if	available:		
Remarks:	na present							
Scattered pondi	ng present.							
Ī								

Project/Site:	Tax Lot 800, 802, a	ın d803		City/	County: West	t Linn/Clack	amas		Sampling Da	te: 3/27	/2017
Applicant/Owne	r: Malibar Group L	LC Retierment Pla	ın				State:	OR	Sampling	g Point:	5
Investigator(s):	Stacey Reed and H	laley Smith		Se			Section 2AC, 7				
	ope, terrace, etc.):						cave, convex, n				
	R): A, Northwest Fo			Lat:45.34	1184	Long:	-122.647580			m:	
Soil Map Unit N		84) Wapato silty cl		-fn		V			ssification:		ul. = \
Are Vegetation	drologic conditions/ Soil	on the site typical i		•	ently disturbed		No "Normal Circum				
Are Vegetation		, or					eeded, explain a				
	OF FINDINGS -							-			
	getation Present?		Х		<u> </u>	,				-,	
Hydric Soil Pre	•					e Sampled	Area				
Wetland Hydro	logy Present?		Х		with	in a Wetlar	nd? Yes	s	No_	Х	
	e NWS Portland stat			s received on th	ne day of the s	site visit and				or. Climatic o	onditions
	wetter than normal f	or the three montl	ns prior.								
Remarks: Plot is approxim	nately half a foot high	ner in elevation tha	n Plot 4. N	o pondina prese	ent.						
	iaioi, iiaii a iootiiigi			o poag p.oo.							
VEGETATIO	N						T				
			Absolute	Domin		cator	Dominance To				
Tree Stratum (I	Plot Size: 30' r or)	% Cover	<u>Specie</u>	es? St	atus	Number of Dor				
2.							That Are OBL,	FACW,	or FAC:	1	(A)
3.											
4.							Total Number			4	(D)
			00/	= Total Cover			Species Acros	S All Stra		1	(B)
Sanling/Shrub S	Stratum (Plot Size: 1	10' r or)	0%	= Total Cover			Percent of Dor	minant Si	necies		
1.	Stratam (Flot 0120.	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					That Are OBL,			100%	(A/B)
2.							Prevalence In				(,,,,,)
3.						.			Multiply by	y:	<u> </u>
4.							OBL species	0	x 1 =	0	
5.							FACW species	0	x 2 =	0	
			0%	= Total Cover			FAC species		x 3 =	270	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)					FACU species	10	x 4 =	40	
1. Poa specie			80%	Yes		AC*	UPL species	0	x 5 =	0	
2. <u>Taraxacum</u>			10%	No		ACU	Column Totals			310	(B)
3. <u>Ranunculu</u>	s repens		10%	No	F	AC	Prevalence			<u>3.10</u>	
4. 5.							Hydrophytic V	_	lydrophytic V		
6. 							X 2 - Domina			egetation	
7.							3 - Prevale				
8.									.daptations¹ (Provide sunn	ortina
9.									or on a sepa		19
10.									ascular Plants		
11.							Problemati	ic Hydrop	hytic Vegeta	tion (Explain)	1
Woody Vine Str	atum (Plot Size: 10'	r or)_	100%	= Total Cover			¹ Indicators of h be present.	nydric soi	l and wetland	hydrology m	ust
1. 2.							Hydrophy	tic			
<u> </u>			0%	= Total Cover			Hydrophy Vegetation		es X N	0	
% Bare Ground	in Herb Stratum	0%					Present?	·- •	N		-
Remarks:											
*Assumed as F	AC.										

SOIL							Sampling Point:	5
Profile Description	on (Describe to t	he depth need	ded to document	the indicator or co	onfirm the abse	nce of indicators)	:	
Depth	Matr	ix		Redox Fe	eatures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-11	10YR 3/3	100					SiL	
11-16+	10YR 4/3	100					SiL	
								-
	-		-					
			-					
				<u> </u>				
¹ Type: C-Concen	tration D-Depleti	on RM-Redu	ced Matrix CS-Co	vered or Coated Sa	and Grains		·	-
² Location: PL=Po			cca matrix 00=00	vered or obtailed of	and Orams.			
Hydric Soil Indica	ators (Applicable	to all LRRs, ι	ınless otherwise	noted):		Indicators for I	Problematic Hydric S	oils³:
Histosol (A1)		_	Sandy Redox	(S5)		2 cm Muck	(A10)	
Histic Epipedo	on (A2)	<u>-</u>	Stripped Matri	x (S6)		Red Parent	Material (TF2)	
Black Histic (A	A3)	-	Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F1) (except	pt MLRA 1)	Very Shallo	w Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydrogen Sul	fide (A4)	-	Loamy Gleyed	l Matrix (F2)		Other (Expl	ain in Remarks)	
Depleted Belo	ow Dark Surface (A11) _	Depleted Matr	ix (F3)				
Thick Dark Su	urface (A12)	-	Redox Dark S	urface (F6)		³ Indicators of hy	drophytic vegetation	and wetland
Sandy Mucky		-	Depleted Dark			hydrology must	be present, unless dis	
Sandy Gleyed	d Matrix (S4)	-	Redox Depres	sions (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Layer	(if present):							
Type:						Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches):		_				Present?	Yes	No X
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrolog								
Primary Indicators		required: chec	ck all that apply)			Secondary India	cators (2 or more requ	ired)
Surface Wate				— I Leaves (B9) (exce	ent MI RA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water Ta		-	1, 2, 4A, an	, , ,	PENERO	4A, and 4		,, , <u>,</u>
X Saturation (A3	` '		Salt Crust (B1	,		•	atterns (B10)	
Water Marks		•	Aquatic Invert	,			Water Table (C2)	
Sediment Dep	posits (B2)	-	Hydrogen Sulf	ide Odor (C1)		Saturation \	/isible on Aerial Image	ery (C9)
Drift Deposits	(B3)	-	Oxidized Rhiz	ospheres along Livi	ing Roots (C3)	Geomorphic	Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or C	Crust (B4)	_	Presence of R	educed Iron (C4)		Shallow Aq	uitard (D3)	
Iron Deposits	(B5)	<u>-</u>	Recent Iron R	eduction in Tilled S	oils (C6)	FAC-Neutra	al Test (D5)	
Surface Soil C	Cracks (B6)	-	Stunted or Str	essed Plants (D1) ((LRR A)	Raised Ant	Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
Inundation Vis	sible on Aerial Ima	agery (B7)	Other (Explain	in Remarks)		Frost-Heave	e Hummocks (D7)	
Sparsely Veg	etated Concave S	urface (B8)						
Field Observation								
Surface Water Pr			No X	Depth (inches)		Wetland		
Water Table Pres			No	Depth (inches)		Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Preser (includes capillary		SX	No	Depth (inches)	:7"	Present?		
Describe Record	led Data (stream	gauge, monit	oring well, aerial	photos, previous i	inspections), if	available:		
Remarks:								



Appendix E: Site Photographs





Photo A. View south of upland Plot 1 (yellow flag).



Photo C. View facing west of PFO/PEM Wetland A.



Photo B. View south of electric fence and angular gravel and large rock fill.



Photo D. View south of paired Plots 2 and 3 (yellow flags) and Wetland A boundary (orange flag).



Photo E. View facing the east of Wetland A boundary.



Photo G. View facing southwest of flooded Wetland A.



Photo F. View facing north of paired Plots 4 and 5 (yellow flags) and Wetland A boundary (orange flag).



Photo H. 18-inch concrete culvert under 9th Street.



Exhibit F: Site Assessment Report

Tax Lots 800 & 802 West Linn, Oregon **Site Assessment Report**

Date: December 2019

Prepared for: Malibar Group, LLC

615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

Prepared by: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

> Haley Teach, MS, Natural Resource Specialist (503) 563-6151 | teachh@aks-eng.com

Site Information: South of 1220 9th Street

> West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 2AC

Tax Lots 800, 802

AKS Job Number:

5926



12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100 Tualatin, OR 97062 (503) 563-6151

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Appendix A. WD#2019-0614

Appendix B. VECO Data Sheet (VECO Plot A)

Appendix C. Representative Photographs

Appendix D. WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications

Introduction

This report was prepared by AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC (AKS) to conduct a natural resource site assessment for Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 of Clackamas County Assessor's Map 3 1E 2AC, which is located south of 1220 9th Street in West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon (Figures 1-2).

This report describes the results of the on-site portions of a previous delineation of one palustrine forested/palustrine emergent (PFO/PEM) wetland (referred to as Wetland A) and associated 65-foot Water Resource Area (WRA) buffer within the Willamette River watershed. In addition, a Metro Title 13 Moderate Value Habitat Conservation Area (HCA) is mapped extending through the entire site.

The study area boundary assessed by AKS includes Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 to determine the extent of water resources within the project area. The project area is only Tax Lots 800 and 802. The project proposes to create a Property Line Adjustment (PLA) of Tax Lots 800 and 802 and a request for approval to construct a home on adjusted Tax Lot 802. The construction of the home will require unavoidable encroachment into the WRA and HCA, requiring mitigation in accordance with West Linn Community Development Code (CDC) Section 32.09. The WRA and HCA provisions of the CDC prevent reasonable use of the site. Therefore, the applicant is applying for a Hardship Variance in accordance with Sections 32.110 and 28.110 of the West Linn CDC. On-site enhancement mitigation will mitigate for the unavoidable WRA/HCA encroachment, which will meet the required 1:1 mitigation ratio.

This report has been prepared to meet City of West Linn Community Development Code Chapter 28, Willamette and Tualatin River Protection, and Chapter 32 Water Resource Area Protection.

Existing Site Conditions

The study area consists of an undeveloped field with a forested riparian area in the north surrounding a pond. The site and much of the surrounding land is located within the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 100-year floodplain. An electric fence runs east-west in the northern portion of the study area. The wetland is located in the southern portion of the site and is dominant in reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*, FACW), yellow-skunk-cabbage (*Lysichiton americanus*, OBL), field meadow foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*, FAC), and creeping buttercup (*Ranunculus repens*, FAC). The forested portion of the wetland is dominant in balsam poplar (*Populus balsamifera*, FAC), pacific ninebark (*Physocarpus capitatus*, FACW), tall false rye grass (*Schedonorus arundinaceus*, FAC), and reed canary grass (FACW). Topography on the site is generally flat (less than 5% slope), with a gradual slope to the south towards the wetland.

According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Clackamas County Area Soil Survey Map, the following soil units are mapped within the study area, (Figure 3 in Appendix A):

- (Unit 19) Cloquato silt loam-Non-hydric; with 2% hydric Wapato and 1% hydric Aquolls in flood plains
- (Unit 84) Wapato silty clay loam-Hydric; with 6% hydric Cove and 4% hydric Humaquepts in flood plains

According to the City of West Linn's Local Wetland Inventory (LWI) map, a wetland, pond, and drainage is mapped in the study area (Figure 4). Our study determined the mapped wetland and pond to be in the approximate location of Wetland A. A drainage was not observed on site under our study. The City also maintains a WRA map that illustrated the approximate boundary of a wetland in the vicinity of the LWI

and field-verified wetland (Figure 5). Lastly, the City-maintained HCA map shows Moderate Value HCA mapped on the entire project site (Figure 6).

Existing Protected Water Features

A site visit was conducted on March 27, 2017 by AKS Senior Wetland Scientist, Stacey Reed, PWS, and Natural Resource Specialist, Haley Teach, to determine whether potentially jurisdictional wetland and waters were present on-site. AKS submitted a wetland delineation report to the Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL) for the on-site portions of the wetland. The delineation report is currently under review at the DSL per DSL File WD#2019-0614.

Wetland A is a PFO/PEM wetland located through the central portion of the study area and extends off site to the south, west, and east. Wetland A belongs to the Slope Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) subclassification. The PFO portion of the wetland was dominated by balsam poplar (FAC), pacific ninebark (FACW), reed canary grass (FACW), and yellow-skunk-cabbage (OBL). The PEM portion of the wetland was dominated by field meadow foxtail (FAC) and creeping buttercup (FAC). The location of the wetland boundary is shown on Figure 7. The wetland delineation report is included as Appendix A.

Extent of Water Resource Area (WRA)

According to Table 32-2, *Required Width of WRA*, of Section 32.060 in the City's CDC, the width of the WRA varies depending on the type of feature (wetland, water, type of water, and riparian corridor) and slope adjacent to the Protected WRA Resource. Based on the City's criteria, the full WRA buffer width for Wetland A is 65 feet. Slopes adjacent to the wetland are not steep (less than 25%). The setback extends from the edge of the delineated wetland boundary. The total area of the on-site WRA is shown on the attached Site Plan (Figure 7).

Existing Condition of the WRA

The existing condition of the on-site WRA was determined based on the presence of native vegetation, water features, and slope, consistent with CDC Section 32.050.F. The existing condition of the on-site WRA is described by one vegetation community, documented at Vegetated Corridor (VECO) Plot A. The data sheet for VECO Plot A is included in Appendix B, and the plot location is shown on Figure 7. The edge of tree canopy cover within the project area of the WRA is shown on Figure 7. Representative photos documenting the existing conditions of the site are included in Appendix C.

The vegetation community documented at VECO Plot A represents the vegetation along the north side of Wetland A within the project area. The dominant vegetation includes balsam poplar, a willow species (*Salix* species), and non-native tall false rye grass. The vegetation community associated with VECO Plot A is determined to be in marginal condition because the area is dominated by a non-native understory, although the canopy cover is comprised of native vegetation species. The condition of the WRA as a whole is in marginal condition as the tree canopy is not continuous and the herbaceous layer is dominated by non-native vegetation species.

Project

The project involves a PLA and a request for approval to construct a home on adjusted Tax Lot 802. This application does not include a request to physically construct the home but anticipates that a detached single-family residence will be built on Tax Lot 802 once this request is approved. Due to the extent of the on-site WRA and HCA, unavoidable permanent impacts are necessary to accommodate the home footprint, associated amenities, and utilities. The purpose of the PLA is to minimize impacts to the mapped

WRA/HCA area on-site. The project follows hardship provisions in CDC Sections 28.110 and 32.110 to allow construction of up to 5,000 square feet of maximum disturbed area (MDA). The project will not result in any wetland impact. The Site Plan is included as Figure 7.

Best management erosion and sediment control practices will be implemented to ensure no wetland impact. Erosion control details are shown in the land use submittal construction documents.

Impact Evaluation

WRA Impact Analysis

The project will result in unavoidable MDA into on-site WRA for the required grading and site preparation activities to facilitate future construction of the single-family dwelling. The PLA of Tax Lots 800 and 802 will not result in any impacts to the WRA. The project will avoid wetland impacts. The existing condition of the WRA is in marginal condition, dominant in non-native vegetation with native canopy cover. No tree canopy within the WRA is anticipated to be impacted by the project. The impacted canopy consists of balsam poplar that will be mitigated for through the WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specification (Appendix D). Due to the percentage of invasive and non-native species cover in the shrub and herbaceous stratum, the existing WRA provides low-quality buffer function to the wetland. WRA impacts for the eventual construction of a home are expected to have a minimal effect on the adjacent wetland. All MDA and non-MDA items are consistent with Table 32-5, MDA Calculation Summary, of the City's CDC.

Hardship Provisions

WRA

According to Section 32.110 Hardship Provisions, of the CDC, if a property is located on a lot of record and is partially or completely within WRA, development is permitted consistent with Section 32.110 requirements. The project meets all the hardship provisions listed in Section 32.110. The total on-site MDA within WRA is no more than 5,000 square feet. The footprint of the home site will be at least 15 feet away from the wetland boundary. The home cannot be located farther away from the wetland boundary due to the proximity of the wetland boundary to the northern property line.

HCA

The entire tax lot is within City/Metro-mapped Moderate/Medium HCA (not "Non-HCA" or "Habitat and Impact Areas Not Designated as HCA"). According to Section 28.110, Approval Criteria, of the City's CDC, when only HCA land is available to build upon, the project must meet all requirements under this Section. The total impervious surface of this project will be less than 5,000 square feet, meeting the minimum impervious surface disturbance area requirement listed under Section 28.110.B.2. The proposed home site and additional MDA surfaces are no closer than 15 feet from the wetland boundary.

Mitigation

WRA Enhancement Mitigation

To mitigate for the unavoidable permanent WRA/HCA impacts, the Site Plan incorporates enhancement mitigation located within the remaining project area on adjusted Tax Lot 802. This includes the remaining on-site 15-foot buffer. According to Section 32.090.C, Amount of Mitigation, the amount of mitigation required is based on the square footage of the permanent disturbance area, where 1 square foot of created, enhanced, or restored area on-site is required for every square foot disturbed. To mitigate the encroachments, the enhancement area will be densely planted with native woody vegetation per the

attached planting plan (Appendix D). The location of the proposed mitigation area is shown on attached Figure 7.

The mitigation is expected to improve the ecological functions described in Table 32-4, *Ecological Functions of WRA*, of the City's CDC, for the site. The study area's WRA is currently in marginal condition and is generally dominated by non-native species. The native tree and shrub plantings will provide a significant increase in native cover and wildlife habitat; increasing the sites ecological functions and values. The plant species and quantities are included in the WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications (Appendix D), which is consistent with Section 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements, of the City's CDC.

Summary of Results and Conclusions

The project consists of a PLA of Tax Lots 800 and 802 and the request for approval to site one single-family home on adjusted Tax Lot 802. The project will require impacts within WRA and Moderate Value HCA. The WRA buffer on site is currently in marginal condition. To mitigate for the WRA/HCA impacts, the project includes on-site enhancement mitigation, including a stormwater swale to provide a water quality benefit. The on-site enhancement mitigation meets the City's 1:1 mitigation ratio requirement. Hardship provisions are required due to the extent of WRA and HCA on the project site. All construction plans have carefully considered the City's criteria for development within such areas.

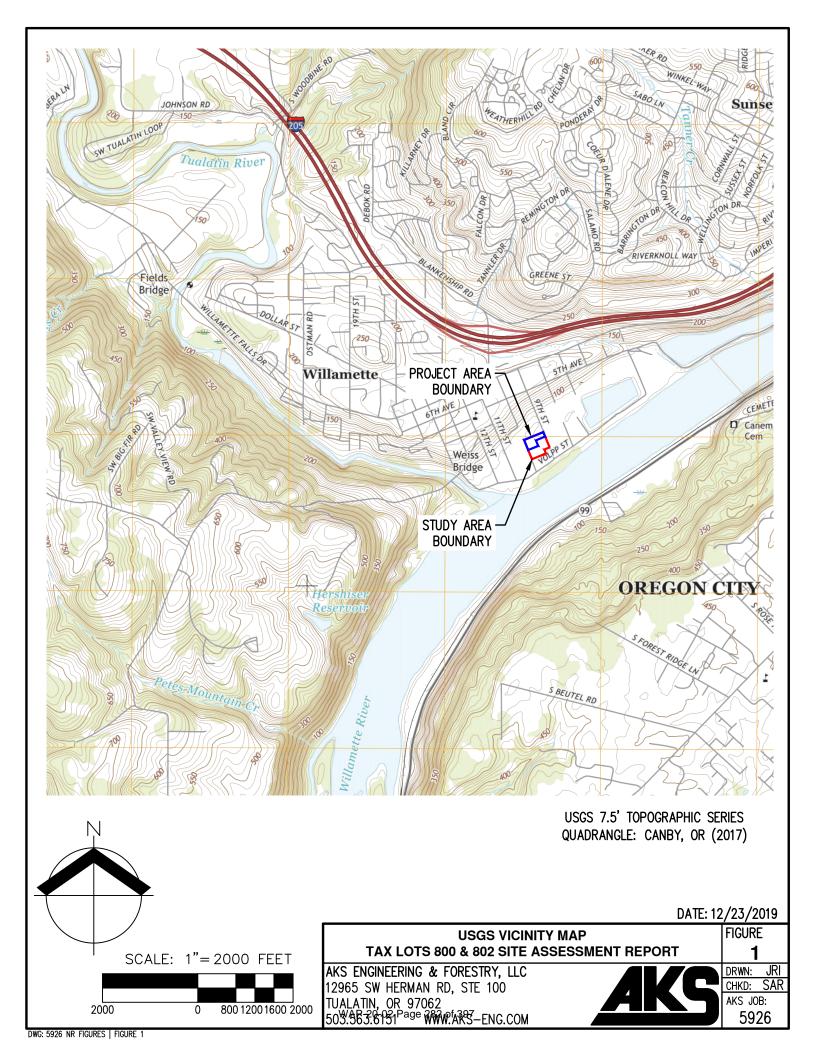
List of Preparers

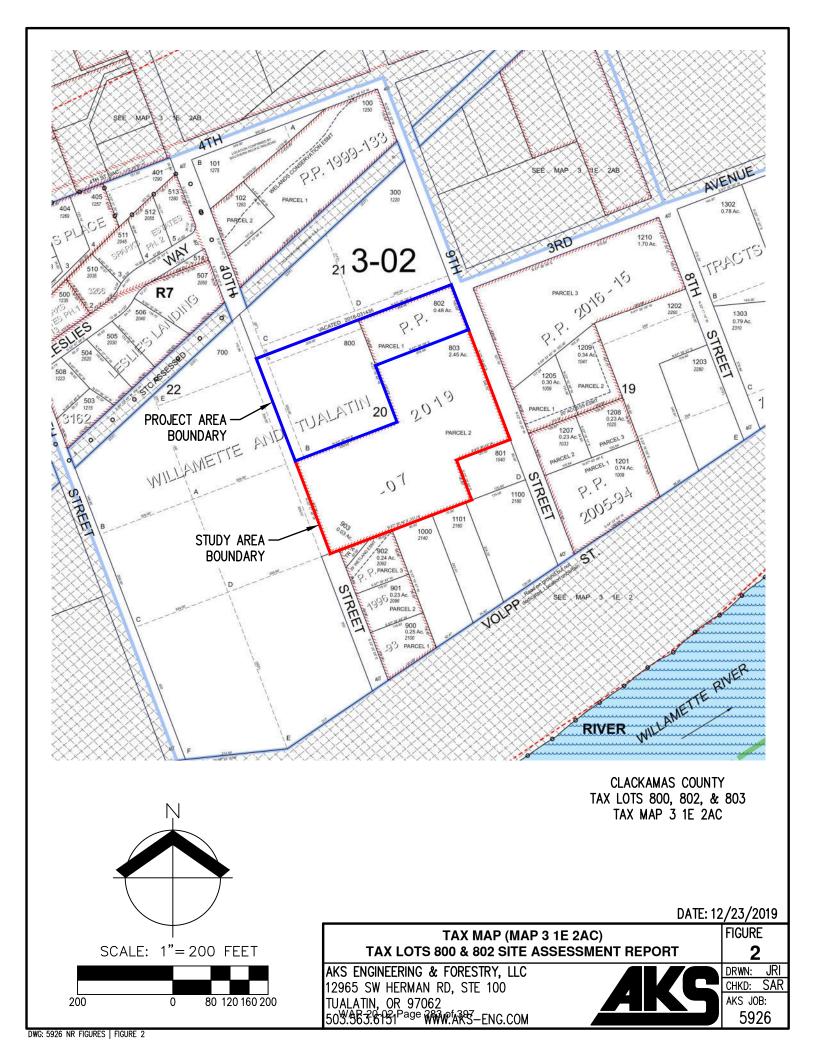
Hally Teach

Haley Teach, MS

Natural Resource Specialist

Fieldwork and Report Preparation

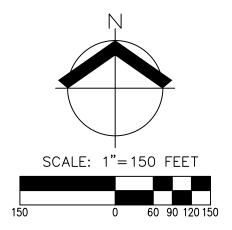






MAP UNIT SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME
19	CLOQUATO SILT LOAM; NON-HYDRIC
84	WAPATO SILTY CLAY LOAM; HYDRIC

NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY FOR CLACKAMAS COUNTY



NRCS SOIL SURVEY MAP
TAX LOTS 800 & 802 SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.563.6131^{Page} WWW.ARS—ENG.COM

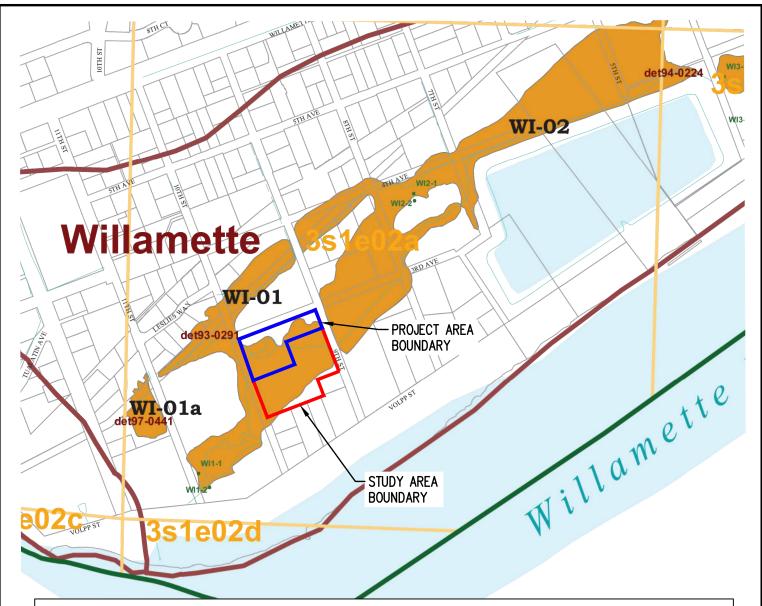


FIGURE 3

DATE: 12/23/2019

DRWN: JRI
CHKD: SAR
AKS JOB:

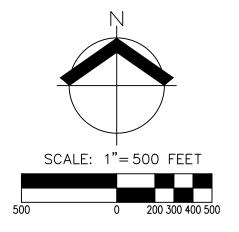
5926



Legend

- Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Field Verified Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Possible Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Wetland Sample Plots, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- → Potential Jurisdictional Drainages, West Linn GIS 2002
- Potential Jurisdictional Waters, West Linn GIS 2002
- Taxlot COGO, West Linn GIS 2002
- ☐ Basin Boundaries, Winterbrook Planning 2002

CITY OF WEST LINN LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY (2004)



LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY MAP
TAX LOTS 800 & 802 SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

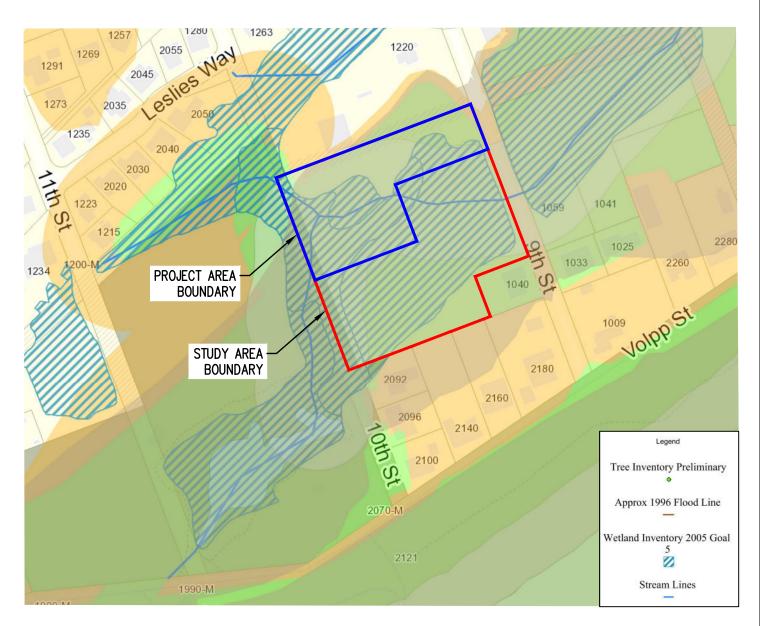
AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.563.6131Page WWW.FARS-ENG.COM AKS

FIGURE 4

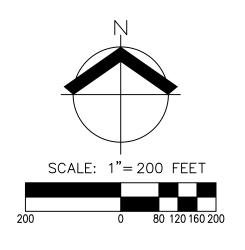
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AKS JOB: 5926



WEST LINN GIS
WATER RESOURCE AREA (WRA) MAP



CITY OF WEST LINN WRA MAP
TAX LOTS 800 & 802 SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

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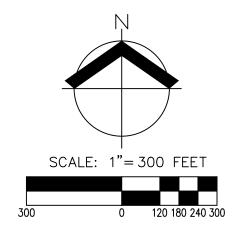
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CHKD: SAR
AKS JOB:

5926

DATE: 12/23/2019 | FIGURE



WEST LINN GIS
HABITAT CONSERVATION AREA (HCA) MAP



CITY OF WEST LINN HCA MAP
TAX LOTS 800 & 802 SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

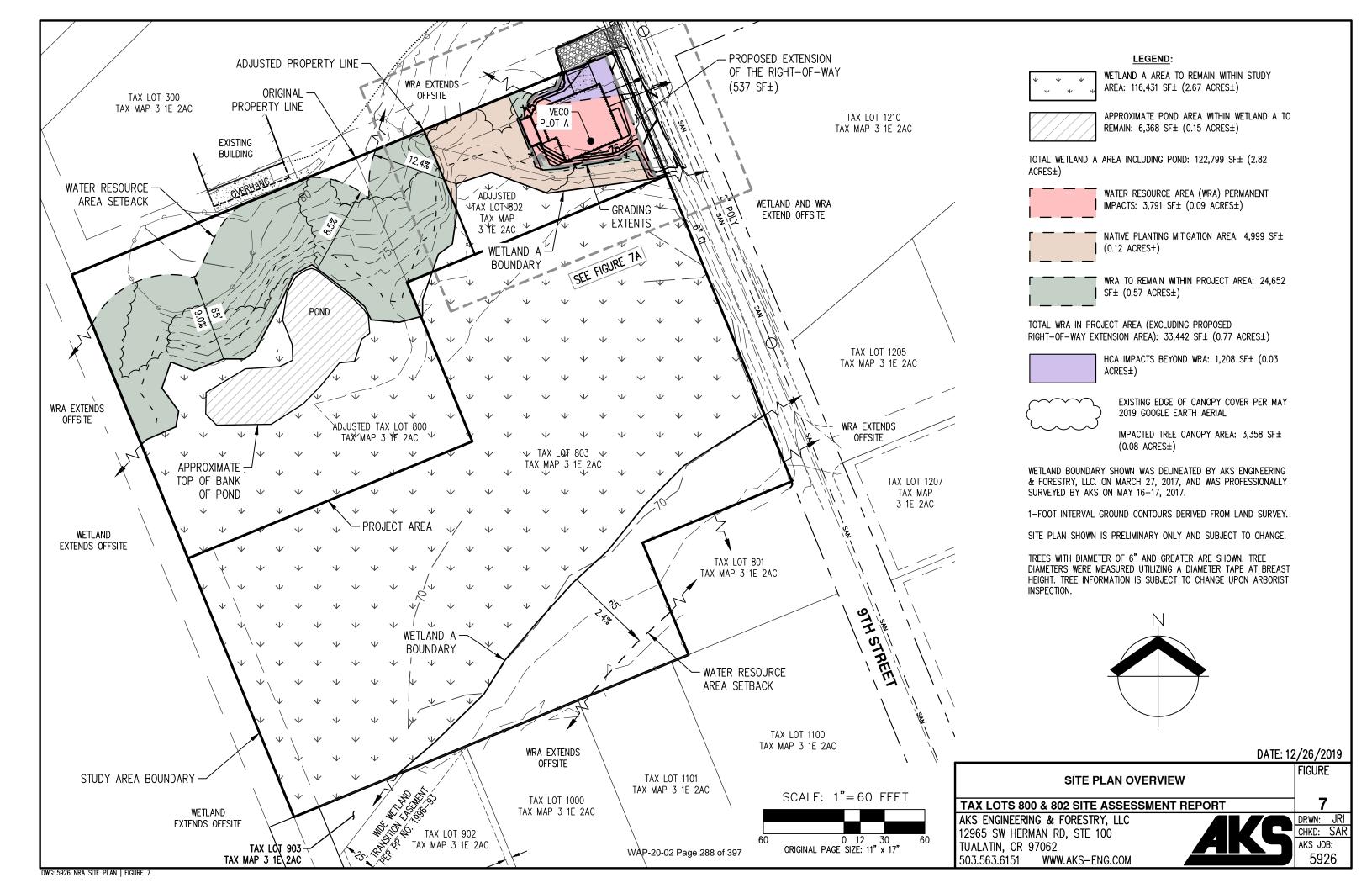
AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.563.6131Page WWW.1483-ENG.COM

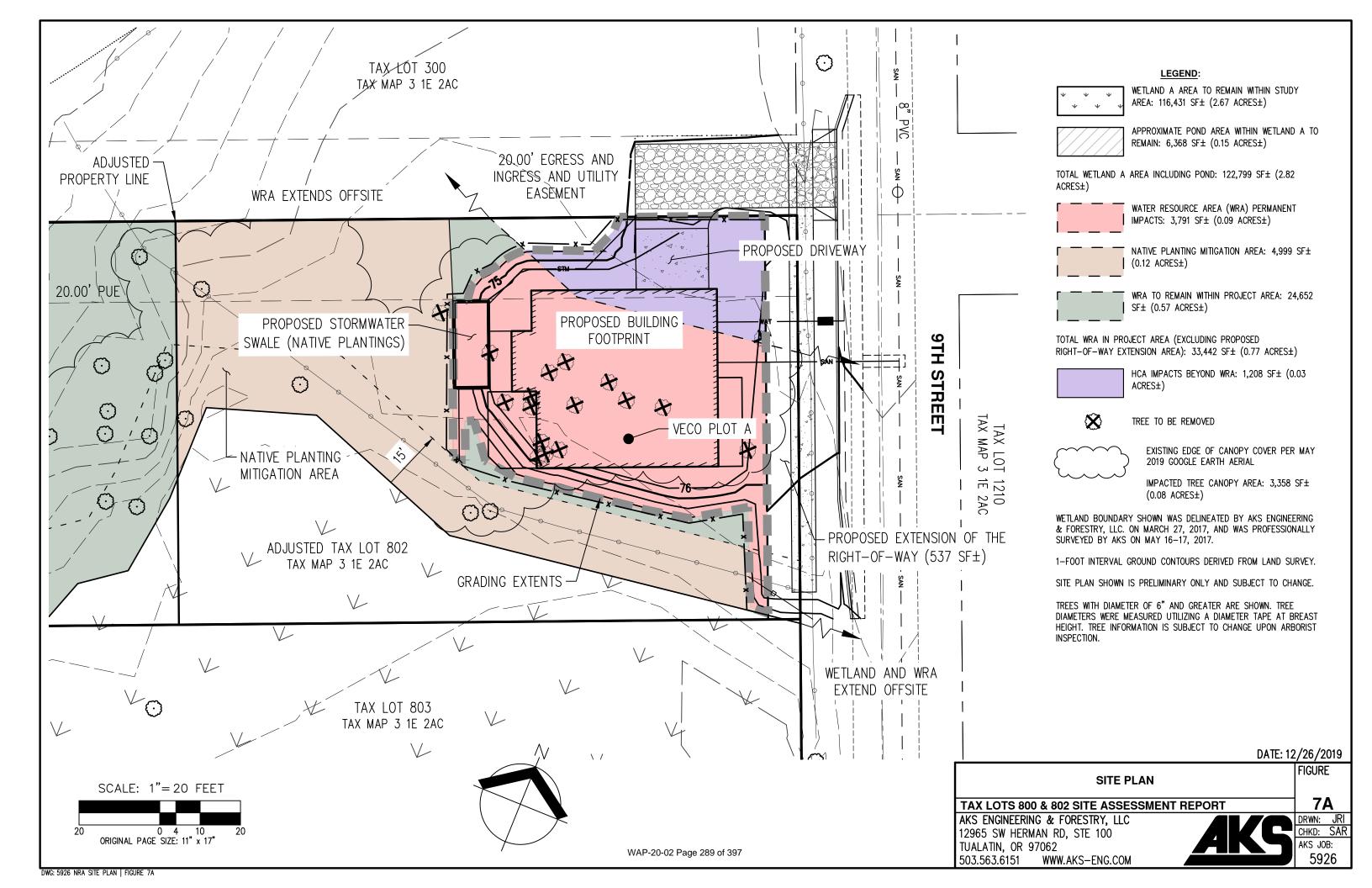


DATE: 12/23/2019 FIGURE FIGURE

> DRWN: JRI CHKD: SAR AKS JOB:

> > 5926







Appendix A: WD#2019-0614

WETLAND DELINEATION / DETERMINATION REPORT COVER FORM

Fully completed and signed report cover forms and applicable fees are required before report review timelines are initiated by the Department of State Lands. Make checks payable to the Oregon Department of State Lands. To pay fees by credit card, go online at: https://apps.oregon.gov/DSL/EPS/program?key=4.

Attach this completed and signed form to the front of an unbound report or include a hard copy with a digital version (single PDF file of the report cover form and report, minimum 300 dpi resolution) and submit to: **Oregon Department of State Lands, 775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301-1279.** A single PDF of the completed cover from and report may be e-mailed to: **Wetland_Delineation@dsl.state.or.us.** For submittal of PDF files larger than 10 MB, e-mail DSL instructions on how to access the file from your fto or other file sharing website.

Contact and Authorization Information						
Applicant	Business phone #					
Malibar Group, LLC	Mobile phone # (optional)					
Attn: Roy Marvin	E-mail: marvinfamily@aol.com					
615 NW Territorial Road	Consideration and State Constitution (Constitution Constitution Consti					
Canby, OR 97013						
Authorized Legal Agent, Name and Address (if different						
	Mobile phone # (optional) E-mail:					
a **	L-IIIaii.					
I either own the property described below or I have legal authority	to allow access to the property Lauthorize the Department to access the					
property for the purpose of confirming the information in the repo	rt, after prior notification to the primary contact.					
Typed/Printed Name: Roy marvin	Signature: 74/1/1/1/1/					
Date: 11/05/2019 Special instructions regarding s	ite access:					
Project and Site Information						
Project Name: Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803	Latitude: 45.341461 Longitude: -122.647849					
	decimal degree - centroid of site or start & end points of linear project					
Proposed Use: Residential	Tax Map #3S 1E 2AC					
rvesider ittal	Tax Lot(s) 800, 802, 803					
	Tax Map #					
Project Street Address (or other descriptive location):	Tax Lot(s)					
West of 9th Street and north of 1040 9th Street.	Township 3S Range 1E Section 2 QQ AC					
	Use separate sheet for additional tax and location information					
City: West Linn County: Clackamas	Waterway: NA River Mile: NA					
Wetland Delineation Information						
Wetland Consultant Name, Firm and Address:	Phone # (503) 563-6151					
AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC Stacey Reed, PWS	Mobile phone # (if applicable) E-mail: staceyr@aks-eng.com					
12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100	E-mail: staceyr@aks-eng.com					
Tualatin, OR 97062						
The information and conclusions on this form and in the attached report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.						
Consultant Signature: Staly Rood Date: 11/14/2019						
Primary Contact for report-review and site access is X	Consultant					
Wetland/Waters Present?	ea size: 4.16 Total Wetland Acreage: 2.8200					
Check Applicable Boxes Below						
R-F permit application submitted	X Fee payment submitted \$ 454					
☐ Mitigation bank site ☐ Fee (\$100) for resubmittal of rejected report						
☐ Industrial Land Gertification Program Site ☐ Request for Reissuance. See eligibility criteria. (no fee)						
☐ Wetland restoration/enhancement project ☐ DSL # Expiration date						
(not mitigation)						
☐ Previous delineation/application on parcel						
If known, previous DSL # Wetland ID code WI-01						
For Office Use Only						
DSL Reviewer: Fee Paid Date:	// DSL WD#					
Date Delineation Received:// Scanne	d: □ Electronic: □ DSL App.#					

Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 West Linn, Oregon Wetland Delineation Report

Date: October 8, 2019

Prepared for: Malibar Group, LLC

Attn: Roy Marvin 615 NW Territorial Road

Canby, OR 97013

Prepared By: AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC

Haley Teach, MS, Natural Resource Specialist

Site Information: Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803

T3S, R1W, Section 2AC Clackamas County West Linn, Oregon

AKS Project: #5926



12965 SW Herman Road, Suite 100 Tualatin, OR 97062 (503) 563-6151

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- **D.** Wetland Determination Data Forms
- **E.** Site Photographs

Introduction

This report was prepared by AKS Engineering & Forestry, LLC (AKS) in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 141-090-0030 and OAR 141-090-0035 (1-17). The report describes the results of a wetland delineation conducted on Tax Lots 800, 802, and 803 of Clackamas County Assessor's Tax Map 3 1E 2AC, which is located near 1220 9^{th} Street in West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon (Figures 1-2 in Appendix A). The study area for the wetland delineation is ± 4.16 acres and is shown in Figures 1-5 in Appendix A.

The on-site boundary of one palustrine forested/emergent (PFO/PEM) wetland (referred to as Wetland A) was delineated within the study area. Wetland A extends off-site to the west and to the east within the 9th Street right-of-way.

A. Landscape Setting and Land Use

The study area consists of an undeveloped field with a forested riparian area in the north. The site is mapped within the FEMA 100-year floodplain. The tax lot to the north (Tax lot 300) also contains a corral and fenced area, as it is currently used for horses. The wetland on-site features a dominant vegetative community of reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*, FACW), yellow-skunk-cabbage (*Lysichiton americanus*, OBL), field meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*, FAC), and creeping buttercup (*Ranunculus repens*, FAC). The forested portion of the study area is dominated by balsam poplar (*Populus balsamifera*, FAC), Pacific ninebark (*Physocarpus capitatus*, FACW), tall false rye grass (*Schedonorus arundinaceus*, FAC), and reed canary grass (FACW). A subtle depression (i.e. pond) is present in the northern portion of the delineated wetland. The pond was shallow (less than 5 feet deep) and lacked vegetation during the March 2017 site visit. Topography on-site consists of a slight, south-facing hillslope (less than 25% slope).

According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Clackamas County Area Soil Survey Map, the following soil units are mapped within the study area, (Figure 3 in Appendix A):

- (Unit 19) Cloquato silt loam Non-hydric; with 2% hydric Wapato inclusions and 1% hydric Aquolls inclusions in flood plains
- (Unit 84) Wapato silty clay loam Hydric; with 6% hydric Cove inclusions and 4% hydric Humaguepts inclusions in flood plains

B. Site Alterations

Historical aerial images dating from 1994 to 2018 were obtained from Google Earth and are included in Appendix B. According to historical imagery, the study area has been undeveloped since as early as 1994. The pond appears to be present in the 1994 aerial and it does not seem to have changed the extent of the wetland on-site. Additionally, the pond appears to contain surface water year-round. No recent site alterations appear to have taken place since our March 27, 2017 site visit.

C. Precipitation Data and Analysis

Observed precipitation data were obtained from the National Weather Service (NWS) Portland station. The closest WETS (wetlands climate analysis) station to the project site is the Portland KGW-TV station.

According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received the day of the March 27, 2017 site visit and 4.08 inches were received for the two weeks prior. Observed water year-to-date (starting October 1, 2016) was 41.24 inches, which was 15.33 inches above normal. Table 1 shows antecedent

rainfall according to the NWS Portland station for the three months prior to the March 27, 2017 site visit (raw data included in Appendix C).

Table 1. Precipitation Data – Monthly Averages Based on the Climate Period 1971-2000 (Inches)

Observed Precipitation (Inches)	Average	30% Chance Will Have		Condition	Condition Value	Manth	Multiply Previous
		Less Than	More Than	Dry, Wet, Normal	(1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet)	Weight	Two Columns
7.01	4.44	3.39	5.17	Wet	3	3	9
10.36	5.29	3.57	6.32	Wet	3	2	6
4.13	6.05	3.77	7.31	Normal	2	1	2
						Sum	17
							Wetter
	Precipitation (Inches) 7.01 10.36	Precipitation (Inches) Average 7.01 4.44 10.36 5.29	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than 7.01 4.44 3.39 10.36 5.29 3.57	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than More Than 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32	Observed Precipitation (Inches)AverageHaveCondition Dry, Wet, Normal7.014.443.395.17Wet10.365.293.576.32Wet	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Than Less Than More Than Dry, Wet, Normal Than Value (1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet) 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 Wet 3 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32 Wet 3	Observed Precipitation (Inches) Average Have Condition Dry, Wet, Than Value (1=dry, 2=normal, 3=wet) Month Weight 7.01 4.44 3.39 5.17 Wet 3 3 10.36 5.29 3.57 6.32 Wet 3 2 4.13 6.05 3.77 7.31 Normal 2 1

According to the WETS table, monthly observed precipitation for the area was wetter than normal for the three months preceding the site visit. Rainfall was above average in February and March 2017. According to the Portland WETS table, the growing season is defined as January 30 to December 24. The March 27, 2017 site visit was conducted within the growing season.

D. Methods

The methodology used to determine the presence of wetlands followed the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0). The National Wetland Plant List 2016 (Lichvar, 2016) was used to assign wetland indicator status for the appropriate region.

Field work was conducted on March 27, 2017 by AKS Senior Wetland Scientist, Stacey Reed, PWS, and Natural Resource Specialist, Haley Teach, MS. Soils, vegetation, and indicators of hydrology were recorded at five sample plot locations on standardized wetland determination data forms (Appendix D) to document site conditions.

Representative ground-level site photographs are included in Appendix E. References cited and literature used are listed at the end of this report.

F. Description of Wetland

Wetland A

Wetland A is a mostly a palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland, with a portion that is forested. An 18-inch concrete culvert under 9th Street connects hydrology associated with the wetland located east of 9th Street. A pond is present in the northwestern corner of Wetland A and is located entirely within the wetland boundary. The approximate location of the pond is shown on Figure 5. Scattered ponding was observed throughout the wetland during the March 27, 2017 site visit.

The PFO portion of the wetland was dominated by balsam poplar (FAC), Pacific ninebark (FACW), reed canary grass (FACW), and yellow-skunk-cabbage (OBL). The PEM portion of the wetland was dominated by field meadow-foxtail (FAC), reed canary grass (FACW) and creeping buttercup (FAC). Soils in the wetland met hydric soil indicators F3 Depleted Matrix and F6 Redox Dark Surface. Wetland plots (Plots 2

and 4) documented a groundwater table within the surface 12 inches during the March 2017 site visit. Plot 4 had ¼-inch of surface water present.

The wetland boundary was defined by a change in landform from a low-elevation concave wetland to a slightly higher elevation and convex landform north of the wetland. The change in landform coincided with a change in vegetation from hydrophytic species such as reed canary grass (FACW) and yellow-skunk-cabbage (OBL) in the wetland to tall false rye grass (FAC) and a blue grass (*Poa species*, FAC) in the upland. The upland north and south of Wetland A lacked hydric soil indicators. Upland plots (Plot 3 and Plot 5) contained a high groundwater table due to the above-average rainfall within the two weeks prior to the site visit.

F. Deviation from LWI

According to the City of West Linn's Local Wetland Inventory (LWI) map, a field-verified wetland and drainage are mapped on-site (Figure 4). Our study determined the mapped wetland and pond to be in the approximate location of Wetland A. A drainage was not observed on site.

G. Mapping Method

The locations for Plots 1-5 and the Wetland A boundary were flagged in the field and professionally land surveyed by AKS. Wetland A and Plots 1-5 are shown on Figure 5 Wetland Delineation Map in Appendix A.

H. Additional Information

Wetland A would likely be determined jurisdictional to DSL. The wetland continues off-site to the southwest and drains to the Willamette River (Waters of the U.S.); therefore, Wetland A would likely be determined jurisdictional to USACE.

I. Summary of Results and Conclusions

Table 2 below provides a summary of the on-site sizes of the features, hydrologic connections to other nearby waters, the Cowardin and HGM classifications for the wetlands, latitude and longitude of center of each feature, and our prediction of whether each feature would likely be determined jurisdictional by DSL or the USACE.

Table 2. Summary of Study Results and Conclusions

Potentially Jurisdictional Feature	Size (acres)	Cowardin Class	HGM Subclass / Flow Regime	Connection to Other Waters	DSL/ USACE Predicted Jurisdiction	Latitude and Longitude
Wetland A	2.82	PFO/PEM	Slope	Willamette River	DSL & USACE	45.341489 -122.647822

J. Required Disclaimer

This report documents the investigation, best professional judgment, and conclusions of the investigators. It is correct and complete to the best of our knowledge. It should be considered a Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination of wetlands and other waters and used at your own risk, unless it has been reviewed and approved in writing by the Oregon Department of State Lands in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 141-090-0005 through 141-090-0055.

K. List of Preparers

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Natural Resource Specialist

Fieldwork and Report Preparation

Stacey Reed, PWS

Senior Wetland Scientist

Stacey Reed.

Fieldwork and Report QA/QC

Literature Cited and Referenced

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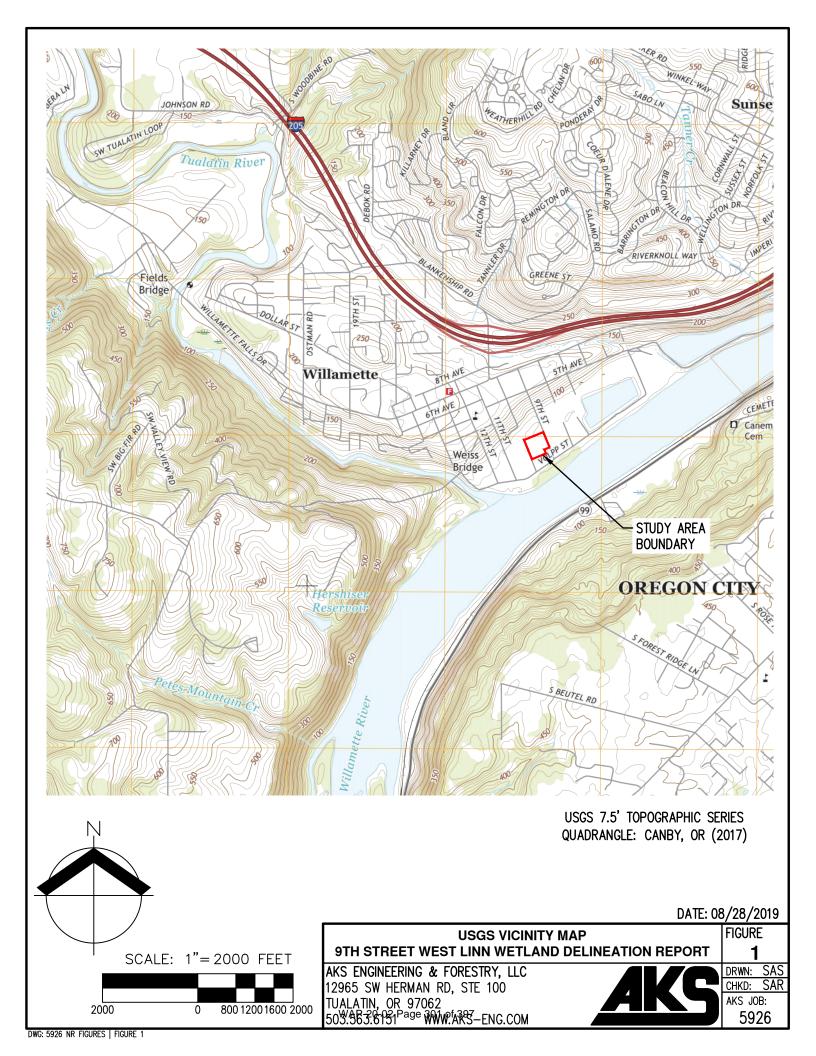
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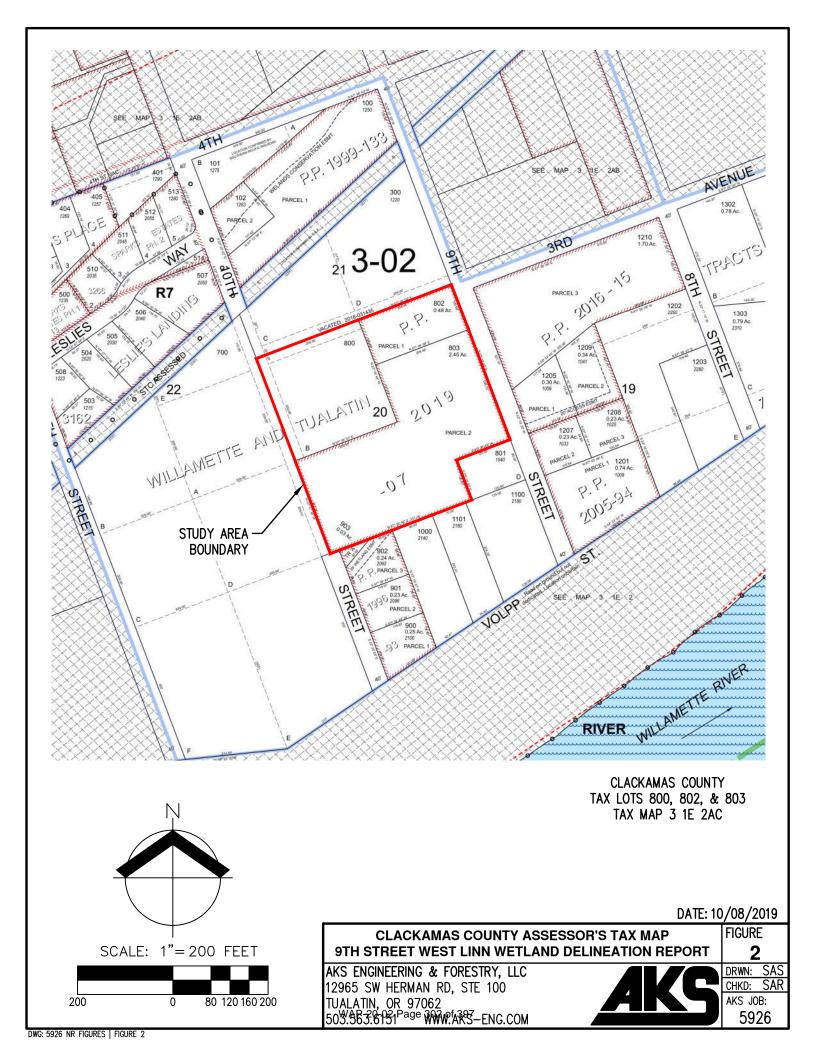


X-Rite. 2000. Year 2000 revised washable edition, Munsell soil color charts. Grand Rapids (MI): X-Rite.



Appendix A: Maps

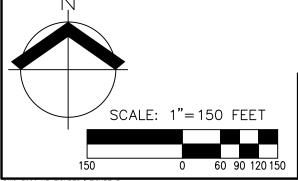






MAP UNIT	SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME
19		CLOQUATO SILT LOAM; NON-HYDRIC
84		WAPATO SILTY CLAY LOAM; HYDRIC

NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY FOR CLACKAMAS COUNTY



NRCS SOIL SURVEY MAP
9TH STREET WEST LINN WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

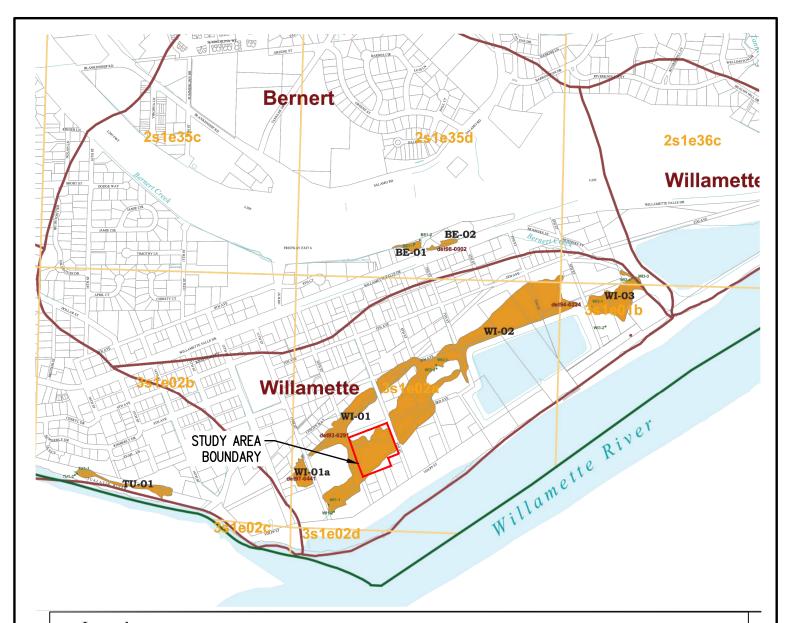
AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.563.6131 Page WWW.ARS—ENG.COM

<u>AKS</u>

DATE: 08/28/2019
FIGURE
PORT 3

DRWN: SAS
CHKD: SAR

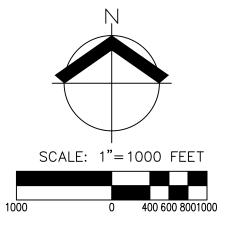
AKS JOB: 5926



Legend

- Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Field Verified Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Possible Wetlands, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Wetland Sample Plots, Winterbrook Planning 2002
- Potential Jurisdictional Drainages, West Linn GIS 2002
- Potential Jurisdictional Waters, West Linn GIS 2002
- Taxlot COGO, West Linn GIS 2002
- Basin Boundaries, Winterbrook Planning 2002

CITY OF WEST LINN LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY (2004)



LOCAL WETLAND INVENTORY MAP

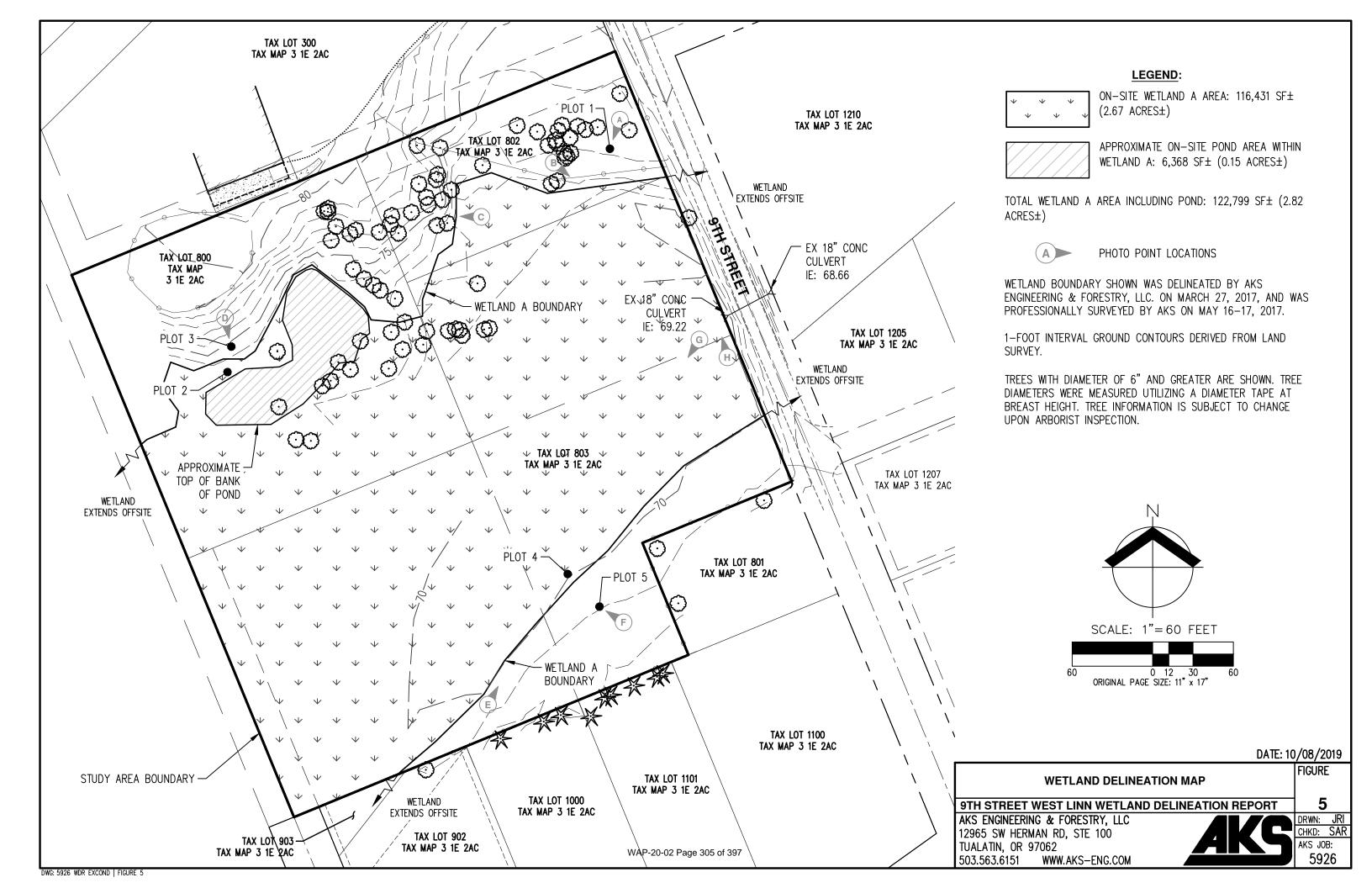
9TH STREET WEST LINN WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

AKS ENGINEERING & FORESTRY, LLC 12965 SW HERMAN RD, STE 100 TUALATIN, OR 97062 503.983.6131 Page WWW.14KS-ENG.COM

DATE: 08/28/2019 **FIGURE**

> SAS SAR DRWN: CHKD:

AKS JOB: 5926





Appendix B: Historical Aerial Photographs

















Appendix C: Precipitation Data

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

532 CXUS56 KPQR 090229 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: **JANUARY** YEAR: 2017 LATITUDE: 45 35 N LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

TEMPERATURE IN F:				:	:PCPN:		SNOW:	WIN	ND		:SUNS	SHINE	: SK	Y	:PK W	NND		
1	2	3	4	5	6A	6B	7	8	9 127	10 1VG	11 мұ	12 2MIN	13	14	15	16	17	18
DY	MAX	MIN	AVG	DEP	HDD	CDD	WTR	SNW	DPTH				MIN	PSBL	S-S	WX	SPD	DR
1	40	32	36	-4	29	-	0.05	Т	0			210	М	М	•	1		210
2	35	29	32	-8	33	-	0.00	0.0	0	19.4			М	М	8		36	90
3	34	27	31	-9	34	-	0.00	0.0	0	23.1			М	М	1		45	80
4	33	27	30	-10	35	0	0.00	0.0	0	21.2	2 33	80	М	М	5		48	70
5	35	17	26	-14	39	0	0.00	0.0	0	7.1	L 15	120	М	М	0		18	130
6	34	17	26	-14	39	0	0.00	0.0	0	12.7	7 20	110	М	М	1		24	130
7	30	24	27	-13	38	0	0.02	0.4	Т	17.6	36	100	М	М	10	16	44	100
8	34	28	31	-10	34	0	0.53	0.0	0	15.2	2 32	100	М	М	10	16	42	100
9	41	30	36	-5	29	0	0.28	0.0	0	9.8	3 17	190	М	М	10	16	23	180
10	38	31	35	-6	30	0	0.65	6.5	0	13.3	3 28	100	М	М	10	1	35	100
11	32	26	29	-12	36	0	0.07	1.5	7	12.2	2 24	90	Μ	М	10	1	29	90
12	33	18	26	-15	39	0	0.00	0.0	6	5.6	13	130	Μ	М	4		15	130
13	29	11	20	-21	45	0	0.00	0.0	5	6.8	3 17	120	Μ	М	7	1	21	130
14	29	19	24	-17	41	0	0.00	0.0	5	14.2	2 23	120	Μ	М	2		29	110
15	28	19	24	-17	41	0	0.00	0.0	4	10.9	23	140	Μ	М	4		25	140
16	29	22	26	-16	39	0	0.00	0.0	4	14.2	2 22	130	Μ	М	8		26	130
17	34	24	29	-13	36	0	0.70	0.0	3	18.2	2 32	120	Μ	М	9	16	36	110
18	47	33	40	-2	25	0	1.06	0.0	3	15.6	30	110	Μ	М	10	1	35	110
19	52	35	44	2	21	0	Т	0.0	Т	11.9	23	200	М	M WAP-2	8 0-02 F	Page 3	28 15 of 397	,210

```
0 11.4 20 120
                                                 10 1
                                                         23 120
            -2
               25
                   0 0.26
                        0.0
             0
21
   47
      36
         42
               23
                   0 0.33
                        0.0
                              0 11.6 22 110
                                                  8 1
                                                         25 120
22
                              0 9.9 23
                                                         26 70
   46
      36
            -1
               24
                   0 0.15
                         0.0
                                                  9 1
23
   50
      32
         41
            -1
               24
                         0.0
                                5.8 15
                                                           90
                   0
                                      80
                                                         18
   41
      26
         34
            -8
               31
                                    8 290
                                                         10 290
                         0.0
                              0 2.7
                                                  6 1
25
   45
      35
         40
            -2
               25
                   0 0.01
                          М
                                2.7
                                    9 100
                                                 10 1
                                                         10 100
26
   48
      35
         42
            0
               23
                         0.0
                                4.2 10 110
                                                  8 1
                                                         11 110
27
   48
      29
         39
            -3
               26
                   0 0.00
                         0.0
                                 6.7 16 120
                                                  5 12
                                                         20 110
28
   44
      31
         38
            -4
               27
                   0 0.00
                         0.0
                              0 8.0 17 120
                                                         20 110
29
   46
      33
         40
            -2
               25
                   0 0.01
                         0.0
                              0 7.5 17 110
                                                  9 1
                                                         21 120
30
      35
            -3
               25
                         0.0
                              0 4.0 12 110
                                                 10 1
                                                         13 120
     33 37
           -6 28
                   0 0.01 0.0
                              0 7.9 16 80
                                                 8 1
                                                         21 70
______
SM 1209 867
              969
                   0 4.13
                            8.4 338.0
                                                222
______
AV 39.0 28.0
                                                     MAX(MPH)
                                10.9 FASTST
                         MISC ---> # 36 100
                                                    # 48
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: JANUARY
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

```
[TEMPERATURE DATA]
                        [PRECIPITATION DATA]
                                                   SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
AVERAGE MONTHLY: 33.5
                        TOTAL FOR MONTH:
                                                   1 = FOG OR MIST
                                           4.13
DPTR FM NORMAL: -7.9
                        DPTR FM NORMAL:
                                          -0.75
                                                   2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY
            52 ON 19
HIGHEST:
                        GRTST 24HR 1.06 ON 18-18
                                                       TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS
LOWEST:
            11 ON 13
                                                   3 = THUNDER
                                                   4 = ICE PELLETS
                        SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL
                        TOTAL MONTH:
                                       8.4 INCHES 5 = HAIL
                        GRTST 24HR
                                     6.5 ON 10-10
                                                  6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE
                        GRTST DEPTH:
                                     7 ON 11
                                                   7 = DUSTSTORM OR SANDSTORM:
                                                       VSBY 1/2 MILE OR LESS
                                                   8 = SMOKE OR HAZE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]
                        [WEATHER - DAYS WITH]
                                                   9 = BLOWING SNOW
                                                   X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW:
                        0.01 INCH OR MORE: 14
                        0.10 INCH OR MORE:
MAX 90 OR ABOVE:
                   0
                                             8
```

4

1

0.50 INCH OR MORE:

1.00 INCH OR MORE:

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21

MIN 32 OR BELOW:

MIN Ø OR BELOW:

```
[HDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
                       CLEAR (SCALE 0-3) 4
                969
DPTR FM NORMAL
                237
                       PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 13
TOTAL FM JUL 1 2533
                       CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 14
DPTR FM NORMAL
                 69
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                       HIGHEST SLP M ON M
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       LOWEST SLP 29.09 ON 20
[REMARKS]
#FINAL-01-17#
```

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

039 CXUS56 KPQR 011200 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: **FEBRUARY** YEAR: 2017 LATITUDE: 45 35 N LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

TEMPERATURE IN F:				:	:PCPN:		SNOW:	WIN	ND		:SUNS	SHINE	: SK	Y	:PK	ND_		
1	2	3	4	5	6A	6B	7	8	9 127	10 AVG	11 MY	12 2MIN	13	14	15	16	17	18
DY	MAX	MIN	AVG	DEP	HDD	CDD	WTR	SNW	DPTH				MIN	PSBL	S-S	WX	SPD	DR
1	41	35	38	-5	27	_	0.00	0.0	_			100	М	М	7		50	80
2	39	32	36	-7		0	T	T	0				М	М	9		51	90
3	34	31	33	-10	32	-	0.55	0.0	0			100	М	М		146		110
4	52	33	43	0	22	-	0.59	0.0	0			200	М	М		_	26	200
5	46	34	40	-3	25	-	2.19	T	0			230	М	М	10	1	21	
6	44	33	39	-4	26	-	0.04	0.0	0			200	М	М	8	1	28	190
7	39	32	36	-7		-	0.08	Т	0			120	М	М	10	12		120
8	37	35	36	-7		-	1.01	0.0	0		_	110	М	М	10	1		120
9	59	37	48	5	17	-	0.96	0.0	0			220	М	М	8	13		210
10	51	36	44	1	21	0	0.09	0.0	0	9.5		240	М	М	8			240
11	53	35	44	1	21	0	Т	0.0	0	1.5	5 7	120	М	М	7		-	130
12	51	31	41	-2	24	0	0.00	0.0	0	3.4	1 10	290	М	М	8	12	13	280
13	53	29	41	-3	24	0	0.00	0.0	0	10.6	21	120	М	М	1	1	25	120
14	50	33	42	-2	23	0	0.01	0.0	0	10.8	3 28	110	М	М	6		33	120
15	43	38	41	-3	24	0	0.98	0.0	0	17.2	2 25	120	Μ	М	10	1	32	120
16	49	41	45	1	20	0	1.70	0.0	0	10.1	L 22	110	Μ	М	10	1	30	250
17	57	40	49	5	16	0	Т	0.0	0	3.5	5 13	90	Μ	М	8	12	16	70
18	46	40	43	-1	22	0	0.25	0.0	0	6.6	13	110	Μ	М	10	1	16	110
19	51	40	46	2	19	0	0.27	0.0	0	10.5	5 24	180	М	M WAP-2	9 0-02 F	1 age 3	38 318 of 39	180

```
M 10 1
                 0 0.81 0.0
                           0 6.5 18 210
                                                   23 210
           1
             20
  48
     36
        42
           -2
                           0 3.7 17 190
                                             9 1
                                                   21 190
             23
                 0 0.52 0.0
22
  45
     31
        38
          -6
             27
                      0.0
                           0 2.4 13 300
                                             9 12
                                                   16 300
     32
        38
          -7
23
  44
             27
                    Т
                           0 3.6 10 300
                                             8 18
                                                   13 300
     32
        37
                      0.0
           -8
             28
                 0 0.07
                           0 6.1 14 110
                                             9 1
                                                   17 100
  48
     31
        40
25
           -5
             25
                 0 0.05
                      0.0
                           0 3.0 9 160
                                             8 1
                                                   11 310
     35
        39
          -6
             26
                 0 0.14
                      0.0
                           0 8.8 17 180
                                            10 1
                                                   23 180
                                                   23 210
27
  45
     36
       41
          -4
             24
                 0 0.03
                      0.0
                           0 7.7 18 210
                                          M 10
  50 36 43 -3 22
                 0 0.02 0.0
                           0 5.3 15 240
                                                   20 240
______
SM 1309 974
             672
                0 10.36
                            262.1
                                            240
______
                             9.4 FASTST
AV 46.8 34.8
                                                MAX(MPH)
                       MISC ----> # 40 90
                                               # 51 90
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: **FEBRUARY** YEAR: 2017 LATITUDE: 45 35 N LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

[TEMPERATURE DATA]	[PRECIPITATION DATA]	SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
DPTR FM NORMAL: -3.0	GRTST 24HR 2.19 ON 5-5 SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL TOTAL MONTH: T	2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS 3 = THUNDER 4 = ICE PELLETS 5 = HAIL 6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]	[WEATHER - DAYS WITH]	8 = SMOKE OR HAZE 9 = BLOWING SNOW X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW: 0	0.01 INCH OR MORE: 20	
MAX 90 OR ABOVE: 0	0.10 INCH OR MORE: 12	
MIN 32 OR BELOW: 9	0.50 INCH OR MORE: 9	
MIN 0 OR BELOW: 0	1.00 INCH OR MORE: 3	
[HDD (BASE 65)] TOTAL THIS MO. 672	CLEAR (SCALE 0-3) 1	WAP-20-02 Page 319 of 397

WAP-20-02 Page 319 of 397

#FINAL-02-17#

```
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 9
                78
                       CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 18
TOTAL FM JUL 1 3205
DPTR FM NORMAL
               147
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                       HIGHEST SLP 30.54 ON 11
                  0
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       LOWEST SLP 29.22 ON 5
[REMARKS]
```

WAP-20-02 Page 320 of 397

Explanation of the Preliminary Monthly Climate Data (F6) Product

These data are preliminary and have not undergone final quality control by the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). Therefore, these data are subject to revision. Final and certified climate data can be accessed at the NCDC - http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov.

WFO Monthly/Daily Climate Data

624 CXUS56 KPQR 011200 CF6PDX PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6)

STATION: PORTLAND OR

MONTH: MARCH
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

TEMPERATURE IN F:				;	:PCPN:	9	SNOW:	WIN	ID		:SUNS	SHINE	: SK	′	:PK W	ND		
===	====	====	====	====	====	====	=====	====	=====	====	===	====:	====		====	====		====
1	2	3	4	5	6A	6B	7	8	9 127	10 AVG	11 MY	12 2MIN	13	14	15	16	17	18
DY	MAX	MIN	AVG	DEP	HDD	CDD	WTR	SNW					MIN	PSBL	S-S	WX	SPD	DR
==:	====	====	====	====	====	====	=====	====	=====	====	===	====	====		====	====		====
1	51	40	46	0	19	0	Т	0.0	0	9.6	17	200	М	М	10		21	200
2	51	36	44	-2	21	0	0.06	0.0	0	8.8	3 17	200	М	М	9		20	190
3	53	43	48	2	17	0	0.11	0.0	0	12.7	⁷ 24	200	М	М	10	1	32	170
4	47	35	41	-5	24	0	0.14	0.0	0	7.6	23	200	Μ	М	9	1	27	210
5	47	36	42	-4	23	0	0.09	0.0	0	14.2	2 26	200	М	М	8	1	35	220
6	46	34	40	-6	25	0	0.11	Т	0	11.1	21	230	М	М	8	13	26	210
7	50	40	45	-2	20	0	0.49	0.0	0	11.3	20	200	М	М	9	1	26	200
8	47	41	44	-3	21	0	0.43	0.0	0	2.9	8 (280	М	М	10	1	11	290
9	58	41	50	3	15	0	0.53	0.0	0	7.3	3 23	200	М	М	10	1	31	210
10	60	44	52	5	13	0	Т	0.0	0	8.4	- 23	220	М	М	7	1	29	240
11	58	39	49	2	16	0	0.30	0.0	0	8.6	21	230	М	М	9	1	26	220
12	61	46	54	6	11	0	0.00	0.0	0	6.4	· 15	120	М	М	8		18	120
13	53	47	50	2	15	0	0.73	0.0	0	8.7	21	120	М	М	10	1	24	120
14	57	49	53	5	12	0	0.62	0.0	0	10.7	22	120	М	М	8	1	26	120
15	57	45	51	3	14	0	0.51	0.0	0	12.8	31	200	М	М	10	1	40	210
16	55	37	46	-2	19	0	0.00	0.0	0	3.9	10	300	М	М	5		13	300
17	48	37	43	-5	22	0	0.35	М	0	8.2	24	120	М	М	9	1	29	120
18	55	36	46	-3	19	0	0.36	М	0	8.2	2 21	120	М	М	8	1	27	120
19	57	32	45	-4	20	0	0.00	0.0	0	4.1	13	310	М	M WAP-2	6 0-02 F	Page 3	16 21 of 397	,300

```
0 11.5 25 100
                                                         32 100
      38
         47
            -2 18
                   0 0.11
                        0.0
21
   57
      44
         51
             2
               14
                   0 0.23
                         0.0
                              0 12.8 30 110
                                                  9 13
                                                         35 100
22
   55
                              0 10.2 22 230
                                                  7 58
                                                         28 190
      42
               16
                   0.08
                         0.0
23
   58
      41
         50
            1 15
                   0 0.32
                         0.0
                              0 9.0 16 120
                                                  9 1
                                                         21 120
   53
      46
         50
            1 15
                   0 0.77
                              0 10.8 20 210
                                                  9 1
                                                         25 200
25
   55
      41
         48
            -2 17
                                6.5 14 230
                                                  8
                                                         18 200
                                                 10 1
26
   50
      44
         47
            -3
               18
                   0 0.66
                          М
                              0 9.1 18 110
                                                         23 120
                   0 0.01
27
   55
      45
         50
            0
               15
                          М
                                 9.8 22 220
                                                  9
                                                         27 220
28
   59
      46
         53
             3
              12
                   0 0.06
                          М
                              0 9.2 20 240
                                                 10
                                                         27 220
                                                  9 1
29
   58
      46
         52
             2 13
                   0 0.19
                          Μ
                              0 10.4 22 180
                                                         28 180
30
   57
      43
         50
            0 15
                          Μ
                              0 9.0 18 300
                                                  8
                                                         22 300
   58
      39 49
           -1 16
                   0 0.00
                        0.0
                              0 3.3 12 110
                                                         13 110
______
SM 1681 1273
              530
                   0 7.26
                               276.5
                                                266
______
AV 54.2 41.1
                                                     MAX(MPH)
                                 8.9 FASTST
                                                    # 40 210
                         MISC ---> # 31 200
______
```

NOTES:

LAST OF SEVERAL OCCURRENCES

COLUMN 17 PEAK WIND IN M.P.H.

PRELIMINARY LOCAL CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA (WS FORM: F-6), PAGE 2

STATION: PORTLAND OR MONTH: MARCH
YEAR: 2017
LATITUDE: 45 35 N
LONGITUDE: 122 36 W

```
[TEMPERATURE DATA]
                        [PRECIPITATION DATA]
                                                   SYMBOLS USED IN COLUMN 16
AVERAGE MONTHLY: 47.7
                        TOTAL FOR MONTH:
                                           7.26
                                                   1 = FOG OR MIST
DPTR FM NORMAL: -0.6
                        DPTR FM NORMAL:
                                           3.58
                                                   2 = FOG REDUCING VISIBILITY
            61 ON 12
                        GRTST 24HR 0.77 ON 24-24
HIGHEST:
                                                       TO 1/4 MILE OR LESS
LOWEST:
            32 ON 19
                                                   3 = THUNDER
                                                   4 = ICE PELLETS
                        SNOW, ICE PELLETS, HAIL
                        TOTAL MONTH:
                                                   5 = HAIL
                                        Т
                        GRTST 24HR
                                      T ON 6-6 6 = FREEZING RAIN OR DRIZZLE
                        GRTST DEPTH:
                                       0
                                                   7 = DUSTSTORM OR SANDSTORM:
                                                       VSBY 1/2 MILE OR LESS
                                                   8 = SMOKE OR HAZE
[NO. OF DAYS WITH]
                        [WEATHER - DAYS WITH]
                                                   9 = BLOWING SNOW
                                                   X = TORNADO
MAX 32 OR BELOW:
                        0.01 INCH OR MORE: 23
                        0.10 INCH OR MORE:
MAX 90 OR ABOVE:
                   0
                                            18
MIN 32 OR BELOW:
                   1
                        0.50 INCH OR MORE:
                                             6
```

0

1.00 INCH OR MORE:

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0

MIN Ø OR BELOW:

```
[HDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
                530
                      CLEAR (SCALE 0-3)
DPTR FM NORMAL
                  8
                      PTCLDY (SCALE 4-7) 10
TOTAL FM JUL 1 3735
                      CLOUDY (SCALE 8-10) 21
DPTR FM NORMAL
               155
[CDD (BASE 65) ]
TOTAL THIS MO.
DPTR FM NORMAL
                       [PRESSURE DATA]
TOTAL FM JAN 1
                      HIGHEST SLP 30.50 ON 1
DPTR FM NORMAL
                      LOWEST SLP 29.55 ON 4
[REMARKS]
#FINAL-03-17#
```

WETS Station: PORTLAND KGW TV, OR													
Requested years: 1971 - 2000													
Month	Avg Max Temp	Avg Min Temp	Avg Mean Temp	Avg Precip	30% chance precip less than	30% chance precip more than	Avg number days precip 0.10 or more	Avg Snowfall					
Jan	46.2	36.4	41.3	6.05	3.77	7.31	12	1.2					
Feb	50.6	38.5	44.5	5.29	3.57	6.32	12	0.9					
Mar	56.2	40.7	48.5	4.44	3.39	5.17	12	0.1					
Apr	61.4	43.9	52.6	3.13	2.18	3.71	9	0.0					
May	67.3	48.6	57.9	2.58	1.59	3.12	8	0.0					
Jun	73.2	53.1	63.2	1.59	0.85	1.94	4	0.0					
Jul	79.1	57.0	68.1	0.78	0.35	0.93	2	0.0					
Aug	79.5	57.4	68.5	1.02	0.32	1.17	2	0.0					
Sep	74.9	54.1	64.5	1.75	0.82	2.06	4	0.0					
Oct	63.4	47.5	55.5	3.39	1.85	4.14	7	0.0					
Nov	52.2	41.4	46.8	6.59	4.40	7.90	14	0.4					
Dec	46.1	36.8	41.4	6.46	4.43	7.71	13	0.9					
Annual:					38.24	48.02							
Average	62.5	46.3	54.4	_	-	-	-	-					
Total	-	-	-	43.07			100	3.5					
GROWING SEASON DATES													
Years with missing data:	24 deg = 6	28 deg =	32 deg =										
rears with missing data.	24 deg - 0	6 6	6 6										
Years with no occurrence:	24 deg = 15	28 deg = 4	32 deg = 0										
Data years used:	24 deg = 24	28 deg = 24	32 deg = 24										
Probability	24 F or higher	28 F or higher	32 F or higher										
50 percent *	No occurrence	1/30 to 12/24: 328 days	2/20 to 11/29: 282 days										
70 percent *	No occurrence	1/19 to 1/4: 350 days	2/12 to 12/8: 299 days										
* Percent chance of the growing season occurring between the Beginning and Ending dates.													
STATS TABLE - total													
precipitation (inches)													
Yr	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annl
1973								1.66	3. 76	3. 81	13. 46	9.88	32. 57
1974	9.07	4.85	6.43	2.64	2.17	0.86	2.27	0.14	0. 15	2. 22	7.13	6.93	44. 86
1975	8.83	6.03	5.02	2.48	1.97	1.22	0.41	2.84	Т	5. 67	4.71	6.74	45. 92
1976	6.07	5.41	3.41	2.63	1.74	0.92	0.75	2.50	0. 93	1. 73	1.13	1.36	28. 58
1977	1.26	2.71	4.10	0.63	4.39	0.99	1.05	3.57	4. 69	3. 51	5.87	6.6=	32. 77
1978	5.93	3.81	1.73	3.53	3.70	1.41	1.17	2.36	3. 58	0. 48	4.08	2.85	34. 63
1979 1980	3.04	7.00	2.58 4.45	2.83	2.18	0.39	0.25	0.21	2.	1	7.09	7.35	30. 20 46.
1900	8.88	4.51	4.40	3.11	2.16	2.77	0.18	U.ZI	2. 06	1. 25	1.09	27	94

1981	1.67	3.84	2.74	3.11	1.81	4.03	0.21	0.04	2. 76	4. 57	5.99	10. 34	41. 11
1982	8.76	7.10	3.61	4.89	0.59	0.99	0.83	1.92	3. 33	4. 96	3.84	9.40	50. 22
1983	7.71	9.05	7.31	2.44	2.38	2.04	2.94	2.01	0. 47	1. 92	10. 73	5.78	54. 78
1984	2.38	4.05	4.32	4.38	4.09	4.48	0.00	0.08	1. 99	4. 60	10. 69	3.38	44. 44
1985	0.27		4.06	1.14	0.88	2.28	0.12	0.99	2. 71	3. 05		2.20	17. 70
1986	5.87	7.15	2.78	1.32	2.33	0.32	1.86	0.04	2. 96	2. 09	6.36	4.23	37. 31
1987	7.33	2.99	6.50	2.45	1.88	0.20	1.56	0.46	0. 36	0. 28	1.97	9.19	35. 17
1988	6.31	1.38	4.08	5.08	2.97	2.20	0.26	0.11	1. 66	0. 33	8.34	3.04	35. 76
1989	4.43	2.64	8.74	1.63	3.53	0.97	1.01	1.11	1. 13	1. 68	4.46	3.82	35. 15
1990	8.51	5.44	2.68	3.01		1.89	1.10	1.04	0. 52	5. 87	4.88	3.74	38. 68
1991	3.66	4.92	4.52	4.02	4.13	2.43	0.12	0.93	0. 10	2. 17	7.44	4.88	39. 32
1992	5.04	4.58	1.78	5.06	0.13	0.56	0.45	0.25	1. 33	3. 17	5.45	6.84	34. 64
1993	3.60	0.96	5.20	6.31	4.02	1.94	1.42	0.18	Т	1. 44	1.79	6.86	33. 72
1994	4.95	6.11	2.72	2.31	1.23	1.10	0.07	0.14	1. 63	9. 02	7.49	6.53	43. 30
1995	7.44	5.22	5.02	4.19	1.13	2.29	0.98	1.69	2. 14	M4. 35	11. 71	7.84	54. 00
1996	8.56	12.43	4.46	5.95	4.84	0.09	M0.49	0.50	3. 22	6. 17	9.72	16. 28	72. 71
1997	8.86	2.14	8.24	3.78	2.46	1.62	0.64	1.55	2. 84	7. 58	5.19	4.01	48. 91
1998	M7.76	6.80	4.21	1.49	5.18	1.61	0.34	Т	1. 02	3. 57	13. 36	M9. 21	54. 55
1999	8.97	11.39	5.67	M1.61	M2.59	M2.45	0.38	M1.12	0. 19	2. 89	7.67	7.67	52. 60
2000	8.08	4.96	3.62	2.39	2.51	M0.90	M0.25	0.15	1. 76	3. 19	M2. 91	M3. 85	34. 57
2001	1.99	1.79	3.73	3.09	1.12	1.40	0.46	0.87	0. 66	4. 37	M7. 44	M7. 83	34. 75
2002	8.03	4.92	5.40	3.60	M1.57	2.19	M0.19	0.01	1. 31	0. 32	2.49	10. 48	40. 51
2003	9.14	3.17	M5.16	7.03	1.60	M0.11	Т	0.06	M1. 50	2. 30	5.38	10. 43	45. 88
2004	M5.02	4.86	2.01	2.16	1.17	1.03	Т	3.20	1. 76	3. 27	2.46	4.58	31. 52
2005	M2.02	M0.99	4.73	4.44	5.06	M2.03	M0.39	0.22	1. 37	4. 26	6.54	M10. 20	42. 25
2006	12.05	2.38	3.63	2.52	M0.48	1.12	0.19	0.07	1. 12	1. 83	15. 56	M3. 80	44. 75
2007	M1.88	M3.19	M1.58	M0.42	M1.06	M0.87	M0.54	M0.51	M0. 41	M1. 15	M3. 80	M7. 52	22. 93
2008	M5.81	M2.41	M3.65	M2.07	M1.22	M1.00	MT	M1.17	M0. 30	M0. 58	M4. 14	M2. 45	24. 80
2009	M5.03	M1.42	M1.91	M1.19	M3.03	M1.05	M0.22	M0.77	M1. 63	3. 54	7.21	4.99	31. 99
2010	6.68	3.96	5.62	3.99	4.63	4.79	0.30	MT	M2. 94	5. 16	7.39	10. 23	55. 69
2011	5.13	5.79	7.59	5.37	3.25	0.87	1.36	0.10	0. 70	2. 64	8.32	3.37	44. 49
2012	M8.74	3.71	9.95	3.85	3.21	2.78	0.51	Т	0. 01	6. 59	8.53	9.14	57. 02
2013	3.11	1.51	2.37	2.59	5.26	M1.43	0.00	0.63	6. 85	0. 93	3.52	1.77	29. 97
2014	3.34	5.95	7.58	4.51	2.79	1.84	0.92	0.13	1. 05	7. 26	3.58	6.78	45. 73

2015	3.69	4.11	5.12	2.61	0.64	0.44	0.60	0.78	0. 87	4. 39	5.61	18. 61	47. 47
2016	8.93	4.87	5.71	2.46	1.30	M1.11	0.75	0.16	1. 26	10. 11	8.74	M6. 12	51. 52
2017	5.65	12.18	8.40	4.61									30. 84

Notes: Data missing in any month have an "M" flag. A "T" indicates a trace of precipitation.

Data missing for all days in a month or year is blank.

Creation date: 2016-07-22



Appendix D: Wetland Determination Data Forms

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, and 803	Y	City/Count	y: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date	e: <u>3/27/</u>	2017
Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC Ret	ierment Plan			State: OR	Sampling	Point:	1
Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley Te	each	Section		ge: Section 2AC, T.3., R.			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): <u>Toesl</u>				concave, convex, none):		_	
Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest Forests ar		at: 45.342061	Lo	ng: -122.647551		n:	
	pato silty clay loam				lassification:		J \
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the s Are Vegetation , Soil	site typical for this time or y, or Hydrology			es No No			
	, or Hydrology			If needed, explain any ans			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	•	No		-,		,	
Hydric Soil Present?		No X	Is the Samp	led Area			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No X	within a Wet	tland? Yes	No	Х	
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.0 are considered wetter than normal for the Remarks:		ceived on the day	of the site visit	and 6.92 inches within the	e two weeks prio	r. Climatic co	onditions
Plot is located in a fenced, horse-grazed an VEGETATION	rea.						
VEGETATION	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test wo	rksheet:		
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or)		Species?	Status	Number of Dominant			
Populus balsamifera	40%	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW	•	4	(A)
2. Salix lucida	10%	Yes	FACW	, , ,			()
3.				Total Number of Dom	inant		
4.				Species Across All St	trata:	4	(B)
	50% = 7	otal Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or	<u> </u>			Percent of Dominant	Species		
1. Rubus armeniacus	5%	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW	/, or FAC:	<u>100%</u>	(A/B)
2.				Prevalence Index we			
3.	<u> </u>			Total % Cover o			-
4 5.				OBL species C	x 1 =	0	—
J	 5% = 1	otal Cover		FAC species 12		20 360	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)	<u> </u>	otal Covel		FACU species 1		60	
Schedonorus arundinaceus	75%	Yes	FAC	UPL species 1		50	_
Taraxacum officinale	10%	No	FACU	Column Totals: 15	55 (A)	490	(B)
3. Geranium molle	10%	No	NOL	Prevalence Index	x = B/A =	3.16	
4. Dactylis glomerata	5%	No	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators:		
5				1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Ve	getation	
6				X 2 - Dominance Te	est is >50%		
7				3 - Prevalence Inc			
8.			-	4 - Morphological			orting
9.		<u> </u>			ks or on a separ	,	
10 11.				5 - Wetland Non-			I
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or	100% = 7	otal Cover		Problematic Hydr 1 Indicators of hydric s be present.			
1. 2. We Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		otal Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No		
				·			
Remarks:							

OIL					Sampling Point:	1
_	-	epth needed to document the	indicator or confirm the abse	nce of indicators)	:	
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features	. 2		
(inches)	Color (moist)	% Color (moist)	% Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-12+	10YR 3/3	100			gr SiL	Angular grave
• •	entration, D=Depletion, R	M=Reduced Matrix CS=Cover	ed or Coated Sand Grains.			
	-	I LRRs, unless otherwise not	ed):	Indicators for F	Problematic Hydric S	Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1))	Sandy Redox (S5)	2 cm Muck ((A10)	
Histic Epiped	don (A2)	Stripped Matrix (S	66)	Red Parent	Material (TF2)	
Black Histic	(A3)	Loamy Mucky Mi	neral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	Very Shallov	w Dark Surface (TF12	2)
Hydrogen Su		Loamy Gleyed M		Other (Expla	ain in Remarks)	
	elow Dark Surface (A11)	Depleted Matrix (
	Surface (A12)	Redox Dark Surfa	` '	³ Indicators of hy	drophytic vegetation	and wetland
	xy Mineral (S1)	Depleted Dark St		hydrology must l	be present, unless dis	
	ed Matrix (S4)	Redox Depressio	ns (F8)	problematic.		
Restrictive Laye						
Туре				Hydric Soil		٧
Depth (inches):	:			Present?	Yes	No X
HYDROLOG						
•	rs (minimum of one requi	red; check all that apply)		Secondary Indic	ators (2 or more requ	ired)
Surface Wat	ter (A1)	Water-Stained Le	aves (B9) (except MLRA	Water-Stain	ed Leaves (B9) (MLR	A 1, 2,
— High Water ⁻		1, 2, 4A, and 4		4A, and 4	, , ,	
Saturation (A		Salt Crust (B11)	,	Drainage Pa	atterns (B10)	
Water Marks	s (B1)	Aquatic Invertebr	ates (B13)	Dry-Season	Water Table (C2)	
Sediment De	eposits (B2)	Hydrogen Sulfide	Odor (C1)	Saturation V	isible on Aerial Image	ery (C9)
Drift Deposit	ts (B3)	Oxidized Rhizosp	heres along Living Roots (C3)	Geomorphic	Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or	Crust (B4)	Presence of Red	uced Iron (C4)	Shallow Aqu	uitard (D3)	
Iron Deposits	s (B5)	Recent Iron Redu	ction in Tilled Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutra	l Test (D5)	
Surface Soil	Cracks (B6)	Stunted or Stress	ed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Raised Ant I	Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
Inundation V	isible on Aerial Imagery	(B7) Other (Explain in	Remarks)	Frost-Heave	Hummocks (D7)	
Sparsely Ve	getated Concave Surface	e (B8)				
ield Observation						
Surface Water P		No X	Depth (inches):	Wetland		
Water Table Pre		No X	Depth (inches): >12"	Hydrology	Yes	No X
Saturation Prese (includes capilla		NoX	Depth (inches): >12"	Present?		
Describe Recor	rded Data (stream gaug	e, monitoring well, aerial ph	otos, previous inspections), if	available:		
Remarks:	No ponding in the area d	espite heavy rains the day hate				
ions are moist. I	ivo ponding in the area of	espite heavy rains the day befo	no.			

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley Teach Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Toeslope Lat: 45.341576 Long: 122.648238 Datum Soil Map Unit Name: (Unit 19) Cloquato silt loam Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology	Slope (%): <3% ain in Remarks) Yes X No s.) , etc.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Toeslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave	Slope (%): <3% ain in Remarks) Yes X No s.) , etc.
Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest Forests and Coast	ain in Remarks) Yes X No s.) , etc.
Soil Map Unit Name: (Unit 19) Cloquato silt loam Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are Nevegetation , Soil , or Hydrology anaturally problematic? Are Normal Circumstances' present? Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology anaturally problematic? Are Normal Circumstances' present? Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology anaturally problematic? Are "Normal Circumstances' present? Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology anaturally problematic? We Vegetation Present? Yes X No	ain in Remarks) Yes X No s.) , etc.
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Are Vegetation	Yes <u>X</u> No s.) , etc.
Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology anaturally disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remark SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Wetland Hyd	Yes <u>X</u> No s.) , etc.
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	s.) , etc.
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydro Soil Present? Yes X No Is the Sampled Area Wetland Hydrology Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Within a Wetland? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Within a Wetland? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Within a Wetland? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Within a Wetland? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No Within a Wetland? Yes	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Plot is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover Species? Species? Status Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Alnus rubra 5% No FAC Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Physocarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Percent of Dominant Species Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 5 x 1 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACU species 0 x 4 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 4 =	
Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No within a Wetland? Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Plot is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover Species? Status Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC Alwas rubra 35% No FAC Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Species Across All Strata: Species Across All Strata: Percent of Dominant Species Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Percent of Dominant Species Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 5 x 1 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 35 x 3 = FACW species 40 x 4 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 4 =	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No within a Wetland? Yes X No Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Plot is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2. Alnus rubra 5% No FAC 3. Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Physocarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2. Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: 0. OBL species 5 x 1 = FACW species 35 x 3 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 4 = 1. Phalaris arundinacea ON TOTAL Number of Dominant Species FACW species 35 x 3 = FACW Species 35 x 3 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 0 x 4 = 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 5 =	
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.01 inches of rainfall was received on the day of the site visit and 6.92 inches within the two weeks prior are considered wetter than normal for the three months prior. Remarks: Plot is located on the edge of the pond. Water in the pond is greater than 3' deep. VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover Species? Status Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Alnus rubra 5% No FAC Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 35% = Total Cover Percent of Dominant Species Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 28apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Physocarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 5 x 1 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FACW species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 5 =	
VEGETATION Absolute Dominant Indicator Dominance Test worksheet: Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover Species? Status	
Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover Species? Status Number of Dominant Species	
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) % Cover 30% Yes FAC Status FAC Number of Dominant Species 1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3. Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4. Species Across All Strata: Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: 4. OBL species 5 x 1 = FACW species 40 x 2 = FAC species 35 x 3 = FACU species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 4 = UPL species 0 x 5 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 5 =	
1. Populus balsamifera 30% Yes FAC That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2. Alnus rubra 5% No FAC 3. 4. Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 1. Physocarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Prevalence Index worksheet: 2. 3. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	
2. Alnus rubra 5% No FAC 3 Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or	3 (A)
Species Across All Strata: Species Strata	, , ,
35% = Total Cover Percent of Dominant Species	
Percent of Dominant Species Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	3 (B)
1. Physocarpus capitatus 10% Yes FACW That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2. Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: 4. OBL species 5 x 1 = 5. FACW species 40 x 2 = FAC species 35 x 3 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) FACU species 0 x 4 = 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 5 =	
Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by:	
3.	<u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. OBL species 5 x 1 = 5. FACW species 40 x 2 = FAC species 35 x 3 = Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) FACU species 0 x 4 = 1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 5 =	
5.	
10% = Total Cover FAC species 35 x 3 =	<u> </u>
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or) FACU species	105
1. Phalaris arundinacea 30% Yes FACW UPL species 0 x 5 =	0
	0
2. Lysichiton americanus 5% No OBL Column Totals: 80 (A)	190 (B)
3. Prevalence Index = B/A =	2.38
4. Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
51 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Ve	getation
6 X_ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
7 X_3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹	
84 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (P	
9 data in Remarks or on a separa 10. 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹	
11. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetatic	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or) 35% = Total Cover Indicators of hydric soil and wetland he present.	on (Explain)'
1. Hydrophytic 2. 0% = Total Cover Vegetation Yes X No % Open water 65%	
Remarks:	nydrology must
nomario.	nydrology must

SOIL							Sampling Point:	2
Profile Descrip	tion (Describe to t	he depth need	led to document t	he indicator or	confirm the abse	nce of indicators):	
Depth	Matr	ix		Redox	Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-8	10YR 2/1	100					SiCL	
8-16+	10YR 4/1	95	7.5YR 3/4	5	C	M/PL	SiC	
				· 	_			
								-
¹ Type: C=Conce	entration, D=Depleti	on RM=Reduc	ced Matrix CS=Cov	ered or Coated	Sand Grains			
_ * * *	Pore Lining, M=Matri		oca Matrix OC-COV	refea of Coalea	Carla Ciano.			
Hydric Soil Indi	cators (Applicable	to all LRRs, u	ınless otherwise r	noted):		Indicators for	Problematic Hydric S	oils ³ :
Histosol (A1			Sandy Redox (-		2 cm Muck	-	
Histic Epipe	,	=	Stripped Matrix				t Material (TF2)	
Black Histic		-	Loamy Mucky I	` ,	cept MLRA 1)		ow Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydrogen S	` '	- -	Loamy Gleyed		,		lain in Remarks)	
Depleted Be	elow Dark Surface (A	A11)	X Depleted Matri	x (F3)				
Thick Dark \$	Surface (A12)	_	Redox Dark Su	ırface (F6)		³ Indicators of h	ydrophytic vegetation a	and wetland
Sandy Muck	ky Mineral (S1)	-	Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)			be present, unless dis	
Sandy Gleye	ed Matrix (S4)	_	Redox Depress	sions (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Laye	er (if present):							
Тур	e:					Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches)	:					Present?	Yes X	No
HYDROLOG Wetland Hydrol								
	rs (minimum of one	required: chec	k all that apply)			Secondary Indi	cators (2 or more requi	red)
Surface Wat			Water-Stained	— Leaves (B9) (e	xcent MLRA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water		-	1, 2, 4A, and		Noopt WEI U	4A, and		, _ ,
X Saturation (/	` ,		Salt Crust (B11	,		·	atterns (B10)	
Water Marks	,	-	Aquatic Inverte	•			n Water Table (C2)	
Sediment De	eposits (B2)	<u>-</u>	Hydrogen Sulfi	de Odor (C1)		Saturation	Visible on Aerial Image	ery (C9)
Drift Deposit	ts (B3)	_	Oxidized Rhizo	spheres along	Living Roots (C3)	Geomorphi	c Position (D2)	
Algal Mat or	Crust (B4)	-	Presence of Re	educed Iron (C4	1)	Shallow Aq	uitard (D3)	
Iron Deposit	ts (B5)	_	Recent Iron Re	eduction in Tilled	d Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutra	al Test (D5)	
	l Cracks (B6)	=		essed Plants (D	1) (LRR A)		Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
	/isible on Aerial Ima		Other (Explain	in Remarks)		Frost-Heav	e Hummocks (D7)	
	egetated Concave S	urface (B8)						
Field Observation								
Surface Water F			No X	Depth (inch	·	Wetland	V V	N.
Water Table Pre			No X	Depth (inch		Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Prese (includes capilla			No X	Depth (Inch	es): Surface	Present?		
Describe Reco	rded Data (stream	gauge, monito	oring well, aerial p	ohotos, previou	us inspections), if	available:		
_								
Remarks:	esent within 0.5' of th	ne plot						
. or portaing pre	, Within 0.0 Of th	io piot.						

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, and 803	3	City/Count	ty: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date: 3/27/2017		
Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC Ret	State:			OR Sampling Point: 3			
Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley T	each	Section	, Township, Ran	ge: Section 2AC, T.3., R.	1E.		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Hillsl				oncave, convex, none):_		Slope (%):	<3%
Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest Forests a	nd Coast La	at: 45.341609	Lo	ng: <u>-122.648244</u>	Datum	n:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oquato silt loam				lassification:		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the				es No			
Are Vegetation, Soil, Soil	or Hydrology	significantly d	lematic? (I	f needed, explain any an			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta						,	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?		lo		-,, -		,	
Hydric Soil Present?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lo X	Is the Samp	led Area			
Wetland Hydrology Present?		lo	within a Wet	land? Yes	No	Х	
Precipitation:							
According to the NWS Portland station, 0.0		eived on the day	of the site visit	and 6.92 inches within the	e two weeks prio	r. Climatic co	onditions
are considered wetter than normal for the Remarks:	three months prior.						
Plot located approximately 10' from Plot 2	and is half a foot higher in	elevation.					
	Ü						
VEGETATION							
	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test wo			
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or) 1. Papulus halsamifora	<u> </u>	Species?	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant			(4)
P Opulus balsarrillera	45%	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACV	/, or FAC:	4	(A)
2. <u>Salix species</u> 3.	15%	Yes	FAC*	Total Number of Dom	vinant		
4.				Species Across All S		5	(B)
	60% = T	otal Cover		Species Acioss Aii o			(D)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or		otal Gover		Percent of Dominant	Species		
Prunus species	30%	Yes	FAC*	That Are OBL, FACV	•	80%	(A/B)
2. Rubus armeniacus	15%	Yes	FAC	Prevalence Index w			()
3.				Total % Cover of	f: Multiply by:		=
4.				OBL species (x 1 =	0	
5				FACW species		4	
	<u>45%</u> = T	otal Cover		FAC species 10)5 x 3 =	315	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)					0 x 4 =	240	
Phalaris arundinacea		No	FACW		x 5 =	0	— _(D)
2.				Column Totals: 16 Prevalence Index		559 3.35	(B)
3. 4.				Hydrophytic Vegeta		3.33	
5.				1 - Rapid Test for		netation	
6.				X 2 - Dominance To		gotalio:	
7.	<u> </u>			3 - Prevalence In			
8.			-	4 - Morphologica		rovide suppo	orting
9.					ks or on a separ		Ü
10.				5 - Wetland Non-	Vascular Plants ¹		
11.				Problematic Hydr	ophytic Vegetati	on (Explain)	1
	= T	otal Cover		¹ Indicators of hydric s	oil and wetland l	nydrology mi	ust
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or		V	FACIL	be present.			
 Hedera helix 	60%	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic			
	60% = T	otal Cover		Vegetation Present?	Yes X No		
Remarks:				L			
*Assumed as FAC.							

SOIL							Sampling Point:	3	
Profile Descrip	otion (Describe to	the depth need	ded to document	the indicator or co	nfirm the abse	nce of indicators)):		
Depth Matrix Redox Features									
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-14+	10YR 3/2	100					SiL		
						-			
¹ Type: C=Conce	entration D=Denle	tion RM-Redu	ced Matrix CS=Co	vered or Coated Sa	nd Grains				
_ * * *	Pore Lining, M=Mat		oca Matrix 00-00	verea or obtailed of	na Gramo.				
Hydric Soil Indi	cators (Applicable	to all LRRs, i	unless otherwise	noted):		Indicators for I	Problematic Hydric S	oils³:	
Histosol (A1	1)		Sandy Redox	(S5)		2 cm Muck (A10)			
Histic Epipe	edon (A2)		Stripped Matrix (S6)			Red Parent Material (TF2)			
Black Histic	: (A3)		Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F1) (excep	ot MLRA 1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
Hydrogen S	ulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleyed	d Matrix (F2)		Other (Expl	ain in Remarks)		
Depleted Be	elow Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Matr	ix (F3)					
Thick Dark	Surface (A12)	•	Redox Dark S	urface (F6)		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland			
Sandy Mucl	ky Mineral (S1)	•	Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)			be present, unless dis		
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)Redox Depressions (F8)					problematic.				
Restrictive Laye	er (if present):								
Тур	e:					Hydric Soil			
Depth (inches)):	_				Present? Yes No X			
HYDROLOG									
Wetland Hydrol		roquired; abov	ak all that apply)			Socondary India	notoro (2 or moro roqu	irod)	
_	rs (minimum of one	e required, chec			ot MLDA	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)			
Surface Water (A1)		Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)			Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)				
X High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3)		Salt Crust (B11)			Drainage Patterns (B10)				
	Water Marks (B1) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)			Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
	Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)				Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C				na Roots (C3)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)				,	Shallow Aguitard (D3)				
Iron Deposit		•		eduction in Tilled So	oils (C6)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
	Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)					Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)					•		e Hummocks (D7)		
Sparsely Ve	egetated Concave S	Surface (B8)							
Field Observati	ons:								
Surface Water I		s	No X	Depth (inches):		Wetland			
Water Table Pre	esent? Ye	s X	No	Depth (inches):	9"	Hydrology	Yes X	No	
Saturation Pres (includes capilla		sX	No	Depth (inches):	Surface	Present?			
Describe Reco	rded Data (stream	gauge, monit	toring well, aerial	photos, previous i	nspections), if	available:			
Remarks:	and a fall outdook and								
Above average i	rainfall within the pa	ast two weeks a	and three months p	DIIOF.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site: Tax Lot 800, 802, and 803		City/Count	ty: West Linn/Cla	ackamas	Sampling Date	e: 3/27/2	2017
Applicant/Owner: Malibar Group LLC Retic	erment Plan			State: OR	Sampling	Point:	4
Investigator(s): Stacey Reed and Haley Te	each	Section		ge: Section 2AC, T.3., R			
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Toeslo				oncave, convex, none):		Slope (%): _	<3%
Subregion (LRR): A, Northwest Forests an		at: 45.341239	Lor	ng: <u>-122.647649</u>		n:	
	oato silty clay loam				classification:		>
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the s	,,			es No re "Normal Circumstance	(If no, expla		
Are Vegetation, Soil Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	naturally prob	lematic? (I	f needed, explain any an			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attac				s, transects, impor	tant features	, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?		No		.,		,	
Hydric Soil Present?		No	Is the Sampl	led Area			
Wetland Hydrology Present?		No	within a Wet	land? Yes	<u> </u>		
Precipitation: According to the NWS Portland station, 0.0		ceived on the day	of the site visit a	and 6.92 inches within th			nditions
are considered wetter than normal for the t Remarks:	nree months prior.						
Tromarko.							
VEGETATION							
VEGETATION	Ab but -	Dania ant	La d'a a ta a	D T	-111		
Tree Stratum (Plot Size: 30' r or)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test wo Number of Dominant			
1.	<u>/6 Cover</u>	<u>Species:</u>	Status	That Are OBL, FACV		2 ((A)
2.				That Ale OBL, I ACV	v, or rac.	((4)
3.				Total Number of Don	ninant		
4.				Species Across All S		2 ((B)
	0% = T	otal Cover		·		,	,
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or)			Percent of Dominant	Species		
1				That Are OBL, FACV	V, or FAC:	<u>100%</u> ((A/B)
2.	<u> </u>			Prevalence Index w			
3.					of: Multiply by:		
4.					x 1 =	0	
5					0 x 2 = 00 x 3 =	0	
Herb Stratum (Plot Size: 5' r or)	<u>0%</u> = T	otal Cover		FAC species 10	x = 0	300	
Alopecurus pratensis	50%	Yes	FAC		x = 0	0	
Ranunculus repens	40%	Yes	FAC		00 (A)	300	— (B)
3. Poa species	10%	No	FAC*	Prevalence Inde		3.00	``
4.				Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators:		
5.	<u> </u>			1 - Rapid Test fo	r Hydrophytic Ve	getation	
6				X 2 - Dominance T			
7				X 3 - Prevalence In			
8.				4 - Morphologica			rting
9.					rks or on a separ		
10. 11.				5 - Wetland Non-			
		otal Cover		Problematic Hydric s	· ·		ct
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot Size: 10' r or	= T	otal Cover		be present.	Soli and wettand i	Tydrology IIId	Si
1. 2.				Hydrophytic			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum0	0% = T	otal Cover		Vegetation Present?	Yes X No		
Remarks:				1			
*Assumed as FAC.							

SOIL							Sampling Point:	4
Profile Descrip	otion (Describe to tl	ne depth nee	ded to document th	e indicator or	confirm the abse	nce of indicators	s):	
Depth	Matri	х		Redox	Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-6	10YR 2/2	95	7.5YR 3/4	5	С	M/PL	SiL	
6-12+	10YR 2/2	90	7.5YR 3/4	10	C	PL	SiL	
								-
	<u> </u>							
	· -							
			<u> </u>					
	<u> </u>							-
¹ Type: C-Cope	ontration D-Donloti	n PM-Podu	ced Matrix CS=Cove	ared or Coated	Sand Grains			
_ * * *	Pore Lining, M=Matri		iced Matrix CS=Cove	ered or Coaled	Sand Grains.			
Hydric Soil Ind	icators (Applicable	to all LRRs, i	unless otherwise no	oted):		Indicators for	Problematic Hydric S	oils³:
Histosol (A	1)		Sandy Redox (S	55)		2 cm Muck	(A10)	
Histic Epipe	edon (A2)		Stripped Matrix	(S6)		Red Paren	t Material (TF2)	
Black Histic	(A3)	,	Loamy Mucky M	lineral (F1) (exc	cept MLRA 1)	Very Shallo	ow Dark Surface (TF12)	
Hydrogen S	Sulfide (A4)	•	Loamy Gleyed N	Matrix (F2)		Other (Exp	lain in Remarks)	
Depleted B	elow Dark Surface (A	\11)	Depleted Matrix	(F3)				
Thick Dark	Surface (A12)		X Redox Dark Sur	face (F6)		³ Indicators of h	ydrophytic vegetation a	nd wetland
			hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or					
Sandy Gley	red Matrix (S4)	,	Redox Depressi	ons (F8)		problematic.		
Restrictive Lay	er (if present):							
Тур	oe:					Hydric Soil		
Depth (inches):	-				Present?	Yes X	No
HYDROLOG	iY logy Indicators:							
-	ors (minimum of one	required: che	ck all that annly)			Secondary Indi	icators (2 or more requi	red)
X Surface Wa		roquirou, crio	Water-Stained L		rcent MI PA		ned Leaves (B9) (MLR	
X High Water		•	1, 2, 4A, and		Cept WEITA	4A, and		٦١, ٢,
X Saturation (` '		Salt Crust (B11)	,		•	Patterns (B10)	
Water Mark	,	•	Aquatic Inverteb			_	n Water Table (C2)	
	Deposits (B2)	•	Hydrogen Sulfid	, ,			Visible on Aerial Image	ry (C9)
Drift Depos		•	X Oxidized Rhizos		iving Roots (C3)		ic Position (D2)	, (= = /
Algal Mat o		•	Presence of Re	-	-		quitard (D3)	
Iron Deposi		•	Recent Iron Rec	duction in Tilled	Soils (C6)	FAC-Neutr	al Test (D5)	
Surface So	il Cracks (B6)	·	Stunted or Stres	sed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Raised Ant	t Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
Inundation '	Visible on Aerial Ima	gery (B7)	Other (Explain in	n Remarks)		Frost-Heav	e Hummocks (D7)	
Sparsely Ve	egetated Concave S	urface (B8)						
Field Observati	ions:							
Surface Water	Present? Yes	X	No	Depth (inche	es):1/4"	Wetland		
Water Table Pr	resent? Yes	Х	No	Depth (inche	es): Surface	Hydrology	Yes X	No
Saturation Pres (includes capilla		X	No	Depth (inche	es): Surface	Present?		
Describe Reco	orded Data (stream	gauge, monit	toring well, aerial pl	notos, previou	s inspections), if	available:		
Remarks:	ng procest							
Scattered pondi	ng present.							

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast Region

Project/Site:	Tax Lot 800, 802, a	and 803		City/Co	ounty: West Linn/C	Clackamas		Sampling Dat	e: 3/27/	/2017
Applicant/Owne	r: Malibar Group L	LC Retierment Pla	n		•	State	: OR	Sampling	Point:	5
Investigator(s):	Stacey Reed and H	laley Teach		Sec	tion, Township, Ra					
	ope, terrace, etc.):					concave, conve			-	
	R): A, Northwest Fo			Lat: 45.341	<u>184</u> L	ong: -122.647			n:	
Soil Map Unit N		84) Wapato silty cl				V		assification:		d.a.\
Are Vegetation	drologic conditions of	on the site typical in the		•		Yes Are "Normal Circ				
Are Vegetation		, or				(If needed, expla				
	OF FINDINGS -						-			
	getation Present?		Х			,	-, <u> </u>		,	
Hydric Soil Pre	•				Is the Sam	pled Area				
Wetland Hydro	logy Present?		Х		within a We	etland?	Yes	No	Х	
	e NWS Portland stat wetter than normal f			s received on the	day of the site visit	t and 6.92 inche	s within the	two weeks pric	or. Climatic co	onditions
Remarks:	wetter than normal r	or the three mont	із ріюі.							
Plot is approxim	nately half a foot high	her in elevation tha	n Plot 4. N	o ponding presen	t.					
VEGETATIO	N									
			Absolute	Dominar	nt Indicator	Dominanc	e Test wor	ksheet:		
Tree Stratum (F	Plot Size: 30' r or)	% Cover	Species	? Status	Number of	Dominant S	Species		
1					<u> </u>	That Are C	BL, FACW,	or FAC:	1	(A)
2.										
3.						Total Numl	ber of Domi	nant		
4.						Species Ad	cross All Str	ata:	1	(B)
			0%	_ = Total Cover						
	Stratum (Plot Size: 1	10' r or)					Dominant S	•	4000/	
1. 2.				<u> </u>			BL, FACW,		<u>100%</u>	(A/B)
3.				-			e Index wo % Cover of:	rksheet: Multiply by		
4.				-		OBL specie		x 1 =	0	_
5.				_	_	FACW spe		x 2 =	0	
-			0%	= Total Cover		FAC specie			270	
Herb Stratum (I	Plot Size: 5' r or)		_		FACU spec			40	
1. Poa specie	S		80%	Yes	FAC*	UPL specie	es 0	x 5 =	0	
2. Taraxacum	officinale		10%	No	FACU	Column To	otals: 100) (A)	310	(B)
3. <u>Ranunculu</u>	s repens		10%	No	FAC	Preval	ence Index	= B/A =	<u>3.10</u>	
4.							_	on Indicators:		
5.								Hydrophytic Ve	getation	
6. 				_			minance Tes			
7. ———							valence Ind			
8.				<u> </u>		_	-	Adaptations ¹ (F s or on a sepa		orting
9. 10.					<u> </u>			s or on a sepa ascular Plants		
11.		•			_			phytic Vegetat		1
Woody Vine Str	atum (Plot Size: 10'	r or)	100%	= Total Cover	_		of hydric so	il and wetland		
1. 2.				<u> </u>		Lludge	nhytic			
۷.			0%	= Total Cover		Hydro _l Vegeta		res X No)	
% Bare Ground	in Herb Stratum	0%	U 70	- 13.61 00/61		Preser				
Remarks:										
*Assumed as F	AC.									

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the	Sampling Point: 5
	absence of indicators):
Depth Matrix Redox Features	
(inches) Color (moist) % Color (moist) % Type ¹	Loc ² Texture Remarks
0-11 10YR 3/3 100	SiL
11-16+ 10YR 4/3 100	SiL
<u> </u>	
<u> </u>	
	
¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.	
² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	•
Hydric Soil Indicators (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted):	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5)	2 cm Muck (A10)
Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6)	Red Parent Material (TF2)
Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3)	
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6)	³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8)	problematic.
Restrictive Layer (if present):	
Type:	Hydric Soil
Depth (inches):	Present?
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA X High Water Table (A2) 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA X High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
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Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) X Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) X Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA X High Water Table (A2) X Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) Drainage Patterns (B10) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) Shallow Aquitard (D3) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
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Appendix E: Site Photographs





Photo A. View south of upland Plot 1 (yellow flag).



Photo C. View facing west of PFO/PEM Wetland A.



Photo B. View south of electric fence and angular gravel and large rock fill.



Photo D. View south of paired Plots 2 and 3 (yellow flags) and Wetland A boundary (orange flag).





Photo E. View facing the east of Wetland A boundary.



Photo G. View facing southwest of flooded Wetland A.



Photo F. View facing north of paired Plots 4 and 5 (yellow flags) and Wetland A boundary (orange flag).



Photo H. 18-inch concrete culvert under 9th Street.



Appendix B: VECO Data Sheet (VECO Plot A)

WRA Condition Assessment for City of West Linn Natural Resource Assessment

Site: Tax Lots 800 & 802 Job Number: 5926 Investigators: Stacey Reed & Haley Teach Date: March 27, 2017 Community: Cottonwood canopy Location: Tax Lot 802 Plot ID: VECO Plot A Tree species, % Cover, Native, Invasive - 30 foot radius, >5% cover: 50% Populus balsamifera balsam poplar 40% native Salix species willow native 10% Shrub species, % Cover, Native, Invasive - 30 foot radius, >5% cover: 5% * Rubus armeniacus Himalayan blackberry 5% invasive Herb Species, % Cover, Native, Invasive - 10 foot radius, >5% cover: 100% Schedonorus arundinaceus tall false rye grass 75% non-native Taraxacum officinale common dandelion 10% non-native Geranium molle 10% dovefoot geranium non-native orchard grass Dactylis glomerata non-native 5% * Dominant **Total Cover** 155% Absolute areal cover % Tree canopy: 50% % Cover by natives: 50% % Invasive: 5% % Non-native: 100% 155% **Corridor Condition:** Marginal



Appendix C: Representative Photographs





Photo A. View south of VECO Plot A (yellow flag) and existing electric fence.



Photo C. View facing south of the project area.



Photo B. View west of VECO Plot A and cottonwood stand.



Photo D. View facing east of the project area.





Photo E. View west of Wetland A.



Photo G. View facing southwest of flooded Wetland A.



Photo F. View facing south of Wetland A and the pond within the wetland boundary.



Photo H. View facing north of the project area standing from within Wetland A.



Appendix D: WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications

Tax Lots 800 & 802 West Linn – WRA/HCA Mitigation Enhancement Planting Specifications

Planting specifications for the enhancement of 4,999 square feet of enhancement area.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Size*	Spacing/Seeding Rate	Quantity		
Trees (total 43)						
Alnus rubra	red alder	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	20		
Populus balsamifera	Balsam poplar	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	20		
Salix sitchensis	Sika willow	1 gallon	8-12 feet on center	10		
	Shrubs (total 250)					
Athyrium filix-femina	lady fern	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50		
Cornus alba	red-osier dogwood	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50		
Pysocarpus capitatus	Pacific ninebark	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50		
Rosa pisocarpa	swamp rose	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50		
Rubus spectabilis	salmonberry	1 gallon	4-5 feet on center	50		
Seed Mix						
Agrostis exarata	spike bent grass	seed	1 lb pls/acre	As needed for bare-soil		
Glyceria elata	tall manna-grass	seed	2 lbs pls/acre	areas >25 square feet		

^{*}Bare-root plants may be substituted for container plants based on availability. If bare-root plants are used, they must be planted during the late winter/early spring dormancy period.

Planting Notes (per City of West Linn Community Development Code (CDC) Chapter 32, Water Resource Area Protection, Section 32.100, Re-Vegetation Plan Requirements):

- 1) Plantings should preferably be installed between December 1 and February 28 for bare roots and seeds and between October 15 and April 30 for containers.
- 2) Tree plantings must be at least 0.5 inches in caliper measured at 6 inches above the ground level or soil line. Shrub plantings must be in at least a 1-gallon container, or the equivalent in ball and burlap, and must be at least 12 inches in height. All plantings must be selected from the Portland Plant List.
- 3) All non-native, invasive, or noxious vegetation shall be removed from mitigation planting area prior to installing native enhancement plantings. Invasive species control shall continue throughout the maintenance period.
- 4) Irrigation may be necessary for the survival of the enhancement plantings. Irrigation or other water practices (i.e., polymer plus watering) are recommended during the three-year monitoring period following planting. Watering shall be provided at a rate of at least 1 inch per week between June 15 and October 15.
- 5) Plantings shall be mulched a minimum of 3 inches in depth and 18 inches in diameter to retain moisture and discourage weed growth around newly installed plant material.
- 6) When weather or other conditions prohibit planting according to schedule, the applicant will ensure that disturbed areas are correctly protected with erosion control measures and provide

the City with funds in the amount of 125% of a bid from a recognized landscaper or nursery to cover the cost of the plant materials, installation, and any follow-up maintenance. Once the planting conditions are favorable, the applicant will proceed with the plantings and receive the funds back from the City upon completion, or the City will complete the plantings using those funds.

Maintenance and Monitoring Plan

- 1) **Monitoring and Reporting:** The City requires a three-year maintenance period for the WRA mitigation enhancement area. Monitoring of the mitigation site is the ongoing responsibility of the property owner. Plants that die must be replaced in kind.
- 2) **Plant Survival:** The City's success criterion for WRA enhancement is 80% survival of tree and shrub plantings expected by the third anniversary of the date the mitigation planting was installed. If any mortality is noted on the site, the factor likely to have caused mortality of the plantings is to be determined and corrected if possible. If survival falls below 80% at any time during the three-year maintenance period, the plantings shall be replaced and other corrective measures, such as mulching or irrigation, may need to be implemented.



Exhibit G: Geotechnical Report



Geotechnical Engineering Report

9th Street Clackamas County Tax Map 3 1E 02AC Lot 800 and 802 West Linn, Oregon

> GeoPacific Engineering, Inc. Project No. 19-5350 November 26, 2019



Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigation • Design • Construction Support

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Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigation • Design • Construction Support

November 26, 2019 Project No. 19-5350

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SUBJECT: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT

9[™] STREET

CLACKAMAS COUNTY TAX LOTS 3 1E 02AC 800 & 802

WEST LINN, OREGON 97068

PROJECT INFORMATION

This report presents the results of a geotechnical engineering study conducted by GeoPacific Engineering, Inc. (GeoPacific) for the above-referenced project. The purpose of our investigation was to evaluate subsurface conditions at the site, and to provide geotechnical recommendations for site development. This geotechnical study was performed in accordance with GeoPacific Proposal No. P-7124, dated October 8, 2019, and your subsequent authorization of our proposal and *General Conditions for Geotechnical Services*.

SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The subject property is composed of two parcels, identified as 31E02AC 0800 and 0802 and located on the southwest side of 9th Street in the City of West Linn, Clackamas County, Oregon. The combined parcels are approximately 1.80 acres in size and slope gently to the east at grades of less than 10 percent, in the direction of the Willamette River. The site is bordered by 9th Street to the northeast, by a wooded area and baseball fields to the southwest, by grass fields of a designated wetland to the south east, and by residential properties to the northwest. Ground elevations range from 70 to 80 feet above mean sea level. The site is currently unimproved, however; several flattened areas are present in the western portion of the site, adjacent to a neighboring stable. There is also an existing pond near the center of the western parcel. Vegetation consists of numerous dense trees to the southeast and grass lawns to the northwest.



It is our understanding that proposed development will include construction of two building lots for single family homes, construction of a private drive, improvements to the south bound lane of 9th Street, and associated underground utilities. A grading plan was not provided for our review; however, we anticipate cuts and fill will be less than 4 feet.

REGIONAL GEOLOGIC SETTING

The subject site lies within the Willamette Valley/Puget Sound lowland, a broad structural depression situated between the Coast Range on the west and the Cascade Range on the east. A series of discontinuous faults subdivide the Willamette Valley into a mosaic of fault-bounded, structural blocks (Yeats et al., 1996). Uplifted structural blocks form bedrock highlands, while down-warped structural blocks form sedimentary basins.

The southern portions of the site are underlain by alluvium, consisting of silt and clay with trace sand. The soils were deposited in a flood plain of the modern Willamette River, near the mouth of a tributary, the Tualatin River (Gannet and Caldwell, 1998, Beeson et all, 1989).

The alluvium and northern portion of the site are underlain by the Quaternary age (last 2.6 million years) Willamette Formation, a catastrophic flood deposit associated with repeated glacial outburst flooding of the Willamette Valley (Yeats et al., 1996). The last of these outburst floods occurred about 10,000 years ago. These deposits typically consist of horizontally layered, micaceous, silt to coarse sand forming poorly-defined to distinct beds less than 3 feet thick.

The Willamette Formation is underlain by the Columbia River Basalt Formation (Madin, 1990). The Miocene aged (about 14.5 to 16.5 million years ago) Columbia River Basalts are a thick sequence of lava flows which form the crystalline basement of the Tualatin Valley. The basalts are composed of dense, finely crystalline rock that is commonly fractured along blocky and columnar vertical joints. Individual basalt flow units typically range from 25 to 125 feet thick and interflow zones are typically vesicular, scoriaceous, brecciated, and sometimes include sedimentary rocks.

REGIONAL SEISMIC SETTING

At least three major fault zones capable of generating damaging earthquakes are thought to exist in the vicinity of the subject site. These include the Cascadia Subduction Zone, the Portland Hills Fault Zone, and the Bolton Fault Zone.

Cascadia Subduction Zone

The Cascadia Subduction Zone is a 680-mile-long zone of active tectonic convergence where oceanic crust of the Juan de Fuca Plate is subducting beneath the North American continent at a rate of 4 cm per year (Goldfinger et al., 1996). A growing body of geologic evidence suggests that prehistoric subduction zone earthquakes have occurred (Atwater, 1992; Carver, 1992; Peterson et al., 1993;



Geomatrix Consultants, 1995). This evidence includes: (1) buried tidal marshes recording episodic, sudden subsidence along the coast of northern California, Oregon, and Washington, (2) burial of subsided tidal marshes by tsunami wave deposits, (3) paleoliquefaction features, and (4) geodetic uplift patterns on the Oregon coast. Radiocarbon dates on buried tidal marshes indicate a recurrence interval for major subduction zone earthquakes of 250 to 650 years with the last event occurring 300 years ago (Atwater, 1992; Carver, 1992; Peterson et al., 1993; Geomatrix Consultants, 1995). The inferred seismogenic portion of the plate interface lies roughly along the Oregon coast at depths of between 20 and 40 miles.

Portland Hills Fault Zone

The Portland Hills Fault Zone is a series of NW-trending faults that include the central Portland Hills Fault, the western Oatfield Fault, and the eastern East Bank Fault. These faults occur in a northwest-trending zone that varies in width between 3.5 and 5.0 miles. The combined three faults vertically displace the Columbia River Basalt by 1,130 feet and appear to control thickness changes in late Pleistocene (approx. 780,000 years) sediment (Madin, 1990).

The Portland Hills Fault occurs along the Willamette River at the base of the Portland Hills and is about 5 miles northeast of the site. The Oatfield Fault occurs along the western side of the Portland Hills and is about 4 miles east of the site. The Oatfield Fault is considered to be potentially seismogenic (Wong, et al., 2000). Madin and Mabey (1993) indicate the Portland Hills Fault Zone has experienced Late Quaternary (last 780,000 years) fault movement; however, movement has not been detected in the last 20,000 years. The East Bank Fault occurs along the eastern margin of the Willamette River, and is located approximately 12 miles north of the site. The accuracy of the fault mapping is stated to be within 500 meters (Wong, et al., 2000).

No historical seismicity is correlated with the mapped portion of the Portland Hills Fault Zone, but in 1991 a M3.5 earthquake occurred on a NW-trending shear plane located 1.3 miles east of the fault (Yelin, 1992). Although there is no definitive evidence of recent activity, the Portland Hills Fault Zone is assumed to be potentially active (Geomatrix Consultants, 1995).

Bolton Fault Zone

The Bolton Fault Zone is a NW-trending fault that lies about 2 miles northeast of the subject site (DOGAMI: HazVu, 2019). The USGS: Earthquake Hazards Program and geologic mapping of the area (Beeson et al, 1989) indicate that a large northeast-facing cliff of Miocene Columbia River Basalt is caused by offset of approximately 200 meters in the fault, which is likely a southwest-dipping reverse fault. This cliff face roughly parallels the existing Highway 43 in the City of West Linn. Unambiguous evidence of Quaternary (last 2.6 million years) displacement has not been presented to date, but the fault is considered potentially active due to the bedrock escarpment along the alignment of the fault (Unruh et al., 1994).



FIELD EXPLORATION AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

On November 13, 2019, GeoPacific explored subsurface conditions at the site by excavating four exploratory test pits to depths of 9 to 11 feet with an extendable back-hoe, operated by Dan Fischer Excavating. The approximate test pit locations are shown on Figure 2. It should be noted that test pit locations were located in the field by pacing or taping distances from apparent property corners and other site features shown on the plans provided. As such, the locations of the explorations should be considered approximate.

A GeoPacific geologist continuously monitored the field exploration program and logged the test pit explorations. Soils observed in the explorations were classified in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. Rock hardness was classified in accordance with Table 1, modified from the ODOT Rock Hardness Classification Chart. During exploration, our geologist also noted geotechnical conditions such as soil consistency, moisture and groundwater conditions. Logs of test pits are attached to this report. The following report sections are based on the exploration program and summarize subsurface conditions encountered at the site.

Table 1. Rock Hardness Classification Chart

ODOT Rock Hardness Rating	Field Criteria	Unconfined Compressive Strength	Typical Equipment Needed for Excavation
Extremely Soft (R0)	Indented by thumbnail	<100 psi	Small excavator
Very Soft (R1)	Scratched by thumbnail, crumbled by rock hammer	100-1,000 psi	Small excavator
Soft (R2)	Not scratched by thumbnail, indented by rock hammer	1,000-4,000 psi	Medium excavator (slow digging with small excavator)
Medium Hard (R3)	Scratched or fractured by rock hammer	4,000-8,000 psi	Medium to large excavator (slow to very slow digging), typically requires chipping with hydraulic hammer or mass excavation)
Hard (R4)	Scratched or fractured w/ difficulty	8,000-16,000 psi	Slow chipping with hydraulic hammer and/or blasting
Very Hard (R5)	Not scratched or fractured after many blows, hammer rebounds	>16,000 psi	Blasting

Summary test pit logs are attached. The stratigraphic contacts shown on the individual logs represent the approximate boundaries between soil types. The actual transitions may be more gradual. The soil and groundwater conditions depicted are only for the specific dates and locations reported, and therefore, are not necessarily representative of other locations and times. Soil and groundwater conditions encountered in the explorations are summarized below.



At the completion of exploration, the test pits were backfilled with the excavated spoils and tamped with the backhoe bucket. This backfill should not be expected to behave as compacted structural fill and some minor settling of the ground surface may occur.

Soils

Topsoil Horizon: Directly underlying the ground surface in all test pit explorations was a topsoil horizon consisting of dark brown, highly organic SILT (OL). The topsoil horizon was generally loose, contained fine roots throughout, and extended to depths of 6 to 12 inches.

Undocumented Fill: Beneath the topsoil layer in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 was undocumented fill consisting of asphaltic concrete fragments and cobbles to boulders up to several feet in diameter mixed with clayey-silt soils. The undocumented fill extended to 6.5 feet below existing surface grade in test pit TP-1, 7 feet in test pit TP-2 and 3.5 feet in test pit TP-4.

Willamette Formation: Underlying undocumented fill in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 and the topsoil horizon in test pit TP-3 were fine-grained soils belonging to the Willamette Formation. Near surface soils in test pit TP-3 were a light brown, moist, clayey SILT (ML) that was stiff to very stiff consistency. Field pocket penetrometer measurements indicate an approximate unconfined compressive strength of 3.0 to 4.5 tons/ft² in the upper four feet of test pit TP-3. At depth in test pit TP-3 and beneath the undocumented fill in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 was soft to stiff, CLAY (CL) to SILT (ML) with trace fine-grained sand, that ranged in color from light tan with orange and gray mottling to a blue-gray. The Willamette Formation soils ranged from moist to wet and were generally soft in areas of seepage. This material extended beyond the maximum depth of our explorations, approximately 11 feet below the ground surface.

Groundwater and Soil Moisture

On November 13, 2019, groundwater seepage was encountered in all our test pit explorations. Locations and depths of seepage observed are presented below in Table 2. Soil moistures observed were generally considered to be moist to wet. Soils observed at depth, particularly in the southern test pits, TP-1 and TP-4, display a blue-gray color typically observed in anaerobic environments and areas were moisture is present throughout the year.

According to the *Estimated Depth to Groundwater in the Portland, Oregon Area, (United States Geological Survey, 2019)*, groundwater is expected to be present at an approximate depth of 4-10 feet below the ground surface. It is anticipated that groundwater conditions will vary depending on the season, local subsurface conditions, changes in site utilization, and other factors. Perched groundwater may be encountered in localized areas. Seeps and springs may exist in areas not explored and may become evident during site grading.



Table 2- Summary of Groundwater Seepage Encountered

Exploration Designation	Depth (feet)	Soil Type	Visually Estimated Flow Rate
TP-1	4 & 10	Fill & SILT (ML)	1/4 Gal/min
TP-2	6 to 7	Organic SILT (OL)	1/4 gal/min
TP-3	8 to 11	SILT (ML)	Static
TP-4	2, 4 & 7	Fill & SILT (ML)	½ gal/min

Infiltration Testing

On November 13, 2019, soil infiltration testing was not performed due to groundwater seepage observed at various depths in all of our test pits explorations. It is our opinion that onsite infiltration is not a feasible option for the proposed structures.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Our investigation indicates that the proposed development is geotechnically feasible, provided that the recommendations of this report are incorporated into the design and sufficient geotechnical monitoring is incorporated into the construction phases of the project. The primary geotechnical concerns associated with development at the property are:

- 1) The presence of soft to loose undocumented fill. Undocumented fill consisting of asphaltic concrete fragments, cobbles to boulders and soil was observed in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 to depths of 6.5 feet, 7 feet and 3.5 feet, respectfully.
- 2) The presence of groundwater seepage and low permeability of onsite soils. Onsite infiltration testing could not be performed due to the presence of groundwater seepage at various elevations in all of our test pit explorations (see test pit logs) and the fine-grained native soil types observed in our explorations typically exhibit low permeability.

Site Preparation Recommendations

Areas of proposed buildings, new roadways, and areas to receive fill should be cleared of vegetation and any organic and inorganic debris or fill. Existing buried structures should be demolished and any cavities structurally backfilled. Inorganic debris and organic materials from clearing should be removed from the site.

Existing fill and any organic-rich topsoil should then be stripped from construction areas of the site or where engineered fill is to be placed. The estimated depth necessary for removal of topsoil is approximately 8 to 10 inches – deeper stripping may be necessary to remove large tree roots in isolated areas. Undocumented fill was encountered in test pits TP-1, TP-2 and TP-4 to depths of 6.5 feet, 7 feet and 3.5 feet, respectfully.



The final depth of soil removal will be determined on the basis of a site inspection after the stripping/ excavation has been performed. Stripped topsoil should preferably be removed from the site. Any remaining topsoil should be stockpiled only in designated areas and stripping operations should be observed and documented by the geotechnical engineer or his representative.

Any remaining undocumented fills and subsurface structures (tile drains, basements, driveway and landscaping fill, old utility lines, septic leach fields, etc.) should be removed and the excavations backfilled with engineered fill.

Once stripping of a particular area is approved, the area must be ripped or tilled to a depth of 12 inches, moisture conditioned, root-picked, and compacted in-place prior to the placement of engineered fill or crushed aggregate base for pavement. Exposed subgrade soils should be evaluated by the geotechnical engineer. For large areas, this evaluation is normally performed by proof-rolling the exposed subgrade with a fully loaded scraper or dump truck. For smaller areas where access is restricted, the subgrade should be evaluated by probing the soil with a steel probe. Soft/loose soils identified during subgrade preparation should be compacted to a firm and unyielding condition, over-excavated and replaced with engineered fill (as described below) or stabilized with rock prior to placement of engineered fill. The depth of over-excavation, if required, should be evaluated by the geotechnical engineer at the time of construction.

Engineered Fill

All grading for the proposed development should be performed as engineered grading in accordance with the applicable building code at time of construction with the exceptions and additions noted herein.

Proper test frequency and earthwork documentation usually requires daily observation and testing during stripping, rough grading, and placement of engineered fill. Imported fill material must be approved by the geotechnical engineer prior to being imported to the site. Oversize material greater than 6 inches in size should not be used within 3 feet of foundation footings, and material greater than 12 inches in diameter should not be used in engineered fill.

Engineered fill should be compacted in horizontal lifts not exceeding 8 inches using standard compaction equipment. We recommend that engineered fill be compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density determined by ASTM D698 (Standard Proctor) or equivalent. Field density testing should conform to ASTM D2922 and D3017, or D1556. All engineered fill should be observed and tested by the project geotechnical engineer or his representative. Rocky fill may need to be evaluated by proofrolling and should be placed wet of optimum moisture content. Typically, one density test is performed for at least every 2 vertical feet of fill placed or every 500 yd³, whichever requires more testing. Because testing is performed on an on-call basis, we recommend that the earthwork contractor be held contractually responsible for test scheduling and frequency.



Site earthwork will be impacted by soil moisture and shallow groundwater conditions. Earthwork in wet weather would likely require extensive use of cement or lime treatment, or other special measures, at considerable additional cost compared to earthwork performed under dry-weather conditions.

Excavating Conditions and Utility Trench Backfill

All temporary cuts in excess of 4 feet in height should be sloped in accordance with U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations (29 CFR Part 1926) or be shored. The existing native soils classify as Type B Soil and temporary excavation side slope inclinations as steep as 1H:1V may be assumed for planning purposes. This cut slope inclination is applicable to excavations above the water table only. Maintenance of safe working conditions, including temporary excavation stability, is the responsibility of the contractor. Actual slope inclinations at the time of construction should be determined based on safety requirements and actual soil and groundwater conditions.

Saturated soils and groundwater may be encountered in utility trenches, particularly during the wet season. We anticipate that dewatering systems consisting of ditches, sumps and pumps would be adequate for control of perched groundwater. Regardless of the dewatering system used, it should be installed and operated such that in-place soils are prevented from being removed along with the groundwater.

Vibrations created by traffic and construction equipment may cause some caving and raveling of excavation walls. In such an event, lateral support for the excavation walls should be provided by the contractor to prevent loss of ground support and possible distress to existing or previously constructed structural improvements.

PVC pipe should be installed in accordance with the procedures specified in ASTM D2321. We recommend that trench backfill be compacted to at least 95% of the maximum dry density obtained by Modified Proctor ASTM D1557 or equivalent. Initial backfill lift thickness for a 3/4"-0 crushed aggregate base may need to be as great as 4 feet to reduce the risk of flattening underlying flexible pipe. Subsequent lift thickness should not exceed 1 foot. If imported granular fill material is used, then the lifts for large vibrating plate-compaction equipment (e.g. hoe compactor attachments) may be up to 2 feet, provided that proper compaction is being achieved and each lift is tested. Use of large vibrating compaction equipment should be carefully monitored near existing structures and improvements due to the potential for vibration-induced damage.

Adequate density testing should be performed during construction to verify that the recommended relative compaction is achieved. Typically, one density test is taken for every 4 vertical feet of backfill on each 200-lineal-foot section of trench.



Erosion Control Considerations

During our field exploration program, we did not observe soil types that would be considered highly susceptible to erosion except in areas of moderately sloping topography. In our opinion, the primary concern regarding erosion potential will occur during construction, in areas that have been stripped of vegetation. Erosion at the site during construction can be minimized by implementing the project erosion control plan, which should include judicious use of straw wattles and silt fences. If used, these erosion control devices should be in place and remain in place throughout site preparation and construction.

Erosion and sedimentation of exposed soils can also be minimized by quickly re-vegetating exposed areas of soil, and by staging construction such that large areas of the project site are not denuded and exposed at the same time. Areas of exposed soil requiring immediate and/or temporary protection against exposure should be covered with either mulch or erosion control netting/blankets. Areas of exposed soil requiring permanent stabilization should be seeded with an approved grass seed mixture, or hydroseeded with an approved seed-mulch-fertilizer mixture.

Wet Weather Earthwork

Soils underlying the site are likely to be moisture sensitive and may be difficult to handle or traverse with construction equipment during periods of wet weather. Earthwork is typically most economical when performed under dry weather conditions. Earthwork performed during the wet-weather season will probably require expensive measures such as cement treatment or imported granular material to compact areas where fill may be proposed to the recommended engineering specifications. If earthwork is to be performed or fill is to be placed in wet weather or under wet conditions when soil moisture content is difficult to control, the following recommendations should be incorporated into the contract specifications.

- Earthwork should be performed in small areas to minimize exposure to wet weather.
 Excavation or the removal of unsuitable soils should be followed promptly by the placement
 and compaction of clean engineered fill. The size and type of construction equipment used
 may have to be limited to prevent soil disturbance. Under some circumstances, it may be
 necessary to excavate soils with a backhoe to minimize subgrade disturbance caused by
 equipment traffic;
- The ground surface within the construction area should be graded to promote run-off of surface water and to prevent the ponding of water;
- Material used as engineered fill should consist of clean, granular soil containing less than 5
 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. The fines should be non-plastic. Alternatively, cement
 treatment of on-site soils may be performed to facilitate wet weather placement;
- The ground surface within the construction area should be sealed by a smooth drum vibratory roller, or equivalent, and under no circumstances should be left uncompacted and exposed to moisture. Soils which become too wet for compaction should be removed and replaced with clean granular materials;



- Excavation and placement of fill should be observed by the geotechnical engineer to verify that all unsuitable materials are removed, and suitable compaction and site drainage is achieved; and
- Geotextile silt fences, straw wattles, and fiber rolls should be strategically located to control
 erosion.

Spread Foundations

The proposed residential structures may be supported on shallow foundations bearing on engineered fill placed and compacted over competent native soils, appropriately designed and constructed as recommended in this report. Foundation design, construction, and setback requirements should conform to the applicable building code at the time of construction. For maximization of bearing strength and protection against frost heave, spread footings should be embedded at a minimum depth of 12 inches below exterior grade. Foundations should be designed by a licensed structural engineer.

The anticipated allowable soil bearing pressure is 1,500 lbs/ft² for footings bearing on moisture conditioned and re-compacted native soils and/or structural fill. A maximum chimney and column load of 30 kips is recommended for the site. The recommended maximum allowable bearing pressure may be increased by 1/3 for short-term transient conditions such as wind and seismic loading. For heavier loads, the geotechnical engineer should be consulted. The coefficient of friction between on-site soil and poured-in-place concrete may be taken as 0.42, which includes no factor of safety. The maximum anticipated total and differential footing movements (generally from soil expansion and/or settlement) are 1 inch and ¾ inch over a span of 20 feet, respectively. We anticipate that the majority of the estimated settlement will occur during construction, as loads are applied. Excavations near structural footings should not extend within a 1H:1V plane projected downward from the bottom edge of footings.

Footing excavations should penetrate through topsoil and any loose soil to competent subgrade that is either

- 1) suitable for bearing support,
- 2) moisture conditioned and compacted and/or
- 3) over-excavated and replaced with structural fill.

All footing excavations should be trimmed neat, and all loose or softened soil should be removed from the excavation bottom prior to placing reinforcing steel bars. Due to the moisture sensitivity of on-site native soils, foundations constructed during the wet weather season may require over-excavation of footings and backfill with compacted, crushed aggregate.

Our recommendations are for house construction incorporating raised wood floors and conventional spread footing foundations. If living space of the structures will incorporate basements, a geotechnical engineer should be consulted to make additional recommendations for retaining walls, water-proofing, underslab drainage and wall subdrains. After site development, a Final Soil Engineer's Report should either confirm or modify the above recommendations.



Concrete Slabs-on-Grade

Preparation of areas beneath concrete slab-on-grade floors should be performed as recommended in the *Site Preparation* section. Care should be taken during excavation for foundations and floor slabs, to avoid disturbing subgrade soils. If subgrade soils have been adversely impacted by wet weather or otherwise disturbed, the surficial soils should be scarified to a minimum depth of 8 inches, moisture conditioned to within about 3 percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to engineered fill specifications. Alternatively, disturbed soils may be removed, and the removal zone backfilled with additional crushed rock.

For evaluation of the concrete slab-on-grade floors using the beam on elastic foundation method, a modulus of subgrade reaction of 150 kcf (87 pci) should be assumed for the fine-grained soils anticipated to be present in the upper four feet at the site. This value assumes the concrete slab system is designed and constructed as recommended herein, with a minimum thickness of 8 inches of 1½"-0 crushed aggregate beneath the slab. The total thickness of crushed aggregate will be dependent on the subgrade conditions at the time of construction and should be verified visually by proof-rolling. Under-slab aggregate should be compacted to at least 90 percent of its maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D1557 (Modified Proctor) or equivalent.

In areas where moisture will be detrimental to floor coverings or equipment inside the proposed structure, appropriate vapor barrier and damp-proofing measures should be implemented. A commonly applied vapor barrier system consists of a 10-mil polyethylene vapor barrier placed directly over the capillary break material. Other damp/vapor barrier systems may also be feasible. Appropriate design professionals should be consulted regarding vapor barrier and damp proofing systems, ventilation, building material selection and mold prevention issues, which are outside GeoPacific's area of expertise.

Permanent Below-Grade Walls

Lateral earth pressures against below-grade retaining walls will depend upon the inclination of any adjacent slopes, type of backfill, degree of wall restraint, method of backfill placement, degree of backfill compaction, drainage provisions, and magnitude and location of any adjacent surcharge loads. At-rest soil pressure is exerted on a retaining wall when it is restrained against rotation. In contrast, active soil pressure will be exerted on a wall if its top is allowed to rotate or yield a distance of roughly 0.001 times its height or greater.

If the subject retaining walls will be free to rotate at the top, they should be designed for an active earth pressure equivalent to that generated by a fluid weighing 35 pcf for level backfill against the wall. For restrained wall, an at-rest equivalent fluid pressure of 55 pcf should be used in design, again assuming level backfill against the wall. These values assume that the recommended drainage provisions are incorporated, and hydrostatic pressures are not allowed to develop against the wall.



During a seismic event, lateral earth pressures acting on below-grade structural walls will increase by an incremental amount that corresponds to the earthquake loading. Based on the Mononobe-Okabe equation and peak horizontal accelerations appropriate for the site location, seismic loading should be modeled using the active or at-rest earth pressures recommended above, plus an incremental rectangular-shaped seismic load of magnitude 6.5H, where H is the total height of the wall.

We assume relatively level ground surface below the base of the walls. As such, we recommend passive earth pressure of 320 pcf for use in design, assuming wall footings are cast against competent native soils or engineered fill. If the ground surface slopes down and away from the base of any of the walls, a lower passive earth pressure should be used and GeoPacific should be contacted for additional recommendations.

A coefficient of friction of 0.42 may be assumed along the interface between the base of the wall footing and subgrade soils. The recommended coefficient of friction and passive earth pressure values do not include a safety factor, and an appropriate safety factor should be included in design. The upper 12 inches of soil should be neglected in passive pressure computations unless it is protected by pavement or slabs on grade.

The above recommendations for lateral earth pressures assume that the backfill behind the subsurface walls will consist of properly compacted structural fill, and no adjacent surcharge loading. If the walls will be subjected to the influence of surcharge loading within a horizontal distance equal to or less than the height of the wall, the walls should be designed for the additional horizontal pressure. For uniform surcharge pressures, a uniformly distributed lateral pressure of 0.3 times the surcharge pressure should be added. Traffic surcharges may be estimated using an additional vertical load of 250 psf (2 feet of additional fill), in accordance with local practice.

The recommended equivalent fluid densities assume a free-draining condition behind the walls so that hydrostatic pressures do not build-up. This can be accomplished by placing a 12 to 18-inch wide zone of sand and gravel containing less than 5 percent passing the No. 200 sieve against the walls. A 3-inch minimum diameter perforated, plastic drain pipe should be installed at the base of the walls and connected to a suitable discharge point to remove water in this zone of sand and gravel. The drain pipe should be wrapped in filter fabric (Mirafi 140N or other as approved by the geotechnical engineer) to minimize clogging.

Wall drains are recommended to prevent detrimental effects of surface water runoff on foundations – not to dewater groundwater. Drains should not be expected to eliminate all potential sources of water entering a basement or beneath a slab-on-grade. An adequate grade to a low point outlet drain in the crawlspace is required by code. Underslab drains are sometimes added beneath the slab when placed over soils of low permeability and shallow, perched groundwater.

Water collected from the wall drains should be directed into the local storm drain system or other suitable outlet. A minimum 0.5 percent fall should be maintained throughout the drain and non-perforated pipe outlet. Down spouts and roof drains should not be connected to the wall drains in



order to reduce the potential for clogging. The drains should include clean-outs to allow periodic maintenance and inspection. Grades around the proposed structure should be sloped such that surface water drains away from the building.

GeoPacific should be contacted during construction to verify subgrade strength in wall keyway excavations, to verify that backslope soils are in accordance with our assumptions, and to take density tests on the wall backfill materials.

Structures should be located a horizontal distance of at least 1.5H away from the back of the retaining wall, where H is the total height of the wall. GeoPacific should be contacted for additional foundation recommendations where structures are located closer than 1.5H to the top of any wall.

Drainage

The upslope edge of perimeter footings may be provided with a drainage system consisting of 3-inch diameter, slotted, plastic pipe embedded in a minimum of 1 ft³ per lineal foot of clean, free-draining gravel or uncompacted 3/4"-0 rock. Water collected from the footing drains should be directed into the local storm drain system or another suitable outlet. A minimum 0.5 percent fall should be maintained throughout the drain and non-perforated pipe outlet. Down spouts and roof drains should not be connected to the foundation drains in order to reduce the potential for clogging. The footing drains should include clean-outs to allow periodic maintenance and inspection. Grades around the proposed structure should be sloped such that surface water drains away from the building. Footing drain recommendations are given to prevent detrimental effects of groundwater on foundations and should not be expected to eliminate all potential sources of water entering a crawlspace. An adequate grade to a low point outlet drain in the crawlspace is required by code.

Flexible Pavement Design: 9th Street Half Street Improvement

We understand that, as part of development, improvements must be made to the existing south bound lane of 9th Street, within the property boundaries. The City of West Linn Public Works Design Standards, Section Five – Street Requirements states an approved section for Local / Neighborhood streets. Table 3 presents the approved Local / Neighborhood street section for the City of West Linn with estimated structural coefficients.



Table 3 - City of West Linn Minimum Dry-Weather Pavement Section for 9th Street

Material Layer	Section Thickness (in.)	Structural Coefficient	Compaction Standard
Asphaltic Concrete (AC)	4	0.42	91%/ 92% of Rice Density AASHTO T-209
Crushed Aggregate Base 3/4"-0 (leveling course)	2	0.10	95% of Modified Proctor AASHTO T-180
Crushed Aggregate Base 11/2"-0	10	0.10	95% of Modified Proctor AASHTO T-180
Subgrade	12	5,000 PSI	95% of Standard Proctor AASHTO T-99 or equivalent
Calculated Structural Number		1.88	

Road Subgrade Preparation

The subgrade should be ripped or tilled to a depth of 12 inches, moisture conditioned, root-picked, and compacted in-place prior to the placement of crushed aggregate base for pavement. Any pockets of organic debris or loose fill encountered during ripping or tilling should be removed and replaced with engineered fill (see *Site Preparation* section). In order to verify subgrade strength, we recommend proof-rolling directly on subgrade with a loaded dump truck during dry weather and on top of base course in wet weather. Soft areas that pump, rut, or weave should be stabilized prior to paving.

If pavement areas are to be constructed during wet weather, the subgrade and construction plan should be reviewed by the project geotechnical engineer at the time of construction so that condition specific recommendations can be provided. The moisture sensitive subgrade soils make the site a difficult wet weather construction project. General recommendations for wet weather pavement sections are provided below.

During placement of pavement section materials, density testing should be performed to verify compliance with project specifications. Generally, one subgrade, one base course, and one asphalt compaction test is performed for every 100 to 200 linear feet of paving.

Wet Weather Construction Pavement Section

This section presents our recommendations for wet weather pavement section and construction for new pavement sections at the project. These wet weather pavement section recommendations are intended for use in situations where it is not feasible to compact the subgrade soils, due to wet subgrade soil conditions, and/or construction during wet weather.

Based on our site review, we recommend a wet weather section with a minimum subgrade deepening of 6 inches to accommodate a working subbase of additional 1½"-0 crushed rock. Geotextile fabric, Mirafi 500x or equivalent, should be placed on subgrade soils prior to placement of base rock.



In some instances, it may be preferable to use Special Treated Base (STB) in combination with over-excavation and increasing the thickness of the rock section. GeoPacific should be consulted for additional recommendations regarding use of STB in wet weather pavement sections if it is desired to pursue this alternative. Cement treatment of the subgrade may also be considered instead of over-excavation. For planning purposes, we anticipate that treatment of the onsite soils would involve mixing cement powder to approximately 6 percent cement content and a mixing depth on the order of 12 to 18 inches.

With implementation of the above recommendations, it is our opinion that the resulting pavement section will provide equivalent or greater structural strength than the dry weather pavement section currently planned. However, it should be noted that construction in wet weather is risky and the performance of pavement subgrades depend on a number of factors including the weather conditions, the contractor's methods, and the amount of traffic the road is subjected to. There is a potential that soft spots may develop even with implementation of the wet weather provisions recommended in this letter. If soft spots in the subgrade are identified during roadway excavation, or develop prior to paving, the soft spots should be over-excavated and backfilled with additional crushed rock.

During subgrade excavation, care should be taken to avoid disturbing the subgrade soils. Removals should be performed using an excavator with a smooth-bladed bucket. Truck traffic should be limited until an adequate working surface has been established. We suggest that the crushed rock be spread using bulldozer equipment rather than dump trucks, to reduce the amount of traffic and potential disturbance of subgrade soils.

Care should be taken to avoid over-compaction of the base course materials, which could create pumping, unstable subgrade soil conditions. Heavy and/or vibratory compaction efforts should be applied with caution. Following placement and compaction of the crushed rock to project specifications (95 percent of Modified Proctor), a finish proof-roll should be performed before paving.

The above recommendations are subject to field verification. GeoPacific should be on-site during construction to verify subgrade strength and to take density tests on the engineered fill, base rock and asphaltic pavement materials.

Seismic Design

The Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (Dogami), Oregon HazVu: Statewide GeoHazards Viewer indicates that the site is in an area where *severe* ground shaking is anticipated during an earthquake (Dogami HazVu, 2019). Structures should be designed to resist earthquake loading in accordance with the methodology described in the 2018 International Building Code (IBC) with applicable Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) revisions (current 2019). We recommend Site Class D be used for design per the OSSC, Table 1613.5.2 and as defined in ASCE 7-16, Chapter 20, Table 20.3-1. Design values determined for the site using the ATC (Applied Technology Council) *ASCE7-10 Hazards by Location online Tool* website are summarized in Table 3.



Table 3 - Recommended Earthquake Ground Motion Factors (ASCE 7-16)

Parameter	Value			
Location (Lat, Long), degrees	45.3426, -122.6486			
Probabilistic Ground Motion Values, 2% Probability of Exceedance in 50 yrs				
Site Modified Peak Ground Acceleration	0.459 g			
Short Period, S _s	0.831 g			
1.0 Sec Period, S ₁	0.376 g			
Soil Factors for Site Class D:				
Fa	1.168			
F _v	1.924			
$SD_s = 2/3 \times F_a \times S_s$	0.647 g			
SD ₁ = 2/3 x F _v x S ₁	0.482 g			
Seismic Design Category	D			

^{*} F_v value reported in the above table is a straight-line interpolation of mapped spectral response acceleration at 1-second period, S_1 per Table 1613.2.3(2) of OSSC 2019 with the assumption that Exception 2 of ASCE 7-16 Chapter 11.4.8 is met per the Structural Engineer. If Exception 2 is not met, and the long-period site coefficient (F_v) is required for design, GeoPacific Engineering can be consulted to provide a site-specific procedure as per ASCE 7-16, Chapter 21.

Soil Liquefaction

Soil liquefaction is a phenomenon wherein saturated soil deposits temporarily lose strength and behave as a liquid in response to ground shaking caused by strong earthquakes. Soil liquefaction is generally limited to loose, sands and granular soils located below the water table. The Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries (DOGAMI), Oregon HazVu: 2019 Statewide GeoHazards Viewer indicates that the site is in an area considered to be at *low* to *high* risk for soil liquefaction during an earthquake (DOGAMI:HazVu, 2019).

An in-depth analysis of seismic hazards is beyond the scope of this study. However, if additional information is desired regarding the potential for soil liquefaction during a seismic event, GeoPacific may be consulted to perform additional subsurface explorations, consisting of soil borings and/or CPT testing, and to perform a quantitative liquefaction analysis.



UNCERTAINTIES AND LIMITATIONS

We have prepared this report for the owner and his/her consultants for use in design of this project only. The conclusions and interpretations presented in this report should not be construed as a warranty of the subsurface conditions. Experience has shown that soil and groundwater conditions can vary significantly over small distances. Inconsistent conditions can occur between explorations that may not be detected by a geotechnical study. If, during future site operations, subsurface conditions are encountered which vary appreciably from those described herein, GeoPacific should be notified for review of the recommendations of this report, and revision of such if necessary.

Within the limitations of scope, schedule and budget, GeoPacific executed these services in accordance with generally accepted professional principles and practices in the fields of geotechnical engineering and engineering geology at the time the report was prepared. No warranty, express or implied, is made. The scope of our work did not include environmental assessments or evaluations regarding the presence or absence of wetlands or hazardous or toxic substances in the soil, surface water, or groundwater at this site.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

GEOPACIFIC ENGINEERING, INC.

Michael T. Baker, G.I.T.

Geotechnical Staff

Muchel I Bolon

James D. Imbrie, G.E., C.E.G. Principal Geotechnical Engineer

EXPIRES: 05/39/2021



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Geotechnical Engineering Report Project No. 19-5350, 9th Street, West Linn, Oregon



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CHECKLIST OF RECOMMENDED GEOTECHNICAL TESTING AND OBSERVATION

Item No.	Procedure	Timing	By Whom	Done
1	Preconstruction meeting	Prior to beginning site work	Contractor, Developer, Civil and Geotechnical Engineers	
2	Fill removal from site or sorting and stockpiling	Prior to mass stripping	Soil Technician/ Geotechnical Engineer	
3	Stripping, aeration, and root-picking operations	During stripping	Soil Technician	
4	Compaction testing of engineered fill (95% of Standard Proctor)	During filling, tested every 2 vertical feet	Soil Technician	
5	Compaction testing of trench backfill (95% of Standard Proctor)	During backfilling, tested every 4 vertical feet for every 200 lineal feet	Soil Technician	
6	Street Subgrade Inspection	Prior to placing base course	Soil Technician	
7	Base course compaction (95% of Modified Proctor)	Prior to paving, tested every 200 lineal feet	Soil Technician	
8	Footing Subgrade Inspection	Prior to placement of forms	Soil Technician/ Geotechnical Engineer	
9	Final Geotechnical Engineer's Report	Completion of project	Geotechnical Engineer	



FIGURES

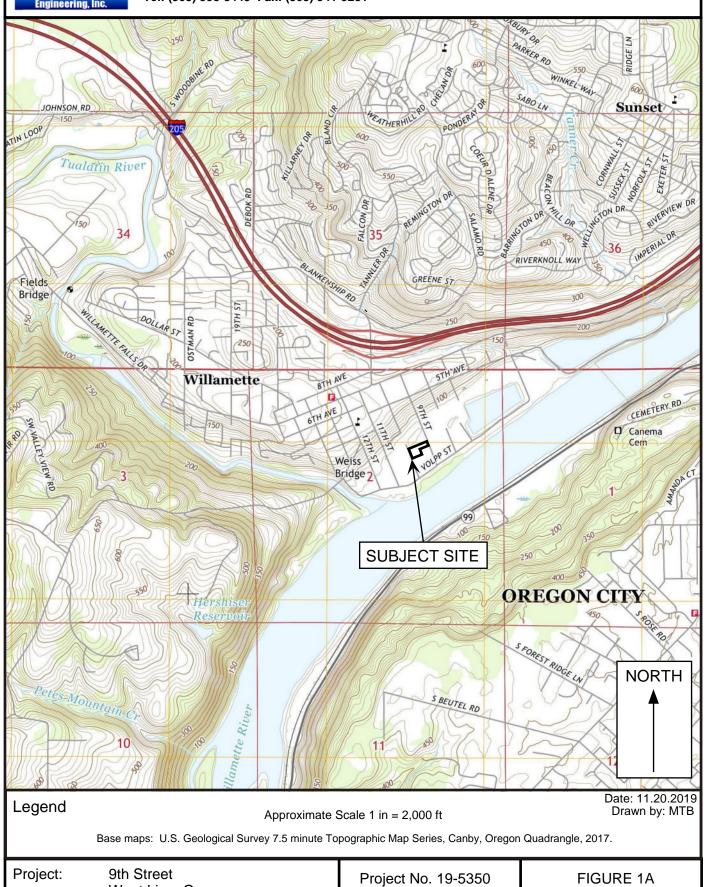


14835 SW 72nd Avenue Portland, Oregon 97224

West Linn, Oregon

Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

VICINITY MAP

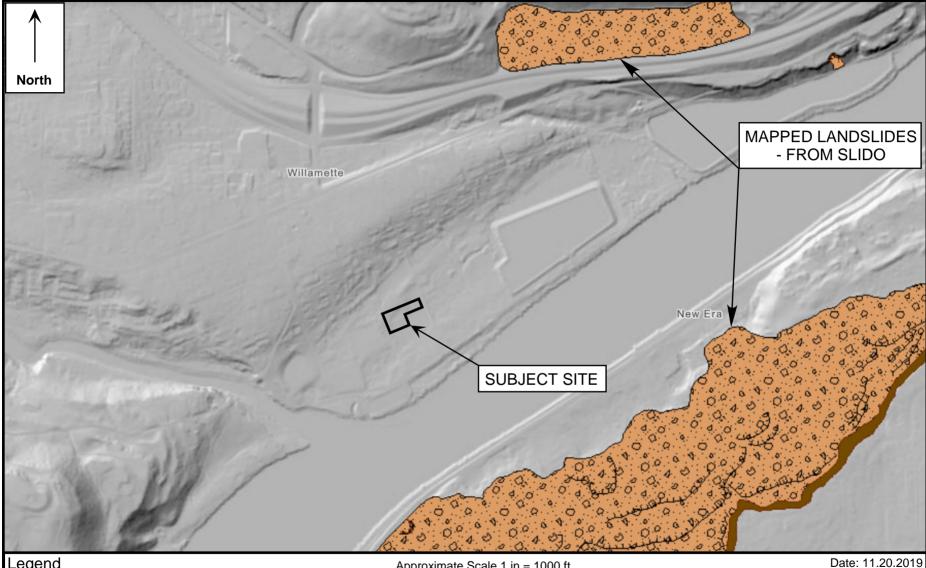


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LIDAR BASED VICINITY MAP -WITH MAPPED LANDSLIDES



Legend

Approximate Scale 1 in = 1000 ft

Drawn by: MTB

Base map: Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, 2019, Statewide Landslide Information Database for Oregon (SLIDO): http://www.gis.dogami.oregon.gov/slido

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

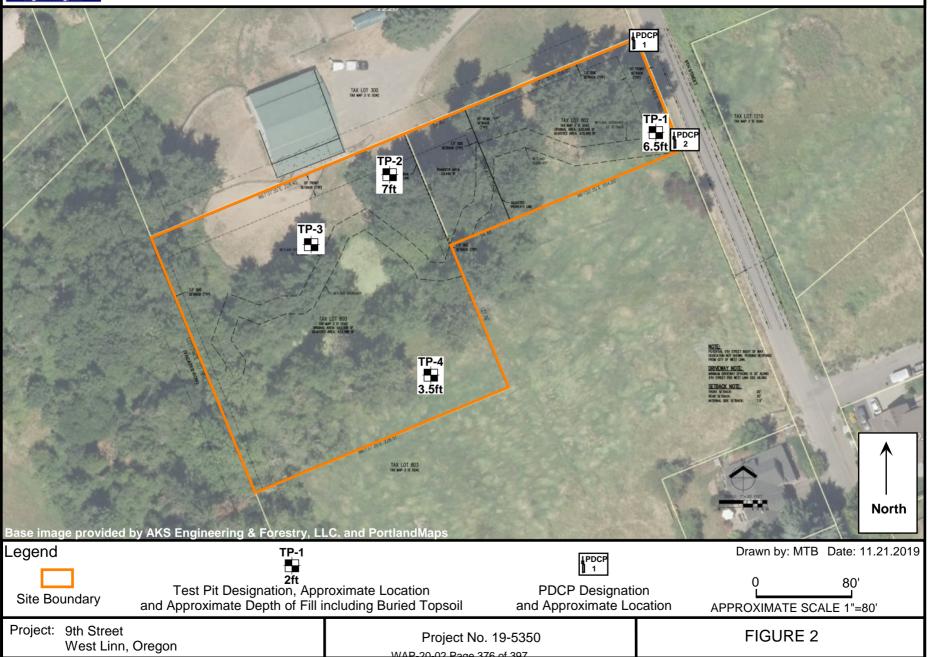
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FIGURE 1B



14835 SW 72nd Avenue Portland, Oregon 97224 Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

SITE AERIAL AND EXPLORATION LOCATIONS





EXPLORATION LOGS



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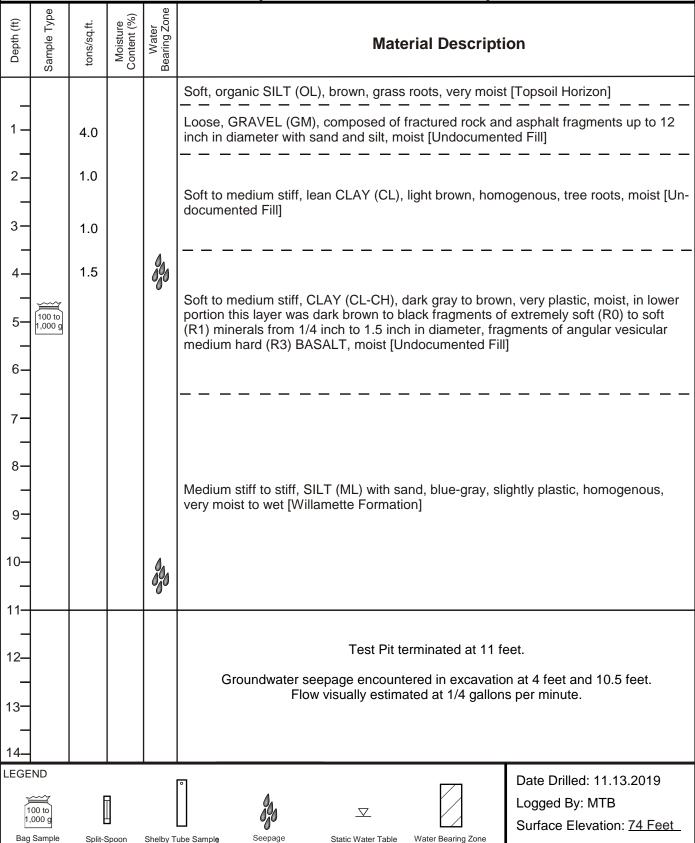
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TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

Exploration No. TP-1





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TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

Exploration No. **TP-2**

Depth (ft)	Sample Type	tons/sq.ft.	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone	Material Description			
					Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist [Topsoil Horizon]			
1 –		0.5						
2_		1.0						
3-		1.5			Loose to medium dense, GRAVEL (GM), composed of medium hard (R3) angular BASALT and asphaltic concrete fragments up to several feet in diameter in a matrix of soft silty CLAY to clayey SILT (CL-ML), moist [Undocumented Fill]			
4-		1.5						
5— —								
6-								
7-					Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist [Buried Topsoil Horizon]			
8- 8-					Medium stiff, lean CLAY (CL), blue-gray, moderately plastic, homogenous, moist [Willamette Formation]			
9- - 10-	100 to 1,000 g				Soft to medium stiff, SILT with fine grained sand to sandy SILT (ML-SM), tan with faint orange mottling in thin bands approximately 1/8 to 1/2 inch in thickness, wet [Willamette Formation]			
11-					Test Pit terminated at 11 feet.			
12-					Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 6 to 7 feet. Flow visually estimated at 1/4 gallons per minute.			
13 -								
14—								
LEGE	ND	_	_		Date Drilled: 11.13.2019			
	00 to 000 g				Logged By: MTB Surface Elevation: 80 Feet			
Bag Sample Split-Spoon Shelby Tube Sample Seepage Static Water Table Water Bearing Zone WAP-20-02 Page 379 of 397								



14835 SW 72nd Avenue

Portland, Oregon 97224 Tel: (503) 598-8445 Fax: (503) 941-9281

TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street

West Linn, Oregon

Project No. 19-5350

Exploration No. **TP-3**

Depth (ft)	Sample Type	tons/sq.ft.	Moisture Content (%)	Water Bearing Zone	Material Description
					Stiff, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots wood debris, moist [Topsoil Horizon]
<u>'</u>		3.0			
2_		3.5			
$ \ $					
3-		4.5			Stiff to very stiff, SILT (ML), light brown, moderately plastic, homogenous, sparse
-					tree roots to 3 feet, moist [Willamette Formation]
4-		4.5			
┨╶┨					
5-					
6-					
7-					
$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$					
8-					
I_{-}					Stiff, SILT (ML) with fine-grained sand to sandy SILT (SM), tan with gray and orange mottling, moist to approximately 8 feet than very moist to wet [Willamette Formation]
9-					mouning, moist to approximately o reet than very moist to wet [willamette i officiation]
I					
10-					
╽┤					
11-					
12-					Test Pit terminated at 11 feet.
					Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 8 feet.
13-					,
14_					
LEGE	:ND				Date Drilled: 11.13.2019
	00 to	f			Logged By: MTB
I -	,000 g Sample	Split-S	Spoon	Shelby T	Surface Elevation: 80 Feet Surface Elevation: 80 Feet Surface Elevation: 80 Feet
					WAR 20 00 Page 200 of 207



Bag Sample

Split-Spoon

Shelby Tube Sample

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TEST PIT LOG

Project: 9th Street Project No. 19-5350 Exploration No. **TP-4** West Linn, Oregon Water Bearing Zone Sample Type Moisture Content (%) Depth (ft) ons/sq.ft. **Material Description** Soft, organic SILT (OL), brown, grass roots, moist to very moist [Topsoil Horizon] 1.0 1.0 Soft to very stiff CLAY (CL), reddish brown, black staining, heavily weathered BASALT fragments, moist to wet [Undocumented Fill] 3-4.5 1.0 5-6-Medium stiff to stiff, SILT (ML) with sand, blue-gray, slightly plastic, homogenous, very moist to wet [Willamette Formation] 8-9. Test Pit terminated at 9 feet. 10-Groundwater seepage encountered in excavation at 2, 4 and 7 feet. 11-12-13-LEGEND Date Drilled: 11.13.2019 Logged By: MTB ∇ 1,000 g Surface Elevation: 72 Feet

Static Water Table

Water Bearing Zone

Seepage

GeoPacific Engineering, Inc.

Real-World Geotechnical Solutions Investigiation, Design, Construction Support

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Tel (503) 598-8445 Fax (503) 941-9281

Portable Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (PDCP) / California Bearing Ratio (CBR) Correlation

Existing A/C Thickness: 0 Inches Existing Base Aggregate Thickness: 0 Inches Project: 9th Street West Linn Date: 11.20.2019 Test: PDCP-1

Project No. 19-5350 Engineer: MTB
Location: SW Shoulder of 9th Street at N Property Corner

Subgrade: Fill Notes: Location on Figures 2

Portable Dynamic Cone: KSE DCP K-100 Model, ASTM D6951, 17.6 lbs Hammer

Length of Shaft	Ref Height at Start	Depth Below Ground at Start
in	in	in
38.75	3.6	2.6

 Blows	Ref Height (in)	Depth Below Ground (in)	Depth Below Ground (ft)	Depth Below Ground (mm)	Inches/Blow	mm/Blow	CBR	Corellated PSI
5	10.9	9.9	0.8	251.5	1.5	37.1	5.1	4193
5	13.4	12.4	1.0	315.0	0.5	12.7	16.9	6368
5	21	20.0	1.7	508.0	1.5	38.6	4.9	4127
5	26.7	25.7	2.1	652.8	1.1	29.0	6.7	4617
5	29.5	28.5	2.4	723.9	0.6	14.2	14.9	6092
5	32.9	31.9	2.7	810.3	0.7	17.3	12.0	5648
5	35.9	34.9	2.9	886.5	0.6	15.2	13.8	5931
				_	Average	23 44	8.5	

Average Soil Resilient Modulus per ODOT Pavement Design Guide 5014

Portable Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (PDCP) / California Bearing Ratio (CBR) Correlation

Project: 9th Street West Linn
Project No. 19-5350
Project No. 19-5350
Project No. 19-6350
Project: 9th Street West Linn
Project No. 19-6350
Project No. 19-6 Existing A/C Thickness: 0 Inches Tes Existing Base Aggregate Thickness: 0 Inches Test: PDCP-2

Notes: Location on Figures 2

Length of Shaft	Ref Height at Start	Depth Below Ground at Start
in	in	in
38.75	3	2

Blows	Ref Height (in)	Depth Below Ground (in)	Depth Below Ground (ft)	Depth Below Ground (mm)	Inches/Blow	mm/Blow	CBR	Corellated PSI
5	9.8	8.8	0.7	223.5	1.4	34.5	5.5	4310
5	12.7	11.7	1.0	297.2	0.6	14.7	14.4	6010
5	14.2	13.2	1.1	335.3	0.3	7.6	30.0	7772
5	16.6	15.6	1.3	396.2	0.5	12.2	17.7	6470
5	22.8	21.8	1.8	553.7	1.2	31.5	6.1	4468
5	25.6	24.6	2.1	624.8	0.6	14.2	14.9	6092
5	28	27.0	2.3	685.8	0.5	12.2	17.7	6470
5	32.8	31.8	2.7	807.7	1.0	24.4	8.2	4937
5	34.4	33.4	2.8	848.4	0.3	8.1	27.9	7578
					Average	17.72	11.7	ı

Average 17.72 Average Soil Resilient Modulus per ODOT Pavement Design Guide 5592



PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG





Overhead of the Property



Proximity to Willamette River





Test Pits TP-2 & TP-3



Test Pit TP-1 Undocumented Fill





Test Pit TP-1





Test Pit TP-2 Undocumented Fill





Test Pit TP-3





Test Pit TP-4





Test Pit TP-4



Exhibit H: Pre-Application Summary



Pre-app Comments

Project Number: PA-19-14 Single family dwellings North of 1040 9th Street

Engineering Contact:

Amy Pepper, PE apepper@westlinnoregon.gov Telephone: (503) 722-3437

Project Description: Construct single family homes on existing lots of record north of 1040 9th Street.

Pre-application meeting date: June 20, 2019

The comments provided below are based upon material provided as part of the pre-application packet and are intended to identify potential design challenges associated with the development. Comments are not intended to be exhaustive and do not preclude the engineering department from making additional comments as part of the formal land use application process.

TRANSPORTATION

Minimum Required Improvement:

- 9th St street improvement:
 - o 9th Street is identified as a local street in the City's Transportation System Plan.
 - o Existing right-of-way is unimproved and approximately 40 feet wide.
 - o The existing pavement width is approximately 15 feet.
 - Half-street improvements to local street standards will be required at the time of development. Given the WRA restrictions, constrained right-of-way improvements may be supported by the City Engineer. The applicant shall include rationale for any deviations from the 28-foot local street standard.
- Street trees: coordinate with the Park Department to install appropriate number and type of tree, as applicable:

o Parks Contact: Mike Perkins

mperkins@westlinnoregon.gov

503-742-6046

- A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) is not anticipated to be required. Review CDC Chapter 85 and Section 5 of the *City of West Linn Public Works Standards*.
- Driveway standards can be found in Section 5 of the City of West Linn Public Works Standards.

SANITARY SEWER

Minimum Required Improvement:

• The existing 8" sanitary sewer line in 9th Street appears to have adequate capacity and is available to serve the proposed single family units. The line is approximately 3-4' below the surface of the roadway.

DOMESTIC WATER

Minimum Required Improvement:

• There is an existing 6" cast iron water line. The Water Master Plan identifies this line needs to be



Pre-app Comments

Project Number: PA-19-14 Single family dwellings North of 1040 9th Street

Engineering Contact:

Amy Pepper, PE apepper@westlinnoregon.gov Telephone: (503) 722-3437

upgraded to an 8" ductile iron pipe. The construction of single family homes does not trigger the applicant to upsize this line to serve the development unless installation of a new hydrant necessitates upsizing of the line.

• Fire hydrants in the vicinity of the project exceed the desired 400 foot spacing standard for residential zones. As such, the applicant may be required to install a new hydrant along 9th Street. Coordination with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue is needed.

SURFACE WATER (STORM SEWER)

Minimum Required Improvement:

- Onsite run-off generated from new impervious areas of greater than 500 square feet must be captured, treated, and disposed of with the *Portland Stormwater Management Manual*, the Uniform Plumbing Code, and *City of West Linn Public Works Standards*.
- Stormwater facilities shall be privately owned and maintained.

OTHER

- The proposed development will disturb less than 1 acre, therefore a West Linn Erosion Control Permit Application, as outlined in Section 2.0065 of the *City of West Linn Public Works Standards*, will be required prior to the commencement of construction.
- The applicant shall pay all applicable System Development Charges (SDCs).

City of West Linn PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE MEETING SUMMARY NOTES June 20, 2019

SUBJECT: Proposed Water Resource Area (WRA) Permit, Flood Management Area (FMA)

Permit, Willamette River Greenway (WRG) Permit (including Habitat

Conservation Area (HCA)) and Possible Public Utility Easement Vacation for development of two to three homes on three existing lots of record south of 0

9th Street (Adjacent to 1220 9 Street).

FILE: PA-19-14

ATTENDEES: Applicant: Roy Marvin, Zach Pelz (AKS)

Staff: Amy Pepper, Development Engineer; Jennifer Arnold, Associate Planner

Others: Gray Smith, Kathie Halicki (WNA), Tony Sanseri, Liz Sanseri

The following is a summary of the meeting discussion provided to you from staff meeting notes. Additional information may be provided to address any "follow-up" items identified during the meeting. These comments are PRELIMINARY in nature. Please contact the Planning Department with any questions regarding approval criteria, submittal requirements, or any other planning-related items. Please note disclaimer statement below.

Site Information

Tax Not No.: Tax lot 800 of Assessor's Map 31E2AC

Site Area: 163,924 square feet

Zoning: R-10 (Single-family residential, 10,000 sq. ft. minimum lot

size) Environmental Overlays: FMA, HCA and WRA

<u>Project Details:</u> The applicant proposes to build two to three homes on three existing lots of record: lots A, B and C; Block 20 of the Willamette and Tualatin Tracts subdivision plat. The boundary between lots A and C have been modified by a LLA. Parcel A is now referred to as Parcel 1 and Parcel B is now referenced at Parcel 2, leaving Parcel B the same. The applicant vacated the public right-of-way on the north and west side property lines. A requirement of this vacation was to place a public utility easement over the entire vacated right-of-way for each vacated section. The applicant has proposed to vacate half of the public utility easement in an effort to move the buildable envelope further away from the protected wetland and habitat conservation area.

<u>Discussion:</u> The property is fully encompassed by the 100-year floodplain. Homes will have to be built so that all structural elements of the first habitable floor are one foot above the flood elevation. A Flood Management Area (FMA) permit is required.

A wetland delineation was done by AKS Engineering and Forestry LLC dated March 29, 2017. A Department of State Lands (DSL) jurisdictional determination is required. The WRA setback extends 65 feet south of the wetland per CDC Chapter 32. A WRA permit is required. The homes will be constructed outside of the delineated wetlands.

Per the Metro Habitat Conservation Area (HCA) map, the entire property is in a "Moderate" HCA. HCAs are regulated under CDC Chapter 28: Willamette and Tualatin River Protection (WRG). A WRG permit is required.

Both the WRA and WRG chapters have hardship provisions that accommodate the construction of single family homes on lots of record (including those modified by lot line adjustment). CDC 28.110(E) allows "construction of 5,000 square feetwateotal imagers in the surface for sites in HCAs". Although CDC

32.110(B) allows a maximum disturbed area (MDA) of (1) Five thousand square feet of the WRA; or (2) Thirty percent of the total area of the WRA, the lesser allowance of Chapter 28.110(E) means that the MDA is limited to 5,000 square feet. The use of a street in the Third Avenue ROW would not count against the 5,000 square foot allowance (per 32.110(E) (3)). All structures including cantilevered decks will count against the 5,000 square feet. To move closer to the wetland than 15 feet, two options are available: a Class II Variance (CDC Chapter 75) or making use of CDC 32.070/32.080 "ALTERNATE REVIEW PROCESS" that applicants can use when there is reason to believe that the width of the WRA setback is larger than necessary to protect the functions and values of the water resource at a particular site. Similarly, the Metro HCA Map Verification process can be used to modify the HCA boundary per 28.070. A wetlands professional is required to support those WRA/HCA adjustments.

<u>Engineering Division Comments:</u> The applicant should contact Amy Pepper of the Engineering Department to determine required improvements at <u>apepper@westlinnoregon.gov</u>. Street improvements per CDC Chapter 96 will be required for 9th Street. Contact Jason Arn of TVFR at jason.arn@tvfr.com for comments; particularly whether a new hydrant is required.

<u>Process:</u> For the WRA permit, address the submittal requirements of CDC Chapter 32.050 and respond to the approval criteria of 32.060 which is the standard process plus the hardship provisions of 32.110. The fee is \$2,600 plus a \$250 inspection fee. A 1:1 vegetative mitigation plan is required for any development within 65 feet of the wetland boundary per 32.090 and 32.100. Contact DSL for any additional permits.

For the FMA permit, address the submittal requirements of CDC Chapter 27.050 (including a topographic survey of the property) (scaled site plan with lineal scale showing house and driveway footprint) and respond to the criteria of 27.060 and 27.080. The deposit fee is \$1,050. Pre and post construction elevation certificates and residential crawl space flow through designs and calculations must be prepared and stamped by an Oregon licensed engineer. Any net fill proposed within the floodplain will require a HEC RAS "no rise" certificate stamped by a certified engineer. You should contact the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regarding any additional permits.

For the WRG permit, address the submittal requirements of CDC Chapter 28.090 (28.120-28.150) and the approval criteria of 28.110. A 1:1 on-site vegetative mitigation plan is required for any development within the HCA per 32.090 and 32.100. The deposit fee is \$1,700.

N/A is not an acceptable response to the approval criteria. The submittal requirements may be waived, but the applicant must first identify the specific submittal requirement and request, in letter form, that it be waived by the Planning Manager and must identify the specific grounds for that waiver. Once the application and deposit/fee are submitted, the City has 30 days to determine if the application is complete or not. If the application is not complete, the applicant has 180 days to make it complete or provide written notice to staff that no other information will be provided. Once the submittal is declared complete, staff will send out public notice of the anticipated Planning Manager's decision date at least 20 days before it occurs. A sign posted on the site. The Planning Manager's decision may be appealed to City Council by the applicant or anyone with standing.

The street vacation is a separate process per ORS 271. The fee is \$1,500 and may require a hearing before City Council. Ideally, the vacation would be undertaken prior to the other permits; but may be done concurrently.

Pre-application notes are void after 18 months. After 18 months with no application approved or in process, a new pre-application conference is required.

Typical land use applications can take 6-10 months from beginning to end.

DISCLAIMER: This summary discussion covers issues identified to date. It does not imply that these are the only issues. The burden of proof is on the applicant to demonstrate that all approval criteria have been met. These notes do not constitute an endorsement of the proposed application or provide any assurance of potential outcomes. Staff responses are based on limited material presented at this pre-application meeting. New issues, requirements, etc. could emerge as the application is developed. A new pre-application conference would have to be scheduled one that period lapses and these notes would no longer be valid. Any changes to the CDC standards may require a different design or submittal.

WAP-20-02 Page 397 of 397

PD-2 PUBLIC COMMENT

City of West Linn

Attention: Darren Wyss, Assistant Planner

Reference: File # WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MISC-20-01/LLA-20-01

Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas Co. Assessor Map 31E 02AC

Darren.

I am writing you in response to the letter we received in the mail regarding the above property and the construction of a new home on this property. We live across and down the street at 1221 9th Street and oppose the building of a new home in this area.

I have been told by the city we cannot build a small rock wall in front of our house in the easement for the wetland, we just wanted a level spot to park our vehicles but were declined. We have also requested to build out a covered patio just a few feet into the easement in our back yard with improvements to the yard and again we were declined. We are now in the middle of permitting the new covered patio which has been reduced in size to be located 100% on our property and completely out of the wetlands as well as the easement to the wetlands, and we are hoping to get through planning approval soon.

To me this absurd that the City of West Linn would even consider a new home in this "protected area" while making it so difficult for us homeowners to do anything to improve our property.

Please contact me with any questions Sincerely,

Brian Wheeler 503.519.1601

Wetland Land Use Notice Response



Response Page

Department of State Lands (DSL) WN#*

WN2020-0308

Darren Wyss

Responsible Jurisdiction

Staff Contact Jurisdiction Type

City West Linn

Municipality

Local case file # County
WAP-20-01 Clackamas

Activity Location

 Township
 Range
 Section
 QQ section
 Tax Lot(s)

 03S
 01E
 02
 AC
 800,802,8 03

Street Address

Not yet assigned

Address Line 2

9th St

Oty State / Province / Region

West Linn

Postal / Zip Code Country

Clackamas

Latitude45.341689 **Longitude**-122.647446

Wetland/Waterway/Other Water Features

(1)

- ✓ Local Wetlands Inventory shows wetland, waterway or other water features on the property
- ▼ The county soil survey shows hydric (wet) soils on the property. Hydric soils indicate that there may be wetlands.

Your Activity



It appears that the proposed project may impact wetlands and may require a State permit.

Applicable Oregon Removal-Fill Permit Requirement(s)



✓ A state permit is required for 50 cubic yards or more of fill removal or other ground alteration in wetlands, below ordinary high water of waterways, within other waters of the state, or below highest measured tide.

Closing Information



Additional Comments

The submitted plans do not show any impacts to onsite wetlands or waters. However, it appears that the proposed cut line goes directly up to the wetland boundary. This project will require a permit for removal and/or fill activities within the wetland and pond area that are 50 cubic yards or greater. A cut line error of 5 ft will likely result in more than 50 cubic yards of impact to the wetland. This will create an enforcement issue with the Department. Therefore, it is recommended that a 15 ft buffer be placed on the southern boundary of the wetland in TL 803. This buffer will also help avoid indirect impacts to the wetland. The cut area should be seeded and planted with native vegetation.

All wetland boundary should be prominently flagged and best management practices for sediment and erosion control are recommended. Wetland impacts may also occur if the fill slope infringes on the wetland boundary.

Please submit an ARC-GIS compatible file containing the surveyed wetland boundaries and the cut and fill areas so that the Department can verify the impacts of the project post-construction.

Pre-construction photos were taken from 9th S on May 6, 2020

This is a preliminary jurisdictional determination and is advisory only.

This report is for the State Removal-Fill law only. City or County permits may be required for the proposed activity.

☑ A Federal permit may be required by The Army Corps of Engineers: (503)808-4373

Contact Information

- For information on permitting, use of a state-owned water, wetland determination or delineation report requirements
 please contact the respective DSL Aquatic Resource, Proprietary or Jurisdiction Coordinator for the site county. The
 current list is found at: http://www.oregon.gov/dsl/ww/pages/wwstaff.aspx
- The current Removal-Fill permit and/or Wetland Delineation report fee schedule is found at: https://www.oregon.gov/dsl/WW/Documents/Removal-FillFees.pdf

Response Date

5/12/2020

Response by:

Response Phone:

Chris Stevenson

503-986-5246

From: Menichino, Jessica M CIV USARMY CENWP (US)

To: Wyss, Darren

File No: MISC-20-01, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Comments Subject:

Wednesday, May 13, 2020 9:38:33 AM Date:

CAUTION: This email originated from an External source. Do not click links, open attachments, or follow instructions from this sender unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe. If you are unsure, please contact the Help Desk immediately for further assistance.

Mr. Wyss,

We have received a "Notice of Upcoming Planning Manager Decision" for File No: MISC-20-01, City of West Linn. This property is generally located at 45.342475, -122.646446.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, through the Regulatory Program, administers and enforces Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Under Section 10, a permit is required for work or structures in, over or under navigable waters of the United States. Under Section 404, a permit is required for the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States (wetlands and streams).

If the applicant may be proposing to place dredged or fill material into a water of the U.S. to construct a new singlefamily home, please have the applicant contact me for further information.

Please visit our website to find more information on our program and/or how to apply for a permit (http://www.nwp.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Apply/), and contact me if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Jessica M. Menichino, PWS, CE, ISA Certified Arborist U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District Regulatory Branch 333 SW 1st Ave, Portland, OR 97204

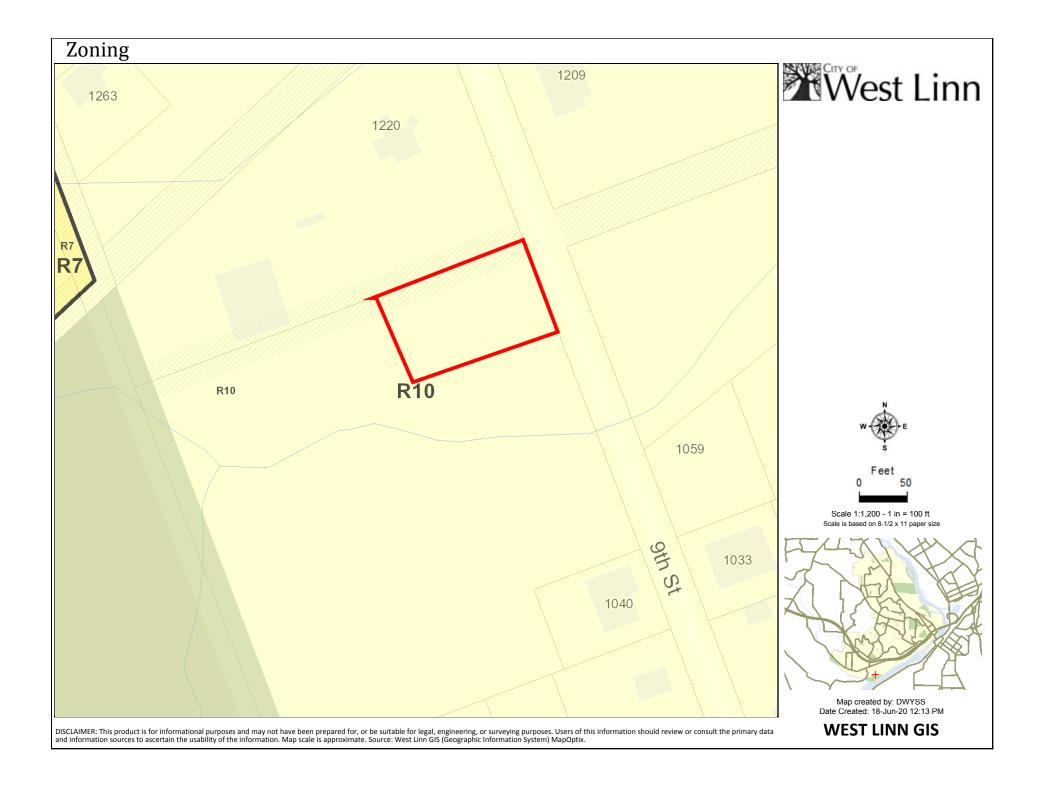
Phone: (503) 808-4632

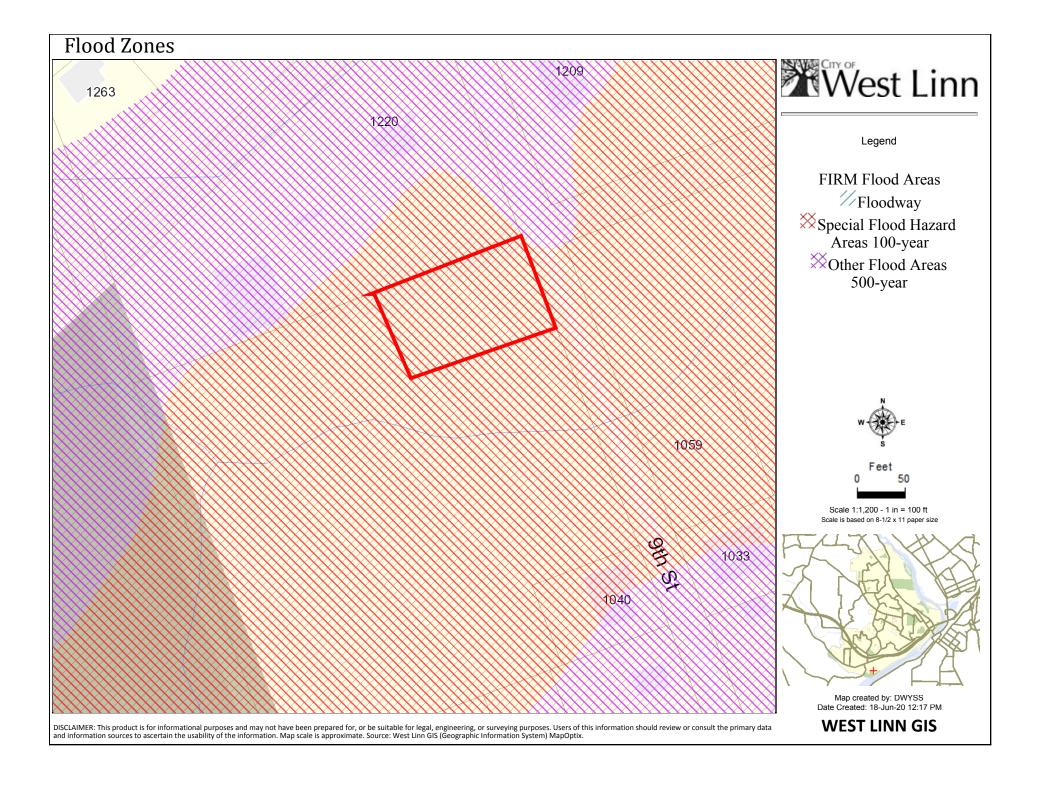
Jessica.M.Menichino@usace.army.mil

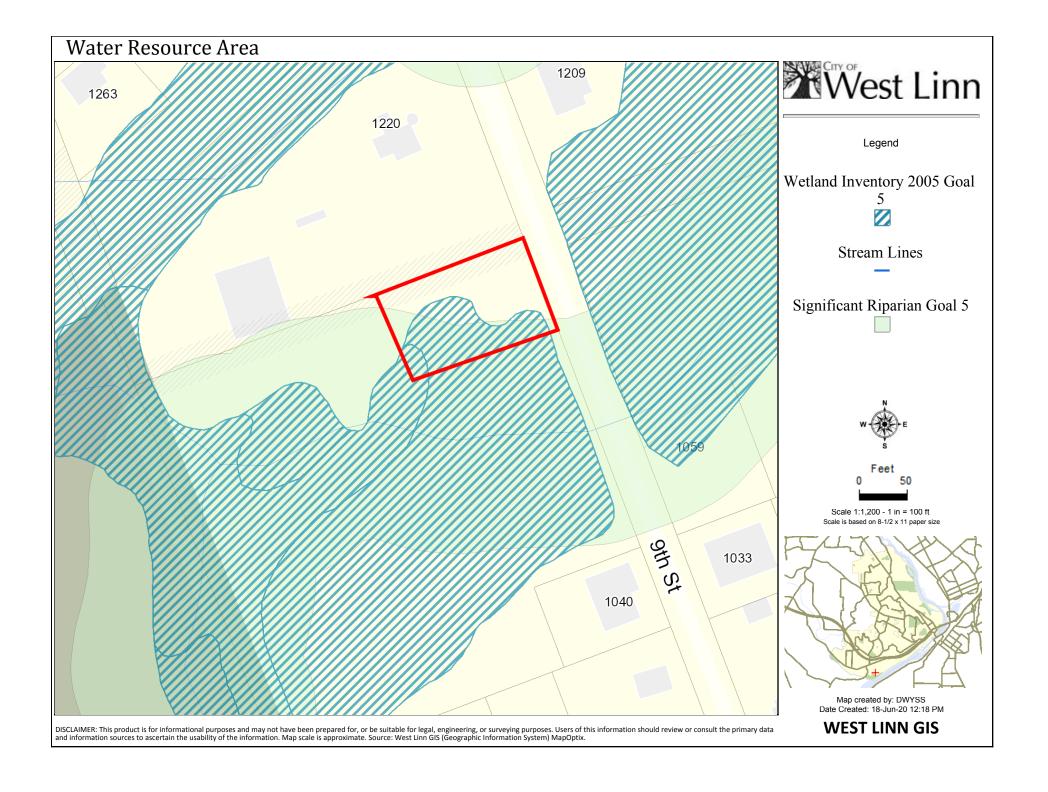
Let us know how we're doing.

https://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4

PD-3 PROPERTY MAPS









PD-4 COMPLETENESS LETTER



April 28, 2020

Roy Marvin 615 NW Territorial Road Canby, OR 97013

SUBJECT: WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MIS-20-01/LLA-20-01 Application for a property line adjustment between Taxlots 800 and 802 3S-1E-02AC and Water Resource Area review, Willamette River Greenway review, and Flood Management Area review for future construction of a single-family home on Taxlot 802.

Dear Mr. Marvin:

You submitted this application on January 7, 2020. The Planning and Engineering Departments found that this application was incomplete on February 5, 2020. All required information was subsequently provided on April 21, 2020 and the application has now been deemed **complete**. The City has 120 days to exhaust all local review; that period ends August 19, 2020.

Please be aware that determination of a complete application does not guarantee a recommendation of approval from staff for your proposal as submitted – it signals that staff believes you have provided the necessary information for the Planning Director to render a decision on your proposal.

A 20-day public notice will be prepared and mailed. This notice will identify the earliest potential decision date by the Planning Director.

Please contact me at 503-742-6064, or by email at dwyss@westlinnoregon.gov if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Darren Wyss Associate Planner

Dan 5 Wyn

PD-5 AFFIDAVIT AND NOTICE

AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE

We, the undersigned do hereby certify that, in the interest of the party (parties) initiating a proposed land use, the following took place on the dates indicated below:

Develo	PMERAL D. WARD - 20 - 01 Applicant's Name Power of Tay Lot 800 & 100 Meeting/Decision Date 8-19-20	larum 302
NOTI 99.080	<u>CE</u> : Notices were sent at least 20 days prior to the scheoof the Community Development Code. (check below)	duled hearing, meeting, or decision date per Section
TYPE	The state of the s	
A.	The applicant (date) 5 1 20	(signed)
B.	Affected property owners (date) 5/1/20	(signed)
C.	School District/Board (date) WA	(signed)
D.	Other affected gov't. agencies (date) 5/1/20	(signed) \angle S
E.	Affected neighborhood assns. (date) 5/1/20	(signed) 25
F.	All parties to an appeal or review (date)	(signed)
At least	: 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing or meeting, notice	was published/posted:
	(published date) N/A vebsite (posted date) 5/1/20	(signed)
City's w	vebsite (posted date) 5/1/20	(signed)
<u>SIGN</u>		
Section (date) _	t 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing, meeting or deception of the Community Development Code. 4/30/2020 (signed) 500	<u></u>
99.080 o	<u>CE</u> : Notices were sent at least 14 days prior to the sched of the Community Development Code. (check below)	uled hearing, meeting, or decision date per Section
TYPE I	3	
A.	The applicant (date)	(signed)
В.	Affected property owners (date)	(signed)
C.	School District/Board (date)	(signed)
D.	Other affected gov't. agencies (date)	(signed)
E.	Affected neighborhood assns. (date)	(signed)
Notice v Date:	vas posted on the City's website at least 10 days prior to the	ne scheduled hearing or meeting. (signed)
STAFF prior to (date) _	REPORT mailed to applicant, City Council/Planning Cothe scheduled hearing. (signed)	ommission and any other applicable parties 10 days
surveyo	$\frac{\text{DECISION}}{\text{DECISION}} \text{ notice mailed to applicant, all other particles}$ $\frac{6/25/2020}{\text{(signed)}} \text{ (signed)}$	es with standing, and, if zone change, the County

p:\devrvw\forms\affidvt of notice-land use (9/09)

CITY OF WEST LINN NOTICE OF UPCOMING PLANNING MANAGER DECISION FILE NO. WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MISC-20-01/LLA-20-01

The West Linn Planning Manager is considering a request for a Water Resource Area permit, a Willamette River Greenway permit, a Flood Management Area permit, and a Lot Line Adjustment to construct a new single-family home on Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas County Assessor Map 31E 02AC.

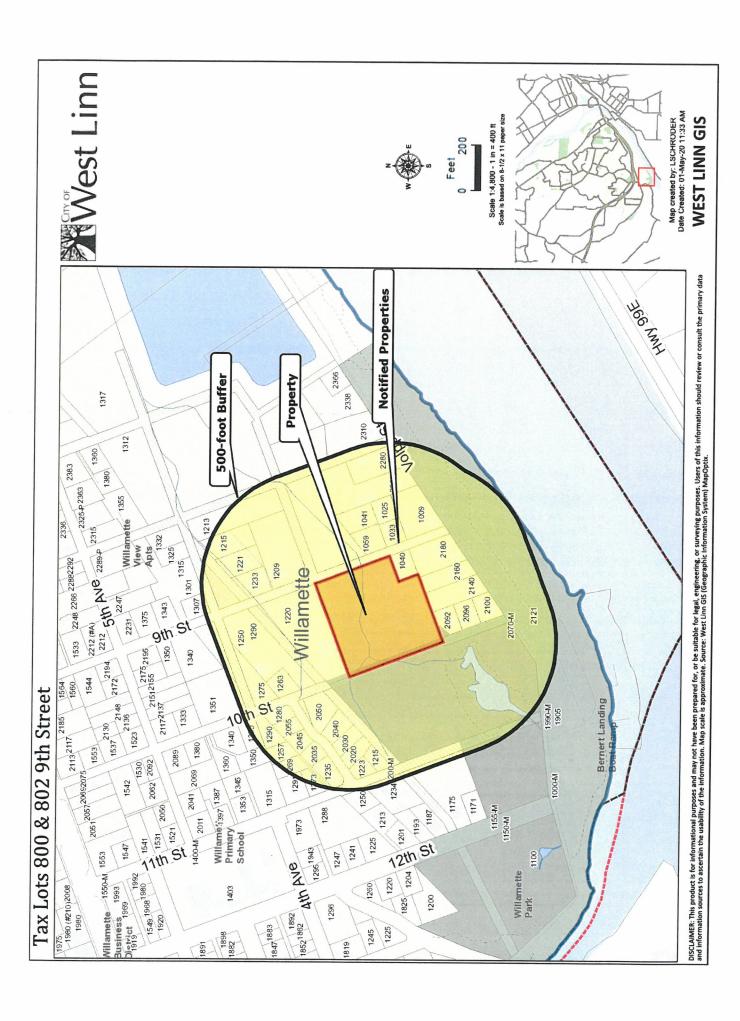
The decision will be based on the approval criteria in Chapters 11, 27, 28, 32, 48, 85, 92 and 96 of the Community Development Code (CDC). The approval criteria from the CDC are available for review at City Hall, at the City Library, and at http://www.westlinnoregon.gov/cdc.

You have been notified of this proposal because County records indicate you own property within 500 feet of the subject property (Tax Lot 802 of Clackamas County Assessor Map 31E 02AC) or as otherwise required by Chapter 99 of the CDC.

The complete application in the above noted file is available for inspection at no cost at City Hall or via the web site https://westlinnoregon.gov/planning/tax-lots-800-802-9th-street-water-resource-area-protection-and-lot-line-adjustment or copies may be obtained for a minimal charge per page. A public hearing will not be held on this decision. Anyone wishing to present written testimony for consideration on this matter shall submit all material before 4:00 p.m. on May 21, 2020. Persons interested in party status should submit their letter along with any concerns related to the proposal by the comment deadline. For further information, please contact Darren Wyss, Associate Planner, City Hall, 22500 Salamo Rd., West Linn, OR 97068, (503) 742-6064, dwyss@westlinnoregon.gov.

Any appeals to this decision must be filed within 14 days of the final decision date with the Planning Department. It is important to submit all testimony in response to this notice.

Failure to raise an issue in person or by letter, or failure to provide sufficient specificity to afford the decision-maker an opportunity to respond to the issue, precludes the raising of the issue at a subsequent time on appeal or before the Land Use Board of Appeals.





NOTICE OF UPCOMING PLANNING MANAGER DECISION

PROJECT # WAP-20-01/WRG-20-01/MISC-20-01/LLA-20-01 MAIL: 05/01/2020 TIDINGS: n/a

CITIZEN CONTACT INFORMATION

To lessen the bulk of agenda packets and land use application notice, and to address the concerns of some City residents about testimony contact information and online application packets containing their names and addresses as a reflection of the mailing notice area, this sheet substitutes for the photocopy of the testimony forms and/or mailing labels. A copy is available upon request.